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About This Book

This book provides information on AlXwindows classes, subroutines, and resource sets; Enhanced X–Windows subroutines, events, extensions, protocols and toolkit subroutines, and Curses and Extended Curses for use on the Advanced Interactive Executive Operating System (referred to in this text as AIX) for use on the IBM RISC System/6000.

This book is part of AIX Calls and Subroutines Reference for IBM RISC System/6000, SC23–2198. AIX Calls and Subroutines Reference is divided into the following four major sections:

- Volumes 1 and 2, Calls and Subroutines Reference: Base Operating System, contains
 reference information about the system calls, subroutines, functions, macros, and
 statements associated with AIX base operating system runtime services, communications
 services, and device services.
- Volumes 3 and 4, Calls and Subroutines Reference: User Interface, contain reference
 information about the AlXwindows widget classes, subroutines, and resource sets; the
 AlXwindows Desktop resource sets; the Enhanced X-Windows subroutines, macros,
 protocols, extensions, and events; the X-Window toolkit subroutines and macros; and the
 curses and extended curses subroutine libraries.
- Volume 5, Calls and Subroutines Reference: Kernel Reference, contains reference
 information about kernel services, device driver operations, file system operations
 subroutines, the configuration subsystem, the communications subsystem, the high
 function terminal (HFT) subsystem, the logical volume subsystem, the printer subsystem,
 and the SCSI subsystem.
- Volumes 6, Calls and Subroutines Reference: Graphics, contains reference information and example programs for the Graphics Library (GL) and the AlXwindows Graphics Support Library (XGSL) subroutines.

Who Should Use This Book

This book is intended for experienced programmers who understand the basic functions of the IBM RISC System/6000. To use this book effectively, you should be familiar with AIX or UNIX System V commands and subroutines, AIXwindows subroutines, and Enhanced X–Windows subroutines. If you are not already familiar with AIX or UNIX System V, refer to AIX General Concepts and Procedures.

How to Use This Book

Overview of Contents

This book contains the following alphabetically arranged sections on AlXwindows, Enhanced X–Windows, Curses and Extended Curses.

AlXwindows

- Classes
- Subroutines
- Resource Sets
- Desktop Resource Sets
- Window Management

• Enhanced X-Windows

- Subroutines
- Toolkit Subroutines

- Protocols
- Extensions
- Events
- Curses
- Extended Curses

Highlighting

The following highlighting conventions are used in this book:

Bold Identifies commands, keywords, files, directories, and other items whose

names are predefined by the system.

Italics Identifies parameters whose actual names or values are to be supplied by

the user.

Monospace Identifies examples of specific data values, examples of text similar to what

you might see displayed, examples of portions of program code similar to what you might write as a programmer, messages from the system, or

information you should actually type.

Related Publications

The following books contain information about or related to application programming interfaces:

- AIX General Programming Concepts for IBM RISC System/6000, Order Number SC23–2205.
- AIX Communication Programming Concepts for IBM RISC System/6000, Order Number SC23–2206.
- AIX Kernel Extensions and Device Support Programming Concepts for IBM RISC System/6000, Order Number SC23–2207.
- AIX Files Reference for IBM RISC System/6000, Order Number SC23-2200.
- AIX User Interface Programming Concepts for IBM RISC System/6000, Order Number SC23–2209.
- IBM RISC System/6000 Problem Solving Guide, Order Number SC23-2204.
- XL C Language Reference for IBM AIX Version 3 for RISC System/6000, Order Number SC09–1260.
- XL C User's Guide for IBM AIX Version 3 for RISC System/6000, Order Number SC09–1259.

Ordering Additional Copies of This Book

To order additional copies of this book, use Order Number SC23-2198.

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AlXwindows Classes

ApplicationShell Widget Class

Purpose

The ApplicationShell widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h> #include <X11/Shell.h>

Children

ArrowButton Widget
BulletinBoard Widget
CascadeButtonGadget Gadget

DialogShell Widget

DialogShell Widget DrawnButton Widget

Form Widget
Label Widget
List Widget
MenuShell Widget
PushButton Widget
RowColumn Widget
ScrollBar Widget

SelectionBox Widget SeparatorGadget Gadget

ToggleButton Widget

ArrowButton Gadget Gadget CascadeButton Widget Command Widget DrawingArea Widget FileSelectionBox Widget

Frame Widget
LabelGadget Gadget
MainWindow Widget
PanedWindow Widget
PushButtonGadget Gadget

Scale Widget

ScrolledWindow Widget

Separator Widget

Text Widget

ToggleButtonGadget Gadget

Description

The **ApplicationShell** widget class serves as the main top–level window for a client application. An application should only have more than one **ApplicationShell** if it implements multiple logical applications.

The ApplicationShell widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core, Composite, Shell, WMShell, VendorShell, and TopLevelShell classes. The class pointer is applicationShellWidgetClass. The class name is ApplicationShell.

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lowercase or uppercase, but including any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate whether the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the ApplicationShell class:

ApplicationShell Resource Set

ApplicationShell

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets list all of the resources inherited by the **ApplicationShell** widget class:

- TopLevelShell Resource Set
- VendorShell Resource Set
- WMShell Resource Set
- Shell Resource Set
- Composite Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/X11/Shell.h

Related Information

The Core widget class, Shell widget class, WMShell widget class, VendorShell widget class, TopLevelShell widget class.

Composite Widget Class

Purpose

The Composite widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

Composite widgets are intended to be containers for other widgets; they can have an arbitrary number of children. Their responsibilities (either implemented directly by the widget class or indirectly by the Enhanced X–Windows subroutines) include:

- Overall management of children from creation to destruction.
- Destruction of descendants when the Composite widget is destroyed.
- Physical arrangement (geometry management) of a displayable subset of managed children.
- Mapping and unmapping of a subset of the managed children. Instances of the
 Composite widgets need to specify about the order in which their children are kept. For
 example, an application may require a set of command buttons in some logical order
 grouped by function, and it may need buttons that represent file names to be kept in
 alphabetical order.

The **XmComposite** widget class inherits behavior and resources from the **Core** class. The class pointer is the **xmcompositeWidgetClass**. The class name is **XmComposite**.

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lowe case or uppercase, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A).

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **XmCascadeButton** widget:

- Composite Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Composite

The following procedure pointer in an XmComposite widget class instance is of the type XtOrderProc:

Cardinal (*XtOrderProc) (widget)

Widget w

w Specifies the widget.

The **Composite** widgets that allow clients to order their children (usually homogeneous boxes) can call their widget instance **insert_position** procedure from the class **insert_child** procedure to determine where a new child should go in its children array. A client application can apply different sorting criteria to widget instances of the composite class, passing in a different **insert_position** procedure when it creates each **Composite** widget instance.

The return value of the <code>insert_position</code> procedure indicates how many children should go before the widget. Returning <code>zero</code> indicates that the widget should go before all other children; returning <code>num_children</code> indicates that it should go after all other children. The default <code>insert_position</code> subroutine returns <code>num_children</code> and can be overridden by a specific <code>Composite</code> widget resource list or by the parameter list provided when the <code>Composite</code> widget is created.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The Core widget class.

Constraint Widget Class

Purpose

The Constraint widget class.

Library

AIXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include<Xm/Xm.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

The **Constraint** widget class maintains additional state data for each child. For example, client—defined constraints on the geometry of the child can be specified.

When a constrained composite widget defines **Constraint** resources, all children of the widget inherit those resources as their own. These **Constraint** resources are set and read the same way that other resources are defined for the child. This resource inheritance extends exactly one generation down; only the first—generation children of a constrained composite widget inherit the parent widget **Constraint** resources.

Because the **Constraint** resources are defined by the parent widgets and not the children, the child widgets never directly use the constraint resource data. **Constraint** resource data is instead used by the parents to attach child-specific data to children.

The Constraint widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Composite and Core classes. The class pointer is constraintWidgetClass. The class name is Constraint.

New Resources

The Constraint widget class defines no new resource sets.

Inherited Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for an resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The Constraint widget inherits behavior and resources from Composite and Core. The following resource set lists the resources of the Constraint class:

• Core Resource Set

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Constraint

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The Composite widget class, Core widget class.

Core Widget Class

Purpose

The Core widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

The **Core** widget class serves as the Enhanced X–Windows Toolkit base class for windowed widgets. To add support for the windowless widgets known as gadgets, three additional classes have been added above the **Core** widget in the class hierarchy. They are the **Object, RectObj,** and **WindowObj** classes. The **WindowObj** class is a synonym of the **Core** widget class that provides no added functionality, but was necessary for implementation reasons.

All widgets are built from the **Core** widget class. The class pointer is **widgetClass**. The class name is **Core**.

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lowercase or uppercase, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate whether the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the Core class:

• Core Resource Set

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The WindowObj widget class, Object widget class, RectObj widget class.

Object Widget Class

Purpose

The Object widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Description

The **Object** widget class is never instantiated. The sole purpose of this widget class is to act as a supporting superclass for other widget classes. The class pointer is **objectClass**. The class name is **Object**.

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference an resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for an resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the Object widget class:

Object Resource Set

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XtGetValues subroutine, XtSetValues subroutine.

OverrideShell Widget Class

Purpose

The OverrideShell widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h> #include <X11/Shell.h>

Children

ArrowButton Widget
BulletinBoard Widget
CascadeButtonGadget Gadget
Label Widget
List Widget
PushButtonGadget Gadget
Separator Widget
Text Widget
ToggleButtonGadget Gadget

ArrowButtonGadget Gadget
CascadeButton Widget
DrawnButton Widget
LabelGadget Gadget
PushButton Widget
ScrollBar Widget
SeparatorGadget Gadget
ToggleButton Widget

Description

The **OverrideShell** widget class applies to shell windows (such as **PopupMenu** shells) that completely bypass the AlXwindows window manager.

The OverrideShell widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core, Composite, and Shell classes. The pointer is overrideShellWidgetClass. The class name is OverrideShell.

New Resources

The OverrideShell widget class defines no new resources, but overrides the XmNoverrideRedirect and XmNsaveUnder resources in the Shell widget class.

Inherited Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference an resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lowercase or uppercase, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate whether the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource sets list all the resources inherited by the OverrideShell widget class:

- Shell Resource Set
- Composite Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

OverrideShell

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/X11/Shell.h

Related Information

The Core widget class, Shell widget class, Composite widget class.

RectObj Widget Class

Purpose

The RectObj widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

The **RectObj** widget class serves as a supporting superclass for other widget classes. It is never instantiated.

The **RectObj** widget class is built from the **Object** widget class. The class pointer is **rectObjClass**. The class name is **RectObj**.

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lowercase or uppercase, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate whether the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the RectObj widget class.

• RectObj Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The **RectObj** widget class inherits behavior and an resource from the **Object** widget. The following resource set lists the inherited behavior and resource:

• Object Resource Set

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The Object widget class.

Shell Widget Class

Purpose

The Shell widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h> #include <X11/Shell.h>

Children

ArrowButton Widget BulletinBoard Widget CascadeButton Widget **DrawnButton Widget**

FormDialog

LabelGadget Gadget MessageDialog **PopupMenu PushButton Widget** QuestionDialog SelectionDialog

SeparatorGadget Gadget **ToggleButton Widget**

WarningDialog

ArrowButtonGadget Gadget

BulletinBoardDialog

CascadeButtonGadget Gadget

ErrorDialog Label Widget List Widget OptionMenu PulldownMenu

PushButtonGadget Gadget

ScrollBar Widget Separator Widget **Text Widget**

ToggleButtonGadget Gadget

WorkingDialog

Description

The Shell widget class acts as a top-level widget (with only one managed child) that encapsulates the interaction with the AlXwindows window manager.

The Shell widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Composite and Core classes. The class pointer is shellWidgetClass. The class name is Shell.

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for the Shell widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for an resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate whether the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the Shell widget class:

Shell Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets list all of the resources inherited by the Shell widget class:

- Composite Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/X11/Shell.h

Related Information

The Composite widget class, Core widget class.

TopLevelShell Widget Class

Purpose

The TopLevelShell widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h> #include <X11/Shell.h>

Children

ApplicationShell Widget Class ArrowButtonGadget Gadget

BulletinBoardDialog

CascadeButtonGadget Gadget

ErrorDialog Label Widget List Widget OptionMenu PopupMenu

PushButton Widget
QuestionDialog
SelectionDialog

SeparatorGadget Gadget

Text Widget

ToggleButtonGadget Gadget VendorShell Widget Class WMShell Widget Class ArrowButton Widget BulletinBoard Widget CascadeButton Widget DrawnButton Widget

FormDialog

LabelGadget Gadget MessageDialog

OverrideShell Widget Class

PulldownMenu

PushButtonGadget Gadget

ScrollBar Widget Separator Widget Shell Widget Class ToggleButton Widget

TransientShell Widget Class

WarningDialog WorkingDialog

Description

The **TopLevelShell** widget class applies to normal top–level windows such as any additional top–level widgets that an application needs.

The class pointer is topLevelShellWidgetClass. The class name is TopLevelShell.

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference an resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for an resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate whether the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the TopLevelShell widget:

TopLevelShell Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets list all the resources inherited by the **TopLevelShell** widget class:

- VendorShell Resource Set
- WMShell Resource Set
- Shell Resource Set
- Composite Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/X11/Shell.h

Related Information

The Composite widget class, Core widget class, Shell widget class, WMShell widget class, VendorShell widget class,

TransientShell Widget Class

Purpose

The TransientShell widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h> #include <X11/Shell.h>

Children

ApplicationShell Widget Class ArrowButtonGadget Gadget CascadeButtonGadget Gadget

DrawnButton Widget

FormDialog

LabelGadget Gadget MessageDialog

OverrideShell Widget Class

PulidownMenu

PushButtonGadget Gadget

ScrollBar Widget Separator Widget Shell Widget Class ToggleButton Widget TransientShell Widget Class

WarningDialog

WorkingDialog

ArrowButton Widget BulletinBoard Widget CascadeButton Widget

ErrorDialog **Label Widget List Widget OptionMenu** PopupMenu **PushButton Widget**

QuestionDialog SelectionDialog

SeparatorGadget Gadget

Text Widget

ToggleButtonGadgetGadget VendorShell Widget Class WMShell Widget Class

Description

The TransientShell widget class applies to shell windows that can be manipulated by the AlXwindows window manager, but are not allowed to be iconified separately. For example, Dialog boxes make no sense without their associated application. They are iconified by the window manager only if the main application shell is iconified.

The TransientShell widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core, Composite, Shell, WMShell, and VendorShell classes. The class pointer is transientShellWidgetClass. The class name is TransientShell.

New Resources

The TransientShell widget class defines no new resources, but overrides the XmNsaveUnder resource in the Shell widget class and the XmNtransient resource in the WMShell widget class.

Inherited Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name of by class in a .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in a .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the TransientShell widget class:

- Core Resource Set
- Composite Resource Set
- Shell Resource Set
- VendorShell Resource Set
- WMShell Resource Set

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/X11/Shell.h

Related Information

The Composite widget class, Core widget class, Shell widget class, VendorShell widget class, WMShell widget class.

VendorShell Widget Class

Purpose

The VendorShell widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h> #include <X11/Shell.h>

Children

ArrowButton Widget BulletinBoard Widget CascadeButtonGadget Gadget

DialogShell Widget DrawnButton Widget

Form Widget
Label Widget
List Widget
MenuShell Widget
PushButton Widget
RowColumn Widget
ScrollBar Widget
SelectionBox Widget
SeparatorGadget Gadget

ToggleButton Widget

ArrowButtonGadget Gadget CascadeButton Widget Command Widget DrawingArea Widget FileSelectionBox Widget

Frame Widget
LabelGadget Gadget
MainWindow Widget
PanedWindow Widget
PushButtonGadget Gadget

Scale Widget

ScrolledWindow Widget

Separator Widget

Text Widget

ToggleButtonGadget Gadget

Description

The **VendorShell** widget class is used as a supporting superclass for all shell classes that are visible to the AlXwindows window manager and that do not have the **XmNoverrideRedirect** resource. This widget class contains the resources that maintain the AlXwindows window manager "look and feel." It also manages the AlXwindows window manager—specific communication needed by all **VendorShell** widget subclasses.

The VendorShell widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core, Composite, Shell, and WMShell classes. The class pointer is vendorShellClass. The class name is VendorShell.

Subroutines

- XmActivateProtocol
- XmAddProtocolCallback
- XmAddProtocols
- XmDeactivateProtocol
- XmAtomToName
- XmInternAtom

- XmlsMotifWMRunning
- XmRemoveProtocolCallback
- XmRemoveProtocols
- XmSetProtocolHooks

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in a .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for an resource in a .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate whether the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource sets list the resources of the VendorShell widget class:

VendorShell Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following superclasses contain a complete description of resources inherited by the **VendorShell** widget class:

- WMShell Resource Set
- Shell Resource Set
- Composite Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/X11/Shell.h

Related Information

The Composite widget class, Core widget class, Shell widget class, WMShell widget class, XmActivateProtocol subroutine, XmAddProtocolCallback subroutine, XmAddProtocols subroutine, XmDeactivateProtocol subroutine, XmAtomToName subroutine, XmInternAtom subroutine, XmIsMotifWMRunning subroutine, XmRemoveProtocolCallback subroutine, XmRemoveProtocols subroutine, XmSetProtocolHooks subroutine.

WMShell Widget Class

Purpose

The WMShell widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h> #include <X11/Shell.h>

Children

ArrowButton Widget
BulletinBoard Widget
CascadeButtonGadget Gadget
Label Widget
List Widget
PushButtonGadget Gadget
Separator Widget
Text Widget
ToggleButtonGadget Gadget

ArrowButtonGadget Gadget
CascadeButton Widget
DrawnButton Widget
LabelGadget Gadget
PushButton Widget
ScrollBar Widget
SeparatorGadget Gadget
ToggleButton Widget

Description

The **WMShell** widget class serves as a top-level widget that encapsulates the interaction with the AlXwindows window manager.

The WMShell widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core, Composite, and Shell classes. The class pointer is wmShellWidgetClass. The class name is WMShell.

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in a .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for an resource in a .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate whether the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the WMShell widget class:

WMShell Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following superclasses contain a complete description of resources inherited by the **WMShell** widget class:

- Shell Resource Set
- Composite Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Implementation Specifics
This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/X11/Shell.h

Related Information

The Core widget class, Composite widget class, Shell widget class.

WindowObj Widget Class

Purpose

The WindowObj widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

The **WindowObj** widget class is an internal **Enhanced X–Windows** widget class. This widget class is a synonym of the **Core** widget class that provides no added functionality but was necessary for implementation reasons.

The WindowObj widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Object and RectObj classes. The class pointer is windowObjClass. The class name is WindowObj.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The Object widget class, Core widget class, RectObj widget class.

XmArrowButton Widget Class

Purpose

The ArrowButton widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/ArrowB.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

An **ArrowButton** widget consists of a directional arrow surrounded by a border shadow. When the widget is selected, the shadow moves to give the appearance that the **ArrowButton** widget has been pressed in. When the **ArrowButton** widget is unselected, the shadow moves to give the appearance that the **ArrowButton** widget is released, or out.

The XmArrowButton widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core and XmPrimitive classes. The class pointer is xmArrowButtonWidgetClass. The class name is XmArrowButton.

Subroutines

- XmCreateArrowButton
- XtCreateWidget subroutine

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes to also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for an resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S). retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the ArrowButton widget:

XmArrowButton Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **ArrowButton** widget:

- XmPrimitive Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Callback Information

The following structure is returned with each callback:

```
typedef struct
```

int reason; XEvent * event; } XmAnyCallbackStruct;

reason

Indicates why the callback was invoked.

event

Points to the XEvent that triggered the callback. This event will be NULL for the XmNactivateCallback if the callback was triggered when the Primitive resource XmNtraversalOn was True or if the callback was accessed

through the **ArmAndActivate** action routine.

Behavior

<Btn1Down>: This action causes the arrow to be armed, and the shadow to be drawn in the selected state. The callbacks for XmNarmCallback are called.

<Btn1Up>: If the mouse button release occurs when the pointer is within the ArrowButton widget, the arrow shadows are redrawn in the unselected state. The callbacks for XmNactivateCallback are called, followed by callbacks for XmNdisarmCallback.

If the mouse button release occurs when the pointer is outside the ArrowButton widget, the callbacks for XmNdisarmCallback are called.

<Leave Window>: If the mouse button is pressed and the cursor leaves the widget window, the arrow shadow is redrawn in its unselected state.

<Enter Window>: If the mouse button is pressed and the cursor leaves and re-enters the widget window, the arrow shadow is drawn in the same manner as when the button was first armed.

Default Translations

<Btn1Down>:

Arm()

<Btn1Up>:

Activate() Disarm()

<Key>Return:

ArmAndActivate()

<Key>Space:

ArmAndActivate()

<EnterWindow>:

Enter()

<LeaveWindow>:

Leave()

Keyboard Traversal

For information on keyboard traversal, see XmPrimitive and its sections on behavior and default translations.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/ArrowB.h

XmArrowButton

Related Information

The Core widget class, XmCreateArrowButton subroutine, XmPrimitive widget class, XtCreateWidget subroutine.

XmArrowButtonGadget Gadget Class

Purpose

The ArrowButtonGadget gadget class.

Library

AIXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/ArrowBG.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

An **ArrowButtonGadget** gadget consists of a directional arrow surrounded by a border shadow. When the gadget is selected, the shadow moves to give the appearance that the **ArrowButtonGadget** gadget has been pressed in. When it is unselected, the shadow moves to give the appearance that the button is released, or out.

The ArrowButtonGadget gadget class inherits behavior and resources from the Object, RectObj, and XmGadget classes. The class pointer is xmArrowButtonGadgetClass. The class name is XmArrowButtonGadget.

Subroutines

- XmCreateArrowButtonGadget
- XtCreateWidget

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the XmArrowButtonGadget gadget class:

XmArrowButtonGadget Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **ArrowButtonGadget** gadget class:

- XmGadget Resource Set
- RectObj Resource Set
- Object Resource Set

Callback Information

The following structure is returned with each callback:

typedef struct {

int

reason;

XEvent *event;

} XmAnyCallbackStruct;

reason

Indicates why the callback was invoked.

event

Points to the XEvent that invoked the callback. This event is NULL for the XmNactivateCallback resource if the callback was triggered when the XmNtraversalOn resource of the Primitive was True or if the callback was accessed through the ArmAndActivate action

routine.

Behavior

<Btn1Down>: This action causes the arrow to be armed, and the shadow to be drawn in the selected state. The callbacks for the XmNarmCallback resource are called.

<Btn1Up>: If the mouse button release occurs when the pointer is within the ArrowButtonGadget gadget, the arrow shadows are redrawn in the unselected state. The callbacks for the XmNactivateCallback resource are called, followed by callbacks for the XmNdisarmCallback resource.

If the mouse button release occurs when the pointer is outside the **ArrowButtonGadget** gadget, the callbacks for the **XmNdisarmCallback** resource are called.

Leave Window>: If the mouse button is pressed and the cursor leaves the widget window, the arrow shadow is redrawn in its unselected state.

<Enter Window>: If the mouse button is pressed and the cursor leaves and re—enters the widget window, the arrow shadow is drawn in the same manner as when the button was first armed.

Default Translations

<Btn1Down>:

Arm()

<Btn1Up>:

Activate()

<EnterWindow>:

Disarm()

<LeaveWindow>:

Enter()
Leave()

Keyboard Traversal

For information on keyboard traversal, see **XmGadget** and its sections on behavior and default translations.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/ArrowBG.h

XmArrowButtonGadget

Related Information

The Object widget class, RectObj widget class, XmCreateArrowButtonGadget subroutine, XtCreateWidget subroutine, XmGadget gadget class.

XmBulletinBoard Widget Class

Purpose

The BulletinBoard widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/BulletinB.h>

Children

ArrowButton Widget
BulletinBoard Widget
CascadeButtonGadget Gadget
DialogShell Widget
DrawnButton Widget
Form Widget
Label Widget
List Widget
MenuShell Widget
PushButton Widget
RowColumn Widget
ScrollBar Widget
SelectionBox Widget
SeparatorGadget Gadget
ToggleButton Widget

ArrowButtonGadget Gadget
CascadeButton Widget
Command Widget
DrawingArea Widget
FileSelectionBox Widget
Frame Widget
LabelGadget Gadget
MainWindow Widget
PanedWindow Widget
PushButtonGadget Gadget
Scale Widget
ScrolledWindow Widget
Separator Widget
Text Widget
ToggleButtonGadget Gadget

Description

A **BulletinBoard** widget is a composite widget that provides simple geometry management for children widgets. This widget does not force positioning on its children, but can be set to reject geometry requests that would result in overlapping children. The **BulletinBoard** widget is the base widget for most dialog widgets, and is also used as a general container widget.

Modal and modeless dialogs are implemented as collections of widgets including **DialogShell** widgets, **BulletinBoard** widgets (or subclass children of the shell), and various dialog components (such as buttons and labels) that are children of the **BulletinBoard** widget. The **BulletinBoard** widget defines callback routines useful for dialogs (focus, map, unmap). If its parent is a **DialogShell** widget, the **BulletinBoard** widget passes title and input mode (based on dialog style) information to the parent, which is responsible for appropriate communication with the window manager.

The XmBulletinBoard widget class inherits behavior and resource from the Core, Composite, Constraint, and XmManager classes. The class pointer is xmBulletinBoardWidgetClass. The class name is XmBulletinBoard.

Subroutines

The following subroutines create an instance of a **BulletinBoard** widget and return the associated widget ID:

- XmCreateBulletinBoard
- XmCreateBulletinBoardDialog

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resource for this widget. To reference an resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resource of the XmBulletinBoard class:

XmBulletinBoard Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resource inherited by the **BulletinBoard** widget:

- XmManager Resource Set
- Composite Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Callback Information

The following structure is returned with each callback routine:

```
typedef struct
{
  int         reason;
XEvent    * event;
} XmAnyCallbackStruct;
```

reason

Is set to the value that corresponds to the type of selection that invoked this callback routine.

event

Points to the XEvent that invoked the callback routine.

Behavior

The **BulletinBoard** widget behavior is summarized below:

- **<Cancel Button Activated>:** When the Cancel button is pressed, the "activate" callback routines of the Cancel pushbutton are invoked.
- **Default Button Activated>** or **Key>Return**: When the Default button is pressed, the "activate" callback routines of the Default pushbutton are invoked.
- <Help Button Activated> or <Key>F1: When the help button or Function key 1 is pressed, the callback routines for XmNhelpCallback are invoked.
- **Focusin>:** When a **Focusin** event is generated on the widget window, the callback routines for **XmNfocusCallback** are invoked.

<MapWindow>: When a BulletinBoard widget that is the child of a DialogShell widget is mapped, the callback routines for XmNmapCallback are invoked. When a BulletinBoard widget that is not the child of a DialogShell widget is mapped, the callback routines are not invoked.

<UnmapWindow>: When a BulletinBoard widget that is the child of a DialogShell widget is unmapped, the callback routines for XmNunmapCallback are invoked. When a BulletinBoard widget that is not the child of a DialogShell widget is unmapped, the callback routines are not invoked.

Default Translations

The default translations defined for XmBulletinBoard widgets are:

<EnterWindow>: Enter()
<FocusIn>: FocusIn()
<Btn1Down>: Arm()
<Btn1Up>: Activate()
<Key>F1: Help()
<Key>Return: Return()
<Key>KP_Enter: Return()

Default Accelerators

The default accelerator translations added to descendants of a **BulletinBoard** widget (if the parent of the **BulletinBoard** widget is a **DialogShell** widget) are:

#override

<Key>F1: Help()
<Key>Return: Return()
<Key>KP_Enter: Return()

Keyboard Traversal

By default, if the parent of a **BulletinBoard** widget is a **DialogShell** widget, the **BulletinBoard** widget uses the Return key to activate the Default button. It installs accelerators on all descendant widgets to make this possible. These accelerators disable the normal keyboard traversal behavior of the Return key. This traversal behavior can be restored (and the Default button behavior disabled) by replacing the **BulletinBoard** widget default accelerators with an alternate set of translations which do not specify the Return action. The description of the **Manager** widget has more information on keyboard traversal.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/BulletinB.h

Related Information

The Core widget class, Constraint widget class, Composite widget class, XmCreateBulletinBoard subroutine, XmCreateBulletinBoardDialog subroutine, XmDialogShell widget class, XmManager widget class.

XmCascadeButton Widget Class

Purpose

The CascadeButton widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/CascadeB.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

A CascadeButton widget links two MenuPane widgets or a MenuBar widget to a MenuPane widget.

This widget is used in menu systems and must have a RowColumn widget with its XmNrowColumnType resource set to the XmMENU_BAR, XmMENU_POPUP, XmMENU_PULLDOWN, or XmMENU_OPTION value.

It is the only widget that can have a **Pulldown MenuPane** attached to it as a submenu. The submenu is displayed when this widget is activated within a **MenuBar**, a **PopupMenu**, or a **PulldownMenu**. Its visuals can include a label or pixmap and a cascading indicator when it is in a **Popup** or **Pulldown MenuPane**; when it is in a **MenuBar**, its visuals are limited to a label or a pixmap.

The default behavior associated with a **CascadeButton** widget depends on the type of menuing system in which it resides. By default, controls the behavior of the **CascadeButton** widget if it resides in a **PulldownMenu** or a **MenuBar**; mouse button two controls the behavior of the **CascadeButton** widget if it resides in a **PopupMenu**. The actual mouse button used is determined by its **RowColumn** parent widget.

A CascadeButton widget's visuals differ from most other button widgets. When the button becomes armed, its visuals change from a two-dimensional appearance to a three-dimensional appearance, and it displays the submenu that has been attached to it. If no submenu is attached, it simply changes its visuals.

When a **CascadeButton** widget within a **Pulldown** or **Popup MenuPane** is armed as the result of the user moving the mouse pointer into the widget, it does not immediately display its submenu. Instead, it waits a short amount of time to see if the arming was temporary (i.e., the user was simply passing through the widget), or whether the user really wanted the submenu posted. This time delay is configurable through the **XmNmappingDelay** resource.

The CascadeButton widget provides a single mechanism for activating the widget from the keyboard. This mechanism is referred to as a keyboard mnemonic. If a mnemonic has been specified for the widget, the user can activate the CascadeButton widget by typing the mnemonic while the CascadeButton widget is visible. If the CascadeButton widget is in a MenuBar, the meta key must be pressed with the mnemonic. Mnemonics are typically used to interact with a menu through the keyboard interface.

If the CascadeButton widget is in a Pulldown or Popup Menupane and a submenu is attached, the XmNmarginBottom, XmNmarginRight, and XmNmarginTop resources enlarge to accommodate the XmNcascadePixmap resource. The XmNmarginWidth resource defaults to six if this resource is in a Menubar; otherwise, it takes the defaults of Label, which is two.

The CascadeButton widget inherits behavior and resources from Core, XmPrimitive, and XmLabel classes. The class pointer is xmCascadeButtonWidgetClass. The class name is the XmCascadeButton.

Subroutines

- XmCreateCascadeButton
- XmCascadeButtonHighlight
- XmCreateMenuBar
- XmCreatePulldownMenu
- XmCreatePopupMenu
- XtCreateWidget

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the CascadeButton widget:

• XmCascadeButton Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **CascadeButton** widget:

- XmLabel Resource Set
- XmPrimitive Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Callback Information

The following structure is returned with each callback:

```
typedef struct
{
                int reason;
                XEvent * event;
} XmAnyCallbackStruct;
```

reason

Is set to the value that corresponds to the type of selection that invoked this callback.

XmCascadeButton

event

Points to the **XEvent** that invoked the callback or is **NULL** if this callback was not triggered due to an **XEvent**.

Behavior

The default behavior associated with a **CascadeButton** widget depends on whether the button is part of a **PopupMenu** system, a **PulldownMenu** system or an **OptionMenu** system. The **RowColumn** widget parent determines the mouse button that is used through its **XmNrowColumnType** and **XmNwhichButton** resources.

Default PopupMenu System

Btn3Down<EnterWindow>: This action arms the **CascadeButton** widget and posts the associated submenu after a short delay.

Btn3Down<LeaveWindow>: The action that takes place depends on whether the mouse pointer has moved into the submenu associated with this **CascadeButton** widget. If the mouse pointer has moved into the submenu, this event is ignored. If not, the **CascadeButton** widget is disarmed and its submenu is unposted.

<Btn3Up>: This action posts the submenu attached to the CascadeButton widget and enables keyboard traversal within the menu. If the CascadeButton widget does not have a submenu attached, this event activates the CascadeButton widget and unposts the menu.

<Btn3Down>: This action disables traversal for the menu and returns the user to drag mode in which the menu is manipulated using the mouse. The submenu associated with this CascadeButton widget is posted.

<Key>Return: This event posts the submenu attached to the CascadeButton widget if keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu. If the CascadeButton widget does not have a submenu attached, this event activates the CascadeButton widget and unposts the menu.

Default MenuBar

<Btn1Down>: This event arms both the CascadeButton widget and the MenuBar and posts the associated submenu. If the menu is already active, this event disables traversal for the menu and returns the user to the mode where the menu is manipulated using the mouse.

Btn1Down<EnterWindow>: This event unposts any visible **MenuPanes** if they are associated with a different **MenuBar** entry, arms the **CascadeButton** widget, and posts the associated submenu.

Btn1Down<LeaveWindow>: This event disarms the **CascadeButton** widget if the submenu associated with it is not currently posted or if there is no submenu associated with this **CascadeButton** widget. Otherwise, this event is ignored.

<Btn1Up>: This event posts the submenu attached to the CascadeButton widget and enables keyboard traversal within the menu. If the CascadeButton widget does not have a submenu attached, this event activates the CascadeButton widget and unposts the menu.

Key>Return: This event posts the submenu attached to the **CascadeButton** widget if keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu. If the **CascadeButton** widget does not have a submenu attached, the **CascadeButton** widget is activated, and the menu is unposted.

Default PulldownMenu System from a MenuBar

Btn1Down<EnterWindow>: This event arms the **CascadeButton** widget, and after a short delay, posts the associated submenu.

Btn1Down<LeaveWindow>: The event is ignored if the mouse pointer has moved into the submenu. In all other cases, the **CascadeButton** widget is disarmed and its submenu unposted.

<Btn1Up>: This event posts the submenu attached to the CascadeButton widget and enables keyboard traversal within the menu. If the CascadeButton widget does not have a submenu attached, this event selects the CascadeButton widget and unposts the menu.

<Btn1Down>: This event disables traversal for the menu and returns the user to the drag mode. The submenu associated with this CascadeButton widget is posted.

Key>Return: This event posts the submenu attached to the **CascadeButton** widget if keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu. If the **CascadeButton** widget does not have a submenu attached, this event activates the **CascadeButton** widget and unposts the menu.

Default Option Menu System

Btn2Down>: This event arms the **CascadeButton** widget and posts the associated submenu.

Key>Return: This event posts the associated submenu and enables traversal within the menu.

Default Translations

Default translations for CascadeButton in a MenuBar are:

<BtnDown>: MenuBarSelect()
<EnterWindow>: MenuBarEnter()

<Key>Escape: CleanupMenuBar()

Default translations for CascadeButton in a Popup or Pulldown MenuPane are:

<BtnDown>: StartDrag()
<EnterWindow>: DelayedArm()
<LeaveWindow>: CheckDisarm()
<BtnUp>: DoSelect()

<Key>Escape: MenuShellPopdownDone()

Default translations for CascadeButton in an OptionMenu are:

<BtnDown>: CheckArmAndPost()

<Key>Return: KeySelect()

Keyboard Traversal

<Unmap>: Unmap()
<FocusOut>: FocusOut()
<FocusIn>: FocusIn()
<Key>space: Noop()

<Key>Home: Noop()

XmCascadeButton

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/CascadeB.h

Related Information

The Core widget class, XmCreateCascadeButton subroutine, XmCascadeButtonHighlight subroutine, XmCreateMenuBar subroutine, XmCreatePulldownMenu subroutine, XmCreatePopupMenu subroutine, XmLabel widget class, XmPrimitive widget class, XmRowColumn widget class, XtCreateWidget subroutine.

XmCascadeButtonGadget Gadget Class

Purpose

The CascadeButtonGadget gadget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/CascadeBG.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

An XmCascadeButtonGadget gadget class links two MenuPane widgets or an OptionMenu widget to a MenuPane widget.

This gadget is used in menu systems and must have a RowColumn parent with its XmNrowColumnType resource set to the XmMENU_POPUP value, the XmMENU_PULLDOWN value, or the XmMENU_OPTION value.

This is the only gadget that can have a **Pulldown MenuPane** attached to it as a submenu. The submenu is displayed when this gadget is activated within a **PopupMenu**, a **PulldownMenu**, or a **OptionMenu**. When this gadget is in an **XmPopupMenu** widget or an **XmPulldownMenu** widget, its visuals can include a label or pixmap and a cascading indicator. When it is in an **XmOptionMenu** widget, its visuals can include only a label or a pixmap.

The default behavior associated with a **CascadeButtonGadget** gadget depends on the type of menu system in which it resides. By default, controls the behavior of the **CascadeButtonGadget** when it resides in a **PulldownMenu** or an **OptionMenu**; controls the behavior of the **CascadeButtonGadget** gadget when it resides in a **PopupMenu**. The actual mouse button used is determined by its **RowColumn** parent.

A CascadeButtonGadget gadget's visuals differ from the visuals of most other button widgets. When the button becomes armed, its visuals change from a two-dimensional to a three-dimensional look, and it displays the submenu that has been attached to it. If no submenu is attached, it simply changes its visuals.

When a CascadeButtonGadget gadget within a PulldownMenu or a PopupMenu is armed as a result of the user moving the mouse pointer into the widget, it does not immediately display its submenu. Instead, it waits a short amount of time to see if the arming was temporary (in other words, the user was simply passing through the widget), or whether the user really wanted the submenu posted. This time delay is configurable through the XmNmappingDelay resource.

The **CascadeButtonGadget** gadget provides a single mechanism for activating the gadget from the keyboard. This mechanism is referred to as keyboard mnemonic. If a mnemonic has been specified for the gadget, the user can activate it by simply typing the mnemonic while the **CascadeButtonGadget** gadget is visible. Mnemonics are typically used to interact with a menu through the keyboard interface.

XmCascadeButtonGadget

If the CascadeButtonGadget gadget is in a Pulldown or a Popup MenuPane and there is a submenu attached, the XmNmarginBottom, XmNmarginRight, and XmNmarginTop resources enlarge to accommodate the XmNcascadePixmap resource.

The XmCascadeButtonGadget gadget class inherits behavior and resources from the XmObject, XmRectObj, XmGadget, and XmLabelGadget classes. The class pointer is xmCascadeButtonGadgetClass. The class name is XmCascadeButtonGadget.

Subroutines

- XmCascadeButtonHighlight
- XmCreateCascadeButtonGadget
- XmCreatePulldownMenu
- XmCreatePopupMenu
- XmCreateOptionMenu

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an **Xdefaults** file, remove the **XmN** or **XmC** prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an **.Xdefaults** file, remove the **Xm** prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using **XtSetValues** (S), retrieved by using **XtGetValues** (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the **XmCascadeButtonGadget** gadget class:

• XmCascadeButtonGadget Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **XmCascadeButtonGadget** gadget class:

- XmLabelGadget Resource Set
- XmGadget Resource Set
- RectObj Resource Set
- Object Resource Set

Callback Information

The following structure is returned with each callback:

Behavior

The default behavior associated with a **CascadeButtonGadget** gadget depends on whether the button is part of a **PopupMenu** system, a **Pulldown MenuPane** in a **MenuBar**, or an **OptionMenu** system. The **RowColumn** widget determines the mouse button used through its **XmNrowColumnType** and **XmNwhichButton** resources.

Default PopupMenu System

Btn2Down <EnterWindow>: This action arms the **CascadeButtonGadget** gadget and posts the associated submenu after a short delay.

Btn2Down <LeaveWindow>: The action that takes place depends on whether the mouse pointer has moved into the submenu associated with this **CascadeButtonGadget** gadget. If the mouse pointer has moved into the submenu, this event is ignored. If not, the **CascadeButtonGadget** gadget is disarmed and its submenu unposted.

<Btn2Up>: This action posts the submenu attached to the CascadeButtonGadget gadget and enables keyboard traversal within the menu. If the CascadeButtonGadget gadget does not have a submenu attached, this event selects the CascadeButtonGadget gadget and unposts the menu.

<Btn2Down>: This action disables traversal for the menu and returns the user to drag mode in which the menu is manipulated using the mouse. The submenu associated with this CascadeButtonGadget gadget is posted.

<Key> Return: This event posts the submenu attached to the CascadeButtonGadget gadget if keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu. If the CascadeButtonGadget gadget does not have a submenu attached, this event activates the CascadeButtonGadget gadget and unposts the menu.

Default Pulldown MenuPane System from a MenuBar or from an OptionMenu

Btn1Down <EnterWindow>: This event arms the **CascadeButtonGadget** gadget and posts the associated submenu after a short delay.

Btn1Down <LeaveWindow>: The event is ignored if the mouse pointer has moved into the submenu. In all other cases, the **CascadeButtonGadget** gadget is disarmed and its submenu unposted

<Btn1Up>: This event posts the submenu attached to the CascadeButtonGadget gadget and enables keyboard traversal within the menu. If the CascadeButtonGadget gadget does not have a submenu attached, this event activates the CascadeButtonGadget gadget and unposts the menu.

<Btn1Down>: This event disables traversal for the menu and returns the user to the drag mode. The submenu associated with this **CascadeButtonGadget** gadget is posted.

<Key> Return: This event posts the submenu attached to the CascadeButtonGadget gadget if keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu. If the CascadeButtonGadget gadget does not have a submenu attached, then this event selects the CascadeButtonGadget gadget and unposts the menu.

Default OptionMenu System

<Btn1Down>: This event arms the **CascadeButtonGadget** gadget and posts the associated submenu.

Key> Return: This event posts the associated submenu and enables traversal within the menu.

XmCascadeButtonGadget

Keyboard Traversal

The **XmRowColumn** widget and its sections on behavior and default translations contain information on keyboard traversal.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/CascadeBG.h

Related Information

The RectObj widget class, Object widget class, XmCascadeButtonHighlight subroutine, XmCreateCascadeButtonGadget subroutine, XmCreatePulldownMenu subroutine, XmCreatePopupMenu subroutine, XmCreateOptionMenu subroutine, XmGadget widget class, XmLabelGadget widget class, XmRowColumn widget class.

XmCommand Widget Class

Purpose

The Command widget class.

Libraries

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

AlXwindows Library (liblM.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Command.h>

Children

ArrowButton Widget
BulletinBoard Widget
CascadeButtonGadget Gadget
DialogShell Widget
DrawnButton Widget
Form Widget
Label Widget
List Widget
MenuShell Widget
PushButton Widget
RowColumn Widget
ScrollBar Widget
SelectionBox Widget
SeparatorGadget Gadget
ToggleButton Widget

ArrowButtonGadget Gadget
CascadeButton Widget
Command Widget
DrawingArea Widget
FileSelectionBox Widget
Frame Widget
LabelGadget Gadget
MainWindow Widget
PanedWindow Widget
PushButtonGadget Gadget
Scale Widget
ScrolledWindow Widget
Separator Widget
Text Widget
ToggleButtonGadget Gadget

Description

A Command widget is a special—purpose composite widget for command entry that provides a built—in command history mechanism. The Command widget includes a command line text input field, a command line prompt, and a command history list region.

Note: You should be aware of the proper usage of the **XmText** widget class before using this widget class.

One additional WorkArea child widget can be added to the Command widget after creation.

As each command is entered, it is automatically added to the end of the command history list and made visible. This does not change the selected item in the list, if there is one.

Many of the new resources specified for the **Command** widget are actually **XmSelectionBox** resources that have been renamed for clarity and ease of use.

The XmCommand widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core, Composite, Constraint, XmManager, XmBulletinBoard, and XmSelectionBox classes. The class pointer is xmCommandWidgetClass. The class name is XmCommand.

Subroutines

- XmCreateCommand
- XmCommandAppendValue
- XmCommandError
- XmCommandGetChild
- XmCommandSetValue

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for an resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the XmCommandWidget widget class:

XmCommand Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **XmCommand** widget class:

- XmSelectionBox Resource Set
- XmBulletinBoard Resource Set
- XmManager Resource Set
- Composite Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Callback Information

The following structure is returned with each callback routine:

Behavior

Command behavior is summarized as follows:

<Key>: When any change is made to the text edit widget, the callback routines for the XmNcommandChangedCallback resource are invoked.

Key>Return: When the Return key is pressed, the callback routines for the XmNcommandEnteredCallback resource and the XmNcommandChangedCallback resource are invoked.

Key>Up or **Key>Down:** When the up or down key is pressed within the **Text** subwidget of the **XmCommand** subroutine, the text value is replaced with the previous or next item in the **List** subwidget. The selected item in the list is also changed to the previous or the next item. The callback routines for the **XmNcommandChangedCallback** resource are invoked.

<DoubleClick>: When an item in the List subwidget is double—clicked, that item is selected and added to the end of the list in one action. The callback routines for the XmNcommandEnteredCallback resource and the XmNcommandChangedCallback resource are invoked.

<Key>F1: When the Function Key 1 is pressed, the callback routines for the XmNhelpCallback resource are invoked.

Focusin>: When a **Focusin** event is generated on the widget window, the callback routines for the **XmNfocusCallback** resource are invoked.

<MapWindow>: When a Command widget that is the child of a DialogShell widget is mapped, the callback routines for the XmNmapCallback resource are invoked. When a Command widget that is not the child of a DialogShell widget is mapped, the callback routines are not invoked.

<UnmapWindow>: When a Command widget that is the child of a DialogShell widget is unmapped, the callback routines for the XmNunmapCallback resource are invoked. When a Command widget that is not the child of a DialogShell widget is unmapped, the callback routines are not invoked.

Default Translations

The Command widget inherits default translations from the SelectionBox widget.

Default Accelerators

The default accelerators added to descendants of a **BulletinBoard** widget if the parent of the **BulletinBoard** widget is a **DialogShell** are as follows:

#override

<Key>F1: Help()
<Key>Return: Return()
<Key>KP_Enter: Return()

Default Text Accelerators

The default text accelerators inherited from the SelectionBox widget are:

#override

<Key>: UpOrDown(0)
<Key>Down: UpOrDown(1)
<Key>F1: Help()
<Key>Return: Return()
<Key>KP Enter: Return()

XmCommand

Keyboard Traversal

For information on keyboard traversal, see XmManager and its sections on behavior and default translations.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Command.h

Related Information

The XmCreateCommand subroutine, XmCommandAppendValue subroutine, XmCommandError subroutine, XmCommandGetChild subroutine, XmCommandSetValue subroutine, XmDialogShell widget class, XmSelectionBox widget class, XmBulletinBoard widget class, XmManager widget class, Constraint widget class, Composite widget class, Core widget class.

XmDialogShell Widget Class

Purpose

The DialogShell widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/DialogS.h>

Children

ArrowButton Widget
BulletinBoardDialog
Command Widget
ErrorDialog
FormDialog
InformationDialog
MenuShell Widget
MessageDialog
PushButton Widget
RowColumn Widget
ScrollBar Widget
SelectionBox Widget
Separator Widget
ToggleButton Widget
WorkingDialog

BulletinBoard Widget
CascadeButton Widget
DrawingArea Widget
Form Widget
Frame Widget
Label Widget
MessageBox Widget
PanedWindow Widget
QuestionDialog
Scale Widget
ScrolledWindow Widget
SelectionDialog
Text Widget
WarningDialog

Description

Modal and modeless dialogs use the **DialogShell** widget as the **Shell** parent. The **DialogShell** widgets cannot be iconified. Instead, all secondary **DialogShell** widgets associated with an **ApplicationShell** widget are iconified and de-iconified as a group with the primary widget.

The client indirectly manipulates the **DialogShell** widget by the convenience interfaces during creation, and it can directly manipulate its **BulletinBoard** widget—derived child. Much of the functionality of the **DialogShell** widget assumes its child is a **BulletinBoard** subclass, although it can potentially stand alone.

The DialogShell widget inherits behavior and resources from the Core, Composite, Shell, WMShell, VendorShell, and TransientShell classes. The class pointer is xmDialogShellWidgetClass. The class name is XmDialogShell.

Subroutine

XmCreateDialogShell

New Resources

The **DialogShell** widget defines no new resources, but overrides the **XmNdeleteResponse** resource in the **VendorShell** class.

XmDialogShell

Inherited Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in a .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in a .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lowercase or uppercase, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource sets list the resources of the DialogShell widget:

- VendorShell Resource Set
- WMShell Resource Set
- Shell Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

File

/usr/include/Xm/DialogS.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The TransientShell widget class, Composite widget class, VendorShell widget class, WMShell widget class, Shell widget class, Core widget class, XmBulletinBoard widget class, XmCreateDialogShell subroutine.

XmDrawingArea Widget Class

.Purpose

The DrawingArea widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/DrawingA.h>

Children

ArrowButton Widget
CascadeButton Widget
DrawnButton Widget
Frame Widget
MenuShell Widget
PanedWindow Widget
RowColumn Widget
ScrollBar Widget
SelectionBox Widget
Text Widget

BulletinBoard Widget
Command Widget
Form Widget
Label Widget
MessageBox Widget
PushButton Widget
Scale Widget
ScrolledWindow Widget
Separator Widget
ToggleButton Widget

Description

The **DrawingArea** widget is an empty widget that is easily adaptable to a variety of purposes. It does no drawing and defines no behavior except for invoking callback routines, which notify the application when graphics need to be drawn (exposure events or widget resize) and when the widget receives input from the keyboard or mouse. Client applications are responsible for defining appearance and behavior as needed in response to the **DrawingArea** widget callback routines.

The **DrawingArea** widget is also a composite widget that supports minimal geometry management for multiple widget or gadget children.

The **DrawingArea** widget inherits behavior and resources from the **Core**, **Composite**, **Constraint**, and **XmManager** widget classes. The class pointer is **xmDrawingAreaWidgetClass**. The class name is **XmDrawingArea**.

Subroutine

XmCreateDrawingArea

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letter (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists resources of the XmDrawingArea widget class:

XmDrawingArea Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the XmDrawingArea widget class:

- XmManager Resource Set
- XmPrimitive Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Callback Information

The following structure is returned with each callback:

```
typedef struct
int reason;
```

XEvent * event;

Window window,

}XmDrawingAreaCallbackStruct;

reason

Indicates why the callback was invoked.

event

Points to the XEvent that invoked the callback.

window

Is set to the widget window.

Behavior

The XmDrawingArea behavior is summarized below.

<KeyDown>, <KeyUp>, <BtnDown>, <BtnUp>: The callback routines for XmNinputCallback are invoked when a keyboard key or mouse button is pressed or released.

<Expose>: The callback routines for XmNexposeCallback are invoked when the widget receives an exposure event.

< Widget Resize>: The callback routines for XmNresizeCallback are invoked when the widget is resized.

Default Translations

The following are XmDrawingArea default translations:

<Btn1Down>: <Btn1Up>:

Activate() Enter()

Arm()

<EnterWindow>: <Focusin>:

Focusin()

Kevboard Traversal

The description of the Manager widget contains information on keyboard traversal.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/DrawingA.h

Related Information

The Composite widget class, Constraint widget class, Core widget class, XmCreateDrawingArea subroutine, XmManager widget class.

XmDrawnButton Widget Class

Purpose

The DrawnButton widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/DrawnB.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

A **DrawnButton** widget consists of an empty widget window surrounded by a shadow border. It provides a graphics area that can have **XmPushButton** input semantics.

Callback routines are defined for widget exposure and resize to allow the client application to redraw or reposition its graphics. If the **DrawnButton** widget has a highlight and shadow thickness, the application should not draw in that area. To avoid drawing in the highlight and shadow area, create the graphics context with a clipping rectangle for drawing in the widget. The clipping rectangle takes into account the size of the widget's highlight thickness and shadow.

The **DrawnButton** widget inherits behavior and resources from the **Core**, **XmPrimitive**, and **XmLabel** widget classes. The class pointer is **xmDrawnButtonWidgetClass**. The class name is **XmDrawnButton**.

Subroutines

- XmCreateDrawnButton
- XtCreateWidget

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the XmDrawnButton widget class:

XmDrawnButton Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **XmDrawnButton** widget class.

- XmLabel Resource Set
- XmPrimitive Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Callback Information

The following structure is returned with each callback:

typedef struct

int reason;
XEvent * event;
Window window;

} XmDrawnButtonCallbackStruct;

reason

window

Indicates why the callback was invoked.

event

Points to the XEvent that triggered the callback. NULL is returned by the event for the XmNresizeCallback resource. This event will be NULL for the XmNactivateCallback resource if the callback was triggered when the XmPrimitive resource XmNtraversalOn was True or if the callback was accessed through the ArmAndActivate action routine.

Is set to the window ID in which the event occurred.

Behavior

<Btn1Down>: A selection on the DrawnButton widget causes its shadow to be drawn in the selected state if the XmNpushButtonEnabled resource is set to True. The callbacks for the XmNarmCallback resource are also called.

<Btn1Up>: If <Btn1Up> occurs when the pointer is within the DrawnButton, the shadows are redrawn in the unselected state if the XmNpushButtonEnabled resource is set to True. The callbacks for the XmNactivateCallback resource are called, followed by callbacks for the XmNdisarmCallback resource.

If **<Btn1Up>** occurs when the pointer is outside the **DrawnButton**, the callbacks for the **XmNdisarmCallback** resource are called.

Leave Window>: If the mouse button is pressed and the cursor leaves the **DrawnButton** window, the shadow is redrawn to its unselected state if the **XmNpushButtonEnabled** resource is set to **True**.

<Enter Window>: If the mouse button is pressed and the cursor reenters the **DrawnButton** window, the shadow is drawn in the same manner as when the button was first selected.

XmDrawnButton

Default Translations

<Btn1Down>:

Arm()

<Btn1Up>:

Activate()
Disarm()

<Key>Return:

ArmAndActivate()

<Key>space:

ArmAndActivate()

<EnterWindow>: <LeaveWindow>:

Enter() Leave()

Keyboard Traversal

Button assignments are: Left Button is Button 1; Left Button AND Right Button are Button 2; and Right Button is Button 3.

For information on keyboard traversal, refer to the **Primitive** widget and its sections on behavior and default translations.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/DrawnB.h

Related Information

The Core widget class, XmCreateDrawnButton subroutine, XmLabel widget class, XmPrimitive widget class, XmPushButton widget class, XmSeparator widget class, XtCreateWidget subroutine.

XmFileSelectionBox Widget Class

Purpose

The FileSelectionBox widget class.

Libraries

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

AlXwindows Library (liblM.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/FileSB.h>

Children

ArrowButton Widget
CascadeButton Widget
DrawingArea Widget
Frame Widget
MenuShell Widget
PanedWindow Widget
RowColumn Widget
ScrollBar Widget
SelectionBox Widget
Text Widget

BulletinBoard Widget
Command Widget
Form Widget
Label Widget
MessageBox Widget
PushButton Widget
Scale Widget
ScrolledWindow Widget
Separator Widget
ToggleButton Widget

Description

A FileSelectionBox widget traverses through directories, views the files in them, and then selects a file.

Note: You should be aware of the proper usage of the **XmText** widget class before using this widget class.

A FileSelectionBox widget has four main areas:

- A directory mask that includes a filter label and a directory mask input field used to specify the directory that is to be examined.
- · A scrollable list of file names.
- A text input field for directly typing in a file name.
- A group of PushButton widgets, labeled Filter, OK, Cancel, and Help.

One additional **WorkArea** child may be added to the **FileSelectionBox** widget after creation.

The user can select a file by scrolling through the list of file names and selecting the desired file or by entering the file name directly into the text edit area. Selecting a file from the list causes that file name to appear in the file selection text edit area.

The user may select a new file as many times as desired. The client application is not notified until the user selects the **OK PushButton** widget or presses the return key while the selection text edit area has the keyboard focus.

The FileSelectionBox widget initiates a file search when any of the following occurs:

XmFileSelectionBox

- The XtSetValues subroutine is used to change the directory mask.
- The user activates the Filter PushButton widget.
- The client application calls the **XmFileSelectionDoSearch** subroutine.
- The user presses the Return key while the directory mask input field has the keyboard focus.

This can be useful when an application creates a new file and wants to incorporate it into the file list

The XmFileSelectionBox widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core, Composite, Constraint, XmManager, XmBulletinBoard, and XmSelectionBox classes. The class pointer is xmFileSelectionBoxWidgetClass. The class name is XmFileSelectionBox.

Subroutines

- XmCreateFileSelectionBox
- XmFileSelectionBoxGetChild
- XmFileSelectionDoSearch
- XmCreateFileSelectionDialog
- XtCreateWidget

New Resources

Setting the resource values also sets the resource values for this widget. To reference a resource in a .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in a .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the XmFileSelectionBox widget class:

XmFileSelectionBox Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **XmFileSelectionBox** widget class:

- XmSelectionBox Resource Set
- XmBulletinBoard Resource Set
- XmManager Resource Set
- Composite Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Callback Information

The following structure is returned with each callback:

```
typedef struct
```

int reason;
XEvent event;
XmString value;
int length;
XmString mask;
int mask_length;

}XmFileSelectionBoxCallbackStruct;

JAIIII IIEGEIECIIOIIDOXGAIIDACKSII UCI,

reason Indicates why the callback was invoked.

event Points to the **XEvent** that triggered the callback. Specifies the value of the current **XmNdirSpec**.

length Specifies the number of bytes of the structure pointed to by value.

mask Specifies the current value of **XmNdirMask**.

mask_length Specifies the number of bytes of the structure pointed to by mask.

Behavior

The XmFileSelectionBox widget class inherits behavior from the XmSelectionBox widget class and the XmBulletinBoard widget class; below is an addition to that behavior:

<Apply Button Activated>:

A new file search begins when the apply button is activated.

Default Translations

The XmFileSelectionBox widget class inherits the XmSelectionBox widget class default translations.

Default Accelerators

The following are the default accelerator translations added to descendants of a **BulletinBoard** widget if the parent of the **BulletinBoard** widget is a **DialogShell** widget:

#override

<Key>F1: Help()
<Key>Return: Return()
<Key>KP Enter: Return()

Default Text Accelerators

The following are the default text accelerators inherited from the **XmSelectionBox** widget class:

#override

<Key>Up: UpOrDown(0)
<Key>Down: UpOrDown(1)
<Key>F1: Help()
<Key>Return: Return()
<Key>KP Enter: Return()

Keyboard Traversal

The **XmManager** widget class and its sections on behavior and default translations contain information on keyboard traversal.

File

/usr/include/Xm/FileSB.h

XmFileSelectionBox

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The Composite widget class, Constraint widget class, Core widget class, XmBulletinBoard widget class, XmCreateFileSelectionBox subroutine, XmCreateFileSelectionDialog subroutine, XmFileSelectionBoxGetChild subroutine, XmFileSelectionDoSearch subroutine, XmManager widget class, XmSelectionBox widget class, XtCreateWidget subroutine.

XmForm Widget Class

Purpose

The Form widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Form.h>

Children

ArrowButton Widget
CascadeButton Widget
DrawingArea Widget
Label Widget
MessageBox Widget
PushButton Widget
Scale Widget
ScrolledWindow Widget
Separator Widget
ToggleButton Widget

BulletinBoard Widget
Command Widget
Frame Widget
MenuShell Widget
PanedWindow Widget
RowColumn Widget
ScrollBar Widget
SelectionBox Widget
Text Widget

Description

A Form widget is a container widget with no input semantics of its own. Constraints are placed on children of the Form widget to define attachments for each of the four sides of each child widget. These attachments can be to the Form widget, to another child widget or gadget, to a relative position within the Form widget, or to the initial position of the child. The attachments determine the layout behavior of the Form widget when resizing occurs.

The Form widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core, Composite, Constraint, XmManager, and XmBulletinBoard classes. The class pointer is xmFormWidgetClass. The class name is XmForm.

Subroutines

- XmCreateForm
- XmCreateFormDialog

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S). retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource sets list the resources of the XmForm widget class:

• XmForm Resource Set

XmForm Constraint Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **XmForm** widget class:

- XmBulletinBoard Resource Set
- XmManager Resource Set
- Core Resource Set
- Composite Resource Set

Behavior

The XmForm widget class inherits the XmBulletinBoard widget class behavior.

Default Translations

The XmForm widget class inherits the XmBulletinBoard widget class default translations.

Default Accelerators

The default accelerator translations added to descendants of a **BulletinBoard** widget if the parent of the **BulletinBoard** widget is a **DialogShell** widget are:

#override

<Key>F1: Help()
<Key>Return: Return()
<Key>KP_Enter: Return()

Keyboard Traversal

For information on keyboard traversal, refer to the **XmManager** widget class and its sections on behavior and default translations.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Form.h

Related Information

The XmBulletinBoard widget class, Core widget class, Composite widget class, Constraint widget class, XmCreateForm subroutine, XmCreateFormDialog subroutine, XmManager widget class.

XmFrame Widget Class

Purpose

The Frame widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Frame.h>

Children

ArrowButton Widget
CascadeButton Widget
DrawingArea Widget
Label Widget
MessageBox Widget
PushButton Widget
Scale Widget
ScrolledWindow Widget
Separator Widget
ToggleButton Widget

BulletinBoard Widget
Command Widget
Form Widget
MenuShell Widget
PanedWindow Widget
RowColumn Widget
ScrollBar Widget
SelectionBox Widget
Text Widget

Description

A Frame widget is a very simple manager used to enclose a single child widget in a border drawn by the Frame widget. It uses the XmManager widget class resources for border drawing and performs geometry management such that its size always matches the size of the child widget plus the margins defined for it.

The **Frame** widget is most often used to enclose other managers when the manager is supposed to have the same border appearance as the primitive widgets. The **Frame** widget can also be used to enclose primitive widgets that do not support the same type of border drawing. This provides visual consistency when applications are developed using diverse widget sets.

If the Frame widget's parent is a Shell widget, the XmNshadowType resource is set by default to XmSHADOW_OUT, and the Manager widget's XmNshadowThickness resource is set to 1.

The XmFrame widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core and XmManager classes. The class pointer is xmFrameWidgetClass. The class name is XmFrame.

Subroutine

XmCreateFrame

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for the XmFrame widget class. To reference a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column

XmFrame

indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the XmFrame widget class:

• XmFrame Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the XmFrame widget class:

- XmManager Resource Set
- Composite Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Default Translations

<EnterWindow>: Enter() <Focusin>: Focusin() <Btn1Down>: Arm() <Btn1Up>: Activate()

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Frame.h

Related Information

The Composite widget class, Constraint widget class, Core widget class, XmCreateFrame subroutine, XmManager widget class.

XmGadget Gadget Class

Purpose

The Gadget gadget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Children

ArrowButtonGadget Gadget LabelGadget Gadget SeparatorGadget Gadget CascadeButtonGadget Gadget PushButtonGadget Gadget ToggleButtonGadget Gadget

Description

The **XmGadget** gadget class is used as a supporting superclass for other gadget classes. This gadget handles shadow border drawing and highlighting, traversal activation and deactivation, and various lists of callback routines needed by gadgets.

The color and pixmap resources defined by the **XmManager** widget class are directly used by gadgets. If the **XtSetValues** subroutine is used to change one of the resources for a **Manager** widget, all of the gadget children within the manager also change.

The **Gadget** gadget is built from the **RectObj** widget class. The class pointer is **xmGadgetClass**. The class name is **XmGadget**.

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in a .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in a .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case of upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource is set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the XmGadget widget class:

XmGadget Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of resources inherited by the **XmGadget** widget class:

- RectObj Resource Set
- Object Resource Set

Behavior

Gadget widgets cannot have translations associated with them. Because of this, gadget behavior is determined by the Manager widget into which the Gadget gadget is placed. The

XmGadget

following types of events are caught by a **Manager** widget and forwarded to a **Gadget** gadget:

- ButtonPress
- ButtonRelease
- EnterNotify
- LeaveNotify
- Focusin
- FocusOut
- MotionNotify

The XmManager widget class defines the translations supported by all Manager widgets.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The **Object** widget class, **RectObj** widget class, **XmManager** widget class.

XmLabel Widget Class

Purpose

The Label widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Label.h>

Children

ArrowButton Gadget
CascadeButtonGadget Gadget
Label Widget
PushButtonGadget Gadget
ToggleButtonGadget Gadget

CascadeButton Widget DrawnButton Widget PushButton Widget ToggleButton Widget

Description

The **XmLabel** widget is never instantiated; it is used as a superclass for other button widgets, such as **XmPushButton** and **XmToggleButton**. The **Label** widget does not accept any button or key input, and the **help** callback routine is the only callback routine defined. **XmLabel** widgets also receive enter and leave events.

A **Label** widget can contain either text or a pixmap. The **Label** text should be a compound string. The text can be multidirectional, multiline, and/or multifont. When a **Label** widget is insensitive, its text is stippled, or the user supplied insensitive pixmap is displayed.

The **XmLabel** widget class supports both accelerators and mnemonics primarily for use in the **Label** subclass widgets that are contained in menus. Mnemonics are available in a menu system when the button is visible. Accelerators in a menu system are accessible even when the button is not visible. The **Label** widget displays the mnemonic by underlining the first matching character in the text string. The accelerator is displayed as a text string to the right of the label text or pixmap.

The **Label** widget consists of many margin fields surrounding the text or pixmap. These margin fields are resources that can be set by the user, but the **Label** widget subclasses also modify some of these fields. The subclasses tend to modify the **XmNmarginLeft**, **XmNmarginRight**, **XmNmarginTop**, and **XmNmarginBottom** resources and leave the **XmNmarginWidth** and **XmNmarginHeight** resources as set by the application.

The XmLabel widget class inherits behavior and resources from Core and XmPrimitive widget classes. The class pointer is xmLabelWidgetClass. The class name is XmLabel.

Subroutines

- XmCreateLabel
- XmFontListCreate
- XmStringCreate
- XmStringCreateLtoR

XtCreateWidget

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the Label class:

• XmLabel Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **Label** widget:

- XmPrimitive Resource Set
- XmCore Resource Set

Callback Information

The following structure is returned with each callback:

```
typedef struct
{
          int reason;
          XEvent * event;
} XmAnyCallbackStruct
```

reason

Indicates why the callback was invoked. For this callback, reason is set to

XmCR HELP.

event

Points to the **XEvent** that triggered the callback.

Behavior Default Translations

<EnterWindow>:
<LeaveWindow>:
<Unmap>:
FocusOut>:
<FocusIn>:
<Key>space:
Enter()
Leave()
Unmap()
FocusOut()
FocusOut()
FocusIn()
Noop()

<Key>Home: Noop()

Keyboard Traversal

For information on keyboard traversal, refer to the **XmPrimitive** widget class and its sections on behavior and default translations.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Label.h

Related Information

The Core widget class, XmPrimitive widget, XmCreateLabel subroutine, XmFontListCreate subroutine, XmStringCreate subroutine, XmStringCreateLtoR subroutine, XtCreateWidget subroutine.

XmLabelGadget Gadget Class

Purpose

The LabelGadget gadget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/LabelG.h>

Children

CascadeButtonGadget Gadget ToggleButtonGadget Gadget

PushButtonGadget Gadget

Description

The XmLabelGadget gadget class is never instantiated; it is used as a superclass for other button gadgets, such as a PushButtonGadget gadget and a ToggleButtonGadget gadget. The LabelGadget gadget does not accept any button or key input, and the help callback routine is the only callback routine defined. The LabelGadget gadget also receives enter and leave events.

A LabelGadget gadget can contain either text or a pixmap. LabelGadget text is a compound string. Refer to the XmString widget class for more information on compound strings. The text can be multidirectional, multiline, and/or multifont. When a LabelGadget gadget is insensitive, its text is stippled, or the user supplied insensitive pixmap is displayed.

A LabelGadget gadget supports both accelerators and mnemonics primarily for use in the LabelGadget subclass gadgets that are contained in menus. Mnemonics are available in a menu system when the button is visible. Accelerators in a menu system are accessible even when the button is not visible. The XmLabelGadget gadget displays the mnemonic by underlining the first matching character in the text string. The accelerator is displayed as a text string to the right of the label text or pixmap.

A LabelGadget gadget consists of many margin fields surrounding the text or pixmap. These margin fields are resources that can be set by the user, but the LabelGadget subclasses also modify some of these fields. The subclasses tend to modify the margin XmNmarginLeft, XmNmarginRight, XmNmarginTop and XmNmarginBottom resources and leave the XmNmarginWidth and XmNmarginHeight resources as set by the client application.

The LabelGadget gadget class inherits behavior and resources from the Object, RectObj and XmGadget classes. The class pointer is xmLabelGadgetClass. The class name is XmLabelGadget.

Subroutines

- XmCreateLabelGadget
- XmFontListCreate
- XmStringCreate
- XmStringCreateLtoR

XtCreateWidget

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time(C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the XmLabelGadget widget class:

• XmLabelGadget Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **XmLabelGadget** widget class:

- XmGadget Resource Set
- Object Resource Set
- RectObj Resource Set

Keyboard Traversal

For information on keyboard traversal, refer to the **XmGadget** widget class and its sections on behavior and default translations.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/LabelG.h

Related Information

The Object widget class, RectObj widget class, XmCreateLabelGadget subroutine, XmFontListCreate subroutine, XmGadget widget class, XmStringCreate subroutine, XmStringCreateLtoR subroutine, XtCreateWidget subroutine.

XmList Widget Class

Purpose

The List widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/List.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

A **List** widget allows a user to select one or more items from a group of choices. Items are selected from the list in a variety of ways, using both the pointer and the keyboard.

The **List** widget operates on an array of strings that are defined by the client application. Each string becomes an item in the **List** widget, with the first string becoming the item in position one, the second string becoming the item in position two, and so on.

The visual size of the **List** widget is set by specifying the number of items that are visible. If the ability to scroll through a large set of choices is desired, use the **XmCreateScrolledList** convenience subroutine.

To select items, move the pointer or cursor to the desired item and press the mouse button or the key defined as select. There are several styles of selection behavior, and they all highlight the selected item or items by displaying them in inverse colors. An appropriate callback routine is invoked to notify the application of the user's choice. The application then takes whatever action is required for the specified selection.

The XmList widget class inherits behavior and resources from Core and XmPrimitive classes. The class pointer is xmListWidgetClass. The class name is XmList.

Subroutines

- XmCreateList
- XmCreateScrolledList
- XmListAdditem
- XmListAddItemUnselected
- XmListDeleteItem
- XmListDeletePos
- XmListDeselectAllItems
- XmListDeselectItem
- XmListItemExists
- XmListSelectItem

- XmListSelectPos
- XmListSetBottomItem
- XmListSetBottomPos
- XmListSetHorizPos
- XmListSetItem
- XmListSetPos
- XtCreateWidget

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource sets list the resources of the XmList widget class:

- XmList Resource Set
- XmScrolledList Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **XmList** widget class:

- XmPrimitive Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Callback Information

The **XmList** widget class defines a new callback structure. The client application must first look at the reason field and only use the structure members that are valid for that particular reason, because not all of the fields are relevant for every possible reason. The callback structure is defined as follows:

```
typedef struct
{
          int
                               reason;
          XEvent
                               * event;
          XmString
                               item;
          int
                               item_length;
          int
                               item_position;
          XmString
                               * selected_items;
          int
                               selected_item_count,
          int
                               selection_type;
} XmListCallbackStruct;
reason
                               Indicates why the callback was invoked.
```

XmList

event Points to the **XEvent** that invoked the callback. It can be

NULL.

item Is the item selected by this action. selected_items points to

a temporary storage space that is reused after the callback is finished. Therefore, if an application needs to save the selected list, it should copy the list into its own data space.

item_length Is the length of the item when the selection action occurred.

item_position Is the position in the List widget of the selected item.

selected_items Points to the list of items selected at the time of the event

that caused the callback. *selected_items* points to a temporary storage space that is reused after the callback is finished. Therefore, if an application needs to save the selected list, it should copy the list into its own data space.

selected_items_count Is the number of items in the selected_items list.

selection_type Indicates that the most recent extended selection was either

the initial selection (XmINITIAL), a modification of an existing selection (XmMODIFICATION), or an additional

non-contiguous selection (XmADDITION).

The following table describes the reasons for which the individual callback structure fields are valid:

Reason Valid Fields

Xmcr_single_select reason, event, Item, item_length, item_position reason, event, Item, selected_items,

selected item count

XmCR_EXTENDED_SELECT reason, event, Item, selected_items,

selected_item_count, selection_type

Behavior

The **XmList** widget class provides several methods for selecting its items. The general selection model is as follows:

The user moves the pointer to the item that is desired to be selected, either by using the mouse to move the pointer over the desired item, or, in keyboard traversal mode, moving the active highlight to the desired item with the up and down arrow keys. The item is selected by clicking the select button on the mouse (usually the left mouse button), or by pressing the select key on the keyboard (usually defined to be the Space key). Each of the selection modes provides some variation of the above behavior.

Note that the keyboard selection interface is only active when traversal is enabled for the **List** widget.

The selection mode is set by the **XmNselectionPolicy** resource and is modified by the **XmNautomaticSelection** resource. The behavior of the various modes are defined below:

XmSINGLE_SELECT (Single Selection): Move the mouse pointer or keyboard highlight until it is over the desired item and press the select button or key. The item inverts its foreground and background colors to indicate that it is to be the selected object. Any

previously selected items are unselected (returned to their normal visual state). When the button or key is released, the XmNsingleSelectionCallback resource is invoked.

XmBROWSE_SELECT (Browse Selection): When using the mouse, press the select button; the item under the pointer is highlighted. While the button is held down, drag the selection by moving the pointer. When the select button is released, the object under the pointer becomes the selected item and the XmNbrowseSelectionCallback resource is invoked.

If the XmNautomaticSelection resource is True, the XmNbrowseSelectionCallback resource invokes when the select button is pressed. For each subsequent item entered while the select button is held down, the callback is invoked when the pointer moves into the item. No selection callback is invoked when the button is released.

When selecting through the keyboard and the XmNautomaticSelection resource is False, browse selection is no different from single—selection mode. However, when the XmNautomaticSelection resource is True, the callback is invoked for each element that is selected. Both the keyboard highlight and the selection highlight move as the user moves through the list.

XmMULTIPLE_SELECT (Multiple Selection): Move the mouse pointer or keyboard highlight until it is over the desired item and press the select button or key. The item inverts its foreground and background colors to indicate that it is a selected object. Any previously selected items are not affected by this action. When the button or key is released, the XmNmultipleSelectionCallback resource is invoked. To unselect an item in this mode, move to a selected item and press the select button or key. The XmNmultipleSelectionCallback resource invokes with the updated selection list.

XmEXTENDED_SELECT (Extended Selection): This mode selects a contiguous range of objects with one action. Press the select button on the first item of the range. This begins a new selection process, which deselects any previous selection in the list. That item inverts to show its inclusion in the selection. While depressing the button, drag the cursor through other items in the List. As the pointer moves through the list, all items between the initial item and the item currently under the pointer are inverted to show that they are included in the selection. When the button is released, the XmNextendedSelectionCallback resource is invoked and contains a list of all selected items. The selection_type field is set to the XmINITIAL value.

Modify a selection by pressing and holding the shift key, moving to the new endpoint, and pressing the select button. The items between the initial start point and the new end point are selected. The rest of the selection process proceeds as above. Any previous selections are not unselected. When the select button is released, the

XmNextendedSelectionCallback resource is invoked and contains a list of all selected items, both new and previous. The *selection_type* field is set to the XmMODIFICATION value.

Items can be added to or deleted from a selected range by using the CTRL key. To add an additional range to an existing selection, move to the first item of the new group, press and hold the CTRL key, and then press the Select button. The item under the pointer inverts; any previous selections are unaffected. This item becomes the initial item for the new selection range. If the pointer is dragged through additional items while the CTRL key and select button are held down, those items invert as described above. When the Select button is released, the XmNextendedSelectionCallback resource is invoked and contains a list of all selected items, both new and previous. The selection_type field is set to the XmADDITION value.

To delete an item or a range of items from an existing selection, move to the first item to be deselected, press and hold the CTRL key, and then press the select button. The item under the pointer returns to its normal visual state to indicate that it is no longer in the selection. This item becomes the initial item for the range to be deselected. If the pointer is dragged through additional selected items while the CTRL key and select button are held down, those items are deselected. Any other selection are unaffected. When the select button is released, the XmNextendedSelectionCallback resource is invoked and contains a list of all remaining selected items, both new and previous. The selection_type field is set to the XmADDITION value.

A range of items can also be deselected by setting the initial item for the range as described above, then moving to the end of the range, and pressing the select button while holding the Shift key down. All items between the two endpoints are deselected. When the button is released, the XmNextendedSelectionCallback resource is issued as described above.

If the XmNautomaticSelection resource is set to True, the

XmNextendedSelectionCallback resource is invoked when the select button is pressed. For each subsequent item the user selects or deselects, the callback is invoked when the pointer is moved into the item. The selection type field is set to reflect the current action. No selection callback is invoke when the button is released.

Keyboard selection in extended selection mode is accomplished by moving the keyboard highlight to the start of the desired range and pressing the select key. The selection callback is invoked with a selection type value of the XmINITIAL value. Then, using the arrow keys, move the keyboard highlight to the end of the range, depress the Shift key, and press the Select key. This invokes the XmNextendedSelectionCallback resource with a value of the XmMODIFICATION value. Select additional ranges by moving to the beginning of a range, pressing the select key while depressing the CTRL key, and then moving to the end of the range and pressing the select key while holding the Shift key. Erase previously selected elements by moving to them and pressing the select key while holding down the CTRL key. In all cases, callbacks are issued as described above.

When using the keyboard with the XmNautomaticSelection resource set to True, the XmNextendedSelectionCallback resource is invoked when the select button is pressed. For each subsequent item the user selects, the callback is invoked when the pointer is moved into the item if there are modifier keys in use. For example, start the selection by pressing the select key, and then extend it by using the arrow keys while holding down the Shift key. The selection type field is set to reflect the current action. There is no selection callback invoked when the button is released.

XmDEFAULT_ACTION (Double Click): If an object is clicked twice within the interval defined by the XmNdoubleClickInterval resource, the List widget interprets that as a double click and invokes the XmNdefaultActionCallback resource. The item inverts to indicate its selection.

Default Translations

The following are the default translations for the **List** widget:

Button1 <motion>:</motion>	ListButtonMotion()
Shift Ctrl ~Meta <btn1down>:</btn1down>	ListShiftCtrlSelect()
Shift Ctrl ~Meta <btn1up>:</btn1up>	ListShiftCtrlUnSelect()
Shift Ctrl ~Meta <keydown>space:</keydown>	ListKbdShiftCtrlSelect()
Shift Ctrl ~Meta <keyup>space:</keyup>	ListKbdShiftCtrlUnSelect()
Shift Ctrl ~Meta <keydown>Select:</keydown>	ListKbdShiftCtrlSelect()
Shift Ctrl ~Meta <keyup>Select:</keyup>	ListKbdShiftCtrlUnSelect()
Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta <btn1down>:</btn1down>	ListShiftSelect()

ListShiftUnSelect() Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta<Btn1Up>: Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta<KeyDown>space: ListKbdShiftSelect() Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta<KeyUp>space: ListKbdShiftUnSelect() Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta<KeyDown>Select: ListKbdShiftSelect() Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta<KeyUp>Select: ListKbdShiftUnSelect() Ctrl ~Shift ~Meta<Btn1Down>Down: ListCtrlSelect() Ctrl ~Shift ~Meta<Btn1Up>: ListCtrlUnselect() Ctrl ~Shift ~Meta<KeyDown>space: ListKbdCtrlSelect() ListKdbCtrlUnselect() Ctrl ~Shift ~Meta<KeyUp>space: Ctrl ~Shift ~Meta<KeyDown>Select: ListKbdCtrlSelect() ListKbdCtrlUnselect() Ctrl ~Shift ~Meta<KeyUp>Select: ~Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta<Btn1Down>; ListElementSelect() ~Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta<Btn1Up>: ListElementUnSelect() ~Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta<KevDown>space: ListKbdSelect() ~Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta<KeyUp>space: ListKbdUnSelect() ~Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta<KeyDown>Select: ListKbdSelect() ~Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta<KeyUp>Select: ListKbdUnSelect() Shift Ctrl ~Meta<Key>Up: ListShiftCtrlPrevElement() Shift Ctrl ~Meta<Key>Down: ListShiftCtrlNextElement() Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta<Key>Up: ListShiftPrevElement() Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta<Key>Down: ListShiftNextElement() ~Shift Ctrl ~Meta<Key>Up: ListCtrlPrevElement() ~Shift Ctrl ~Meta<Key>Down: ListCtrlNextElement() ~Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta<Key>Up: ListPrevElement() ~Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta<Key>Down: ListNextElement() ListEnter() <Enter>: <Leave>: ListLeave() <Focusin>: ListFocusin() ListFocusOut() <FocusOut>: <Unmap>: PrimitiveUnmap() Shift<Key>Tab: PrimitivePrevTabGroup() <Key>Tab: PrimitiveNextTabGroup() PrimitiveTraverseHome() <Key>Home:

Keyboard Traversal

For those actions not inherited from the **XmPrimitive** widget class, keyboard traversal is described in the behavior section shown previously in this widget.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/List.h

Related Information

The Core widget class, XmPrimitive widget class, XmCreateList subroutine, XmCreateScrolledList subroutine, XmFontListCreate subroutine, XmListAddItem subroutine, XmListAddItemUnselected subroutine, XmListDeleteItem subroutine, XmListDeselectAllItems subroutine, XmListSelectItem subroutine, XmListSelectItem subroutine, XmListSetHorizPos subroutine, XmListSetItem subroutine, XmListSetPos subroutine, XmListSetBottomItem subroutine, XmListSetBottomPos subroutine, XmListSelectPos subroutine, XmListDeselectPos subroutine, XmListItemExists subroutine, XmStringCreate subroutine, XtCreateWidget subroutine.

XmMainWindow Widget Class

Purpose

The MainWindow widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/MainW.h>

Children

ArrowButton Widget
BulletinBoard Widget
CascadeButtonGadget Gadget
DrawingArea Widget
Form Widget
Label Widget
MenuShell Widget
PushButton Widget
RowColumn Widget
ScrollBar Widget
SelectionBox Widget
SeparatorGadget Gadget

ToggleButton Widget

ArrowButtonGadget Gadget
CascadeButton Widget
Command Widget
DrawnButton Widget
Frame Widget
LabelGadget Gadget
MessageBox Widget
PushButtonGadget Gadget
Scale Widget
ScrolledWindow Widget
Separator Widget
Text Widget

ToggleButtonGadget Gadget

Description

The XmMainWindow widget class provides a standard layout for the primary window of a client application. This layout includes a MenuBar widget, a CommandWindow widget, a work region, and ScrollBar widgets. Any or all of these areas are optional. The work region and ScrollBar widgets in the MainWindow widget behave identically to the work region and ScrollBar widgets in the ScrolledWindow widget. The user can think of the MainWindow widget as an extended ScrolledWindow widget with an optional MenuBar widget and optional a CommandWindow widget.

In a fully-loaded MainWindow widget, the MenuBar widget spans the top of the window horizontally. The CommandWindow widget spans the MainWindow widget horizontally just below the MenuBar widget, and the work region lies below the CommandWindow widget. The space remaining below the CommandWindow widget, if any, is managed in a manner identical to the ScrolledWindow widget. The behavior of a ScrolledWindow widget can be controlled by the ScrolledWindow resources. To create a MainWindow widget, create a MenuBar widget, a CommandWindow widget, a horizontal ScrollBar widget, and a vertical ScrollBar widget to use as the work region, and then call the MainWindowSetArea subroutines with those widget IDs.

The **MainWindow** widget can also create two **XmSeparator** widgets that provide a visual separation of the **MainWindow** widget's three components.

The MainWindow widget inherits behavior and resources from Core, Composite, Constraint, XmManager, and XmScrolledWindow classes. The class pointer is xmMainWindowWidgetClass. The class name is XmMainWindow.

Subroutines

- XmCreateMainWindow subroutine
- XmMainWindowSep1 subroutine
- XmMainWindowSep2 subroutine
- XmMainWindowSetAreas subroutine

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S). retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the XmMainWindow widget class:

XmMainWindow Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **XmMainWindow** widget class:

- XmScrolledWindow Resource Set
- XmManager Resource Set
- Composite Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Behavior

The **XmMainWindow** widget class inherits behavior from the **XmScrolledWindow** widget class.

Keyboard Traversal

For information on keyboard traversal, refer to the **XmManager** widget class and its sections on behavior and default translations.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/MainW.h

Related Information

The Constraint widget class, Composite widget class, Core widget class, XmCreateMainWindow subroutine, XmMainWindowSetAreas subroutine, XmMainWindowSep1 subroutine, XmMainWindowSep2 subroutine, XmManager widget class, XmScrolledWindow widget class.

XmManager Widget Class

Purpose

The Manager widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Children

ArrowButton Widget
BulletinBoard Widget
CascadeButtonGadget Gadget
DialogShell Widget
DrawnButton Widget
Form Widget
Label Widget
List Widget
MenuShell Widget
PanedWindow Widget
PushButtonGadget Gadget
Scale Widget
ScrolledWindow Widget
Separator Widget
Text Widget

ToggleButtonGadget Gadget

ArrowButtonGadget Gadget
CascadeButton Widget
Command Widget
DrawingArea Widget
FileSelectionBox Widget
Frame Widget
LabelGadget Gadget
MainWindow Widget
MessageBox Widget
PushButton Widget
RowColumn Widget
ScrollBar Widget
SelectionBox Widget
SeparatorGadget Gadget
ToggleButton Widget

Description

The **XmManager** widget class is used as a supporting superclass for other widget classes. This widget class supports the visual resources, graphics contexts, and traversal resources necessary for the graphics and traversal mechanisms.

The XmManager widget class is built from the Core, Composite, and Constraint classes. The class pointer is xmManagerWidgetClass. The class name is XmManager.

New Resources

The XmManager widget defines a set of widget resources that are used to specify data. Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in a .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in a .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following superclass contains a complete description of resources defined by the XmManager widget class:

• XmManagerResource Set

Dynamic Color Defaults

The foreground, background, top shadow, and bottom shadow resources are dynamically defaulted. If no color data is specified, the colors are automatically generated. On a monochrome system, a black and white color scheme is generated. On a color system, a set of four colors are generated which display the correct shading for the three–dimensional visuals.

If the background is the only color specified for a widget, the top shadow, bottom shadow, and foreground colors are generated to give the three—dimensional appearance. The color generation works best with non—saturated colors. Using pure red, green, or blue yields poor results.

Colors are generated at creation only. Resetting the background through **XtSetValues** does not regenerate the other colors.

Inherited Resources

The following superclass resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **XmManager** widget class:

- Composite Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Behavior

The following set of translations are used by **Manager** widgets that have **Gadget** children. Since **Gadgets** cannot have translations associated with them, it is the responsibility of the **Manager** widget to intercept the events of interest and pass them to the appropriate **Gadget** child.

Shift <Key> Tab:

Moves the focus to the first item contained within the previous tab group. If the beginning of the tab group list is reached, it wraps to the end of the tab group list.

<Key> Tab or <Key> F6:

Moves the focus to the first item contained within the next tab group. If the current tab group is the last entry in the tab group list, it wraps to the beginning of the tab group list.

<Key> Up or <Key> Left:

Moves the keyboard focus to the previous **Manager** widget or gadget within the current tab group. The previous widget or gadget is the one that is the previous entry in the tab group's list of children. Wrapping occurs, if necessary.

<Key> Down or <Key> Right:

Moves the keyboard focus to the next **Manager** widget or gadget within the current tab group. The next widget or gadget is the one that is the next entry in the tab group's list of children. Wrapping occurs, if necessary.

<Key> Home:

Moves the keyboard focus to the first **Manager** widget or gadget in the current tab group.

XmManager

Default Translations

The following are translations used by all Manager widgets:

<EnterWindow>:

ManagerEnter()

<FocusOut>:

ManagerFocusOut()

<Focusin>:

ManagerFocusin()

The following are the translations necessary to provide gadget event processing:

<Key> space:

ManagerGadgetSelect()

<Key> Return:

ManagerGadgetSelect()

Shift <Key> Tab:

ManagerGadgetPrevTabGroup()

<Key> Tab: <Key> F6:

ManagerGadgetNextTabGroup()
ManagerGadgetNextTabGroup()

<Key> Up:

ManagerGadgetTraversePrev()

<Key> Down:

ManagerGadgetTraverseNext()

<Key> Left:

ManagerGadgetTraversePrev()

<Key> Right:

ManagerGadgetTraverseNext()

<Key> Home:

ManagerGadgetTraverseHome()

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The Composite widget class, Constraint widget class, Core widget class, XmGadget gadget class.

XmMenuShell Widget Class

Purpose

The MenuShell widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/MenuShell.h>

Children

ArrowButton Widget
CascadeButton Widget
MenuBar
PopupMenu
PushButton Widget
RowColumn Widget
SeparatorGadget Gadget
ToggleButtonGadget Gadget

ArrowButtonGadget Gadget
CascadeButtonGadget Gadget
OptionMenu
PulldownMenu
PushButtonGadget Gadget
Separator Widget
ToggleButton Widget

Description

The **MenuShell** widget is a custom **OverrideShell** widget. An **OverrideShell** widget bypasses the window manager when displaying itself. It is designed specifically to contain **Popup** or **Pulldown MenuPanes**.

This widget is rarely encountered because the convenience subroutines XmCreatePopupMenu or XmCreatePulldownMenu are generally used to create a Popup or Pulldown MenuPane. The convenience subroutines automatically create a MenuShell widget as the parent of the MenuPane. However, if the convenience subroutines are not used, the required MenuShell widget must be created. In this case, it is important to note that the parent of the MenuShell widget depends on the type of menu system being built.

- If the MenuShell widget is for the top—level Popup MenuPane, the MenuShell widget must be created as a child of the widget from which the MenuShell widget is popped up.
- If the MenuShell widget is for a MenuPane that is pulled down from a Popup or another Pulldown MenuPane, the MenuShell widget must be created as a child of the Popup or Pulldown MenuPane's parent MenuShell.
- If the MenuShell widget is for a MenuPane that is pulled down from a MenuBar, the MenuShell widget must be created as a child of the MenuBar.
- If the MenuShell widget is for a Pulldown MenuPane in an OptionMenu, the MenuShell widget must have the same parent as the OptionMenu.

The XmMenuShell widget class inherits resources from Core, Composite, and OverrideShell classes. The class pointer is xmMenuShellWidgetClass. The class name is XmMenuShell.

Subroutines

- XmCreateMenuShell
- XmCreatePopupMenu
- XmCreatePulldownMenu

New Resources

The XmMenuShell defines no new resources, but overrides the XmNallowShellResize resource in the Shell widget class.

Inherited Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in a .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in a .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource sets contain a complete description of resources inherited by the XmMenuShell widget class:

- Shell Resource Set
- Composite Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Behavior

The specific mouse button that is used depends upon the resources XmNrowColumnType and XmNwhichButton in the menu's top-level RowColumn widget

Default PopupMenu System

<Btn2Down>:

If this event has not already been processed by another menu

component, keyboard traversal is disabled for the menus and the user

is returned to drag mode.

<Btn2Up>:

If this event has not already been processed by another menu

component, all visible MenuPanes are unposted.

<Key> Escape:

If this event has not already been processed by another menu

component, all visible MenuPanes are unposted.

Default PulldownMenu System or OptionMenu System

<Btn1Down>:

If this event has not already been processed by another menu

component, keyboard traversal is disabled for the menus and the user

is returned to drag mode.

<Btn1Up>:

If this event has not already been processed by another menu

component, all visible MenuPanes are unposted.

<Key> Escape:

If this event has not already been processed by another menu

component, all visible MenuPanes are unposted.

Default Translations

The default translations for the MenuShell widget are:

<BtnDown>:

ClearTraversal()

<Key> Escape: <BtnUp>:

MenuShellPopdownDone()
MenuShellPopdownDone()

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/MenuShell.h

Related Information

The Composite widget class, Core widget class, OverrideShell widget class, Shell widget class, XmCreateMenuShell subroutine, XmCreatePopupMenu subroutine, XmCreatePulldownMenu subroutine, XmRowColumn widget class.

XmMessageBox Widget Class

Purpose

The MessageBox widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/MessageB.h>

Children

ArrowButton Widget **BulletinBoard Widget** CascadeButtonGadget Gadget DialogShell Widget DrawnButton Widget Form Widget **Label Widget** List Widaet MenuShell Widget PanedWindow Widget PushButtonGadget Gadget Scale Widget ScrolledWindow Widget Separator Widget **Text Widget** ToggleButtonGadget Gadget

ArrowButtonGadget Gadget
CascadeButton Widget
Command Widget
DrawingArea Widget
FileSelectionBox Widget
Frame Widget
LabelGadget Gadget
MainWindow Widget
MessageBox Widget
PushButton Widget
RowColumn Widget
ScrollBar Widget
SelectionBox Widget
SeparatorGadget Gadget
ToggleButton Widget

Description

The XmMessageBox widget class is a dialog class used for creating simple message dialogs. Convenience dialogs based on the MessageBox widget are provided for several common interaction tasks including giving information, asking questions, and notifying about errors.

A MessageBox widget dialog is transient in nature; it is displayed for the duration of a single interaction. The XmMessageBox widget class is a subclass of the XmBulletinBoard widget class and depends on it for much of its general dialog behavior.

A MessageBox widget can contain a message symbol, a message, and up to three standard default PushButtons: OK, Cancel, and Help. It is laid out with the symbol in the top left, the message in the top and center—to—right side, and the PushButtons on the bottom. The Help button is positioned to the far right of the other PushButtons. Default symbols and button labels for the XmMessageBox widget convenience dialogs are localizable.

The Button label defaults are easily modified by including the new values in any of the app_defaults file locations supported by **Enhanced X–Windows** toolkit. Changing the defaults for the **MessageBox** widget symbols is more complicated, since the **Enhanced X–Windows** toolkit does not support specification of pixmaps by name in resource files.

At initialization, the **MessageBox** widget looks for a bitmaps subdirectory that includes the following bitmap files:

- xm_error
- xm_information
- · xm question
- xm_working
- xm warning

A description of what paths are searched for these files is contained in **XmGetPixmap** subroutine.

The XmMessageBox widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core, Composite, Constraint, XmManager, and XmBulletinBoard classes. The class pointer is xmMessageBoxWidgetClass. The class name is XmMessageBox.

Subroutines

- XmCreateErrorDialog
- XmCreateInformationDialog
- XmCreateMessageBox
- XmCreateMessageDialog
- XmCreateQuestionDialog
- XmCreateWarningDialog
- XmCreateWorkingDialog
- XmMessageBoxGetChild

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the XmMessageBox widget class:

XmMessageBox Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **XmMessageBox** widget class:

- XmBulletinBoard Resource Set
- XmManager Resource Set
- Composite Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Callback Information

The following structure is returned with each callback:

```
typedef struct
{
    int reason;
    XEvent * event;
} XmAnyCallbackStruct;
```

reason

Is set to the value that corresponds to the type of selection that invoked this

callback.

event

Points to the XEvent that invoked the callback.

Behavior

Following is a summary of the behavior of the MessageBox widget:

<OK Button Activated>: When the OK PushButton is activated, the callbacks for the XmNokCallback resource are called.

<Cancel Button Activated>: When the cancel PushButton is activated, the callbacks for the XmNcancelCallback resource are called.

<Help Button Activated> or <Key>F1: When the help button or subroutine key 1 is pressed, the callbacks for the XmNhelpCallback resource are called.

Default Button Activated>: When the default button is pressed, the activate callbacks of the default **PushButton** are called.

Focusin>: When a **Focusin** event is generated on the widget window, the callbacks for the **XmNfocusCallback** resource are called.

<MapWindow>: When a MapWindow event is generated on the widget window, the callbacks for the XmNmapCallback resource are called.

<UnmapWindow>: When a UnmapWindow event is generated on the widget window, the callbacks for the XmNunmapCallback resource are called.

Default Accelerators

The default accelerator translations added to descendants of a **BulletinBoard** widget if the parent of the **BulletinBoard** widget is a **DialogShell** widget are:

```
#override
<Key>F1: Help()
<Key>Return: Return()
<Key>KP_Enter: Return()
```

Keyboard Traversal

Information on keyboard traversal is contained in the **Manager** widget and its sections on behavior and default translations.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/MessageB.h

Related Information

The Composite widget class, Constraint widget class, Core widget class, XmBulletinBoard widget class, XmCreateErrorDialog subroutine, XmCreateInformationDialog subroutine, XmCreateMessageDialog subroutine, XmCreateQuestionDialog subroutine, XmCreateWarningDialog subroutine, XmCreateWorkingDialog subroutine, XmManager widget class, XmMessageBoxGetChild subroutine.

XmPanedWindow Widget Class

Purpose

The PanedWindow widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/PanedW.h>

ArrowButton Widget

Children

BulletinBoard Widget CascadeButtonGadget Gadget **DrawingArea Widget** Form Widget **Label Widget** MenuShell Widget **PushButton Widget RowColumn Widget ScrollBar Widget**

ToggleButton Widget

SeparatorGadget Gadget

SelectionBox Widget

ArrowButtonGadget Gadget CascadeButton Widget **Command Widget DrawnButton Widget** Frame Widget LabelGadget Gadget MessageBox Widget PushButtonGadget Gadget Scale Widget ScrolledWindow Widget

Separator Widget

Text Widget

ToggleButtonGadget Gadget

Description

A PanedWindow widget is a composite widget that lays out child widgets in a vertically-tiled format. Child widgets appear in top-to-bottom fashion: the first child is inserted at the top of the PanedWindow widget and the last child is inserted at the bottom. The PanedWindow widget grows to match the width of its widest child and all other children are forced to this width. The height of the PanedWindow widget is equal to the sum of the heights of all its child widgets, the spacing between them, and the size of the top and bottom margins.

A mouse can be used to adjust the size of the individual panes. To facilitate this adjustment, a pane control sash is created for most children. The sash appears as a square box positioned on the bottom of the pane it controls.

The PanedWindow widget is a constraint widget, which means that it creates and manages a set of constraints for each child. A minimum and maximum size can be specified for each pane. The PanedWindow widget does not allow a pane to be resized below its minimum size nor beyond its maximum size. When the minimum size of a pane is equal to its maximum size, no control sash is presented for that pane or for the lowest pane.

Subroutine

XmCreatePanedWindow

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in a .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in a .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource sets list the resources of the XmPanedWindow widget class:

- XmPanedWindow Resource Set
- XmPanedWindow Constraint Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **XmPanedWindow** widget class.

- XmManager Resource Set
- Composite Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Behavior

Shift<Btn1Down>: (in sash): Activates the interactive placement of the pane's borders. Changes the pointer cursor from a crosshair to an upward pointing arrow to indicate that the upper pane is adjusted (usually the pane to which the sash is attached). All panes below the sash that can be adjusted, are adjusted.

<Btn1Down>: (in sash): Activates the interactive placement of the pane's borders.
Changes the pointer cursor from a crosshair to a double—headed arrow to indicate that the pane to be adjusted is the pane to which the sash is attached. Also indicates that the first pane below the sash can be adjusted. Unlike pane adjustment using ShiftBtn1Down or CTRLBtn1Down, only two panes is affected. If one of the panes reaches its minimum or maximum size, adjustment stops, and the next adjustable pane is not identified.

CTRL <Btn1Down>: (in sash): Activates the interactive placement of the pane's borders. Changes the pointer cursor from a crosshair to a downward–pointing arrow to indicate that the lower pane will be adjusted (usually the pane below the pane to which the sash is attached). All panes above the sash that can be adjusted, are adjusted.

Shift Button1 <PtrMoved>: If the mouse button is pressed while the pointer is within the sash, the motion events draw a series of track lines to illustrate what the heights of the panes would be if the Commit action were invoked. This action determines which pane below the upper pane can be adjusted, and then makes the appropriate adjustments.

Button1 <PtrMoved>: If the mouse button is pressed while the pointer is within the sash, the motion events draw a series of track lines to illustrate what the heights of the panes would be if the Commit action were invoked. This action adjusts as needed (and as possible) the upper and lower panes selected when the **Btn1Down** action was invoked.

XmPanedWindow

CTRL Button1 <PtrMoved>: If the mouse button is pressed while the pointer is within the sash, the motion events draw a series of track lines to illustrate what the heights of the panes would be if the Commit action were invoked. This action determines which pane above the lower pane can be adjusted, and then makes the appropriate adjustments.

Any <BtnUp>: Commits to any action taken since the interactive placement was activated. The sashes and the pane boundaries are moved to the committed positions of the panes.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/PanedW.h

Related Information

The Composite widget class, Constraint widget class, Core widget class, XmManager widget class, XmCreatePanedWindow subroutine.

XmPrimitive Widget Class

Purpose

The Primitive widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

The **XmPrimitive** widget class is used as a supporting superclass for other widget classes. This widget handles border drawing and highlighting, traversal activation and deactivation, and various callback lists needed by the **Primitive** widgets.

The XmPrimitive widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core widget class. The class pointer is xmPrimitiveWidgetClass. The class name is XmPrimitive.

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in a .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in a .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lowercase or uppercase, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the XmPrimitive widget class:

XmPrimitive Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource set contains a complete description of resource inherited by **XmPrimitive**.

Core Resource Set

Behavior

Shift<Key>Tab: Moves the focus to the first item contained within the previous tab group. If the beginning of the tab group list is reached, it wraps to the end of the tab group list.

Key>Tab or **Key>F6:** Moves the focus to the first item contained within the next tab group. If the current tab group is the last entry in the tab group list, it wraps to the beginning of the tab group list.

Key>Up or **Key>Left:** Moves the keyboard focus to the previous **Primitive** widget or gadget within the current tab group. The previous widget or gadget is the one that is the previous entry in the tab group's list of children. Wrapping occurs, if necessary.

XmPrimitive

Key>Down or <Key>Right: Moves the Keyboard focus to the next Primitive widget or gadget within the current tab group. The previous widget or gadget is the one that is the next entry in the tab group's list of children. Wrapping occurs, if necessary.

< Key>Home: Moves the keyboard focus to the first Primitive widget or gadget in the current tab group.

Default Translations

The following are the default translations for the **Primitive** widget:

<Focusin>: <FocusOut>: PrimitiveFocusIn() PrimitiveFocusOut()

<Unmap>:

PrimitiveUnmap()

Shift<Key>Tab: <Key>Tab:

PrimitivePrevTabGroup()

<Key>F6:

PrimitiveNextTabGroup()

<Key>Up:

PrimitiveNextTabGroup() PrimitiveTraversePrev()

<Key>Down: <Key>Left:

PrimitiveTraverseNext() PrimitiveTraversePrev()

<Key>Right: <Key>Home: PrimitiveTraverseNext() PrimitiveTraverseHome()

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The Core widget class.

XmPushButton Widget Class

Purpose

The PushButton widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/PushB.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

The **PushButton** widget issues commands within an application. It consists of a text label or pixmap surrounded by a border shadow. When the **PushButton** widget is selected, the shadow moves to give the appearance that it has been pressed in. When the **PushButton** widget is unselected, the shadow moves to give the appearance that it is out.

The behavior of the **PushButton** widget differs, depending on the active mouse button. The active mouse button may be determined by the parent widget. Normally, mouse button one is used to arm and activate the **PushButton** widget. However, if the **PushButton** widget resides within a menu, the mouse button used is determined by the **RowColumn** widget resources **XmNrowColumnType** and **XmNwhichButton**.

Thickness for a second shadow can be specified by using the XmNshowAsDefault resource. If it has a nonzero value, the Label widget resources XmNmarginLeft, XmNmarginRight, XmNmarginTop, and XmNmarginBottom can be modified to accommodate the second shadow.

The XmPushButton widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core, XmPrimitive, and XmLabel classes. The class pointer is xmPushButtonWidgetClass. The class name is XmPushButton.

Subroutines

- XmCreatePushButton
- XtCreateWidget

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources for the PushButton widget class:

XmPushButton Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **XmPushButton** widget class:

- XmLabel Resource Set
- XmPrimitive Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Callback Information

The following structure is returned with each callback:

```
typedef struct
{
int     reason;
XEvent * event;
} XmAnyCallbackStruct;
```

reason Is set to the value that corresponds to the type of selection that invoked this

callback.

event Points to the XEvent that invoked the callback. This event is NULL for the

XmNactivateCallback if the callback was triggered when Primitive's resource XmNtraversalOn was True or if the callback was accessed

through the ArmAndActivate action routine.

Behavior

The **PushButton** widget is associated with the default behavior unless it is part of a menu system. In a menu system, the **RowColumn** parent determines which mouse button is used.

Default Behavior

<Btn1Down>: This action causes the PushButton to be armed. The shadow is drawn in the armed state, and the button is filled with the color specified by XmNarmColor if XmNfillOnArm is set to True. The callbacks for XmNarmCallback are also called.

<Btn1Up>: (in button): This action redraws the shadow in the unarmed state. The background color will revert to the unarmed color if XmNfillOnArm is set to True. The callbacks for XmNactivateCallback are called, followed by callbacks for XmNdisarmCallback.

(outside of button): This action causes the callbacks for XmNdisarmCallback to be called.

Leave Window>: If the button is pressed and the cursor leaves the widget window, the shadow is redrawn in its unarmed state, and the background color reverts to the unarmed color if **XmNfillOnArm** is set to **True**.

<Enter Window>: If the button is pressed and the cursor leaves and reenters the widget window, the shadow is drawn in the armed state, and the button is filled with the color specified by **XmNarmColor** if **XmNfillOnArm** is set to **True**.

Default PopupMenu System and OptionMenu System

<Btn2Down>: This action disables keyboard traversal for the menu and returns the user to drag mode, which is the mode in which the menu is manipulated by using the mouse. The shadow is drawn in the armed state, and the callbacks for XmNarmCallback are called.

<Btn2Up>: This action causes the PushButton widget to be activated and the menu to be unposted. The callbacks for XmNactivateCallback are called, followed by callbacks for XmNdisarmCallback.

<Leave Window>: If button two is pressed and the cursor leaves the widget window, the PushButton widget is redrawn with no shadow. The callbacks for XmNdisarmCallback are called. If keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu, then this event is ignored.

<Enter Window>: If button two is pressed and the cursor enters the widget window, the shadow is drawn in the armed state. The callbacks for XmNarmCallback are called. If keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu, this event is ignored.

Key>Return: If keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu, this event causes the PushButton widget to be activated and the menu to be unposted. The callbacks for XmNactivateCallback are called, followed by callbacks for XmNdisarmCallback.

Default Pulldown Menu System

<Btn1Down>: This action disables keyboard traversal for the menu and returns the user to drag mode, which is the mode in which the menu is manipulated by using the mouse. The shadow is drawn in the armed state, and the callbacks for XmNarmCallback are called.

<Btn1Up>: This action causes the PushButton widget to be activated and the menu to be unposted. The callbacks for XmNactivateCallback are called, followed by callbacks for XmNdisarmCallback.

Leave Window>: If mouse button one is pressed and the cursor leaves the widget window, the PushButton widget is redrawn with no shadow. The callbacks for XmNdisarmCallback are called. If keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu, this event is ignored.

<Enter Window>: If mouse button one is pressed and the cursor enters the widget window, the shadow is drawn in the armed state. The callbacks for XmNarmCallback are called. If keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu, this event is ignored.

Key>Return: If keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu, this event causes the PushButton to be activated and the menu to be unposted. The callbacks for XmNactivateCallback are called, followed by callbacks for XmNdisarmCallback.

Default Translations

The default translations for the **PushButton** widget when not in a menu system are:

<Btn1Down>: Arm()

<Btn1Up>: Activate() Disarm()

<Kev>Return: ArmAndActivate() <Kev>space: ArmAndActivate()

<EnterWindow>: Enter() <LeaveWindow>: Leave()

The default translations for the **PushButton** widget when in a menu system are:

<BtnDown>: BtnDown() <BtnUp>: BtnUp()

<EnterWindow>: Enter() <LeaveWindow>: Leave() <Kev>Return: KeySelect()

<Key>Escape: MenuShellPopdownDone()

XmPushButton

Keyboard Traversal

Information on keyboard traversal when not in a menu system is contained in the **Primitive** widget and its sections on behavior and default translations. When in a menu system, the following keyboard traversal translations are defined:

<Unmap>: Unmap()
<FocusOut>: FocusOut()
<FocusIn>: FocusIn()
<Key>space: Noop()

<Key>Home: Noop()

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/PushB.h

Related Information

The Core widget class, XmCreatePushButton subroutine, XmLabel widget class, XmPrimitive widget class, XmRowColumn widget class, XtCreateWidget subroutine.

XmPushButtonGadget Gadget

Purpose

The PushButtonGadget gadget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/PushBG.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

A **PushButtonGadget** gadget issues commands within a client application. This widget consists of a text label or icon surrounded by a border shadow. When the **PushButtonGadget** gadget is selected, the shadow moves to give the appearance that the **PushButtonGadget** gadget has been pressed in. When the **PushButtonGadget** gadget is deselected, the shadow moves to give the appearance that the **PushButtonGadget** gadget is out.

The behavior of the **PushButtonGadget** gadget differs, depending on the active mouse button. The active mouse button is determined by the parent widget. Normally, is used to arm and activate the **PushButtonGadget** gadget. However, if the **PushButtonGadget** gadget resides within a menu, mouse button use is determined by two **RowColumn** widget resources: **XmNrowColumnType** and **XmNwhichButton**.

Thickness for a second shadow can be specified by using the XmNshowAsDefault resource. If the resource has a nonzero value, the Label widget resources XmNmarginLeft, XmNmarginTop, and XmNmarginBottom can be modified to accommodate the second shadow.

The XmPushButtonGadget gadget class inherits behavior and resources from the Object, RectObj, XmGadget, and XmLabelGadget classes. The class pointer is xmPushButtonGadgetClass. The class name is XmPushButtonGadget.

Subroutine

XmCreatePushButtonGadget

New Resources

Setting the resource values for Object, RectObj, XmGadget, and XmLabelGadget classes also sets resources for the XmPushButtonGadget gadget class. To reference a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lowercase or uppercase, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time(C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the XmPushButtonGadget widget class:

XmPushButtonGadget

XmPushButtonGadget Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **XmPushButtonGadget** gadget class:

- XmLabelGadget Resource Set
- XmGadget Resource Set
- RectObj Resource Set
- Object Resource Set

Callback Information

```
typedef struct
{
        int reason;
        XEvent * event;
} XmAnyCallbackStruct;
```

reason

Is set to the value that corresponds to the type of selection that invoked this

callback routine.

event

Points to the XEvent that invoked the callback routine. This event is NULL for the XmNactivate resource if the callback routine was triggered when the Primitive resource XmNtraversalOn was True or if the callback routine was accessed through the ArmAndActivate action routine.

Behavior

The **PushButtonGadget** gadget is associated with the default behavior unless it is part of a **Popup** menu system, a **Pulldown** menu system, or an **OptionMenu** system. In each menu system, the **RowColumn** parent determines which mouse button is used.

Default Behavior

<Btn1Down>: This action causes the PushButtonGadget gadget to be armed. The shadow is drawn in the armed state, and the button is filled with the color specified by the XmNarmColor resource if the XmNfillOnArm resource is set to True. The callback routines for the XmNarmCallback resource are also invoked.

<Btn1Up> (in button): This action redraws the shadow in the unarmed state. The background color reverts to the unarmed color if the XmNfillOnArm resource is set to True. The callback routines for the XmNactivateCallback resource are invoked, followed by callback routines for the XmNdisarmCallback resource.

<Btn1Up> (outside of button): This action causes the callback routines for the XmNdisarmCallback resource to be invoked.

Leave Window>: If the button is pressed and the cursor leaves the widget window, the shadow is redrawn in its unarmed state, and the background color reverts to the unarmed color if the **XmNfillOnArm** resource is set to **True**.

Enter Window>: If the button is pressed and the cursor leaves and reenters the widget window, the shadow is drawn in the armed state, and the button is filled with the color specified by the **XmNarmColor** resource if the **XmNfillOnArm** resource is set to **True**.

Default PopupMenu System and OptionMenu System

- <Btn2Down>: This action disables keyboard traversal for the menu and returns the user to drag mode (the mode in which the menu is manipulated by using the mouse). The shadow is drawn in the unarmed state, and the callback routines for the XmNarmCallback resource are invoked.
- <Btn2Up>: This action causes the PushButtonGadget gadget to be activated and the menu to be unposted. The callback routines for the XmNactivateCallback are invoked, followed by callback routines for the XmNdisarmCallback resource.
- **LeaveWindow>:** If is pressed and the cursor leaves the widget window, the **PushButtonGadget** gadget is redrawn without a shadow. The callback routines for the **XmNdisarmCallback** resource are invoked. If keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu, this event is ignored.
- **<Enter Window>:** If is pressed and the cursor enters the widget window, the shadow is drawn in the armed state. The callbacks for the **XmNarmCallback** resource are called. If keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu, this event is ignored.
- **Key> Return:** If keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu, this event causes the **PushButtonGadget** gadget to be activated and the menu to be unposted. The callback routines for the **XmNactivateCallback** resource are invoked, followed by callback routines for the **XmNdisarmCallback** resource.

Default Pulldown Menu System

- <Btn1Down>: This action disables keyboard traversal for the menu and returns the user to drag mode (the mode in which the menu is manipulated by using the mouse). The shadow is drawn in the armed state, and the callback routines for the XmNarmCallback resource are invoked.
- <Btn1Up>: This action causes the PushButtonGadget gadget to be activated and the menu to be unposted. The callback routines for the XmNactivateCallback are invoked, followed by callback routines for the XmNdisarmCallback resource.
- **Leave Window>:** If is pressed and the cursor leaves the widget window, the **PushButtonGadget** gadget is redrawn without a shadow. The callback routines for the **XmNdisarmCallback** resource are invoked. If keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu, this event is ignored.
- **<Enter Window>:** If is pressed and the cursor enters the widget window, the shadow is drawn in the armed state. The callback routines for the **XmNarmCallback** resource are invoked. If keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu, this event is ignored.
- **<Key> Window:** If keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu, this event causes the **PushButtonGadget** gadget to be activated and the menu to be unposted. The callback routines for the **XmNactivateCallback** resource are invoked, followed by callback routines for the **XmNdisarmCallback** resource.

Keyboard Traversal

The **XmGadget** gadget class and its sections on behavior and default translations contain information on keyboard traversal.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XmPushButtonGadget

File

/usr/include/Xm/PushBG.h

Related Information

The XmCreatePushButtonGadget subroutine, XmLabel widget class, XmLabelGadget gadget class, XmGadget gadget class, RectObj widget class, Object widget class, XmRowColumn widget class.

XmRowColumn Widget Class

Purpose

The RowColumn widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/RowColumn.h>

Children

ArrowButton Widget CascadeButton Widget **DrawingArea Widget** Form Widget **Label Widget** MessageBox Widget **PushButton Widget ScrollBar Widget** SelectionBox Widget **Text Widget**

BulletinBoard Widget Command Widget DrawnButton Widget Frame Widget MenuShell Widget **PanedWindow Widget Scale Widget** ScrolledWindow Widget **Separator Widget ToggleButton Widget**

Description

The RowColumn widget is a general-purpose RowColumn widget manager capable of containing any widget type as a child. It requires no special knowledge about how its children function and provides nothing beyond support for several different layout styles. If it is configured as a menu, it expects only certain children widgets, and it configures to a particular layout. The menus supported are: MenuBar, Pulldown or Popup MenuPanes, and OptionMenu.

The type of menu system is controlled by how the client application has set the various layout resources. It can be configured to lay out its children in either rows or columns. In addition, the application can specify whether the children should be packed tightly together (not into organized rows and columns), or whether each child should be placed in an identically-sized box (producing a symmetical look), or whether specific layout should be done (the current x and y positions of the children control their location).

In addition, the client application has control over the spacing that occurs between each row and column and the margin spacing present between the edges of the RowColumn widget and any children that are placed against it.

In most cases, the RowColumn widget has no three-dimensional visuals associated with it; if an application wishes to have a three-dimensional shadow placed around this widget, it can create the RowColumn widget as a child of a Frame widget.

The XmRowColumn widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core, Composite, Constraint, and XmManager classes. The class pointer is xmRowColumnWidgetClass. The class name is XmRowColumn.

Subroutines

- XmCreateRowColumn
- XmGetMenuCursor
- XmMenuPosition
- XmOptionButtonGadget
- XmOptionLabelGadget
- XmSetMenuCursor

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource sets list the resources of the XmRowColumn widget class:

- XmRowColumn Resource Set
- XmRowColumn Special Menu Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **RowColumn** widget:

- XmManager Resource Set
- Composite Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Callback Information

The following structure is returned with each callback:

```
typedef struct
{
    int reason;
    XEvent * event;
    Widget widget;
    char * data;
    char * callbackstruct;
} XmRowColumnCallbackStruct;
```

reason Indicates why the callback routine was invoked.

event Points to the **XEvent** that invoked the callback routine.

The following fields apply only when the callback reason is XmCR_ACTIVATE; for all other callback reasons, these fields are set to NULL. The XmCR_ACTIVATE callback reason is only generated when the application has supplied an entry callback routine, which overrides any activation callback routines registered with the individual RowColumn widget items.

widget Is set to the widget ID of the RowColumn widget item that has

been activated.

data Contains the client–data value supplied by the client application

when the RowColumn widget item activation callback routine was

registered.

callbackstruct Points to the callback structure generated by the RowColumn

widget item activation callback.

Behavior

The behavior associated with a **RowColumn** widget depends on its type (such as **MenuBar** and **Popup MenuPane**) and the type of menu system in which it resides (**Pulldown**, **Popup**, or **Option**). The specific mouse button depends on the **XmNwhichButton** resource.

Default MenuBar

<Btn1Down>: If the button event occurs within one of the MenuBar buttons, the MenuBar is armed (if not already armed) and the submenu associated with the selected button is posted. Mouse provides access to the MenuPanes attached to the MenuBar.

If the button event does not occur within one of the **MenuBar** buttons and if the **MenuBar** is already armed, it is disarmed, and any visible **MenuPanes** are unposted; if the **MenuBar** is not already armed, nothing occurs.

<Btn1Up>: If the **MenuBar** is armed, this event unposts all visible **MenuPanes** and then disarms the menubar.

Default OptionMenu

<Btn1Down>: When this event occurs within the selection area, the Pulldown MenuPane is posted. If this event occurs outside of the selection area and the MenuPane is already posted, the Pulldown MenuPane is unposted.

Btn1Up>: When this event occurs while the **Pulldown MenuPane** is posted, then it is unposted.

<Return>: If this key is pressed while the focus is set to the selection area, then the Pulldown MenuPane is posted.

Default Pulldown MenuPane from a Popup MenuPane

<Btn3Down>: When this event occurs, the menu system disables traversal mode, and re—enters drag mode. Depending upon where the button—down event occurs, certain portions of the visible set of **MenuPanes** are unposted.

<Btn3Up>: When this event occurs within a gadget child of the **MenuPane**, the indicated child is activated. If the child is not a **CascadeButton** (widget or gadget), this also results in all visible **MenuPanes** being unposted. If the child is a **CascadeButton** (widget or gadget), the associated submenu is posted and traversal is enabled. When this event occurs outside of a gadget child, all visible **MenuPanes** are unposted.

<Return>: If this key is pressed while the focus is set to a gadget child of the MenuPane, the indicated child is activated. If the child is not a CascadeButton (widget or gadget), then this also results in all visible MenuPanes being unposted. If the child is a CascadeButton (widget or gadget), this results in the associated submenu being posted and traversal being enabled.

XmRowColumn

- <Escape>: This event unposts all visible MenuPanes.
- <Right>: If the current focus item is a CascadeButtonGadget, then this posts the associated Pulldown MenuPane and highlights the first accessible item within the Pulldown MenuPane.
- **Left>:** If this occurs within a **MenuPane** that is a submenu of another **MenuPane**, this causes the last **MenuPane** to be unposted and the focus to move to the previous **MenuPane**.
- **<Up>:** This moves the focus to the previous menu item; the previous menu item is defined as the widget created prior to the one that currently has the focus. Wrapping occurs, if necessary.
- **<Down>:** This moves the focus to the next menu item; the next menu item is defined as the widget created after the one that currently has the focus. Wrapping occurs, if necessary.

Default Pulldown MenuPane from a MenuBar or from an OptionMenu

- **<Btn1Down>:** When this event occurs, the menu system disables traversal mode and re—enters drag mode. Depending upon where the button down event occurs, certain portions of the visible set of **MenuPanes** are unposted.
- <Btn1Up>: When this event occurs within a gadget child of the MenuPane, the indicated child is activated. If the child is not a CascadeButton (widget or gadget), this also results in all visible MenuPanes being unposted. If the child is a CascadeButton (widget or gadget), this is results in the associated submenu being posted and traversal being enabled. When this event occurs outside of a gadget child, then all visible MenuPanes are unposted.
- <Return>: If this key is pressed while the focus is set to a gadget child of the MenuPane, then the indicated child is activated. If the child is not a CascadeButton (widget or gadget), this also results in all visible MenuPanes being unposted. If the child is a CascadeButton (widget or gadget), then this results in the associated submenu being posted and traversal being enabled.
- **Escape>:** This event unposts all visible **MenuPanes**.
- <Right>: If the current focus item is a CascadeButtonGadget, this posts the associated Pulldown MenuPane and highlights the first accessible item within the Pulldown MenuPane. If the current focus item is not a CascadeButton, then the visible set of MenuPanes are unposted, and the top level Pulldown MenuPane associated with the next MenuBar is posted.
- <Left>: If this occurs within a MenuPane that is a submenu of another MenuPane, this event causes the last MenuPane to be unposted and the focus to move to the previous MenuPane. If this occurs within a MenuPane that is connected directly to the MenuBar, then the visible set of MenuPanes are unposted, and the top level Pulldown MenuPane associated with the previous menubar item is posted.
- **Up>:** This moves the focus to the previous menu item; the previous menu item is defined as the widget created prior to the one that currently has the focus. Wrapping occurs, if necessary.
- **Down>:** This moves the focus to the next menu item; the next menu item is defined as the widget created after the one that currently has the focus. Wrapping occurs, if necessary.
- <Btn1Down>: If the button press occurred in a gadget child, it is dispatched to it.
- <Btn1Up>: If the button press occurred in a gadget child, it is dispatched to it.

Default Translations

For an OptionMenu, the default translations are:

<BtnDown>: PopupBtnDown()
<BtnUp>: PopupBtnUp()
<Key>Return: MenuGadgetReturn()

For a **Popup MenuPane**, the default translations are:

<BtnDown>: PopupBtnDown()
<BtnUp>: PopupBtnUp()
<Key>Return: MenuGadgetReturn()
<Key>Escape: MenuGadgetEscape()
<Unmap>: MenuUnmap()
<FocusIn>: MenuFocusIn()

For a Pulldown MenuPane, the default translations are:

<BtnDown>: PulldownBtnDown()
<BtnUp>: PulldownBtnUp()
<Key>Return: MenuGadgetReturn()
<Key>Escape: MenuGadgetEscape()

<Rey>Escape: MenuGadgetEsca|
<Unmap>: MenuUnmap()
<FocusIn>: MenuFocusIn()
<FocusOut>: MenuFocusOut()
<EnterWindow>: MenuEnter()

For a MenuBar, the default translations are:

<BtnDown>: MenuBarBtnDown()
<BtnUp>: MenuBarBtnUp()
<Unmap>: MenuUnmap()
<FocusIn>: MenuFocusIn()
<FocusOut>: MenuFocusOut()
<EnterWindow>: MenuEnter()

For a WorkArea, the default translations are:

<Btn1Down>: WorkAreaBtnDown()
<Btn1Up>: WorkAreaBtnUp()

Keyboard Traversal

The description of the **XmManager** widget class contains information on keyboard traversal in a **WorkArea**.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XmRowColumn

File

/usr/include/Xm/RowColumn.h

Related Information

The Composite widget class, Constraint widget class, Core widget class, XmCreateMenuBar subroutine, XmCreateOptionMenu subroutine, XmCreatePopupMenu subroutine, XmCreatePulldownMenu subroutine, XmCreateRadioBox subroutine, XmGetMenuCursor subroutine, XmLabel widget class, XmManager widget class, XmSetMenuCursor subroutine, XmMenuPosition subroutine, XmOptionButtonGadget subroutine, XmOptionLabelGadget subroutine, XmUpdateDisplay subroutine, XmMenuPosition subroutine.

XmScale Widget Class

Purpose

The Scale widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include<Xm/Scale.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

A **Scale** widget class is used by a client application to select a value from within a range of values, and it allows the user to input or modify a value from the same range.

A Scale widget class has an elongated rectangular region similar to a ScrollBar widget. A slider inside this region indicates the current value along the Scale. The user can also modify the Scale value by moving the slider within the rectangular region of the Scale widget. A Scale widget can also include a label set outside the Scale widget region. The label set can be used to indicate the relative value at various positions along the scale.

A Scale widget can be either input/output or output only. An input/output Scale widget value can be set by the client application and modified through use of the slider. An output only Scale widget is used strictly as an indicator of current value and cannot be modified interactively. The Core resource XmNsensitive specifies whether the Scale widget value can be modified interactively.

The XmScale widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core, Composite, Constraint, and XmManager classes. The class pointer is xmScaleWidgetClass. The class name is XmScale.

Subroutines

- XmCreateScale
- XmScaleGetValue
- XmScaleSetValue

New Resources

Setting the resource values for inherited classes also sets resources for the XmScale widget. To reference a resource in a .Xdefaults file, remove the first three letters (XmN) from the resource name and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in a .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S). retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the XmScale class:

XmScale Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **Scale** widget:

- XmManager Resource Set
- Composite Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Callback Information

The following structure is returned with each callback:

```
typedef struct
{
         int reason;
         XEvent * event;
         int value;
} XmScaleCallbackStruct;
```

reason Indica

Indicates why the callback was invoked.

event

Points to the XEvent that invoked the callback.

value

Is the new slider location value.

Behavior

<Btn1Down>: Activates the interactive dragging of the slider if the button is pressed anywhere inside of the scale rectangle, including the slider.

Button1<PtrMoved>: Moves the slider to the new position and calls the callback routines for **XmNdragCallback** if the button press occurs within the slider.

Reserve Community Calls the callback routines for **XmNvalueChangedCallback** if the button press occurs within the scale rectangle, and if the slider position was changed.

Default Translations

Button assignments are: Left Button is Button 1; Left Button AND Right Button are Button 2; and Right Button is Button 3.

<Btn1Down>: Arm()
<Btn1Up>: Activate()
<EnterWindow>: Enter()
<FocusIn>: FocusIn()

Keyboard Traversal

Information on keyboard traversal is contained in the **XmManager** widget class and its sections on behavior and default translations.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Scale.h

Related Information

The Constraint widget class, Composite widget class, Core widget class, XmCreateScale subroutine, XmManager widget class, XmScaleGetValue subroutine, XmScaleSetValue subroutine.

XmScrollBar Widget Class

Purpose

A ScrollBar widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/ScrollBar.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

A ScrollBar widget allows the user to view data that is too large to be displayed at one time. ScrollBar widgets are usually located beside or within the widget that contains the data to be viewed. When the user interacts with the ScrollBar widget, the data within the other widget scrolls.

A **ScrollBar** widget consists of two arrows, located at opposite ends of a rectangle called the scroll region. A smaller rectangle, called the slider, is placed within the scroll region. Data is scrolled by selecting on either arrow or the scroll region, or by dragging the slider. When an arrow is selected, the slider within the scroll region is moved in the direction of the arrow by an amount supplied by the client application. If the mouse button is held down, the slider continues to move at a constant rate.

The ratio of the slider size and the scroll region size corresponds to the relationship between the size of the visible data and the total size of the data. For example, if ten percent of the data is visible, the slider occupies ten percent of the scroll region. This provides the user with a visual clue to the size of the invisible data.

The XmScrollBar widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core and XmPrimitive classes. The class pointer is xmScrollBarWidgetClass. The class name is XmScrollBar.

Subroutines

- XmCreateScroilBar
- XmScrollBarGetValues
- XmScrollBarSetValues
- XtCreateWidget

New Resources

Setting the resource values for inherited classes also sets resources for the XmScrollBar widget class. To reference a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S),

retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the ScrollBar class:

XmScrollBar Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the XmScrollBar widget class:

- XmPrimitive Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Callback Information

The following structure is returned with each callback routine:

```
typedef struct
```

{

int reason; XEvent * event, int value:

pixel;

} XmScrollBarCallbackStruct;

reason

int

Indicates why the callback routine was invoked.

event

Points to the **XEvent** that invoked the callback routine.

value

Contains the new slider location value.

pixel

Is used only for XmNtoTopCallback and XmNtoBottomCallback. For horizontal ScrollBars, it contains the x coordinate of where the mouse button selection occurred. For vertical ScrollBars, it contains the y coordinate.

Behavior

<Btn1Down>(in arrow): Moves the slider one increment (or decrement) in the direction of the arrow and invokes the callback routines for the XmNincrementCallback resource or the XmNdecrementCallback resource. The XmNvalueChangedCallbacks is called if the XmNincrementCallbacks or XmNdecrementCallbacks resource is empty.

<Btn1Down>(in scroll region): Moves the slider one page increment or page decrement depending on the which side of the slider is selected and invokes the callback routines for XmNpageIncrementCallback or XmNpageDecrementCallback. The XmNvalueChangedCallbacks is called if the XmNpageIncrementCallbacks or XmNpageDecrementCallbacks resource is empty.

<Btn1Down>(in slider): Activates the interactive dragging of the slider. If the button is held down in either the arrows or scroll region longer than the XmNinitialDelay resource, the slider is moved again by the same increment and the same callback routines are called. After the initial delay has been used, the time delay changes to the time defined by the resource XmNrepeatDelay.

Button1<PtrMoved>: If the button press occurs within the slider, the subsequent motion events move the slider to the new position and the callback routines for XmNdragCallback are invoked.

<Btn1Up>: If the button press occurred within the slider and the slider position was changed, the callback routines for **XmNvalueChangedCallback** are invoked.

Shift<Btn1Down>: This mouse button press in the top arrow button causes the callback routines for **XmNtoTopCallback** to be called.

Shift<Btn1Down>: This mouse button press in the bottom arrow button causes the callback routines for **XmNtoBottomCallback** to be called.

<Key>Up: For vertical ScrollBars, pressing the up arrow cursor key decrements the slider one unit and calls XmNdecrementCallback. The XmNvalueChangedCallbacks is called if the XmNdecrementCallbacks resource is empty.

<Key>Down: For vertical ScrollBars, pressing the down arrow cursor key increments the slider one unit and calls XmNincrementCallback. The XmNvalueChangedCallbacks is called if the XmNincrementCallbacks resource is empty.

Key>Left: For horizontal ScrollBars, pressing the left arrow cursor key decrements the slider one unit and calls **XmNdecrementCallback**. The **XmNvalueChangedCallbacks** is called if the **XmNdecrementCallbacks** resource is empty.

<Key>Right: For horizontal ScrollBars, pressing the right arrow cursor key increments the slider one unit and calls **XmNincrementCallback**. The **XmNvalueChangedCallbacks** is called if the **XmNincrementCallbacks** resource is empty.

Default Translations

~Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta ~Alt <Btn1Down>: Select() ~Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta ~Alt <Btn1Up>: Release() ~Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta ~Alt Button1<PtrMoved>: Moved() Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta ~Alt <Btn1Down>: GoToTop() Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta ~Alt <Btn1Down>: GoToBottom() ~Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta ~Alt <Key>Up: UpOrLeft(0) ~Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta ~Alt <Key>Down: DownOrRight(0) ~Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta ~Alt <Key>Left: UpOrLeft(1) ~Shift ~Ctrl ~Meta ~Alt <Key>Right: DownOrRight(1) <EnterWindow>: Enter() <LeaveWindow>: Leave()

Keyboard Traversal

When the XtNtraversalOn resource is set to True at create time or during a call to XtSetValues, the XmManager widget superclass automatically augments the Manager widget translations to support keyboard traversal. The description of the XmManager widget class contains a complete description of these translations.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/ScrollBar.h

Related Information

The Core widget class, XmCreateScrollBar subroutine, XmPrimitive widget, XmScrollBarGetValues subroutine, XmScrollBarSetValues subroutine, XtCreateWidget subroutine.

XmScrolledWindow Widget

Purpose

The ScrolledWindow widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/ScrolledW.h>

Children

ArrowButton Widget BulletinBoard Widget CascadeButtonGadget Gadget DialogShell Widget **DrawnButton Widget** Form Widget **Label Widget** List Widget MenuShell Widget PanedWindow Widget PushButtonGadget Gadget Scale Widget ScrolledWindow Widget Separator Widget **Text Widget** ToggleButtonGadget Gadget

ArrowButtonGadget Gadget CascadeButton Widget **Command Widget** DrawingArea Widget FileSelectionBox Widget Frame Widget LabelGadget Gadget MainWindow Widget MessageBox Widget **PushButton Widget** RowColumn Widget **ScrollBar Widget** SelectionBox Widget SeparatorGadget Gadget ToggleButton Widget

Description

A ScrolledWindow widget combines one or more ScrollBar widgets and a viewing area to implement a visible window onto some other (usually larger) data display. The visible part of the window can be scrolled through the larger display by the use of the ScrollBars.

To use a ScrolledWindow widget, a client application creates a ScrolledWindow widget, any needed ScrollBar widgets, and a widget capable of displaying any desired data as the work area of the ScrolledWindow widget. The ScrolledWindow widget positions the work-area widget and display the scroll bars if so requested. When the user performs some action on the ScrollBar widget, the application is notified through the normal ScrollBar callback interface.

The ScrolledWindow widget can be configured to operate in an automatic manner; all scrolling and display actions are performed automatically with no need for application program involvement. It can also be configured to provide a minimal support framework in which the application is responsible for processing all user input and making all visual changes to the displayed data in response to that input.

When the ScrolledWindow widget is performing automatic scrolling, it creates a clipping window. Conceptually, this window becomes the view port through which the user examines the larger underlying data area. The application simply creates the desired data, and then makes that data the work area of the ScrolledWindow widget. When the user moves the

XmScrolledWindow

slider to change the displayed data, the workspace is moved under the viewing area so that a new portion of the data becomes visible.

There are instances where it is impractical for an application to create a large data space and simply display it through a small clipping window. An example of this is a text editor in which there would be an undesirable amount of overhead involved with creating a single data area that consisted of a large file. The application would want to use the concept of a **ScrolledWindow** widget (a small viewport onto some larger data), but would want to be notified when the user scrolled the viewport so it could bring in more data from storage and update the display area. For these cases the **ScrolledWindow** widget can be configured so that it provides only visual layout support. No clipping window is created, and the application must maintain the data displayed in the work area, as well as respond to user input on the **ScrollBars**.

The XmScrolledWindow widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core, Composite, Constraint, and XmManager classes. The class pointer is xmScrolledWindowWidgetClass. The class name is XmScrolledWindow.

Subroutines

- XmCreateScrolledWindow
- XmScrolledWindowSetAreas
- XmCreateScrolledList
- XmCreateScrolledText

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the XmScrolledWindow class:

XmScrolledWindow Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the superclass resources inherited by the **XmScrolledWindow** widget class:

- XmManager Resource Set
- Composite Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Callback Information

The XmScrolledWindow widget class defines no new callback structures. The client application must use the ScrollBar widget callback routines to be notified of user input.

Behavior

The XmScrolledWindow widget class makes extensive use of the XtQueryGeometry functionality to facilitate geometry communication among application levels. In the

XmAPPLICATION DEFINED scrolling policy, the WorkWindow query procedure is called by the ScrolledWindow widget whenever the ScrolledWindow widget is going to change its size. The widget calculates the largest possible workspace area and passes this size to the WorkWindow query procedure. The query procedure can then examine this new size and determine if any changes are necessary, such as managing or unmanaging a ScrollBar. The query procedure performs the required actions and then returns to the ScrolledWindow widget. The ScrolledWindow widget examines the scroll bars to see which (if any) are managed, and then allocates a portion of the visible space for them, and resizes the WorkWindow to fit in the rest of the space.

When the scrolling policy is the XmCONSTANT value, the XmScrolledWindow widget can be queried to return the optimal size for a given dimension. The optimal size is defined to be the size that would just enclose the WorkWindow. By using this mechanism, a client application can size the ScrolledWindow widget so that it only needs to display a ScrollBar for one dimension. When the ScrolledWindow widget's query procedure is called via XtQueryGeometry, the request is examined to see if the width or height has been specified. If so, the routine uses the given dimension as the basis for its calculations. It determines the minimum value for the other dimension that encloses the WorkWindow, fills in the appropriate elements in the reply structure, and returns to the calling program. Occasionally, using the specified width or height and the other minimum dimension results in neither scroll bar appearing. When this happens, the query procedure sets both the width and height fields, indicating that in this situation the ideal size causes a change in both dimensions. If the calling application sets both the width and height fields, the ScrolledWindow widget determines the minimum size for both dimensions and return those values in the reply structure.

Keyboard Traversal

The XmManager widget class and its sections on behavior and default translations contain information on keyboard traversal.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/ScrolledW.h

Related Information

The Constraint widget class, Composite widget class, Core widget class, XmManager widget, XmCreateScrolledWindow subroutine, XmScrolledWindowSetAreas subroutine.

XmSelectionBox Widget Class

Purpose

The SelectionBox widget class.

Libraries

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

AlXwindows Library (liblM.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/SelectioB.h>

Children

ArrowButton Widget **BulletinBoard Widget**

CascadeButtonGadget Gadget

DialogShell Widget DrawnButton Widget

Form Widget **Label Widget List Widget** MenuShell Widget PanedWindow Widget **PushButtonGadget Gadget**

Scale Widget

ScrolledWindow Widget

Separator Widget

Text Widget

ToggleButtonGadget Gadget

ArrowButtonGadget Gadget CascadeButton Widget **Command Widget DrawingArea Widget** FileSelectionBox Widget Frame Widget

LabelGadget Gadget MainWindow Widget MessageBox Widget **PushButton Widget RowColumn Widget** ScrollBar Widget SelectionBox Widget SeparatorGadget Gadget

ToggleButton Widget

Description

The SelectionBox widget is a general dialog widget that permits the selection of one item out of a list of items. A SelectionBox widget includes the following:

- A scrolling list of alternatives
- An editable text field for the selected alternative
- · Labels for the list and text field
- Three buttons

Note: You should be aware of the proper usage of the XmText widget class before using this widget class.

The default button labels are OK, Cancel, and Help. An Apply button is created unmanaged and can be explicitly managed as needed. One additional WorkArea child can be added to the **SelectionBox** widget after creation.

The user can select an item in two ways:

- By scrolling through the list of items and selecting the desired item
- By entering the item name directly into the text edit area

Selecting an item from the list causes that item name to appear in the selection text edit area.

New items may be selected as many times as desired. The item is not actually selected until the user selects the OK PushButton.

The XmSelectionBox widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core, Composite, Constraint, XmManager and XmBulletinBoard classes. The class pointer is xmSelectionBoxWidgetClass. The class name is XmSelectionBox.

Subroutines

- XmCreateSelectionBox
- XmCreateSelectionDialog
- XmCreatePromptDialog
- XmSelectionBoxGetChild

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the XmSelectionBox class:

XmSelectionBox Resource Set

Inherited Resource

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the SelectionBox widget:

- XmBulletinBoard Resource Set
- XmManager Resource Set
- Composite Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Callback Information

The following structure is returned with each callback:

```
int reason;
XEvent * event;
XmString value;
int length;
} XmSelectionBoxCallbackStruct;
reason Indicates why the callback routine was invoked.
event Points to the XEvent that triggered the callback routine.

value Indicates the XmString value selected by the user from the SelectionBox
```

length Indicates the size in bytes of the XmString value.

Behavior

The following is a summary of the behavior of the SelectionBox widget:

<Ok Button Activated>: When the OK button is activated, XmNokCallback is invoked. The callback reason is XmCR_OK. An invalid selection that does not match any items in the list triggers the callback routine for XmNnoMatchCallback, but only if XmNmustMatch is also True. The callback reason is XmCR_NO_MATCH.

widget list or entered into the SelectionBox widget text field.

- <Apply Button Activated>: When the apply button is activated, XmNokCallback is invoked. The callback reason is XmCR_APPLY. An invalid selection that does not match any items in the list triggers the callback routines for XmNnoMatchCallback, but only if XmNmustMatch is also True. The callback reason is XmCR NO MATCH.
- <Cancel Button Activated>: When the Cancel button is activated, the callback XmNcancelCallback is called. The callback reason is the XmCR_CANCEL value.
- <Help Button Activated> or <Key>F1: When the help button or subroutine key 1 is pressed, the callback routines for XmNhelpCallback are invoked.
- <Default Button Activated> or <Key>Return: When the default button or return key is pressed, a callback routine for one of the following resources is invoked: XmNokCallback, XmNapplyCallback, XmNcancelCallback, or XmNhelpCallback.
- <Key>Up or <Key>Down: When the up or down key is pressed within the Text subwidget of the SelectionBox widget, the text value is replaced with the previous or next item in the List subwidget.
- **Focusin>:** When a **Focusin** Event is generated on the widget window, the callback routines for **XmNfocusCallback** are called.
- <MapWindow>: When a SelectionBox widget that is the child of a DialogShell widget is mapped, the callback routines for XmNmapCallback are invoked. When a SelectionBox widget that is not the child of a DialogShell is mapped, the callback routines are not invoked.
- **<UnmapWindow>:** When a **SelectionBox** widget that is the child of a **DialogShell** widget is unmapped, the callback routines for the **XmNunmapCallback** resource are invoked.

When a SelectionBox widget that is not the child of a DialogShell widget is unmapped, the callback routines are not invoked.

Default Translations

The default translations defined for the SelectionBox widgets are:

<EnterWindow>: Enter() Focusin() <Focusin>: <Btn1Down>: Arm() <Btn1Up>: Activate() <Key>F1: Help() <Key>Return: Return() <Key>KP_Enter: Return()

Default Accelerators

The following are the default accelerator translations added to the descendents of an SelectionBox widget:

#override <Key>F1: Help() <Key>Return: Return() <Key>KP_Enter: Return()

Default Text Accelerators

The following are the default accelerators added to the Text widget child of the SelectionBox widget:

#override <Key>Up: UpOrDown(0) UpOrDown(1) <Key>Down: <Key>F1: Help() <Key>Return: Return() <Key>KP_Enter: Return()

Keyboard Traversal

The description of the XmManager widget contains additional information on keyboard traversal.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/SelectioB.h

Related Information

The XmBulletinBoard widget class, Composite widget class, Constraint widget class, Core widget class, XmManager widget class, XmCreateSelectionBox subroutine, XmCreateSelectionDialog subroutine, XmCreatePromptDialog subroutine, XmSelectionBoxGetChild subroutine.

XmSeparator Widget Class

Purpose

The Separator widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Separator.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

A **Separator** widget is a primitive widget that separates items in a display. Several different line–drawing styles are provided as well as horizontal or vertical orientation.

The **Separator** widget line drawing is automatically centered within the height of the gadget for a horizontal orientation and centered within the width of the widget for a vertical orientation. An **XtSetValues** subroutine with a new **XmNseparatorType** resource resizes the widget to its minimal height (for horizontal orientation) or its minimal width (for vertical orientation) unless height or width is explicitly set in the **XtSetValues** call.

The Separator widget does not draw shadows. The Primitive resource XmNshadowThickness is used for the Separator widget thickness when XmNshadowType is XmSHADOW_ETCHED_IN or XmSHADOW_ETCHED_OUT.

The **Separator** widget does not highlight and allows no traversing. The **Primitive** widget resource **XmNtraversalOn** is forced to **False**.

The XmNseparatorType of XmNO_LINE provides an escape for client applications requiring a different style of drawing. A pixmap the height of the widget can be created and used as the background pixmap by building an argument list using the XmNbackgroundPixmap resource type as defined by Core. Whenever the widget is redrawn, its background is displayed containing the desired separator drawing.

The XmSeparator widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core and XmPrimitive classes. The class pointer is xmSeparatorWidgetClass. The class name is XmSeparator.

Subroutines

- XmCreateSeparator
- XtCreateWidget
- XtSetValues

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file,

remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the XmSeparator widget class:

XmSeparator Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the XmSeparator widget class:

- XmPrimitive Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Keyboard Traversal

The description of the XmPrimitive widget class and its sections on behavior and default translations contain additional information on keyboard traversal.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Separator.h

Related Information

The Core widget class, XmCreateSeparator subroutine, XmPrimitive widget, XtCreateWidget subroutine, XtSetValues subroutine.

XmSeparatorGadget Gadget Class

Purpose

The SeparatorGadget gadget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/SeparatoG.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

A **SeparatorGadget** gadget separates items in a display. Several line–drawing styles are provided, as well as horizontal or vertical orientation.

Lines drawn within the **SeparatorGadget** widget are automatically centered within the height of the gadget for a horizontal orientation and centered within the width of the gadget for a vertical orientation. An **XtSetValues** subroutine with a new **XmNseparatorType** resource resizes the widget to its minimal height (for horizontal orientation) or its minimal width (for vertical orientation) unless height or width is explicitly set in the **XtSetValues** call.

The **SeparatorGadget** gadget does not draw shadows. The **Gadget** resource **XmNshadowThickness** is used for the **SeparatorGadget** widget thickness when the **XmNshadowType** resource is the **XmSHADOW_ETCHED_IN** value or the **XmSHADOW_ETCHED_OUT** value.

The **SeparatorGadget** gadget does not highlight and allows no traversing. The **Gadget** resource **XmNtraversalOn** is forced to **False**.

The XmSeparatorGadget gadget class inherits behavior and resources from the Object, RectObj, and XmGadget classes. The class pointer is xmSeparatorGadgetClass. The class name is XmSeparatorGadget.

Subroutine

XmCreateSeparatorGadget

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this gadget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the SeparatorGadget class:

XmSeparatorGadget Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the XmSeparatorGadget gadget class:

- XmGadget Resource Set
- RectObj Resource Set
- Object Resource Set

Keyboard Traversal

The description for the XmGadget gadget class contains information on behavior.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/SeparatoG.h

Related Information

The XmCreateSeparatorGadget subroutine, XmGadget widget, Object widget class, RectObj widget class, XtCreateWidget subroutine, XtSetValues subroutine.

XmText Widget Class

Purpose

A Text widget class.

Libraries

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Text.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

The **Text** widget provides a single and multiline text editor for customizing user interfaces and programmatic interfaces. This widget can be used for single–line string entry, forms entry with verification procedures, and full–window editing. This widget provides client applications with a consistent editing system for textual data. The screen textual data adjusts to the client application's requirements.

The **Text** widget provides separate callback routine lists to verify movement of the insert cursor, modification of the text, and changes in input focus. Each of these callback routines provides the verification subroutine with the widget instance, the event that resulted in the callback, and a data structure specific to the verification type. From this information the subroutine can verify that the application considers this to be a legitimate state change and can signal the widget whether or not it should continue with the action.

The user interface tailors a new set of translations. The default translations provide key bindings for insert cursor movement, deletion, insertion, and selection of text.

The **Text** widget supports the selection of regions of text. Selection is based on the Interclient Communication Conventions (ICCC) selection model. The primary text selection is supported.

The **Text** widget controls the data structures for drawing the text on the screen and defines the subroutines that manipulate that data. A separate component, called the **Source**, provides textual data storage and a set of subroutines for querying and changing that data.

```
setlocale (LC_CTYPE, "Fr_FR.pc850")
XmCreateText( ....)
```

This would create a **Text** widget supporting a french keyboard, providing you are using a font that is capable of displaying french characters. If a locale, specified through setlocale, cannot be recognized, the default keymap, En_US.pc850 is used. If En_US.pc850 is not available for any reason, only ASCII characters are supported. For further details regarding keymaps, refer to the AIX Input Method Overview.

The XmText widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core and XmPrimitive classes. The class pointer is xmTextWidgetClass. The class name is XmText.

Subroutines

XmCreateScrolledText

- XmCreateText
- XmFontListCreate
- XmTextClearSelection
- XmTextGetEditable
- XmTextGetMaxLength
- XmTextGetSelection
- XmTextGetString
- XmTextReplace
- XmTextSetEditable
- XmTextSetMaxLength
- XmTextSetSelection
- XmTextSetString

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource sets list the resources of the XmText widget class:

- XmText Resource Set
- XmText Input Resource Set
- XmText Output Resource Set
- XmTextScrolledText Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the XmText widget class:

- XmPrimitive Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Callback Information

The following structure is returned with each callback:

```
typedef struct
{
          int
                    reason;
          XEvent * event;
}XmAnyCallbackStruct;
               Indicates why the callback was invoked.
reason
```

event Points to the **XEvent** that triggered the callback.

The **Text** widget defines a new callback structure for use with verification callback routines. Note that not all of the fields are relevant for every callback reason. The client application must first look at the reason field and use only the structure members that are valid for the particular reason. The following structure is returned with **XmNlosingFocusCallbacks**, **XmNmodifyVerifyCallbacks**, and **XmNmotionVerifyCallbacks** resources.

```
typedef struct
           int
                                reason;
          XEvent
                                 * event,
           Boolean
                                doit:
                                 currinsert, newlnsert,
          XmTextPosition
           XmTextPosition
                                 startPos, endPos;
           XmTextBlock
                                 text;
} XmTextVerifyCallbackStruct, *XmTextVerifyPtr;
                   Indicates why the callback routine was invoked.
reason
event
                   Points to the XEvent that invoked the callback routine.
doit
                   Indicates whether that action that invoked the callback routine will be
                   performed. Setting the doit parameter to False negates the action.
currInsert
                   Indicates the current position of the insert cursor.
newInsert
                   Indicates the position at which the user attempts to position the insert
                   cursor.
startPos
                   Indicates the starting position of the text to modify. If the callback is not a
                   modify verification callback, this value is the same as the currInsert
                   parameter.
endPos
                   Indicates the ending position of the text to modify. If no text is replaced or
                   deleted, then the value is the same as the startPos parameter. If the
                   callback is not a modify verification callback, this value is the same as the
                   currinsert parameter.
text
                   Points to a structure of type XmTextBlockRec. This structure holds the
                   text information to be inserted.
typedef struct
{
           char
                                 * ptr;
           int
                                 length;
           XmTextFormat
                                 format:
}XmTextBlockRec, *XmTextBlock;
```

ptr Points to the text to be inserted.

length Specifies the length of the text to be inserted.

format Specifies the format of the text (such as FMT8BIT).

The following table describes the reasons for which the individual verification callback structure fields are valid:

Reason Valid Fields

XmCR_LOSING_FOCUS reason, event, doit, currInsert, newInsert,

startPos, endPos, text

XmCR_MODIFYING_TEXT_VALUE reason, event, doit, currInsert,

newlnsert

XmCR_MOVING_TEXT_CURSOR reason, event, doit, currInsert, newInsert

Behavior

The behavior for the **Text** widget is determined by the **XmNeditMode** resource. Depending on how this resource is set, some of the key bindings perform different actions. The possible values for **XmNeditMode** are **XmSINGLE_LINE_EDIT** and **XmMULTI_LINE_EDIT**. The following describes the key bindings for these edit modes.

Default Behavior (Single-line Text Edit)

<Btn1Down>: This key binding performs the action defined in the selection array depending on the number of multiple mouse button clicks. The default selection array ordering is one click to move the insertion cursor position, two clicks to select a word, and three clicks to select a line of text, and four clicks to select a page of text.

It also begins text selection. Primary selected text that was previously selected becomes unselected.

Button1 <PtrMoved>: Text is selected in the direction of the pointer cursor movement. While the pointer cursor is moved along the text, the text is selected from the point the was pressed to the present position of the pointer cursor. Moving the pointer cursor back over previously selected text while is pressed deselects the text. Primary selected text is shown visibly by inverted text.

<Btn1Up>: The selected text becomes the primary selection (i.e., the selection is committed).

Shift <Btn1Down>: The end points of the selection move to the point where the pointer cursor is located when the shifted is pressed. If the pointer cursor is located at a position where text is already selected, the text following this position becomes unselected.

<Btn2Up>: The text is copied from the primary selection to the insertion point located at the insert cursor.

CTRL <Btn2Up>: The text is copied and cut from the primary selection and is pasted to the insertion point located at the insert cursor.

<Key> Right: The insert cursor moves one character to the right.

Shift <Key> Right: The text character to the right of the insert cursor is selected and inverted (such as primary selection). If there is already selected text to the right of the insert cursor, this text becomes unselected one character at a time.

Ctrl <Key> Right: The insert cursor moves to the end of the line.

Key> Left: The insert cursor moves one character to the left.

Shift <Key> Left: The text character to the left of the insert cursor is selected and inverted. If there is already selected text to the left of the insert cursor, this text becomes unselected one character at a time.

Ctrl <Key> Left: The insert cursor moves to the beginning of the line.

<Key> Backspace: The character of text immediately preceding the insert cursor is deleted.

Key> Delete or **Key>DeleteChar** (HP keyboard): The character of text immediately following the insert cursor is deleted.

Any <Key>: This key binding inserts the associated character into the text of the Text widget.

<Key> Return: Calls the callback routines for XmNactivateCallback.

Multiline Text Edit

Button1 <PtrMoved>: Text is selected in the direction of the pointer cursor movement. While the pointer cursor is moved along the text, the text is selected from the point the was pressed to the present position of the pointer cursor. Moving the cursor over several lines selects text to the end of each line, up to the position of the pointer cursor on the current line. Moving the pointer cursor back over previously selected text while is pressed deselects the text

Key> Up: The insert cursor moves to the line directly above the current line on which the insert cursor resides.

<Key> Down: The insert cursor moves to the line directly below the current line on which the insert cursor resides.

Key> Return: Inserts a new line at the point where the insert cursor is positioned. Calls the callbacks for **XmNactivateCallback**.

Default Translations

Default translations for the Text widget are:

Shift<Key>Tab: prev-tab-group() <Key>Tab: next-tab-group() <Key>Up: traverse-prev() <Key>Down: traverse-next() <Kev>Home: traverse-home() Ctrl<Key>Right: end-of-line() Shift<Key>Right: key-select(right) <Key>Right: forward-character() Ctrl<Key>Left: beginning-of-line() Shift<Kev>Left: kev-select(left) <Kev>Left: backward-character() Shift<Key>BackSpace: delete-previous-word() <Key>BackSpace: delete-previous-character() <Key>Return: activate() <Key>: self-insert() Shift<Btn1Down>: extend-start() <Btn1Down>: grab-focus() Button1<PtrMoved>: extend-adjust() <Btn1Up>: extend-end() Ctrl<Btn2Up>: move-to() <Btn2Up>: copy-to() <LeaveWindow>: leave() <Focusin>: focusin() <FocusOut>: focusOut() <Unmap>: unmap()

The following default translations are for an HP keyboard:

Shift<Key>DeleteChar:

delete-next-word()

<Key>DeleteChar:

delete-next-character()

The following default translations are for a DIGITAL keyboard:

Shift<Key>Delete:

delete-previous-word()

<Key>Delete:

delete-previous-character()

Shift<Key>Linefeed:

delete-next-word()

<Key>Linefeed:

delete-next-character()

Shift<Key>F13:

delete-next-word()

<Key>F13:

delete-next-character()

The following default translations are for keyboards other than HP's or DIGITAL's:

Shift<Key>Delete:

delete-next-word()

<Key>Delete:

delete-next-character()

The following default translations override the above default translations when using Multiline Text Edit:

<Key>Tab:

self-insert()

<Key>Up:

previous-line()

next-line() beginning-of-file()

<Key>Up. <Key>Down: <Key>Home: <Key>Return:

newline()

When changing from Multiline Text Edit to Single-line Text Edit, the following default translations override the Multiline Text Edit default translations.

<Key>Tab:

next-tab-group()

<Key>Up:

traverse-prev()

traverse-next() traverse-home()

<Key>Down:
<Key>Home:
<Key>Return:

activate()

Keyboard Traversal

Multiline Text Edit differs from standard traversal in the following manner:

Up or Down Arrow — moves the insert cursor between lines.

Tab — inserts a tab.

Home — moves the insert cursor to the first position (top) of the file.

Return — adds a new line.

Both Single-line and Multiline Text Edit differs from standard traversal in the following manner:

Right and Left Arrows — moves the insert cursor to the right or to the left.

Information on keyboard traversal is contained in the XmPrimitive widget class and its sections on behavior and default translations.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XmText

File

/usr/include/Xm/Text.h

Related Information

The Core widget class, XmCreateScrolledText subroutine, XmCreateText subroutine, XmFontListCreate subroutine, XmPrimitive widget, XmTextClearSelectionsubroutine, XmTextGetEditable subroutine, XmTextGetMaxLength subroutine, XmTextGetSelection subroutine, XmTextGetString subroutine, XmTextReplace subroutine, XmTextSetEditable subroutine, XmTextSetMaxLength subroutine, XmTextSetSelection subroutine, XmTextSetString subroutine, setlocale subroutine.

XmToggleButton Widget Class

Purpose

The ToggleButton widget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/ToggleB.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

A ToggleButton widget sets non-transitory state data within an application. Usually this widget consists of an indicator (square or diamond) with either text or a pixmap to its right. However, it can also consist of just text or a pixmap without the indicator.

The toggle graphics display a 1-of-many or N-of-many selection state. When a toggle indicator is displayed, a square indicator shows an N-of-many selection state and a diamond indicator shows a 1-of-many selection state.

The ToggleButton widget implies a selected or unselected state. In the case of a label and an indicator, an empty indicator (square or diamond shaped) indicates that the ToggleButton widget is unselected, and a filled indicator shows that it is selected. In the case of a pixmap toggle, different pixmaps are used to display the selected/unselected states.

Normally, is used to arm and activate the button. However, if the ToggleButton widget resides within a RowColumn manager, the mouse button used is determined by the RowColumn resources XmNrowColumnType and XmNwhichButton.

The XmToggleButton widget class inherits behavior and resources from the Core, XmPrimitive, and XmLabel classes. The class pointer is xmToggleButtonWidgetClass. The class name is XmToggleButton.

Subroutines

- XmCreateToggleButton
- XmToggleButtonGetState
- XmToggleButtonSetState

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this widget. To reference a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S),

XmToggleButton

retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the XmToggleButton class:

XmToggleButton Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the **XmToggleButton** widget class:

- XmLabel Resource Set
- XmPrimitive Resource Set
- Core Resource Set

Keyboard Traversal

When in menu system, the following translations are added to the ToggleButton widget:

```
Unmap()
<Unmap>:
<FocusOut>:
                      FocusOut()
<FocusIn>:
                      Focusin()
<Key> space:
                      Noop()
                      MenuTraverseLeft()
<Key> Left:
<Key> Right:
                      MenuTraverseRight()
<Key> Up:
                      MenuTraverseUp()
<Key> Down:
                      MenuTraverseDown()
<Key> Home:
                      Noop()
```

Callback Information

The following structure is returned with each callback:

```
typedef struct
{
     int          reason;
     XEvent          * event;
     Boolean          set;
} XmToggleButtonCallbackStruct;
```

reason Is set to the value that corresponds to the type of selection that invoked this

callback.

event Points to the XEvent that invoked the callback.

set Reflects the current state of the ToggleButton widget when the callback

occurred, either True (selected) or False (unselected).

Behavior

The **ToggleButton** widget is associated with the default behavior unless it is part of a PopupMenu System, a Pulldown MenuPane in a MenuBar, or an OptionMenu System. In a menu system, the **RowColumn** widget parent determines which mouse button is used.

Default Behavior

<Btn1Down>:

(if unset): This action arms the **ToggleButton** widget. The indicator shadow is drawn so that the button looks depressed, and the indicator fills with the color specified in **XmNselectColor**. The callbacks for **XmNarmCallback** are also called.

(if set): This action arms the **ToggleButton** widget. The indicator shadow is drawn so that the button looks raised, and the indicator fills with the background color. The callbacks for **XmNarmCallback** are also called.

<Btn1Up>:

(in Button):

(if unset): This action selects the **ToggleButton** widget. Visually, it appears the same as when it is armed. The callbacks for **XmNvalueChangedCallback** are called, followed by callbacks for **XmNdisarmCallback**.

(if set): This action unselects the **ToggleButton** widget. Visually, it appears the same as when it is armed. The callbacks for **XmNvalueChangedCallback** are called, followed by callbacks for **XmNdisarmCallback**.

(Outside Of Button): If the button release occurs outside of the ToggleButton widget, the callbacks for XmNdisarmCallback are called.

<Leave Window>:

If the button is pressed and the cursor leaves the widget, it visually reverts to its previous unpressed state.

<Enter Window>:

If the button is pressed and the cursor leaves and reenters the widget, it visually appears the same as when the button was first armed.

Default PopupMenu System and OptionMenu System

<Btn2Down>:

This action disables keyboard traversal for the menu and returns the user to drag mode, which is the mode in which the menu is manipulated by using the mouse. This action also causes the **ToggleButton** widget to be armed. A shadow is drawn around the **ToggleButton** widget. The callbacks for **XmNarmCallback** are also called.

<Btn2Up>:

(if unset): This action selects the **ToggleButton** widget. The indicator shadow is drawn so that it looks depressed, and the indicator fills with the color specified in **XmNselectColor**. The menu is then unposted and the callbacks for **XmNvalueChangedCallback** are called, followed by callbacks for **XmNdisarmCallback**.

(if set): This action unselects the **ToggleButton** widget. The indicator shadow is drawn so that it looks raised, and the indicator fills with the background color. The menu is then unposted and the callbacks for **XmNvalueChangedCallback** are called, followed by callbacks for **XmNdisarmCallback**.

<Leave Window>:

Pressing and moving the cursor out of the widget window erases the shadow around the **ToggleButton** widget. This event is ignored if keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu.

<Enter Window>:

Pressing and moving the cursor into the widget window draws a shadow around the **ToggleButton** widget. This event is ignored if keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu.

Default Pulldown Menu System

<Btn1Down>:

This action disables keyboard traversal for the menu and returns the user to drag mode (the mode in which the menu is manipulated using the mouse). This action also arms the **ToggleButton** widget. A shadow is drawn around the **ToggleButton** widget. The callbacks for **XmNarmCallback** are also called.

<Btn1Up>:

(if unset): This action selects the ToggleButton widget. The indicator shadow is drawn so that it looks depressed, and the indicator fills with the color specified in XmNselectColor. The menu then unposts, and the callbacks for XmNvalueChangedCallback are called, followed by callbacks for XmNdisarmCallback.

(if set): This action unselects the ToggleButton widget. The indicator shadow is drawn so that it looks raised, and the indicator fills with the background color. The menu then unposts, and the callbacks for XmNvalueChangedCallback are called, followed by callbacks for XmNdisarmCallback.

<Leave Window>:

Pressing and moving the cursor out of the widget window erases the shadow around the ToggleButton widget. This event is ignored if keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu.

<Enter Window>:

Pressing and moving the cursor into the widget window draws a shadow around the ToggleButton widget. This event is ignored if keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu.

<Kev>Return:

This event sets or unsets the **ToggleButton** widget if keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu.

(if set): The ToggleButton widget gets unset. The indicator shadow is drawn so that it looks raised, and the indicator fills with the background color.

(if unset): The ToggleButton widget gets set. The indicator shadow is drawn so that it looks depressed, and the indicator fills with the color specified in XmNselectColor.

For both set and unset cases, the menu then unposts, and the callbacks for

XmNvalueChangedCallback are called, followed by callbacks for XmNdisarmCallback.

Default Translation

The default translations for ToggleButton widget when not in a menu system are:

<Btn1Down>:

Arm()

<Btn1Up>:

Select() Disarm()

<Key>Return:

ArmAndActivate()

<Key>space:

ArmAndActivate()

<EnterWindow>:

Enter()

<LeaveWindow>:

Leave()

The default translations for ToggleButton widget when in a menu system are:

<BtnDown>:

BtnDown()

<BtnUp>:

BtnUp()

<EnterWindow>:

Enter()

<LeaveWindow>:

Leave()

<Kev>Return:

KeySelect()

<Key>Escape:

MenuShellPopdownDone()

Keyboard Traversal

When in a menu system, the following translations are added to the ToggleButton widget.

<Unmap>:

Unmap()

<FocusOut>:

FocusOut()

<Focusin>: <Key>Space: Focusin() Noop()

<Key>Left:

MenuTraverseLeft()

<Key>Right:

MenuTraverseRight()

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<Key>Up:

MenuTraverseUp()

<Key>Down:

MenuTraverseDown()

<Key>Home:

Noop()

More information on keyboard traversal when not in a menu is contained in **XmPrimitive** and its sections on behavior and default translations.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/ToggleB.h

Related Information

The Core widget class, XmCreateToggleButton subroutine, XmLabel widget class, XmPrimitive widget class, XmRowColumn widget class, XmToggleButtonGetState subroutine, XmToggleButtonSetState subroutine.

XmToggleButtonGadget Gadget Class

Purpose

The ToggleButtonGadget gadget class.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/ToggleBG.h>

Children

No children are supported.

Description

A **ToggleButtonGadget** gadget sets non-transitory state data within a client application. Usually this widget consists of a square or diamond shaped indicator with either text or a pixmap to its right. However, it can also consist of just text or a pixmap without the indicator.

The toggle graphics display a **1-of-many** or **N-of-many** selection state. When a toggle indicator is displayed, a square shows a **N-of-many** selection state and a diamond indicator shows a **1-of-many** selection state.

The **ToggleButtonGadget** gadget implies a selected or unselected state. In the case of a label and an indicator, an empty square or diamond shaped indicator indicates that **ToggleButtonGadget** gadget is unselected, and a filled indicator shows that it is selected. Different pixmaps are used to display the selected/unselected states of a pixmap toggle.

Normally, is used to arm and activate the button. However, if the **ToggleButtonGadget** gadget resides within a menu, then mouse button use is determined by two **RowColumn** widget resources: **XmNrowColumnType** and **XmNwhichButton**.

The XmToggleButtonGadget gadget class inherits behavior and resources from the Object, RectObj, XmGadget, and XmLabelGadget classes. The class pointer is xmToggleButtonGadgetClass. The class name is XmToggleButtonGadget.

Subroutines

- XmCreateToggleButtonGadget
- XmToggleButtonGadgetGetState
- XmToggleButtonGadgetSetState

New Resources

Setting the resource values for the inherited classes also sets resources for this gadget. To reference a resource by name or by class in an .Xdefaults file, remove the XmN or XmC prefix and use the remaining letters. To specify one of the defined values for a resource in an .Xdefaults file, remove the Xm prefix and use the remaining letters (in either lower case or upper case, but include any underscores between words). The codes in the access column indicate if the given resource can be set at creation time (C), set by using XtSetValues (S), retrieved by using XtGetValues (G), or is not applicable (N/A). The following resource set lists the resources of the XmToggleButtonGadget widget class:

XmToggleButtonGadget Resource Set

Inherited Resources

The following resource sets contain a complete description of the resources inherited by the XmToggleButtonGadget gadget class:

- XmLabelGadget Resource Set
- XmGadget Resource Set
- XmRectObj Resource Set

Callback Information

set

The following structure is returned with each callback routine:

```
typedef struct
{
          int
                               reason:
          XEvent
                               * event:
          Boolean
                               set:
} XmToggleButtonCallbackStruct;
             Indicates why the callback routine was invoked.
reason
event
             Points to the XEvent that triggered the callback routine.
```

Reflects the ToggleButtonGadget widget current state when the callback

occurred, either True (selected) or False (unselected).

Behavior

The ToggleButtonGadget gadget is associated with the default behavior unless it is part of a menu system. In a menu system, the RowColumn parent widget determines which mouse button is used.

Default Behavior

<Btn1Down>(if unset): This action arms the ToggleButtonGadget gadget. The indicator shadow is drawn so that the button looks depressed, and the indicator fills with the color specified in the XmNselectColor resource. The callback routines for the XmNarmCallback resource are also invoked.

<Btn1Down>(if set): This action arms the ToggleButtonGadget gadget. The indicator shadow is drawn so that the button looks raised, and the indicator fills with the background color. The callback routines for the XmNarmCallback resource are also invoked.

<Btn1Up>(In Button)(if unset): This action selects the ToggleButtonGadget gadget. Visually, it appears the same as when it is armed. The callback routines for the XmNvalueChangedCallback resource are invoked, followed by callback routines for the XmNdisarmCallback resource.

<Btn1Up>(In Button)(if set): This action unselects the ToggleButtonGadget gadget. Visually, it appears the same as when it is armed. The callback routines for the XmNvalueChangedCallback resource are invoked, followed by callback routines for the XmNdisarmCallback resource.

Leave Window>: If the button is pressed and the cursor leaves the gadget, it visually reverts to its previous unpressed state.

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<Enter Window>: If the button is pressed and the cursor leaves and reenters the gadget, it visually appears the same as when the button was first armed.

Default PopupMenu System

<Btn2Down>: This action disables keyboard traversal for the menu and returns the user to drag mode (the mode in which the menu is manipulated by using the mouse). This action also causes the ToggleButtonGadget gadget to be armed. A shadow is drawn around the ToggleButtonGadget gadget. The callback routines for the XmNarmCallback resource are also invoked.

<Btn2Up> (if unset): This action selects the ToggleButtonGadget gadget. The indicator shadow is drawn so that it looks depressed, and the indicator fills with the color specified in the XmNselectColor resource. The menu is then unposted and the callback routines for the XmNvalueChangedCallback resource are invoked, followed by callback routines for the XmNdisarmCallback resource.

<Btn2Up> (if set): This action deselects the ToggleButtonGadget gadget. The indicator shadow is drawn so that it looks raised, and the indicator fills with the color. The menu is then unposted and the callback routines for the XmNvalueChangedCallback resource are invoked, followed by callback routines for the XmNdisarmCallback resource.

Leave Window>: Pressing and moving the cursor out of the widget window erases the shadow around the **ToggleButtonGadget** gadget. This event is ignored if keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu.

Enter Window>: Pressing and moving the cursor out of the widget window draws a shadow around the **ToggleButtonGadget** gadget. This event is ignored if keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu.

Key>Return: If keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu, this event sets or unsets the **ToggleButtonGadget** widget.

<Key>Return (if unset):The ToggleButtonGadget gadget gets set. The indicator shadow is drawn so that it looks depressed, and the indicator fills with the color specified in the XmNselectColor resource. The menu is then unposted and the callback routines for the XmNvalueChangedCallback resource are invoked, followed by callback routines for the XmNdisarmCallback resource.

<Key>Return(if set): The ToggleButtonGadget gadget gets unset. The indicator shadow is drawn so that it looks raised, and the indicator fills with the background color. The menu is then unposted and the callback routines for the XmNvalueChangedCallback resource are invoked, followed by callback routines for the XmNdisarmCallback resource.

Default PulldownMenu System and OptionMenu System

<Btn1Down>: This action disables keyboard traversal for the menu and returns the user to drag mode (the mode in which the menu is manipulated using the mouse). This action also arms the ToggleButtonGadget gadget. A shadow is drawn around the ToggleButtonGadget gadget. The callback routines for the XmNarmCallback resource are also invoked.

<Btn1Up>(if unset): This action selects the ToggleButtonGadget gadget. The indicator shadow is drawn so that it looks depressed, and the indicator fills with the color specified in the XmNselectColor resource. The menu is then unposted and the callback routines for the XmNvalueChangedCallback resource are invoked, followed by callback routines for the XmNdisarmCallback resource.

XmToggleButtonGadget

<Btn1Up>(if set): This action deselects the ToggleButtonGadget gadget. The indicator shadow is drawn so that it looks raised, and the indicator fills with the background color. The menu then unposts, and the callback routines for the XmNvalueChangedCallback resource are invoked, followed by callback routines for the XmNdisarmCallback resource.

<Leave Window>: Pressing and moving the cursor out of the widget window erases the shadow around the ToggleButtonGadget gadget. This event is ignored if keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu.

<Enter Window>: Pressing and moving the cursor out of the widget window draws a shadow around the ToggleButtonGadget gadget. This event is ignored if keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu.

<Key>Return: This event sets or unsets the ToggleButtonGadget gadget if keyboard traversal is enabled in the menu.

<Key>Return (if unset): The ToggleButtonGadget gadget gets set. The indicator shadow is drawn so that it looks depressed, and the indicator fills with the color specified in the XmNselectColor resource. The menu is then unposted and the callback routines for the XmNvalueChangedCallback resource are invoked, followed by callback routines for the XmNdisarmCallback resource.

Key>Return (if set): The ToggleButtonGadget gadget gets unset. The indicator shadow is drawn so that it looks raised, and the indicator fills with the background color. The menu is then unposted and the callback routines for the XmNvalueChangedCallback resource are invoked, followed by callback routines for the XmNdisarmCallback resource.

Keyboard Traversal

The description for the XmGadget gadget class contains information on keyboard traversal when the widget is not in a menu system. When the ToggleButtonGadget gadget is in a menu system, the keyboard traversal translations are defined by the RowColumn parent widget.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/ToggleBG.h

Related Information

The XmCreateToggleButtonGadget subroutine, XmToggleButtonGadgetGetState subroutine, XmToggleButtonGadgetSetState subroutine, XmLabelGadget gadget class, XmGadget gadget class, RectObj widget class, Object widget class.

XmToggleButtonGadget

AlXwindows Subroutines

XmActivateProtocol Subroutine

Purpose

A VendorShell subroutine that activates a protocol.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h> #include <X11/Protocols.h>

void XmActivateProtocol(Shell, Property, Protocol)
Widget Shell;
Atom Property;
Atom Protocol;

Description

The **XmActivateProtocol** subroutine is a **VendorShell** subroutine that activates a protocol. This subroutine updates the handlers and the *Property* parameter, but only if the *Shell* parameter is realized. It is sometimes useful to allow a protocol's state information (such as callback lists) to persist, even though the client may choose to resign temporarily from the interaction. Persistence of a protocol's state information is supported by allowing a *Protocol* parameter to be in one of two states: active or inactive. If the *Protocol* parameter is active and the *Shell* parameter is realized, the *Property* parameter contains the *Protocol* Atom. If the *Protocol* parameter is inactive, the **Atom** is not present in the *Property* parameter.

Parameters

Shell Specifies the widget with which the protocol property is associated.

Property Specifies the protocol property.

Protocol Specifies the protocol Atom (or an int cast to Atom).

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/X11/Protocols.h

Related Information

The VendorShell widget class, XmInternAtom subroutine.

XmAddProtocolCallback Subroutine

Purpose

A VendorShell subroutine that adds client callbacks for a protocol.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h> #include <X11/Protocols.h>

void XmAddProtocolCallback(Shell, Property, Protocol, Callback, Closure)

Widget Shell;
Atom Property;
Atom Protocol;
XtCallbackProc Callback;
caddr t Closure;

Description

The **XmAddProtocolCallback** subroutine is a **VendorShell** subroutine that adds client callback routines for a protocol. This subroutine determines whether or not the protocol is registered; if the protocol is not registered, this subroutine calls the **XmAddProtocols** subroutine. It then adds the callback routine to the internal list. These callback routines will be called when the corresponding client message is received.

Parameters

Shell Specifies the widget with which the protocol property is associated.

Property Specifies the protocol property.

Protocol Specifies the protocol Atom (or an int cast to Atom).

Callback Specifies the procedure to call when a protocol message is received.

Closure Specifies the client data to be passed to the callback when it is invoked.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/X11/Protocols.h

Related Information

The VendorShell widget class, XmAddProtocols subroutine, XmInternAtom subroutine.

XmAddProtocols Subroutine

Purpose

A **VendorShell** subroutine that adds the protocols to the protocol manager and allocates the internal tables.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h> #include <X11/Protocols.h>

void XmAddProtocols(Shell, Property, Protocols,

NumberProtocols)

Widget Shell; Atom Property; Atom * Protocols;

Cardinal NumberProtocols;

Description

The **XmAddProtocols** subroutine is a convenience interface that adds the protocols to the protocol manager and allocates the internal tables.

Parameters

Shell

Specifies the widget with which the protocol property is associated.

Property

Specifies the protocol property.

Protocols

Specifies the protocol Atoms (or ints cast to Atom).

NumberProtocols

Specifies the number of elements in the Protocols parameter.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/X11/Protocols.h

Related Information

The VendorShell widget class, XmInternAtom subroutine.

XmAddTabGroup Subroutine

Purpose

A subroutine that adds a Manager widget or a Primitive widget to the list of tab groups.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

void XmAddTabGroup(TabGroup)
Widget TabGroup;

Description

The XmAddTabGroup subroutine adds a Manager widget or Primitive widget to the list of tab groups associated with a particular widget hierarchy. Each instance of the List widget, multiline Text edit widget, OptionMenu widget, and ScrollBar widget must be placed within its own tab groups; do not place other widgets in these groups. This allows the arrow keys to function in their normal fashion within these widgets.

When the keyboard is used to traverse through a widget hierarchy, **Primitive** widgets and **Manager** widgets are grouped together into tab groups. Any **Manager** widget or **Primitive** widget can be a tab group. Within a tab group, the focus is moved to the next widget within the tab group through use of the arrow keys. To move to another tab group, enter either the Tab, or <Shift>Tab keys.

Parameter

TabGroup

Specifies the Manager or Primitive widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmManager widget class, XmPrimitive widget class, XmRemoveTabGroup subroutine.

XmAtomToName Subroutine

Purpose

Returns the string representation for an atom.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h> #include <X11/AtomMgr.h>

String XmAtomToName(Display, Atom) Display * Display;

Description

The **XmAtomToName** subroutine returns the string representation for an atom. It mirrors the **Xlib** library interfaces for atom management, but provides client side caching. When and where caching is provided in **Xlib** library, the routines become pseudonyms for the **Xlib** library routines.

Parameters

Display

Atom * Atom;

Specifies the connection to the X Server.

Atom

Specifies the atom for the property name you want returned.

Return Value

Returns a string.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/X11/AtomMgr.h

XmCascadeButtonHighlight Subroutine

Purpose

A CascadeButton and CascadeButtonGadget subroutine that sets the highlight state.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/CascadeB.h> #include <Xm/CascadeBG.h>

void XmCascadeButtonHighlight (CascadeButton, Highlight)

Widget CascadeButton; Boolean Highlight;

Description

The XmCascadeButtonHighlight subroutine is a CascadeButton and CascadeButtonGadget subroutine that sets the highlight state. This subroutine either draws or erases the shadow highlight around the CascadeButton or the CascadeButtonGadget subroutine.

Parameters

CascadeButton

Specifies the CascadeButton or the CascadeButtonGadget

subroutine to be highlighted or unhighlighted.

Highlight

Specifies whether to highlight (True) or to unhighlight (False).

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/CascadeB.h

/usr/include/Xm/CascadeBG.h

Related Information

The XmCascadeButton widget class, XmCascadeButtonGadget widget class.

XmClipboardCancelCopy Subroutine

Purpose

A clipboard subroutine that cancels a copy to the clipboard.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h> #include <Xm/CutPaste.h>

void XmClipboardCancelCopy(Display, Window,

ItemIdentification)

Display * Display; Window Window; long ItemIdentification;

Description

The XmClipboardCancelCopy subroutine cancels the clipboard copy subroutine that is in progress and frees up temporary storage. When a copy is to be performed, the XmClipboardStartCopy subroutine allocates temporary storage for the clipboard data. The XmClipboardCopy subroutine fills in the appropriate data into the temporary storage. The XmClipboardEndCopy subroutine copies the data to the clipboard structure and frees up the temporary storage structures. If the XmClipboardCancelCopy subroutine is called, the XmClipboardEndCopy subroutine does not have to be called. A call to the XmClipboardCancelCopy subroutine is valid only after a call to the XmClipboardStartCopy subroutine and before a call to the XmClipboardEndCopy subroutine.

Parameters

Display Specifies a pointer to the **Display** structure that was returned in a

previous call to the XtOpenDisplay subroutine or XtDisplay

subroutine.

Window Specifies a widget window ID that relates the application window to

the clipboard. The widget window ID can be obtained by using the **XtWindow** subroutine. The same application instance should pass

the same window ID to each clipboard subroutine it calls.

ItemIdentification Specifies the number assigned to this data item. This number was

returned by a previous call to the XmClipboardStartCopy

subroutine.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/Xm/CutPaste.h

XmClipboardCancelCopy

Related Information

The XmClipboardCopy subroutine, XmClipboardEndCopy subroutine, XmClipboardStartCopy subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine, XtDisplay subroutine, XtWindow subroutine.

XmClipboardCopy Subroutine

Purpose

A clipboard subroutine that copies a data item to temporary storage for later copying to the clipboard.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>
#include <Xm/CutPaste.h>

int XmClipboardCopy(Display, Window, ItemIdentification, FormatName, Buffer, Length, PrivateIdentification, DataIdentification)

Display * Display; Window Window; long ItemIdentification; char * FormatName; char * Buffer, unsigned long Length; int PrivateIdentification; int * DataIdentification;

Description

The XmClipboardCopy subroutine copies a data item to temporary storage. The data item is moved from temporary storage to the clipboard data structure when a call to the XmClipboardEndCopy subroutine is made. Additional calls to the XmClipboardCopy subroutine before a call to the XmClipboardEndCopy subroutine adds additional data item formats to the same data item or append data to an existing format. Formats are described in the ICCC manual as targets.

NOTE: Do not call the **XmClipboardCopy** subroutine before a call to the **XmClipboardStartCopy** subroutine has been made. The latter subroutine allocates temporary storage required by the **XmClipboardCopy** subroutine.

If the *Buffer* parameter is **NULL**, the data is considered to be passed by name. When data that has been passed by name is later requested by another application, the application that owns the data receives a callback with a request for the data. The application that owns the data must then transfer the data to the clipboard with the **XmClipboardCopyByName** subroutine. When a data item that was passed by name is deleted from the clipboard, the application that owns the data receives a callback stating that the data is no longer needed.

For information on the callback routine, see the callback parameter description for the **XmClipboardStartCopy** subroutine.

Parameters

Display

Specifies a pointer to the **Display** structure that was returned in a previous call to the **XOpenDisplay** subroutine or **XtDisplay** subroutine.

XmClipboardCopy

Window Specifies the widget window ID that relates the application window

to the clipboard. The widget window ID can be obtained by using the **XtWindow** subroutine. The same application instance should pass the same window ID to each clipboard subroutine it calls.

ItemIdentification Specifies the number assigned to this data item. The number was

returned by a previous call to the XmClipboardStartCopy

subroutine.

FormatName Specifies the name of the format in which the data item is stored on

the clipboard. Format is known as target in the ICCC manual.

Buffer Specifies the buffer from which the clipboard copies the data.

Length Specifies the length of the data being copied to the clipboard.

PrivateIdentification Specifies the private data that the application wants to store with the

data item.

DataIdentification Specifies an identifying number assigned to the data item that

uniquely identifies the data item and the format. This parameter is

required only for data that is passed by name.

Return Values

ClipboardSuccess The subroutine is successful.

ClipboardLocked The subroutine is unsuccessful because the clipboard was locked

by another application. The application can continue to call the subroutine with the same parameters until the lock goes away. This gives the application the opportunity to ask if the user wants to keep

trying or wants to give up on the operation.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/Xm/CutPaste.h

Related Information

The XmClipboardCopyByName subroutine, XmClipboardEndCopy subroutine, XmClipboardStartCopy subroutine.

XmClipboardCopyByName Subroutine

Purpose

A clipboard subroutine that copies a data item passed by name.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h> #include <Xm/CutPaste.h>

int XmClipboardCopyByName(Display, Window,

DataIdentification, Buffer, Length, PrivateIdentification)

Display * Display; Window Window; int DataIdentification; char * Buffer, unsigned long Length; int PrivateIdentification;

Description

The XmClipboardCopyByName subroutine copies the actual data for a data item that was previously passed by name to the clipboard. Data is considered to be passed by name when a call to the XmClipboardCopy subroutine is made with a null buffer parameter. Additional calls to this subroutine append new data to the existing data. When making additional calls to this subroutine, the clipboard should be locked to ensure the integrity of the clipboard data. To lock the clipboard, use the XmClipboardLock subroutine. Unlock the clipboard when the copying is completed; to unlock the clipboard, use the XmClipboardUnlock subroutine.

Parameters

Display Specifies a pointer to the Display structure that was returned in a

previous call to the XtOpenDisplay subroutine or the XtDisplay

subroutine.

Window Specifies the widget window ID that relates the application

window to the clipboard. The widget window ID can be obtained by using the **XtWindow** subroutine. The same application instance should pass the same window ID to each of the

clipboard subroutines that it calls.

DataIdentification Specifies an identifying number assigned to the data item that

uniquely identifies the data item and the format. This number was assigned by the **XmClipboardCopy** subroutine to the data item.

Buffer Specifies the buffer from which the clipboard copies the data.

Length Specifies the number of bytes in the data item.

XmClipboardCopyByName

PrivateIdentification

Specifies the private data that the application wants to store with

the data item.

Return Values

ClipboardSuccess

The subroutine is successful.

ClipboardLocked

The subroutine is unsuccessful because the clipboard was locked by another application. The application can continue to call the subroutine with the same parameters until the lock goes away. This gives the application the opportunity to ask if the user wants to keep

trying or to give up on the operation.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/Xm/CutPaste.h

Related Information

The XmClipboardCopy subroutine, XmClipboardLock subroutine, XmClipboardStartCopy subroutine, XmClipboardUnlock subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine, XtDisplay subroutine, XtWindow subroutine.

XmClipboardEndCopy Subroutine

Purpose

A clipboard subroutine that ends a copy to the clipboard.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>
#include <Xm/CutPaste.h>

int XmClipboardEndCopy(Display, Window, ItemIdentification)

Display * Display; Window Window; long ItemIdentification;

Description

The XmClipboardEndCopy subroutine locks the clipboard from access by other applications, places data in the clipboard data structure, and unlocks the clipboard. Data items copied to the clipboard by the XmClipboardCopy subroutine are not actually entered in the clipboard data structure until the call to the XmClipboardEndCopy subroutine.

This subroutine also frees up temporary storage that was allocated by the XmClipboardStartCopy subroutine, which must be called before the XmClipboardEndCopy subroutine. The latter subroutine should not be called if the XmClipboardCancelCopy subroutine has been called.

Parameters

Display Specifies a pointer to the Display structure that was returned in a

previous call to the XtOpenDisplay subroutine or XtDisplay

subroutine.

Window Specifies the widget window ID that relates the application window

to the clipboard. The widget window ID can be obtained by using the **XtWindow** subroutine. The same application instance should pass the same window ID to each clipboard subroutine it calls.

ItemIdentification Specifies the number assigned to this data item. This number was

returned by a previous call to the XmClipboardStartCopy

subroutine.

Return Values

ClipboardSuccess The subroutine is successful.

ClipboardLocked The subroutine is unsuccessful because the clipboard was locked

by another application. The application can continue to call the subroutine with the same parameters until the lock goes away. This gives the application the opportunity to ask if the user wants

to keep trying or wants to give up on the operation.

XmClipboardEndCopy

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/Xm/CutPaste.h

Related Information

The XmClipboardCancelCopy subroutine, XmClipboardCopy subroutine, XmClipboardStartCopy subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine, XtDisplay subroutine, XtWindow subroutine.

XmClipboardEndRetrieve Subroutine

Purpose

A clipboard subroutine that ends a copy from the clipboard.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>
#include <Xm/CutPaste.h>

int XmClipboardEndRetrieve(Display, Window)

Display * Display; Window;

Description

The XmClipboardEndRetrieve subroutine suspends the incremental copying of data from the clipboard. This subroutine notifies the clipboard routines that the application has finished copying an item to the clipboard. Until this subroutine is called, data items can be retrieved incrementally from the clipboard by calling the XmClipboardRetrieve subroutine. If the application calls the XmClipboardStartRetrieve subroutine, it must call the XmClipboardEndRetrieve subroutine. If data is not being copied incrementally, the XmClipboardStartRetrieve subroutine and the XmClipboardEndRetrieve subroutine do not need to be called.

Parameters

Display Specifies a pointer to the **Display** structure that was returned in a previous call

to the XtOpenDisplay subroutine or the XtDisplay subroutine.

Window Specifies the widget window ID that relates the application window to the

clipboard. The widget window ID can be obtained by using the **XtWindow** subroutine. The same application instance should pass the same window ID to

each clipboard subroutines it calls.

Return Values

ClipboardSuccess The subroutine is successful.

ClipboardLocked The subroutine is unsuccessful because the clipboard was locked

by another application. The application can continue to call the subroutine with the same parameters until the lock goes away. This gives the application the opportunity to ask if the user wants

to keep trying or wants to give up on the operation.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XmClipboardEndRetrieve

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/Xm/CutPaste.h

Related Information

The XmClipboardRetrieve subroutine, XmClipboardStartCopy subroutine, XmClipboardStartRetrieve subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine, XtDisplay subroutine, XtWindow subroutine.

XmClipboardInquireCount Subroutine

Purpose

A clipboard subroutine that returns the number of data item formats.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h.>
#include <Xm/CutPaste.h>

int XmClipboardInquireCount(Display, Window, Count,

MaximumFormatNameLength)

Display * Display; Window Window; int * Count:

int * MaximumFormatNameLength

Description

The **XmClipboardInquireCount** subroutine returns the number of data item formats available for the data item in the clipboard. This subroutine also returns the maximum name length for all formats in which the data item is stored.

Parameters

Display Specifies a pointer to the **Display** structure that was

returned in a previous call to the XtOpenDisplay

subroutine or the XtDisplay subroutine.

Window Specifies a widget window ID that relates the

application window to the clipboard. The widget window ID can be obtained by using **XtWindow**. The same application instance should pass the same window ID to each clipboard subroutine it calls.

Count Returns the number of data item formats available for

the data item in the clipboard. If no formats are available, this parameter equals zero. The count includes the format that was passed by name.

MaximumFormatNameLength Specifies the maximum length of all format names for

the data item in the clipboard.

Return Values

ClipboardSuccess The subroutine is successful.

ClipboardLocked The subroutine is unsuccessful because the clipboard was locked

by another application. The application can continue to call the subroutine again with the same parameters until the lock goes away. This gives the application the opportunity to ask if the user

wants to keep trying or to give up on the operation.

XmClipboardInquireCount

ClipboardNoData

The subroutine could not find data on the clipboard

corresponding to the format requested. This can occur because the clipboard is empty; there is data on the clipboard but not in the requested format; or the data in the requested format was

passed by name and is no longer available.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/Xm/CutPaste.h

Related Information

The XmClipboardStartCopy subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine, XtDisplay subroutine, XtWindow subroutine.

XmClipboardInquireFormat Subroutine

Purpose

A clipboard subroutine that returns a specified format name.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>
#include <Xm/CutPaste.h>

int XmClipboardInquireFormat(Display, Window, Index,

FormatNameBuffer,

BufferLength, CopiedLength)

Display * Display; Window Window;

int Index;

char * FormatNameBuffer, unsigned long BufferLength; unsigned long * CopiedLength;

Description

The **XmClipboardInquireFormat** subroutine returns a specified format name for the next paste item in the clipboard. If the name must be truncated, the subroutine returns a warning status.

Parameters

Display Specifies a pointer to the **Display** structure that was returned in a

previous call to the XtOpenDisplay subroutine or XtDisplay

subroutine.

Window Specifies a widget window ID that relates the application window to

the clipboard. The widget window ID can be obtained by using the **XtWindow** subroutine. The same application instance should pass

the same window ID to each clipboard subroutine it calls.

Index Specifies which of the ordered format names to obtain. If this index i

is greater than the number of formats for the data item, this subroutine returns a zero in the *CopiedLength* parameter.

FormatNameBuffer Specifies the buffer that receives the format name.

BufferLength Specifies the number of bytes in the format name buffer.

CopiedLength Specifies the number of bytes in the string copied to the buffer. If

this parameter equals zero, there is no Nth format for the next data

item.

Return Values

ClipboardSuccess The subroutine is successful.

XmClipboardInquireFormat

ClipboardLocked The subroutine is unsuccessful because the clipboard was locked

by another application. The application can continue to call the subroutine again with the same parameters until the lock goes away. This gives the application the opportunity to ask if the user

wants to keep trying or to give up on the operation.

ClipboardTruncate The data returned is truncated because the user did not provide a

buffer that was large enough to hold the data.

ClipboardNoData The subroutine could not find data on the clipboard corresponding

to the format requested. This could occur because the clipboard is empty; there is data on the clipboard but not in the requested format; or the data in the requested format was passed by name

and is no longer available.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/Xm/CutPaste.h

Related Information

The XmClipboardStartCopy subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine, XtDisplay subroutine, XtWindow subroutine.

XmClipboardInquireLength Subroutine

Purpose

A clipboard subroutine that returns the length of the stored data.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>
#include <Xm/CutPaste.h>

int XmClipboardInquireLength(Display, Window,

FormatName, Length)

Display * Display; Window Window; char * FormatName; unsigned long * Length;

Description

The **XmClipboardInquireLength** subroutine returns the length of the data stored under a specified format name for the next paste clipboard data item. If no data is found for the specified format, or if there is no item on the clipboard, this subroutine returns a value of zero.

Any format passed by name is assumed to have the *Length* parameter passed in a call to the **XmClipboardCopy** subroutine, even though the data has not yet been transferred to the clipboard in that format.

Parameters

Display Specifies a pointer to the **Display** structure that was returned in a

previous call to the XtOpenDisplay subroutine or the XtDisplay

subroutine.

Window Specifies a widget window ID that relates the application window to the

clipboard. The widget window ID can be obtained by using the

XtWindow subroutine. The same application instance should pass the

same window ID to each of the clipboard subroutines it calls.

FormatName Specifies the name of the format for the next paste item.

Length Specifies the length of the next data item in the specified format. This

parameter equals zero if no data is found for the specified format, or if

there is no item on the clipboard.

Return Values

ClipboardSuccess The subroutine is successful.

ClipboardLocked The subroutine is unsuccessful because the clipboard was

locked by another application. The application can continue to call the subroutine again with the same parameters until the lock goes away. This gives the application the opportunity to

XmClipboardInquireLength

ask if the user wants to keep trying or to give up on the

operation.

ClipboardNoData

The subroutine could not find data on the clipboard corresponding to the format requested. This could occur because the clipboard is empty, there is data on the clipboard but not in the requested format, or the data in the requested format was passed by name and is no longer available.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/Xm/CutPaste.h

Related Information

The XmClipboardCopy subroutine, XmClipboardStartCopy subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine, XtDisplay subroutine, XtWindow subroutine.

XmClipboardInquirePendingItems Subroutine

Purpose

A clipboard subroutine that returns a list of DataIdentification/PrivateIdentification pairs.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>
#include <Xm/CutPaste.h>

int XmClipboardInquirePendingItems(Display, Window,

FormatName, ItemList, Count)

Display * Display; Window Window; char * FormatName; XmClipboardPendingList * ItemList; unsigned long * Count;

Description

The XmClipboardInquirePendingItems subroutine returns a list of

DataIdentification/PrivateIdentification pairs for the specified format name. A data item is considered pending if the application originally passed it by name, the application has not yet copied the data, and the item has not yet been deleted from the clipboard. The application is responsible for freeing the memory this subroutine originally provided to store the list.

This subroutine is used by an application when it exits to determine if the data that is passed by name should be sent to the clipboard.

Parameters

Display Specifies a pointer to the Display structure that was returned in a

previous call to the XtOpenDisplay subroutine or the XtDisplay

subroutine.

Window Specifies the window identification that relates the application window

to the clipboard. The same application instance should pass the same

window identification to each of the clipboard subroutine it calls.

FormatName Specifies a string that contains the name of the format for which the list

of data-identification/private-identification pairs is to be obtained.

ItemList Specifies the address of the array of data identification/private

identification pairs for the specified format name. This parameter is an **XmClipboardPendingList** subroutine. The application is responsible for freeing the memory provided by this subroutine for storing the list.

Count Specifies the number of items returned in a list. If there is no data for

the specified format name, or if there is no item on the clipboard, this

parameter equals zero.

XmClipboardInquirePendingItems

Return Values

ClipboardSuccess

The subroutine is successful.

ClipboardLocked

The subroutine is unsuccessful because the clipboard was locked by another application. The application can continue to call the subroutine again with the same parameters until the lock goes away. This gives the application the opportunity to ask if the user

wants to keep trying or to give up on the operation.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/Xm/CutPaste.h

Related Information

The XmClipboardStartCopy subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine, XtDisplay subroutine.

XmClipboardLock Subroutine

Purpose

A clipboard subroutine that locks the clipboard.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>
#include <Xm/CutPaste.h>

int XmClipboardLock(Display, Window)
Display * Display;
Window Window;

Description

The XmClipboardLock subroutine locks the clipboard from access by another application until the XmClipboardUnlock subroutine is called. All clipboard subroutines lock and unlock the clipboard to prevent simultaneous access. This subroutine allows the application to keep the clipboard data from changing between calls to the XmClipboardInquireCount subroutine and other clipboard subroutines. The application does not need to lock the clipboard between calls to the XmClipboardStartCopy subroutine and the XmClipboardEndCopy subroutine or to the XmClipboardStartRetrieve subroutine and the XmClipboardEndRetrieve subroutine.

The application should lock the clipboard before multiple calls to the **XmClipboardCopyByName** subroutine and should unlock the clipboard after completion.

If the clipboard is already locked by another application, the **XmClipboardLock** subroutine returns an error status. Multiple calls to this subroutine by the same application increases the lock level.

Parameters

Display Specifies a pointer to the **Display** structure that was returned in a previous

call to the XtOpenDisplay subroutine or the XtDisplay subroutine.

Window Specifies the window ID that relates the application window to the clipboard.

The widget window ID can be obtained by using the XtWindow subroutine. The same application instance should pass the same window ID to each of

the clipboard subroutines that it calls.

Return Values

ClipboardSuccess The subroutine is successful.

ClipboardLocked The subroutine is unsuccessful because the clipboard was locked

by another application. The application can continue to call the subroutine again with the same parameters until the lock goes away. This gives the application the opportunity to ask if the user

wants to keep trying or give up on the operation.

XmClipboardLock

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/Xm/CutPaste.h

Related Information

The XmClipboardCopyByName subroutine, XmClipboardEndCopy subroutine, XmClipboardEndRetrieve subroutine, XmClipboardInquireCount subroutine, XmClipboardStartCopy subroutine, XmClipboardStartRetrieve subroutine, XmClipboardUnlock subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine, XtDisplay subroutine, XtWindow subroutine.

XmClipboardRegisterFormat Subroutine

Purpose

A clipboard subroutine that registers a new format.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h> #include <Xm/CutPaste.h>

int XmClipboardRegisterFormat(Display, FormatName, FormatLength)
Display * Display;

char * FormatName;

unsigned long FormatLength;

Description

The XmClipboardRegisterFormat subroutine registers a new format. Each format stored on the clipboard should have a length associated with it; this length must be known to the clipboard routines. Formats are known as targets in the Inter–Client Communication Conventions Manual (ICCCM). All of the formats specified by the ICCCM conventions are preregistered. Any other format that the application wants to use must either be 8-bit data or be registered through this routine. Failure to register the length of the data results in incompatible applications across platforms having different byte swapping orders.

Parameters

Display Specifies a pointer to the **Display** structure that was returned in a

previous call to XtOpenDisplay or XtDisplay.

FormatName Specifies the string name for the new format (target).

FormatLength Specifies the format length in bits (8, 16, 32).

Return Values

ClipboardBadFormat The FormatName parameter must not be NULL, and the

FormatLength parameter must be 8, 16, or 32.

ClipboardSuccess The subroutine is successful.

ClipboardLocked The subroutine was unsuccessful because the clipboard

was locked by another application. The application can continue to call the subroutine again with the same parameters until the lock goes away. This gives the application the opportunity to ask if the user wants to keep

trying or wants to give up on the operation.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

${\bf XmClipboardRegisterFormat}$

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/Xm/CutPaste.h

Related Information

The XmClipboardStartCopy subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine, XtDisplay subroutine.

XmClipboardRetrieve Subroutine

Purpose

A clipboard subroutine that retrieves a data item from the clipboard.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h> #include <Xm/CutPaste.h>

int XmClipboardRetrieve(Display, Window, FormatName, Buffer, Length, NumberBytes, PrivateIdentification)

Display * Display; Window Window; char * FormatName; char * Buffer;

unsigned long Length; unsigned long * NumberBytes;

int * PrivateIdentification;

Description

The **XmClipboardRetrieve** subroutine retrieves the current data item from clipboard storage. It returns a warning if the clipboard is locked, if there is no data on the clipboard, or if the data needs to be truncated because the buffer length is too short.

Between a call to the XmClipboardStartRetrieve subroutine and the XmClipboardEndRetrieve subroutine, multiple calls to the XmClipboardRetrieve subroutine with the same format name results in data being incrementally copied from the clipboard until the data in that format has all been copied.

The value ClipboardTruncate, returned from calls to the XmClipboardRetrieve subroutine, indicates that more data remains to be copied in the given format. All calls to the XmClipboardInquire subroutines that the application needs to make to effect the copy from the clipboard should be made between the call to the XmClipboardStartRetrieve subroutine and the first call to the XmClipboardRetrive subroutine. That way, the application does not need to call the XmClipboardLock subroutine and the XmClipboardUnlock subroutine. Applications do not need to use the XmClipboardStartRetrieve subroutine and the XmClipboardEndRetrieve subroutine, in which case the XmClipboardRetrieve subroutine works as it did before.

Parameters

Display Specifies a pointer to the **Display** structure that was returned in a

previous call to the XtOpenDisplay subroutine or the XtDisplay

subroutine.

Window Specifies the window ID that relates the application window to the

clipboard. The widget window ID can be obtained by using the **XtWindow** subroutine. The same application instance should pass the same window ID to each of the clipboard subroutines

that it calls.

XmClipboardRetrieve

FormatName Specifies the name of a format in which the data is stored on the

clipboard.

Buffer Specifies the buffer to which the application wants the clipboard

to copy the data.

Length Specifies the length of the application buffer.

NumberBytes Specifies the number of bytes of data copied into the application

buffer.

PrivateIdentification Specifies the private data stored with the data item by the

application that placed the data item on the clipboard. If the application did not store private data with the data item, this

parameter returns zero.

Return Values

ClipboardSuccess The subroutine is successful.

ClipboardLocked The subroutine is unsuccessful because the clipboard was

locked by another application. The application can continue to call the subroutine again with the same parameters until it goes away. This gives the application the opportunity to ask if the user wants to keep trying or to give up on the operation.

ClipboardTruncate The data returned is truncated because the user did not

provide a buffer that was large enough to hold the data.

ClipboardNoData The subroutine could not find data on the clipboard

corresponding to the format requested. This could occur because the clipboard is empty, there is data on the clipboard but not in the requested format, or the data in the requested format was passed by name and is no longer available.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/Xm/CutPaste.h

Related Information

The XmClipboardEndRetrieve subroutine, XmClipboardLock subroutine, XmClipboardStartCopy subroutine, XmClipboardStartRetrieve subroutine, XmClipboardUnlock subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine, XtDisplay subroutine, XtWindow subroutine.

XmClipboardStartCopy Subroutine

Purpose

A clipboard subroutine that sets up a storage and data structure.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>
#include <Xm/CutPaste.h>

int XmClipboardStartCopy(Display, Window, ClipboardLabel, TimeStamp, Widget, Callback, ItemIdentification)

Display * Display; Window Window; XmString ClipboardLabel; Time Timestamp; Widget Widget; VoidProc Callback; long * ItemIdentification;

Description

The **XmClipboardStartCopy** subroutine sets up storage and data structures to receive clipboard data. An application calls this subroutine during a cut or copy operation. The data item that these structures receive then becomes the next paste item in the clipboard.

Copying a large piece of data to the clipboard can take time. Since it is possible that, once copied, the data will never be requested by an application, the **AlXwindows Toolkit** provides a means of delaying the passing of clipboard data until the data has been requested.

Instead of passing clipboard data initially, the application passes format and length information to the **XmClipboardCopy** subroutine, along with a subroutine ID and a callback routine address that is passed in the **XmClipboardStartCopy** subroutine. The subroutine ID is needed for communications between the clipboard subroutines in the application that owns the data and the clipboard subroutines in the application that requests the data.

The callback routines are responsible for copying the actual data to the clipboard through the **XmClipboardCopyByName** subroutine. The callback routine is also called if the data item is removed from the clipboard and the actual data is no longer needed.

The *Widget* and *Callback* parameters must be present in order to pass data by name. The callback format is as follows:

subroutine name
Widget Widget;
int * DataIdentification;
int * Private;
int * Reason;

Widget

Specifies the ID of the widget passed to this subroutine.

XmClipboardStartCopy

DataIdentification Specifies the identifying number returned by the

XmClipboardCopy subroutine, which identifies the pass-by-name

data.

Private Specifies the private information passed to the XmClipboardCopy

subroutine.

Reason Specifies the reason, which is either

XmCR_CLIPBOARD_DATA_DELETE or XmCR_CLIPBOARD_DATA_REQUEST.

Parameters

Display Specifies a pointer to the **Display** structure that was returned in a

previous call to the XtOpenDisplay subroutine or the XtDisplay

subroutine.

Window Specifies the window ID that relates the application window to the

clipboard. The subroutine window ID can be obtained by using the **XtWindow** subroutine. The same application instance should pass the same window ID to each of the clipboard subroutines that it

calls.

ClipboardLabel Specifies the label to be associated with the data item. This

parameter is used to identify the data item, for example, in a clipboard viewer. An example of a label is the name of the

application that places the data in the clipboard.

TimeStamp Specifies the time of the event that triggered the copy.

Widget Specifies the ID of the widget that receives messages requesting

data previously passed by name. This parameter must be present in

order to pass data by name. Any valid subroutine ID in your application can be used for this purpose and all the message handling is taken care of by the cut and paste subroutines.

Callback Specifies the address of the callback routine that is called when the

clipboard needs data that was originally passed by name. This is also the callback to receive the **delete** message for items that were originally passed by name. This parameter must be present in order

to pass data by name.

ItemIdentification Specifies the number assigned to this data item. The application

uses this number in calls to the XmClipboardCopy subroutine, the

XmClipboardEndCopy subroutine, and the XmClipboardCancelCopy subroutine.

Return Values

ClipboardSuccess The subroutine is successful.

ClipboardLocked The subroutine is unsuccessful because the clipboard was locked

by another application. The application can continue to call the subroutine again with the same parameters until the lock goes away. This gives the application the opportunity to ask if the user

wants to keep trying or to give up the operation.

XmClipboardStartCopy

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/Xm/CutPaste.h

Related Information

The XmClipboardCancelCopy subroutine, XmClipboardCopy subroutine, XmClipboardCopyByName subroutine, XmClipboardEndCopy subroutine, XmClipboardEndRetrieve subroutine, XmClipboardInquireCount subroutine, XmClipboardInquireFormat subroutine, XmClipboardInquireLength subroutine, XmClipboardInquirePendingItems subroutine, XmClipboardLock subroutine, XmClipboardRegisterFormat subroutine, XmClipboardRetrieve subroutine, XmClipboardStartRetrieve subroutine, XmClipboardUndoCopy subroutine, XmClipboardUnlock subroutine, XmClipboardWithdrawFormat subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine, XtDisplay subroutine, XtWindow subroutine.

XmClipboardStartRetrieve Subroutine

Purpose

A subroutine that starts a copy from the clipboard.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>
#include <Xm/CutPaste.h>

int XmClipboardStartRetrieve(Display, Window, Timestamp)

Display * Display; Window Window; Time Timestamp;

Description

The XmClipboardStartRetrieve subroutine tells the clipboard routines that the application is ready to start copying an item from the clipboard. The clipboard is locked by this subroutine, and stays locked until the XmClipboardRetrieve subroutine is called. Between a call to the XmClipboardStartRetrieve subroutine and a call to the XmClipboardEndRetrieve subroutine, multiple calls to the XmClipboardRetrieve subroutine with the same format name resulst in data being incrementally copied from the clipboard until the data in that format has all been copied.

The value ClipboardTruncate, returned by calls to the XmClipboardRetrieve subroutine, indicates that more data remains to be copied in the given format. Any calls to the XmClipboardInquire subroutines that the application must make to effect the copy from the clipboard should be made between the call to the XmClipboardStartRetrieve subroutine and the first call to the XmClipboardRetrieve subroutine. That way, the application does not need to call the XmClipboardLock subroutine and the XmClipboardUnlock subroutine. Applications do not need to use the XmClipboardStartRetrieve subroutine and the XmClipboardEndRetrieve subroutine, in which case XmClipboardRetrieve subroutine works as it did before.

Parameters

Display Specifies a pointer to the **Display** structure that was returned in a

previous call to the XtOpenDisplay subroutine or the XtDisplay

subroutine.

Window Specifies the window ID that relates the application window to the

clipboard. The subroutine window ID can be obtained by using the **XtWindow** subroutine. The same application instance should pass the same window ID to each of the clipboard subroutines that it calls.

Timestamp Specifies the time of the event that triggered the copy.

Return Value

ClipboardSuccess The subroutine is successful.

XmClipboardStartRetrieve

ClipboardLocked

The subroutine is unsuccessful because the clipboard was locked by another application can continue to call the subroutine again with the same parameters until the lock goes away. This gives the application the opportunity to ask if the user wants to keep trying or to give up on the operation.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/Xm/CutPaste.h

Related Information

The XmClipboardEndRetrieve subroutine, XmClipboardInquireCount subroutine, XmClipboardInquireFormat subroutine, XmClipboardInquireLength subroutine, XmClipboardInquirePendingItems subroutine, XmClipboardLock subroutine, XmClipboardRetrieve subroutine, XmClipboardStartCopy subroutine, XmClipboardUnlock subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine, XtDisplay subroutine, XtWindow subroutine.

XmClipboardUndoCopy Subroutine

Purpose

A clipboard subroutine that deletes the last item placed on the clipboard.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h> #include <Xm/CutPaste.h>

int XmClipboardUndoCopy(Display, Window)

Display * Display; Window;

Description

The **XmClipboardUndoCopy** subroutine deletes the last item placed on the clipboard if the item was placed there by an application with the passed *Display* and *Window* parameters. Any data item deleted from the clipboard by the original call to the **XmClipboardCopy** subroutine is restored. If the *Display* or *Window* parameter IDs do not match the last copied item, no action is taken, and this subroutine has no effect.

Parameters

Display Specifies a pointer to the **Display** structure that was returned in a previous

call to the XtOpenDisplay subroutine or the XtDisplay subroutine.

Window Specifies the window ID that relates the application window to the clipboard.

The widget window ID can be obtained by using the XtWindow subroutine.

The same instance should pass the same window ID to each of the

clipboard subroutines it calls.

Return Values

ClipboardSuccess The subroutine is successful.

ClipboardLocked The subroutine is unsuccessful because the clipboard was locked

by another application. The application can continue to call the subroutine again with the same parameters until the lock goes away. This gives the application the opportunity to ask if the user

wants to keep trying or to give up on the operation.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/Xm/CutPaste.h

XmClipboardUndoCopy

Related Information

The XmClipboardCopy subroutine, XmClipboardLock subroutine, XmClipboardStartCopy subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine, XtDisplay subroutine, XtWindow subroutine.

XmClipboardUnlock Subroutine

Purpose

A clipboard subroutine that unlocks the clipboard.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h> #include <Xm/CutPaste.h>

int XmClipboardUnlock (Display, Window, RemoveAllLocks)

Display * Display; Window Window;

Boolean RemoveAllLocks

Description

The **XmClipboardUnlock** subroutine unlocks the clipboard, enabling it to be accessed by other applications.

If multiple calls to the **XmClipboardLock** subroutine have occurred, the same number of calls must be made to the **XmClipboardUnlock** subroutine to unlock the clipboard, unless the *RemoveAllLocks* parameter is set to **True**.

The application should lock the clipboard before multiple calls to the

XmClipboardCopyByName subroutine and should unlock the clipboard after completion.

Parameters

Display Specifies a pointer to the **Display** structure that was returned in a

previous call to the XtOpenDisplay subroutine or the XtDisplay

subroutine.

Window Specifies the window ID that relates the application window to the

clipboard. The widget window can be obtained by using the **XtWindow** subroutine. The same application instance should pass the same window ID to each of the clipboard subroutines it calls.

RemoveAllLocks Indicates that all nested locks should be removed, when True.

When False, indicates that only one level of lock should be

removed.

Return Values

ClipboardSuccess The subroutine is successful.

ClipboardLocked The subroutine is unsuccessful because the clipboard was locked

by another application. The application can continue to call the subroutine again with the same parameters until the lock goes away. This gives the application the opportunity to ask if the user

wants to keep trying or to give up on the operation.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/Xm/CutPaste.h

Related Information

The XmClipboardCancelCopy subroutine, XmClipboardCopy subroutine, XmClipboardCopyByName subroutine, XmClipboardEndCopy subroutine, XmClipboardEndRetrieve subroutine, XmClipboardInquireCount subroutine, XmClipboardInquireFormat subroutine, XmClipboardInquireLength subroutine, XmClipboardInquirePendingItems subroutine, XmClipboardLock subroutine, XmClipboardRegisterFormat subroutine, XmClipboardRetrieve subroutine, XmClipboardStartCopy subroutine, XmClipboardStartRetrieve subroutine, XmClipboardUndoCopy subroutine, XmClipboardWithdrawFormat subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine, XtDisplay subroutine, XtWindow subroutine.

XmClipboardWithdrawFormat Subroutine

Purpose

A clipboard subroutine that indicates that the application no longer wants to supply a data

item.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>
#include <Xm/CutPaste.h>

int XmClipboardWithdrawFormat(Display, Window,

DataIdentification)

Display * Display; Window Window; int Dataldentification;

Description

The **XmClipboardWithdrawFormat** subroutine indicates that the application no longer supplies to the clipboard a data item that the application had previously passed by name.

Parameters

Display Specifies a pointer to the **Display** structure that was returned in a

previous call to the XtOpenDisplay subroutine or the XtDisplay

subroutine.

Window Specifies the window ID that relates the application window to the

clipboard. The widget window ID can be obtained by using the **XtWindow** subroutine. The same application instance should pass the same window ID to each of the clipboard subroutine that it calls.

DataIdentification Specifies an identifying number assigned to the data item that

uniquely identifies the data item and the format. This was assigned to the item when it was originally passed by the XmClipboardCopy

subroutine.

Return Values

ClipboardSuccess The subroutine is successful.

ClipboardLocked The subroutine is unsuccessful because the clipboard was locked

by another application. The application can continue to call the subroutine again with the same parameters until the lock goes away. This gives the application the opportunity to ask if the user

wants to keep trying or to give up on the operation.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

${\bf XmClipboardWithdrawFormat}$

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/Xm/CutPaste.h

Related Information

The XmClipboardCopy subroutine, XmClipboardStartCopy subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine, XtDisplay subroutine, XtWindow subroutine.

XmCommandAppendValue

XmCommandAppendValue Subroutine

Purpose

A **Command** subroutine that appends the passed **XmString** to the end of the string displayed in the command area of the widget.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Command.h>

void XmCreateAppendValue(Widget, Command)

Widget Widget; XmString Command;

Description

The XmCommandAppendValue subroutine appends the passed XmString type to the end of the string displayed in the command area of the Command widget.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the Command widget ID.

Command

Specifies the passed XmString type.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Command.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

XmCommandError Subroutine

Purpose

A Command subroutine that displays an error message.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Command.h>

void XmCommandError(Widget, Error)

Widget Widget, XmString Error,

Description

The **XmCommandError** subroutine displays an error message in the history area of a **Command** widget. The **XmString** error is displayed until the next command entered occurs.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the Command widget ID.

Error

Specifies the passed XmString type.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Command.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

XmCommandGetChild Subroutine

Purpose

A Command subroutine that is used to access a component.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Command.h>

Widget XmCommandGetChild(Widget, Child)

Widget Widget; unsigned char Child;

Description

The XmCommandGetChild subroutine is used to access a component within a Command subroutine. The parameters given to the subroutine are the Command widget and a value indicating which child to access.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the Command widget ID.

Child

Specifies the component within the Command widget. The

following are legal values for this parameter:

XmDIALOG_COMMAND_TEXT XmDIALOG_PROMPT_LABEL XmDIALOG_HISTORY_LIST.

Return Value

Returns the widget ID of the specified Command child.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Command.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

XmCommandSetValue Subroutine

Purpose

A Command subroutine that replaces a displayed string.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Command.h>

void XmCommandSetValue(Widget, Command)

Widget Widget; XmString Command;

Description

The XmCommandSetValue subroutine is a Command subroutine that replaces the string that is displayed in the command area of the Command widget with the passed XmString type.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the Command widget ID.

Command

Specifies the passes XmString type.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Command.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

XmConvertUnits Subroutine

Purpose

Converts a value in one unit type to another unit type.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Widget Widget int Orientation; int FromUnitType; int FromValue; int ToUnitType;

Description

The **XmConvertUnits** subroutine converts the value and returns it as the return value from the subroutine.

The FromUnitType and ToUnitType parameters can have the following values:

- XmPIXELS—all values provided to the widget are treated as normal pixel values. This is the default for parameter.
- Xm100TH_MILLIMETERS—all values provided to the widget are treated as 1/100 millimeter.
- Xm1000TH_INCHES-all values provided to the widget are treated as 1/1000 inch.
- Xm100TH_POINTS—all values provided to the widget are treated as 1/100 point. A point is a unit typically used in text processing applications and is defined as 1/72 inch.
- Xm100TH_FONT_UNITS—all values provided to the widget are treated as 1/100—font unit. The value to be used for the font unit is determined in one of two ways. The resource XmNfont can be used in a defaults file or on the command line. The standard command line options of —fn and —font can also be used. The font unit value is taken as the QUAD_WIDTH property of the font. The XmSetFontUnits subroutine allows applications to specify the font unit values.

Parameters

Widget Specifies the widget for which the data is to be converted.

Orientation Specifies whether the converter uses the horizontal or vertical

screen resolution when performing the conversions and can have

values of XmHORIZONTAL or XmVERTICAL.

FromUnitType Specifies the current unit type of the supplied value.

From Value Specifies the value to be converted.

ToUnitType Converts the value to the unit type specified.

Return Value

Returns the converted value.

Error

If a **NULL** widget, incorrect orientation, or incorrect *UnitType* is supplied as parameter data, zero is returned.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmSetFontUnit subroutine.

XmCreateArrowButton Subroutine

Purpose

The ArrowButton widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/ArrowB.h>

Widget XmCreateArrowButton(Parent, Name, ArgumentList,

ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name;

ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateArrowButton subroutine creates an instance of an ArrowButton widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the ArrowButton widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/ArrowB.h

Related Information

The XmArrowButton widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateArrowButtonGadget Subroutine

Purpose

The ArrowButtonGadget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/ArrowB.h>

Widget XmCreateArrowButtonGadget (Parent, Name,

ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent,
String Name;
ArgList ArgumentList,
Cardinal ArgumentCount,

Description

The XmCreateArrowButtonGadget subroutine creates an instance of an XmArrowButtonGadget gadget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the ArrowButtonGadget widget ID.

File

/usr/include/Xm/ArrowB.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XmArrowButtonGadget gadget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateBulletinBoard Subroutine

Purpose

A BulletinBoard widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/BulletinB.h>

Widget XmCreateBulletinBoard(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name; ArgList ArgumentList;

ArgList ArgumentList;
Cardinal ArgumentCount:

Description

The XmCreateBulletinBoard subroutine creates an instance of a BulletinBoard widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

Argument Count

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the BulletinBoard widget ID.

File

/usr/include/Xm/BulletinB.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XmBulletinBoard widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateBulletinBoardDialog Subroutine

Purpose

The BulletinBoard Dialog convenience creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/BulletinB.h>

Widget XmCreateBulletinBoardDialog(Parent, Name, ArgumentList,

ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name; ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateBulletinBoardDialog subroutine is a convenience creation subroutine that creates a DialogShell widget and an unmanaged BulletinBoard child of the DialogShell widget. A BulletinBoardDialog widget is used for interactions not supported by the standard dialog set. This subroutine does not automatically create any labels, buttons, or other dialog components. Such components should be added by the application after the BulletinBoardDialog widget is created.

Use the **XtManageChild** subroutine to pop up the **BulletinBoardDialog** widget (passing the **BulletinBoard** widget as the widget parameter); use the **XtUnmanageChild** subroutine to pop it down.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the BulletinBoard widget ID.

File

/usr/include/Xm/BulletinB.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XmCreateBulletinBoardDialog

Related Information

The XmBulletinBoard widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateCascadeButton Subroutine

Purpose

The CascadeButton widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/CascadeB.h>

Widget XmCreateCascadeButton (Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent;

String Name; ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateCascadeButton subroutine creates an instance of a CascadeButton widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID. The parent must be a RowColumn

widget.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the CascadeButton widget ID.

File

/usr/include/Xm/CascadeB.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XmCascadeButton widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateCascadeButtonGadget Subroutine

Purpose

The CascadeButtonGadget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/CascadeBG.h>

Widget XmCreateCascadeButtonGadget(Parent, Name,

ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name;

ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateCascadeButtonGadget subroutine creates an instance of an XmCascadeButtonGadget gadget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID. The parent must be a RowColumn

widget.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the XmCascadeButtonGadget subroutine ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/CascadeBG.h

Related Information

The XmCascadeButtonGadget widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateCommand Subroutine

Purpose

A Command widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Command.h>

Widget XmCreateCommand(Parent, Name, ArgumentList,

ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name;

ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount

Description

The XmCreateCommand subroutine creates an instance of a Command widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget.

Name

Specifies a name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the Command widget ID.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Command.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XmCommand widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateDialogShell Subroutine

Purpose

The DialogShell widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/DialogS.h>

Widget XmCreateDialogShell(Parent, Name,

ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name;

ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateDialogShell subroutine creates an instance of a DialogShell widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the DialogShell widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/DialogS.h

Related Information

The XmDialogShell widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateDrawingArea Subroutine

Purpose

The **DrawingArea** widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/DrawingA.h>

Widget XmCreateDrawingArea(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name;

ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateDrawingArea subroutine creates an instance of a DrawingArea widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent Specifies the parent widget for the widget to be created.

Name Specifies a name for the created widget. This name is used for

retrieving resources; it should not be the same as the name of any other widget that is a child of the same parent widget, unless identical resource values are used for the child widgets.

identical resource values are used for the child widgets

ArgumentList Specifies the argument list used to override the resource defaults.

ArgumentCount Specifies the number of arguments in the ArgumentList parameter.

Return Value

Returns the **DrawingArea** widget ID.

File

/usr/include/Xm/DrawingA.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XmDrawingArea widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateDrawnButton Subroutine

Purpose

The **DrawnButton** widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/DrawnB.h>

Widget XmCreateDrawnButton(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name:

ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateDrawnButton subroutine creates an instance of a DrawnButton widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent Specifies the parent widget for the widget to be created.

Name Specifies a name for the created widget. This name is used for

> retrieving resources, and therefore it should not be the same as the name of any other widget that is a child of the same parent widget, unless identical resource values are used for the child widgets.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list used to override the resource defaults.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of arguments in the ArgumentList parameter.

Return Value

Returns the DrawnButton widget ID.

File

/usr/include/Xm/DrawnB.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XmDrawnButton widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateErrorDialog Subroutine

Purpose

The MessageBox ErrorDialog convenience creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/MessageB.h>

Widget XmCreateErrorDialog(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name; ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateErrorDialog subroutine is a convenience creation subroutine that creates a DialogShell widget and an unmanaged MessageBox child of the DialogShell widget. A ErrorDialog widget warns the user of an invalid or potentially dangerous condition. It includes a symbol, a message, and three buttons. The default symbol is an octagon with a diagonal slash. The default button labels are OK, Cancel, and Help.

Use the XtManageChild subroutine to pop up the ErrorDialog widget (passing the MessageBox widget as the widget parameter); use the XtUnmanageChild subroutine to pop it down.

Parameters

Parent Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the MessageBox widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/MessageB.h

XmCreateErrorDialog

Related Information

The XmMessageBox widget class, XmDialogShell widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateFileSelectionBox Subroutine

Purpose

The FileSelectionBox widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/FileSB.h>

Widget XmCreateFileSelectionDialog(Parent, Name,

ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent,
String Name;
ArgList ArgumentList,
Cardinal ArgumentCount,

Description

The XmCreateFileSelectionBox subroutine creates an unmanaged FileSelectionBox widget. A FileSelectionBox widget is used to select a file. It includes the following:

- An editable text field for the directory mask.
- · A scrolling list of file names.
- · An editable text field for the selected file.
- · Labels for the list and text fields.
- · Four buttons.

The default button labels are: **OK**, **Filter**, **Cancel**, and **Help**. One additional **WorkArea** can be added to the **FileSelectionBox** widget after creation.

If the parent of the FileSelectionBox widget is a DialogShell widget, use the XtManageChild subroutine to pop up the FileSelectionBox widget (passing the FileSelectionBox widget as the widget parameter); use the XtUnmanageChild subroutine to pop it down.

Parameters

Parent Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the FileSelectionBox widget ID.

XmCreateFileSelectionBox

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/FileSB.h

Related Information

The XmFileSelectionBox widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateFileSelectionDialog Subroutine

Purpose

The FileSelectionBox FileSelectionDialog convenience creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include<Xm/FileSB.h>

Widget XmCreateFileSelectionDialog(Parent, Name,

ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name; ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateFileSelectionDialog is a convenience subroutine that creates a DialogShell widget and an unmanaged FileSelectionBox child of the DialogShell widget. A FileSelectionDialog widget selects a file. It includes the following:

- An editable text field for the directory mask.
- A scrolling list of file names.
- · An editable text field for the selected file.
- Labels for the list and text fields.
- · Four buttons.

The default button labels are: **OK**, **Filter**, **Cancel**, and **Help**. One additional **WorkArea** can be added to the **FileSelectionBox** widget after creation.

Use the XtManageChild subroutine to pop up the FileSelectionBox widget (passing the XmFileSelectionBox widget parameter); use the XtUnmanageChild subroutine to pop it down.

Parameters

Parent Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the FileSelectionBox widget ID.

XmCreateFileSelectionDialog

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/FileSB.h

Related Information

The XmFileSelectionBox widget class, XmDialogShell widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateForm Subroutine

Purpose

The Form widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Form.h>

Widget XmCreateForm(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name;

ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateForm subroutine creates an instance of a Form widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the Form widget ID.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Form.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XmForm widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateFormDialog Subroutine

Purpose

A Form FormDialog convenience creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Form.h>

Widget XmCreateFormDialog(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)
Widget Parent;
String Name;
ArgList ArgumentList;
Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateFormDialog subroutine is a convenience creation subroutine that creates a DialogShell widget and an unmanaged Form widget child of the DialogShell widget. A FormDialog widget is used for interactions not supported by the standard dialog set. This subroutine does not automatically create any labels, buttons, or other dialog components. Such components should be added by the application after the FormDialog widget is created.

Use the **XtManageChild** subroutine to pop up the **XmFormDialog** subroutine (passing the **Form** widget as the widget parameter); use the **XtUnmanageChild** subroutine to pop it down.

Parameters

Parent Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the Form widget ID.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Form.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XmForm widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateFrame Subroutine

Purpose

The Frame widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Frame.h>

Widget XmCreateFrame(Parent, Name, ArgumentList,

ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name;

ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The **XmCreateFrame** subroutine creates an instance of a **Frame** widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies a name for the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

The XmCreateFrame subroutine returns the Frame widget ID.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Frame.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XmFrame widget, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateInformationDialog Subroutine

Purpose

The MessageBox InformationDialog convenience creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/MessageB.h>

Widget XmCreateInformationDialog(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name; ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateInformationDialog subroutine creates a DialogShell widget and an unmanaged MessageBox child of the DialogShell widget. An InformationDialog widget gives the user information, such as the status of an action. It includes a symbol, a message, and three buttons. The default symbol is a lower case i. The default button labels are OK, Cancel, and Help.

Use the XtManageChild subroutine to pop up the InformationDialog widget (passing the MessageBox widget as the widget parameter); use the XtUnmanageChild subroutine to pop it down.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

The XmCreateInformationDialog subroutine returns the MessageBox widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/MessageB.h

XmCreateInformationDialog

Related Information

The XmMessageBox widget class, XmDialogShell widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateLabel Subroutine

Purpose

The Label widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Label.h>

Widget XmCreateLabel(Parent, Name, ArgumentList,

ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name;

ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateLabel subroutine creates an instance of a Label widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies a name for the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

The XmCreateLabel subroutine returns the Label widget ID.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Label.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XmLabel widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateLabelGadget Subroutine

Purpose

The LabelGadget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/LabelGadget.h>

Widget XmCreateLabelGadget(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name;

ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateLabelGadget subroutine creates an instance of a LabelGadget gadget and returns the associated gadget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies a name for the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

The XmCreateLabelGadget subroutine returns the LabelGadget gadget ID.

File

/usr/include/Xm/LabelGadget.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XmLabelGadget gadget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateList Subroutine

Purpose

The List widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/List.h>

XmCreateList(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Widget; String Name; ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateList subroutine creates an instance of a List widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies a name for the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

The XmCreateList returns the List widget ID.

File

/usr/include/Xm/List.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XmList widget, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateMainWindow Subroutine

Purpose

The MainWindow widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/MainWindow.h>

Widget XmCreateMainWindow(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name;

ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateMainWindow subroutine creates an instance of a MainWindow widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

The XmCreateMainWindow subroutine returns the MainWindow widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/MainWindow.h

Related Information

The XmMainWindow widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateMenuBar Subroutine

Purpose

A RowColumn widget convenience creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/RowColumn.h>

Widget XmCreateMenuBar(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)
Widget Parent;
String Name;
ArgList ArgumentList;
Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateMenuBar subroutine is a convenience subroutine that creates an instance of a RowColumn widget of the XmMENU_BAR type and returns the associated widget ID.

This subroutine creates a **RowColumn** widget configured to operate as a **MenuBar** widget and is not implemented as a separate widget class.

The MenuBar widget is generally used for building a Pulldown menu system. Typically, a MenuBar widget is created and placed along the top of the application window, and several CascadeButton widgets are inserted as the children. Each CascadeButton widget has a Pulldown MenuPane associated with it. These Pulldown MenuPanes must have been created as children of the MenuBar widget. The user interacts with the MenuBar by using either the mouse or the keyboard.

The **MenuBar** widget displays a three–dimensional shadow along its border. The client application controls the shadow resources using the visual resources supported by the **XmManager** widget.

The **MenuBar** widget is homogeneous in that it only accepts children that are a subclass of the **CascadeButton** widget. Attempting to insert a child of a different widget class results in a warning message.

If the **MenuBar** widget does not have enough room to fit all of its subwidgets on a single line, the **MenuBar** widget attempts to wrap the remaining entries onto additional lines if allowed by the geometry manager of the parent widget.

Parameters

Parent Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the RowColumn widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/RowColumn.h

Related Information

The XmCascadeButton widget class, XmManager widget class, XmRowColumn widget class, XmCreatePulldownMenu subroutine, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateMenuShell Subroutine

Purpose

The MenuShell widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/MenuShell.h>

Widget XmCreateMenuShell(Parent, Name, ArgumentList,

ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name;

ArgList ArgumentList, Cardinal ArgumentCount,

Description

The XmCreateMenuShell subroutine creates an instance of a MenuShell widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the MenuShell widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/MenuShell.h

Related Information

The XmMenuShell widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateMessageBox Subroutine

Purpose

The MessageBox widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Message.h>

Widget XmCreateMessageBox(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name; ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateMessageBox subroutine creates an instance of a MessageBox widget and returns the associated widget ID.

A **MessageBox** widget is used for common interaction tasks, which include giving information, asking questions, and reporting errors. It includes the following:

- An optional symbol
- A message
- · Three buttons.

By default, there is no symbol. The default button labels are **OK**, **Cancel**, and **Help**.

If the parent of the **MessageBox** widget is a **DialogShell** widget, use the **XtManageChild** subroutine to pop up the **MessageBox** widget (passing the **MessageBox** widget as the widget parameter); use the **XtUnmanageChild** subroutine to pop it down.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the MessageBox widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XmCreateMessageBox

File

/usr/include/Xm/Message.h

Related Information

The XmMessageBox widget class, XmDialogShell widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateMessageDialog Subroutine

Purpose

The MessageBox MessageDialog convenience creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/MessageB.h>

Widget XmCreateMessageDialog(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name; ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateMessageDialog subroutine is a convenience creation subroutine that creates a DialogShell widget and an unmanaged MessageBox child of the DialogShell widget. A MessageDialog widget is used for common interaction tasks, which include giving information, asking questions, and reporting errors. It includes a symbol, a message, and three buttons. By default, there is no symbol. The default button labels are OK, Cancel, and Help.

Use the XtManageChild subroutine to pop up the XmMessageDialog widget (passing the MessageBox widget as the widget parameter); use the XtUnmanageChild subroutine to pop it down.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

The XmCreateMessageDialog subroutine returns the MessageBox widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/MessageB.h

XmCreateMessageDialog

Related Information

The XmMessageBox widget class, XmDialogShell widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateOptionMenu Subroutine

Purpose

A **RowColumn** widget convenience creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/RowColumn.h>

Widget XmCreateOptionMenu(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name; ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateOptionMenu subroutine creates an instance of a RowColumn widget of the type XmMENU_OPTION and returns the associated widget ID.

It is provided as a convenience subroutine for creating a **RowColumn** widget configured to operate as an **OptionMenu** widget, which is not implemented as a separate widget class.

The OptionMenu widget is a specialized RowColumn widget manager composed of a label, a selection area, and a single Pulldown MenuPane. When an application creates an OptionMenu widget, it supplies the label string and the Pulldown MenuPane. For the creation to succeed, there must be a valid XmNsubMenuId resource set when calling this subroutine. When the OptionMenu widget is created, the Pulldown MenuPane must have been created as a child of the OptionMenu parent widget and must be specified. The LabelGadget gadget and the selection area (a CascadeButton widget) are created by the OptionMenu widget.

An **OptionMenu** widget is laid out with the label displayed on the left side of the widget and the selection area on the right side. The selection area has a dual purpose; it displays the label of the last item selected from the associated **Pulldown MenuPane**, and it provides the means for posting the **Pulldown MenuPane**.

An **OptionMenu** widget typically does not display any 3–D visuals around itself or the internal **LabelGadget** gadget. By default, the internal **CascadeButtonGadget** gadget has a visible 3–D shadow. The application may change the value of the parameter associated with this resource by getting the **XmCascadeButtonGadget** gadget ID using the **XmOptionButtonGadget** subroutine, and then calling the **XtSetValues** subroutine using the standard visual—related resources.

The **Pulldown MenuPane** is posted by moving the mouse pointer over the selection area and pressing the mouse button defined by the **OptionMenu** widget's **XmNwhichButton** resource. The **Pulldown MenuPane** is posted and positioned so that the last selected item is directly over the selection area. The mouse is then used to arm the desired menu item. When the mouse button is released, the armed menu item is selected and the label within the selection area is changed to match that of the selected item. By default, the left mouse button (Button 1) is used to interact with an **OptionMenu** widget. The default can be changed through the **RowColumn** resource **XmNwhichButton**.

XmCreateOptionMenu

An **OptionMenu** widget also operates by using the keyboard interface mechanism. If the application has established a mnemonic with the **OptionMenu** widget, typing the mnemonic causes the **Pulldown MenuPane** to be posted with keyboard traversal enabled. The standard traversal keys can then be used to move within the **MenuPane** widget. Selection can occur as a result of pressing the Return key or typing a mnemonic or accelerator for one of the menu items.

An application can use the **XmNmenuHistory** resource to indicate which item in the **Pulldown MenuPane** widget should be treated as the current choice and have its label displayed in the selection area. By default, the first item in the **Pulldown MenuPane** widget is used.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the RowColumn widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/RowColumn.h

Related Information

The XmCacadeButtonGadget gadget class, XmCreatePulldownMenu subroutine, XmLabelGadget gadget class, XmRowColumn widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreatePanedWindow Subroutine

Purpose

The PanedWindow widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <X11/Intrinsic.h> #include <Xm/Xm.h> #include <Xm/PanedW.h>

Widget XmCreatePanedWindow(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent,
String Name;
ArgList ArgumentList,
Cardinal ArgumentCount,

Description

The XmCreatePanedWindow subroutine creates an instance of a XmPanedWindow widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

The XmCreatePanedWindow subroutine returns the XmPanedWindow widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/X11/Intrinsic.h /usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/Xm/PanedW.h

Related Information

The XmPanedWindow widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreatePopupMenu Subroutine

Purpose

A RowColumn widget convenience creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/RowColumn.h>

Widget XmCreatePopupMenu(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name; ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreatePopupMenu subroutine is a convenience subroutine that creates an instance of a RowColumn widget of type XmMENU_POPUP and returns the associated widget ID. When this subroutine is used to create the Popup Menupane widget, a MenuShell widget is automatically created as the Parent of the MenuPane widget. The parent of the MenuShell widget is the widget indicated by the Parent parameter.

The XmCreatePopupMenu subroutine creates a RowColumn widget configured to operate as a Popup MenuPane and is not implemented as a separate widget class.

The XmPopupMenu subroutine is used as the first MenuPane widget within a XmPopupMenu system; all other MenuPane widgets are of the Pulldown type. A Popup MenuPane widget displays a three-dimensional shadow, unless the feature is disabled by the application. The shadow appears around the edge of the MenuPane widget.

The **Popup MenuPane** widget must be created as the child of a **MenuShell** widget in order to function properly when it is incorporated into a menu. If the application uses this convenience subroutine to create a **Popup MenuPane**, the **MenuShell** widget is automatically created as the real parent of the **XmMenuPane** widget. If the application does not use this convenience subroutine to create the **XmRowColumn** widget to subroutine as a **Popup MenuPane**, it is the application's responsibility to create the **MenuShell** widget.

To access the **Popup Menu** widget, the application must first position the widget using the **XmMenuPosition** subroutine and then manage it using the **XtManageChild** subroutine.

Parameters

Parent Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

XmCreatePopupMenu

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/RowColumn.h>

Related Information

The XmRowColumn widget, XmMenuPosition subroutine, XmMenuShell widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreatePromptDialog

XmCreatePromptDialog Subroutine

Purpose

The **SelectionBox PromptDialog** convenience creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

AlXwindows Library (liblM.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/SelectioB.h>

Widget XmCreatePromptDialog(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name; ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreatePromptDialog subroutine is a convenience subroutine that creates a DialogShell widget and an unmanaged SelectionBox child of the DialogShell widget. A PromptDialog widget prompts the user for text input. It includes a message, a text input region, and three managed buttons. The default button labels are OK, Cancel, and Help. An additional button, with Apply as the default label, is created unmanaged; it can be explicitly managed if needed. One additional WorkArea child can be added to the SelectionBox widget after creation.

Note: You should be aware of the proper usage of the **XmText** widget class before using the **XmCreatePromptDialog** subroutine.

Use the XtManageChild subroutine to pop up the PromptDialog widget (passing the SelectionBox as the widget parameter); use the XtUnmanageChild subroutine to pop it down.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the SelectionBox widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XmCreatePromptDialog

File

/usr/include/Xm/SelectioB.h

Related Information

The XmSelectionBox widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreatePulldownMenu Subroutine

Purpose

A RowColumn widget convenience creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/RowColumn.h>

Widget XmCreatePulldownMenu(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name; ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreatePulldownMenu subroutine creates an instance of a RowColumn widget of type XmMENU_PULLDOWN and returns the associated widget ID. When using this subroutine to create the Pulldown MenuPane widget, a MenuShell widget is automatically created as the parent of the MenuPane widget. If the widget specified by the Parent parameter is a Popup or Pulldown MenuPane widget, the MenuShell widget is created as a child of the parent's MenuShell widget; otherwise, it is created as a child of the specified Parent widget.

The XmCreatePulldownMenu subroutine is provided as a convenience subroutine for creating RowColumn widgets configured to operate as Pulldown MenuPane widgets and is not implemented as a separate widget class.

A **Pulldown MenuPane** widget displays a three—dimensional shadow, unless the feature is disabled by the application. The shadow appears around the edge of the **MenuPane** widget.

A Pulldown MenuPane widget is used when creating submenus that are to be attached to a CascadeButton widget of CascadeButtonGadget. This is the case for all MenuPane widgets that are part of a Pulldown menu system (a MenuBar widget), the MenuPane widget associated with an OptionMenu widget, and any MenuPane widgets that cascade from a Popup MenuPane widget. Any Pulldown MenuPane widgets that are to be associated with an XmOptionMenu widget must be created before the OptionMenu widget is created.

The Pulldown MenuPane must be attached to a CascadeButton widget or CascadeButtonGadget which resides in a MenuBar, a Popup MenuPane, a Pulldown MenuPane, or an OptionMenu. This is done by using the button resource XmNsubMenuId.

A MenuShell widget is required between the Pulldown MenuPane and its parent. If the application uses this convenience subroutine for creating a Pulldown MenuPane, the MenuShell is automatically created as the real parent of the MenuPane; otherwise, it is the application's responsibility to create the MenuShell widget.

XmCreatePulldownMenu

To function correctly when incorporated into a menu, the **Pulldown MenuPane** widget's hierarchy must be considered; this hierarchy is dependent upon the type of menu system that is being built:

- If the **Pulldown MenuPane** is to be pulled down from a **MenuBar**, its *Parent* parameter must be the **MenuBar**.
- If the Pulldown MenuPane is to be pulled down from a Popup or another Pulldown MenuPane, its Parent parameter must be Popup or Pulldown MenuPane.
- If the **Pulldown MenuPane** is to be pulled down from an **OptionMenu**, its *Parent* parameter must be the same as the **OptionMenu** parent.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmRowColumn widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreatePushButton Subroutine

Purpose

The **PushButton** widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/PushB.h>

Widget XmCreatePushButton(Parent, Name, ArgumentList,

ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name;

ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreatePushButton subroutine creates an instance of a PushButton widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Values

The XmCreatePushButton subroutine returns the PushButton widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/PushB.h

Related Information

The XmPushButton widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreatePushButtonGadget Subroutine

Purpose

The PushButtonGadget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/PushBG.h>

Widget XmCreatePushButtonGadget(Parent, Name,

ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent, String Name;

ArgList ArgumentList, Cardinal ArgumentCount,

Description

The XmCreatePushButtonGadget subroutine creates an instance of a PushButtonGadget widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the PushButtonGadget widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/PushBG.h

Related Information

The XmPushButtonGadget gadget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateQuestionDialog Subroutine

Purpose

The MessageBox QuestionDialog convenience creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/MessageB.h>

Widget XmCreateQuestionDialog(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name; ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateQuestionDialog subroutine is a convenience creation subroutine that creates a DialogShell widget and an unmanaged MessageBox child of a DialogShell widget. A QuestionDialog widget is used to get the answer to a question from the user. It includes a symbol, a message, and three buttons. The default symbol is a question mark. The default button labels are OK, Cancel, and Help.

Use the XtManageChild subroutine to pop up the XmQuestionDialog widget (passing the MessageBox widget as the widget parameter); use the XtUnmanageChild subroutine to pop it down.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

The XmCreateQuestionDialog subroutine returns the MessageBox widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/MessageB.h

Related Information

The XmMessageBox widget, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateRadioBox Subroutine

Purpose

A RowColumn widget convenience creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/RowColumn.h>

Widget XmCreateRadioBox(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent, String Name; ArgList ArgumentList, Cardinal ArgumentCount,

Description

The XmCreateRadioBox subroutine creates an instance of a RowColumn widget of the type XmWORK_AREA and returns the associated widget ID. Typically, this is a composite widget that contains multiple ToggleButtonGadget gadgets. The RadioBox widget arbitrates and ensures that only one ToggleButtonGadget gadget is on at any given time.

The **ToggleButton** widget is forced to have the **XmNindicatorType** set to the **XmONE_OF_MANY** value and the **XmNvisibleWhenOff** resource set to **True**.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the RowColumn widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/RowColumn.h

Related Information

The XmRowColumn widget class, XmToggleButtonGadget gadget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateRowColumn Subroutine

Purpose

The RowColumn widget creation subroutine.

Library

AIXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <X11/Intrinsic.h>
#include <Xm/Xm.h>
#include <Xm/RowColumn.h>

Widget XmCreateRowColumn(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name; Arglist ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateRowColumn subroutine creates an instance of an XmRowColumn widget and returns the associated widget ID. If XmNrowColumnType is not specified, then it is created with XmWORK_AREA, which is the default.

If this subroutine is used to create a **Popup Menu** of type **XmMENU_POPUP** or a **Pulldown Menu** of type **XmMENU_PULLDOWN**, a **MenuShell** widget is not automatically created as the parent of the Menupane. The application must first create the **MenuShell** widget by using either the **XmCreateMenuShell** subroutine or the **XtCreateWidget** subroutine.

The XmRowColumn widget contains a complete definition of the XmRowColumn subroutine and its associated resources.

Parameters

Parent Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Values

The XmCreateRowColumn subroutine returns the XmRowColumn widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XmCreateRowColumn

Files

/usr/include/X11/Intrinsic.h /usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/Xm/RowColumn.h

Related Information

The XmRowColumn widget class, XmCreateMenuShell subroutine, XmCreatePopupMenu subroutine, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine, XtCreateWidget subroutine.

XmCreateScale Subroutine

Purpose

The Scale widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Scale.h>

Widget XmCreateScale(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name;

ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The **XmCreateScale** subroutine creates an instance of a **Scale** widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Scale.h

Related Information

The XmScale widget, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateScrollBar Subroutine

Purpose

The ScrollBar widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/ScrollBar.h>

Widget XmCreateScrollBar(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name;

ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateScrollBar creates an instance of a ScrollBar widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList parameter.

Return Values

The XmCreateScrollBar subroutine returns the ScrollBar widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/ScrollBar.h

Related Information

The XmScrollBar widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateScrolledList Subroutine

Purpose

The List ScrolledList convenience creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/List.h>

XmCreateScrolledList(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name; ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateScrolledList subroutine creates an instance of a List widget that is contained within a ScrolledWindow widget. All ScrolledWindow subarea widgets are created automatically by this subroutine. The ID returned by this subroutine is that of the List widget. Use this ID for all normal List widget operations, as well as for those that are relevant for the ScrolledList widget.

Other aspects of appearance and behavior of the **ScrolledList** widget should be controlled by using the **ScrolledWindow** widget resource. For instance, to specify the *x,y* location of a **ScrolledList** widget within a larger manager, set the **XmNx** and **XmNy** resources of the **ScrolledWindow** widget rather than that of the **List** widget.

To obtain the ID of the **ScrolledWindow** widget associated with the **ScrolledList** widget, use the **XtParent** subroutine. The name of the **ScrolledWindow** widget created by this subroutine is formed by concatenating the letters **SW** onto the end of the *Name* parameter specified in the parameter list.

Parameters

Parent Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name Specifies a name for the created widget.

ArgumentList Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

The XmCreateScrolledList subroutine returns the List widget ID.

File

/usr/include/Xm/List.h

XmCreateScrolledList

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XmList widget class, XmScrolledWindow widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateScrolledText Subroutine

Purpose

The TextScrolledText convenience creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

AlXwindows Library (liblM.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Text.h>

Widget XmCreateScrolledText(Parent, Name, ArgumentList,

ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name; ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateScrolledText subroutine creates an instance of a Text widget within a ScrolledWindow widget. All ScrolledWindow subarea widgets are automatically created by this subroutine. The ID returned by this subroutine is that of the Text widget. Use this ID for all normal Text operations as well as for operations relevant for the ScrolledText widget.

Note: You should be aware of the proper usage of the **XmText** widget class before using this subroutine.

The **Text** widget defaults to single—line text edit; no scroll bars are displayed. The **Text** resource **XmNeditMode** must be set to **XmMULTI_LINE_EDIT** to display the scroll bars.

Other aspects of the appearance and behavior of the **ScrolledText** widget should be controlled by using the **ScrolledWindow** widget resources. For instance, to specify the *x,y* location of a **ScrolledText** widget within a larger manager, set the **XmNx** and **XmNy** resources of the **ScrolledWindow** widget rather than of the **Text** widget.

To obtain the ID of the **ScrolledWindow** widget associated with the **ScrolledText** widget, use the **XtParent** subroutine. The name of the **ScrolledWindow** widget created by this subroutine is formed by concatenating the letters **SW** onto the end of the *Name* parameter specified in the parameter list.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

XmCreateScrolledText

Return Value

Returns the Text widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Text.h

Related Information

The XmScrolledWindow widget class, XmText widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateScrolledWindow Subroutine

Purpose

The Scrolledwindow widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/ScrolledW.h>

Widget XmCreateScrolledWindow(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name; ArgList ArgumentList;

Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateScrolledWindow subroutine creates an instance of a ScrolledWindow widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget for the widget ID.

Name

Specifies a name for the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the ScrolledWindow widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/ScrolledW.h

Related Information

The XmScrolledWindow widget, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateSelectionBox Subroutine

Purpose

The SelectionBox widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/SelectioB.h>

Widget XmCreateSelectionBox(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name; ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateSelectionBox subroutine creates an unmanaged SelectionBox widget. A SelectionBox widget offers the user a choice from a list of alternatives and gets a selection. It includes the following:

- · A scrolling list of alternatives.
- An editable text field for the selected alternative.
- · Labels for the list and text field.
- Three buttons.

The default button labels are **OK**, **Cancel**, and **Help**. An **Apply** button is created unmanaged and can be explicitly managed as needed. One additional **WorkArea** child can be added to the **SelectionBox** widget after creation.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the SelectionBox widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XmCreateSelectionBox

File

/usr/include/Xm/SelectioB.h

Related Information

The XmSelectionBox widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateSelectionDialog Subroutine

Purpose

The **SelectionBox SelectionDialog** convenience creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

AlXwindows Library (liblM.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/SelectioB.h>

Widget XmCreateSelectionDialog(*Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount*)

Widget Parent; String Name; ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateSelectionDialog subroutine is a convenience subroutine that creates a DialogShell widget and an unmanaged SelectionBox widget child of the DialogShell widget. A SelectionDialog widget offers the user a choice from a list of alternatives and gets a selection. It includes the following:

- · A scrolling list of alternatives.
- An editable text field for the selected alternative.
- · Labels for the text field.
- Three buttons.

Note: You should be aware of the proper usage of the **XmText** widget class before using the **XmCreateSelectionDialog** subroutine.

The default button labels are **OK**, **Cancel**, and **Help**. One additional **WorkArea** child can be added to the **SelectionBox** widget after creation.

Use the XtManageChild subroutine to pop up the SelectionDialog widget (passing the SelectionBox widget as the widget parameter); use the XtUnmanageChild subroutine to pop it down.

Parameters

Parent Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

XmCreateSelectionDialog

Return Value

Returns the SelectionBox widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/SelectioB.h

Related Information

The XmSelectionBox widget, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateSeparator Subroutine

Purpose

The **Separator** widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Separator.h>

Description

The XmCreateSeparator subroutine creates an instance of a Separator widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the Separator widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Separator.h

Related Information

The XmSeparator widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateSeparatorGadget Subroutine

Purpose

The SeparatorGadget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/SeparatoG.h>

Widget XmCreateSeparatorGadget(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent, String Name;

ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateSeparatorGadget subroutine creates an instance of a SeparatorGadget gadget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the SeparatorGadget widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/SeparatoG.h

Related Information

The XmSeparatorGadget gadget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateText Subroutine

Purpose

The Text widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

AlXwindows Library (liblM.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Text.h>

Widget XmCreateText(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name;

ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateText subroutine creates an instance of a Text widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the Text widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Text.h

Related Information

The XmText widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateToggleButton Subroutine

Purpose

The **ToggleButton** widget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/ToggleB.h>

Widget XmCreateToggleButton(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent, String Name;

ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateToggleButton subroutine creates an instance of a ToggleButton widget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the ToggleButton widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/ToggleB.h

Related Information

The XmToggleButton widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateToggleButtonGadget Subroutine

Purpose

The ToggleButtonGadget creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/ToggleBG.h>

Widget XmCreateToggleButtonGadget(Parent, Name,

ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent,
String Name;
ArgList ArgumentList,
Cardinal ArgumentCount,

Description

The XmCreateToggleButtonGadget subroutine creates an instance of a ToggleButtonGadget gadget and returns the associated widget ID.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Values

Returns the ToggleButtonGadget widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/ToggleBG.h

Related Information

The XmToggleButtonGadget gadget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateWarningDialog Subroutine

Purpose

A MessageBox WarningDialog convenience creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/MessageB.h>

Widget XmCreateWarningDialog(Parent, Name,

ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name; ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateWarningDialog subroutine is a convenience creation subroutine that creates a DialogShell widget and an unmanaged MessageBox child of the DialogShell parent widget. A WarningDialog widget warns the user of action consequences and gives the user a choice of resolutions. It includes a symbol, a message, and three buttons. The default symbol is an exclamation point. The default button labels are OK, Cancel, and Help.

Use the XtManageChild subroutine to pop up the WarningDialog widget (passing the MessageBox widget as the widget parameter); use the XtUnmanageChild subroutine to pop it down.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/MessageB.h

Related Information

The XmMessageBox widget class, XmDialogShell widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCreateWorkingDialog Subroutine

Purpose

The MessageBox WorkingDialog convenience creation subroutine.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/MessageB.h

Widget XmCreateWorkingDialog(Parent, Name, ArgumentList, ArgumentCount)

Widget Parent; String Name; ArgList ArgumentList; Cardinal ArgumentCount;

Description

The XmCreateWorkingDialog subroutine is a convenience subroutine that creates a DialogShell widget and an unmanaged MessageBox widget child of the DialogShell widget. A WorkingDialog widget informs the user that there is a time—consuming operation in progress and gives the user the ability to cancel the operation. It includes a symbol, a message, and three buttons. The default symbol is an hourglass. The default button labels are OK, Cancel, and Help.

Use the **XtManageChild** subroutine to pop up the **WorkingDialog** widget (passing the **MessageBox** widget as the widget parameter); use the **XtUnmanageChild** subroutine to pop it down.

Parameters

Parent

Specifies the parent widget ID.

Name

Specifies the name of the created widget.

ArgumentList

Specifies the argument list.

ArgumentCount

Specifies the number of resource/value pairs in the ArgumentList

parameter.

Return Value

Returns the MessageBox widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/MessageB.h

XmCreateWorkingDialog

Related Information

The XmMessageBox widget class, XmDialogShell widget class, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmCvtStringToUnitType Subroutine

Purpose

Converts a string to a unit-type value.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

void XmCvtStringToUnitType(*Arguments, NumberArguments, FromValue, ToValue*)

XrmValuePtr Arguments; Cardinal * NumberArguments; XrmValue * FromValue; XrmValue * ToValue;

Description

The XmCvtStringToUnitType subroutine converts a string to a unit type. Refer to the XmGadget gadget class, the XmManager widget class, or the XmPrimitive widget class for a description of the valid unit types.

Install this subroutine as a resource converter using the **XtAddConverter** subroutine, rather than calling it directly. The following code segment installs the converter into the toolkit's converter cache. The **XtAddConverter** subroutine permits the **XmNunitType** resource to be specified through a resource file.

XtAddConverter (XmRString, XmRUnitType, XmCvtStringToUnitType, NULL, 0);

The **CvtStringToUnitType** subroutine should only be installed by applications that need to allow the unit type resource to be specified through a resource file. This subroutine must be installed before any widget is created that is to have its **XmNunitType** resource set by data in a resource file.

Parameters

Arguments Specifies a list of additional XrmValue parameters to the converter

if additional context is needed to perform the conversion. For example, the string-to-font converter needs the widget screen, or

the string-to-pixel converter needs the widget screen and

colormap. This parameter is often NULL.

NumberArguments Specifies the number of additional XrmValue parameters. This

parameter is often zero.

From Value Specifies the value to convert.

To Value Specifies the descriptor to use to return the converted value.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

${\bf XmCvtStringToUnitType}$

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmGadget widget class, XmManager widget class, XmPrimitive widget class, XtAddConverter subroutine.

XmDeactivateProtocol Subroutine

Purpose

A VendorShell subroutine that deactivates a protocol without removing it.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <X11/protocols.h> #include <Xm/Xm.h>

void XmDeactivateProtocol(Shell, Property, Protocol)

Widget Shell; Atom Property; Atom Protocol;

Description

The **XmDeactivateProtocol** subroutine updates the handlers, and updates the *Property* parameter if the *Shell* parameter is realized. It is sometimes useful to allow a protocol's state information (callback routine lists, etc.) to persist, even though the client application may choose to resign temporarily from the interaction. The main use of this capability is to "gray/ungray" **f.send_msg** entries in the **mwm** system menu. The "graying/ungraying" of menu entries is accomplished by changing the state of a *Protocol* parameter from active to inactive, or the other way around. If the *Protocol* parameter is active and the *Shell* parameter is realized, the *Property* parameter will contain the *Protocol* parameter **Atom**. If the *Protocol* parameter is inactive, the **Atom** *Protocol* parameter will not be present in the *Property* parameter.

Parameters

Shell Specifies the widget with which the protocol property is associated.

Property Specifies the protocol property.

Protocol Specifies the protocol atom (or an int cast to Atom).

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/X11/protocols.h

Related Information

The VendorShell widget class, XmInternAtom subroutine.

XmDestroyPixmap Subroutine

Purpose

A pixmap-caching subroutine that removes a pixmap from the image cache.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Boolean XmDestroyPixmap(Screen, Pixmap)

Screen * Screen; Pixmap Pixmap;

Description

The **XmDestroyPixmap** subroutine removes pixmaps that are no longer used. Pixmaps are only completely freed when there is no further references to them.

Parameters

Screen

Specifies the display screen for which the pixmap was requested.

Pixmap

Specifies the pixmap to be destroyed.

Return Values

Returns **True** when successful; returns **False** if there is no matching screen and pixmap in the pixmap cache.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmInstallImage subroutine, XmUninstallImage subroutine, XmGetPixmap subroutine.

XmFileSelectionBoxGetChild Subroutine

Purpose

A FileSelectionBox subroutine that is used to access a component.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/FileSB.h>

Widget XmFileSelectionBoxGetChild(Widget, Child) Widget Widget; unsigned char Child;

Description

The XmFileSelectionBoxGetChild subroutine is used to access a component within a FileSelectionBox widget. The parameters given to the subroutine are the FileSelectionBox widget and a value indicating which child to access.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the FileSelectionBox widget ID.

Child

Specifies a component within the **XmFileSelectionBox** widget. The following are legal values for this parameter:

- XmDIALOG_APPLY_BUTTON
- XmDIALOG_CANCEL_BUTTON
- XmDIALOG DEFAULT BUTTON
- XmDIALOG_FILTER_LABEL
- XmDIALOG_FILTER_TEXT
- XmDIALOG_HELP_BUTTON
- XmDIALOG_LIST
- XmDIALOG_LIST_LABEL
- XmDIALOG_OK_BUTTON
- XmDIALOG_SELECTION__LABEL
- XmDIALOG_TEXT

Return Value

Returns the widget ID of the specified FileSelectionBox child.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XmFileSelectionBoxGetChild

File

/usr/include/Xm/FileSB.h

Related Information

The XmFileSelectionBox widget class.

XmFileSelectionDoSearch Subroutine

Purpose

A FileSelectionBox subroutine that initiates a directory search.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/FileSB.h>

void XmFileSelectionDoSearch(Widget, DirectoryMask)

Widget Widget,

XmString DirectoryMask;

Description

The XmFileSelectionDoSearch subroutine initiates a directory search. If the *DirectoryMask* parameter is not NULL, the directory mask is updated before the search is initiated.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the FileSelectionBox widget ID.

DirectoryMask

Specifies the directory mask used in determining the files displayed in the FileSelectionBox widget. This sets the XmNdirMask resource associated with the XmCreateFileSelectionBox subroutine. This is an optional resource. If you do not specify a directory mask, the current directory mask is used.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/FileSB.h

Related Information

The XmFileSelectionBox widget class.

XmFontListAdd Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that creates a new font list.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

XmFontList XmFontListAdd(OldList, Font, CharacterSet)

XmFontList OldList; XFontStruct * Font;

XmStringCharSet CharacterSet;

Description

The **XmFontListAdd** subroutine creates a new font list consisting of the contents of the *OldList* parameter and the new font list element being added. This subroutine deallocates the *OldList* parameter after extracting the required information; therefore, do not reference the *OldList* parameter thereafter.

Parameters

OldList Specifies a pointer to the font list to which an entry is to be added.

Font Specifies a pointer to a font structure for which the new font list is

generated. This is the structure returned by the Xlib XLoadQueryFont

subroutine.

CharacterSet Specifies the character set identifier for the font. This can be

XmSTRING_DEFAULT_CHARSET.

Return Value

Returns a new font list.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmFontListCreate subroutine.

XmFontListCreate Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that creates a font list.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

XmFontList XmFontListCreate(Font, CharacterSet)
XFontStruct * Font;
XmStringCharSet CharacterSet;

Description

The **XmFontListCreate** subroutine creates a new font list with a single element specified by the provided font and character set. This subroutine also allocates the space for the font list.

Parameters

Font Specifies a pointer to a font structure for which the new font list is

generated. This is the structure returned by the XLib Library

XLoadQueryFont subroutine.

CharacterSet Specifies the character set identifier for the font. This can be the

XmSTRING_DEFAULT_CHARSET value.

Return Value

Returns a new font list.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmFontListAdd subroutine, XmFontListFree subroutine, XmStringBaseline subroutine, XmStringByteCompare subroutine, XmStringCompare subroutine, XmStringConcat subroutine, XmStringCopy subroutine, XmStringCreate subroutine, XmStringCreate subroutine, XmStringDraw subroutine, XmStringDrawImage subroutine, XmStringDrawUnderline subroutine, XmStringEmpty subroutine, XmStringExtent subroutine, XmStringFree subroutine, XmStringFreeContext subroutine, XmStringGetLtoR subroutine, XmStringGetNextComponent subroutine, XmStringGetNextSegment subroutine, XmStringHeight subroutine, XmStringInitContext subroutine, XmStringLength subroutine, XmStringLineCount subroutine, XmStringNConcat subroutine, XmStringNCopy subroutine, XmStringPeekNextComponent subroutine,

XmFontListCreate

 $\textbf{XmStringSegmentCreate} \ subroutine, \ \textbf{XmStringSeparatorCreate} \ subroutine, \ \textbf{XmStringWidth} \ subroutine.$

XmFontListFree Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that recovers memory used by a font list.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

void XmFontListFree(List)

XmFontList List;

Description

The XmFontListFree subroutine recovers memory used by a font list.

Parameter

List

Specifies the font list to be freed.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmFontListCreate subroutine.

XmGetMenuCursor Subroutine

Purpose

A Row Column subroutine that returns the cursor ID for the current menu cursor.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Cursor XmGetMenuCursor(Display)
Display * Display;

Description

The **XmGetMenuCursor** subroutine queries the menu cursor currently being used by this client application on the specified display, and then returns the cursor ID.

Parameters

Display

Specifies the display whose menu cursor is to be queried.

Return Value

This subroutine returns the cursor ID for the current menu cursor of the value **None** if a cursor is not yet defined. A cursor is be defined if the application makes this call before the client has created any menus on the specified display.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmRowColumn widget class.

XmGetPixmap Subroutine

Purpose

A pixmap caching subroutine that generates a pixmap, stores it in an image cache, and returns the pixmap.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Pixmap XmGetPixmap(Screen, ImageName, Foreground, Background)

Screen *Screen; char *ImageName; Pixel Foreground; Pixel Background;

Description

The **XmGetPixmap** subroutine uses the parameter data to perform a lookup in the pixmap cache to see if a pixmap that matches the data has already been generated. If one is found, a reference count is incremented and the pixmap is returned. Applications should use the **XmDestroyPixmap** subroutine when the pixmap is no longer needed.

If a pixmap is not found, the *ImageName* parameter is used to perform a lookup in the image cache. If an image is found, it is used to generate the pixmap, which is then cached and returned.

If an image is not found, the *ImageName* parameter is used as a file name, and a search is made for an **X10** or **X11** bitmap file. If it is found, the file is read, converted into an image, and cached in the image cache. The image is then used to generate a pixmap, which is cached and returned.

Several paths are searched to find the file. The user can specify the environment variable **XBMLANGPATH**, which is used to generate one set of paths. The **XtInitialize** subroutine explains the use of this environment variable. If the **XBMLANGPATH** environment variable is not set, the following path names are searched:

/usr/lib/X11/%L/bitmaps/%N/%B

/usr/lib/X11/%L/bitmaps/%b

/usr/lib/X11/bitmaps/%B

/usr/include/X11/bitmaps/%B

Parameters

Screen Specifies the display screen on which the pixmap is to be drawn and

ensures that the pixmap matches the visual required for the screen.

ImageName Specifies the name of the image used to generate the pixmap.

XmGetPixmap

Foreground Combines the image with the Foreground parameter color to create the

pixmap if the image referenced is a bit-per-pixel image.

Background Combines the image with the Background parameter color to create the

pixmap if the image referenced is a bit-per-pixel image.

Return Values

The XmGetPixmap subroutine returns a pixmap when successful; returns the XmUNSPECIFIED_PIXMAP value if the image corresponding to the *ImageName* parameter cannot be found.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmDestroyPixmap subroutine, XmInstallImage subroutine, XmUninstallImage subroutine, XtInitialize subroutine.

XmInstallImage Subroutine

Purpose

A pixmap-caching subroutine that adds an image to the image cache.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Boolean Xminstallimage(Image, ImageName) Ximage *Image; char *ImageName;

Description

The **Xminstallimage** subroutine stores an image in an image cache so that the image can later be used to generate a pixmap. Part of the installation process involves extending the resource converter used to refer to these images. The resource converter is given the image name so that the image can be referenced in an **.Xdefaults** file. Since an image can be referenced by a widget, the application must ensure that the image is installed before the widget is created.

The image—caching subroutines provide a set of eight pre—installed images. The names of these images can be used as values within a **.Xdefaults** file to generate pixmaps for the following resources:

Image Name	Description
background	A tile of solid background
25_foreground	A tile of 25% foreground, 75% background
50_foreground	A tile of 50% foreground, 50% background
75_foreground	A tile of 75% foreground, 25% background
horizontal	A tile of horizontal lines of the two colors
vertical	A tile of vertical lines of the two colors
slant_right	A tile of slanting lines of the two colors
slant_left	A tile of slanting lines of the two colors

Parameters

Image Points to the image structure to be installed. The installation process does not make a local copy of the image. Therefore, the application should not destroy the image until it is uninstalled from the caching subroutines.

ImageName Specifies a string that the application uses to name the image. After

Specifies a string that the application uses to name the image. After installation, this name can be used in a .Xdefaults file for referencing the

XmInstallimage

image. A local copy of the name is created by the image-caching subroutines.

Return Values

The XmInstallImage subroutine returns a True value when successful. A value of False is returned if a NULL *Image* parameter, a NULL *ImageName* parameter, or a duplicate *ImageName* parameter is used as a parameter value.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmUninstallImage subroutine, XmGetPixmap subroutine, XmDestroyPixmap subroutine.

XmInternAtom Subroutine

Purpose

A subroutine that returns an atom for a given name.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h> #include <X11/AtomMgr.h>

Atom XmInternAtom(Display, Name, OnlyIfExists)
Display * Display;
String Name;

Boolean OnlyIfExists;

Description

The **XmInternAtom** subroutine returns an atom for a given name. This subroutine mirrors the **Xlib** interfaces for atom management, but provides client side caching. When and where caching is provided in **Xlib**, the routines will become pseudonyms for the **Xlib** routines.

Parameters

Display Specifies the connection to the **X Server**.

Name Specifies the name associated with the atom you want returned.

OnlyIfExists Specifies a Boolean value that indicates whether the XmInternAtom

subroutine creates the atom.

Return Value

Returns an atom.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/X11/AtomMgr.h

XmlsMotifWMRunning

XmlsMotifWMRunning Subroutine

Purpose

Specifies if the window manager is running.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <X11/Shell.h>

Boolean XmlsMotifWMRunning(Shell) **Widget** Shell;

Description

The **XmIsMotifWMRunning** subroutine lets a user know if the **mwm** is running on a screen that contains a specific widget hierarchy. This subroutine determines whether the **MOTIF_WM_INFO** property is present on the root window of the shell screen. If it is, its window field is used to query for the presence of the specified window as a child of root.

Parameter

Shell

Specifies the shell whose screen is to be tested for **mwm**'s presence.

Return Value

The XmlsMotifWMRunning subroutine returns True if the mwm is running.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/X11/Shell.h

XmListAddItem Subroutine

Purpose

A List subroutine that adds an item to the list.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/List.h>

void XmListAddItem(Widget, Item, Position)
Widget Widget;
XmString Item;
int Position;

Description

The **XmListAddItem** subroutine adds an item at a given position. The position specifies the location of the new item in the list. For example, Position 1 is the first element and position 2 is the second, etc.. If the *Position* parameter is zero, the item is added after the last item in the list, When the item is inserted into the list, it is compared against the current **XmNselectedItems** list. If the new item matches an item on the selected list, it appears selected.

Parameters

Widget Specifies the ID of the List widget from which list an item is added.

Item Specifies the text of the item to be added to the list.

Position Specifies the placement of the item within the list in terms of its cell

position. It uses an insert mode/cell number scheme with a 1 specifying the top-entry position and a zero specifying the bottom

entry for adding an item to the bottom of the list.

File

/usr/include/Xm/List.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XmList widget class.

XmListAddItemUnselected Subroutine

Purpose

A List subroutine that adds an item to the list.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/List.h>

void XmListAddItemUnselected(Widget, Item, Position) Widget Widget; XmString Item; int Position;

Description

The XmListAddItemUnselected subroutine adds an item to the list at the given position. The position specifies the location of the new item in the list. Position one is the first element, position two is the second, and so on. If the *Position* parameter is zero, the item is added after the last item in the list.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the ID of the List widget from whose list an item is added.

Item

Specifies the text of the item to be added to the list.

Position

Specifies the placement of the item within the list in terms of its cell position. It uses an insert mode/cell number scheme with a 1 specifying the top—entry position and a zero specifying the bottom entry for adding an item to the bottom of the list.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/List.h

Related Information

The XmList widget class.

XmListDeleteItem Subroutine

Purpose

A List subroutine that deletes an item from the list.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/List.h>

XmListDeleteItem(Widget, Item)

Widget Widget; XmString Item;

Description

The **XmListDeleteItem** subroutine deletes a specified item from the list. A warning message is displayed if the item does not exist.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the ID of the List from whose list an item is added.

Item

Specifies the text of the item to be added to the list.

File

/usr/include/Xm/List.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XmList widget class.

XmListDeletePos Subroutine

Purpose

A List subroutine that deletes an item from a list at a specified position.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/List.h>

void XmListDeletePos(Widget, Position) Widget Widget; int Position;

Description

The **XmListDeletePos** subroutine deletes an item at a specified position. A *Position* parameter of zero deletes the last item in the list. A warning message is displayed if the position does not exist.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the ID of the List widget from which list an item is added.

Position

Identifies the position of the item to be deleted.

File

/usr/include/Xm/List.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

XmListDeselectAllItems Subroutine

Purpose

A List subroutine that unhighlights and removes all items from the selected list.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/List.h>

XmListDeselectAllItems(Widget)

Widget Widget;

Description

The XmListDeselectAllItems subroutine unhighlights and removes all items from the selected list.

Parameter

Widget

Specifies the ID of the List widget from which list all selected items are

deselected.

File

/usr/include/Xm/List.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

XmListDeselectItem Subroutine

Purpose

A List subroutine that deselects the specified item from the selected list.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/List.h>

XmListDeselectItem(Widget, Item)

Widget Widget; XmString Item;

Description

The XmListDeselectItem subroutine unhighlights and removes the specified item from the selected list.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the ID of the List widget from which list an item is

deselected.

Item

Specifies the text of the item to be deselected from the list.

File

/usr/include/Xm/List.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

XmListDeselectPos Subroutine

Purpose

A List subroutine that deselects an item at a specified position in the list.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/List.h>

XmListDeselectPos(Widget, Item)

Widget Widget; int Position;

Description

The **XmListDeselectPos** subroutine unhighlights the item at a specified position and deletes it from the selected list.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the ID of the List widget.

Item

Identifies the specified position.

File

/usr/include/Xm/List.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

XmListItemExists Subroutine

Purpose

A List subroutine that determines whether a specified item is in the list.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/List.h>

Boolean XmListItemExists(Widget, Item) Widget Widget; XmString Item;

Description

The **XmListItemExists** subroutine is a Boolean subroutine that determines whether a specified item is present in the list.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the ID of a List widget.

Item

Specifies the text of the given item.

Return Value

The XmListItemExists subroutine returns True if the specified item is present in the list.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/List.h

Related Information

XmListSelectItem Subroutine

Purpose

A List subroutine that selects an item in the list.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/List.h>

XmListSelectItems(Widget, Item, Notify)

Widget Widget; XmString Item; Boolean Notify;

Description

The XmListSelectItem subroutine highlights and adds the specified item to the current selected list.

Parameters

Widget Specifies the ID of the List widget from which

list an item is selected.

Item

Specifies the item to be added to the **List** widget.

Notify

Specifies a Boolean value that, when a **True** value invokes the selection callback for the current mode. From an application

interface view, calling this subroutine with the Notify parameter as a

True value is indistinguishable from a user-initiated selection

action.

File

/usr/include/Xm/List.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

XmListSelectPos Subroutine

Purpose

A List subroutine that selects an item at a specified position in the list.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/List.h>

XmListSelectPos(Widget, Position, Notify)
Widget Widget;
int Position;
Boolean Notify;

Description

The **XmListSelectPos** subroutine highlights an item at the specified position and adds it to the current selected list. A position of zero specifies the last item in the list.

Parameters

Widget Specifies the ID of the List widget.

Position Identifies the specified position.

Notify Specifies a Boolean value that when a **True** value invokes the

selection callback for the current mode. From an application

interface view, calling this subroutine with the Notify parameter as a

True value is indistinguishable from a user-initiated selection

action.

File

/usr/include/Xm/List.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

XmListSetBottomItem Subroutine

Purpose

A List subroutine that makes an existing item the last visible item in the list.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/List.h>

void XmListSetBottomItem(Widget, Item) Widget Widget;

XmString Item;

Description

The XmListSetBottomItem subroutine makes an existing item the last visible item in the list. The item can be any valid item in the list.

Parameters

Widget Specifies the ID of the List widget from whose list an item is made the last

visible item.

Item Specifies the text of the given item.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/List.h

Related Information

XmListSetBottomPos Subroutine

Purpose

A List subroutine that makes a specified item the last visible position in a list.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/List.h>

void XmListSetBottomPos(Widget, Position) Widget Widget; int Position;

Description

The XmListSetBottomPos subroutine makes a given item the last visible position in a list. The position can be any valid position in the list. A position of zero specifies the last item in the list.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the ID of the List widget.

Position

Identifies the specified position.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/List.h

Related Information

XmListSetHorizPos Subroutine

Purpose

A List subroutine that moves a Scrollbar widget to the specified position in the list.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/List.h>

XmListSetHorizPos(Widget, Position) Widget Widget; int Position;

Description

The XmListSetHorizPos subroutine sets the XmNvalue resource of the ScrollBar widget to a specified position and updates the visible portion of the list with the new value if the List widget XmNlistSizePolicy resource is set to the XmCONSTANT value or the XmRESIZE_IF_POSSIBLE value and if the horizontal ScrollBar widget is currently visible. This is equivalent to moving the ScrollBar widget to the specified position.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the ID of the List widget.

Position

Identifies the specified position.

File

/usr/include/Xm/List.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

XmListSetItem Subroutine

Purpose

A List subroutine that makes an existing item the first visible item in the list.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/List.h>

XmListSetPos(Widget, Item)

Widget Widget; XmString Item;

Description

The XmListSetItem subroutine makes an existing item the first visible item in the list. The item can be any valid item in the list.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the ID of the List widget from which list an item is made

the first visible item in the list.

Item

Specifies the given item.

File

/usr/include/Xm/List.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

XmListSetPos Subroutine

Purpose

A List subroutine that makes the item at the given position the first visible position in the list.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/List.h>

XmListSetPos(Widget, Position) Widget Widget; int Position;

Description

The **XmListSetPos** subroutine makes the item at the given position the first visible position in the list. The position can be any valid position in the list.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the ID of the List widget.

Position

Identifies the specified position.

File

/usr/include/Xm/List.h

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

XmMainWindowSep1

XmMainWindowSep1 Subroutine

Purpose

A MainWindow subroutine that returns the widget ID of the first Separator widget.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/MainW.h>

Widget XmMainWindowSep1(Widget) Widget Widget;

Description

The XmMainWindowSep1 subroutine returns the widget ID of the first Separator widget in a MainWindow widget. The first Separator widget is located between the MenuBar and the CommandWindow widget. This Separator widget is visible only when the XmNshowSeparator resource is True.

Parameter

Widget

Specifies the MainWindow widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/MainW.h

Related Information

The XmMainWindow widget class.

XmMainWindowSep2 Subroutine

Purpose

A MainWindow subroutine that returns the widget ID of the second Separator widget.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/MainW.h>

Widget XmMainWindowSep2(Widget) Widget Widget;

Description

The XmMainWindowSep2 subroutine returns the widget ID of the second Separator widget in a MainWindow widget. The second Separator widget is located between the CommandWindow widget and the ScrolledWindow widget. This Separator is visible only when the XmNshowSeparator resource is True.

Parameter

Widget

Specifies the MainWindow widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/MainW.h

Related Information

The XmMainWindow widget class.

XmMainWindowSetAreas Subroutine

Purpose

A MainWindow subroutine that identifies the manageable children for each area.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/MainW.h>

void XmMainWindowSetAreas(Widget, MenuBar, CommandWindow,

HorizontalScrollbar, VerticalScrollbar,

WorkRegion)

Widget Widget; Widget MenuBar,

Widget CommandWindow; Widget HorizontalScrollbar, Widget VerticalScrollbar, Widget WorkRegion;

Description

The XmMainWindowSetAreas subroutine identifies for each area the valid children (MenuBar, WorkRegion, and so on) that are to be actively managed by the MainWindow widget. This subroutine also sets up or adds the MenuBar, Work Window, Command Window, and ScrollBar widgets to the application's MainWindow widget. The mwm provides the title bar.

Each area is optional; the user can pass **NULL** to one or more of the following parameters:

Parameters

Widget Specifies the MainWindow widget ID.

MenuBar Specifies the widget ID for the MenuBar to be associated with

the **MainWindow** widget. Set this ID only after creating an instance of the **MainWindow** widget. The resource associated

with this parameter is XmNmenuBar.

CommandWindow Specifies the widget ID for the command window to be

associated with the **MainWindow** widget. Set this ID only after creating an instance of the **MainWindow** widget. The resource associated with this parameter is **XmNcommandWindow**.

HorizontalScrollbar Specifies the widget ID for the horizontal ScrollBar to be

associated with the **MainWindow** widget. Set this ID only after creating an instance of the **MainWindow** widget. The resource associated with this parameter is **XmNhorizontalScrollBar**.

VerticalScrollbar Specifies the widget ID for the vertical ScrollBar to be

associated with the **MainWindow** widget. Set this ID only after creating an instance of the **MainWindow** widget. The resource associated with this parameter is **XmNverticalScrollBar**.

XmMainWindowSetAreas

WorkRegion

Specifies the widget ID for the work window to be associated with the **MainWindow** widget. Set this ID only after creating an instance of the **MainWindow** widget. The resource associated with this parameter is **XmNworkWindow**.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/MainW.h

Related Information

The XmMainWindow widget class.

XmMenuPosition Subroutine

Purpose

A RowColumn subroutine that positions a Popup MenuPane.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/RowColumn.h>

void XmMenuPosition(Menu, Event)
Widget Menu;
XButtonPressedEvent * Event;

Description

The **XmMenuPosition** subroutine positions a **Popup MenuPane** widget using the information in the specified event. Unless a client application is positioning the **MenuPane**, it must first invoke this subroutine before managing the **PopupMenu**. The *x root* and *y root* values in the specified event are used to determine the menu position.

Parameters

Menu

Specifies the PopupMenu widget to be positioned.

Event

Specifies the event passed to the action procedure that manages the

PopupMenu widget.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/RowColumn.h

Related Information

The XmRowColumn widget class.

XmMessageBoxGetChild Subroutine

Purpose

A MessageBox subroutine that is used to access a component.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/MessageB.h>

Widget XmMessageBoxGetChild(Widget, Child)

Widget Widget; unsigned char Child;

Description

The XmMessageBoxGetChild subroutine is used to access a component within a MessageBox widget. The parameters given to the subroutine are the MessageBox widget and a value indicating which child to access.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the MessageBox widget ID.

Child

Specifies a component within the MessageBox widget. The

following are legal values for this parameter:

- XmDIALOG_CANCEL_BUTTON
- XmDIALOG DEFAULT BUTTON
- XmDIALOG_HELP_BUTTON
- XmDIALOG_MESSAGE_LABEL
- XmDIALOG_OK_BUTTON
- XmDIALOG_SEPARATOR
- XmDIALOG_SYMBOL_LABEL

Return Value

Returns the widget ID of the specified MessageBox widget child.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/MessageB.h

Related Information

The XmMessageBox widget.

XmOptionButtonGadget

XmOptionButtonGadget Subroutine

Purpose

A RowColumn subroutine that obtains the widget ID for the CascadeButtonGadget in an OptionMenu.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/RowColumn.h>

Widget XmOptionButtonGadget(OptionMenu) Widget OptionMenu;

Description

The XmOptionButtonGadget subroutine provides a client application with the means of obtaining widget ID's for internally created CascadeButtonGadget gadgets. Once the application has obtained a widget ID, it has the ability to adjust the visuals for the CascadeButtonGadget gadget, if desired.

When an application creates an instance of the **OptionMenu** widget, the widget creates two internal widgets. One is a **LabelGadget** gadget that is used to display the **RowColumn** widget **XmNlabelString** resource. The other is a **CascadeButtonGadget** gadget that displays the current selection and provides the means for posting the **XmOptionMenu** submenu.

Parameter

OptionMenu

Specifies the OptionMenu widget ID.

Return Value

Returns the widget ID for the internal button.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/RowColumn.h

Related Information

The XmCreateOptionMenu subroutine, XmCascadeButtonGadget gadget class, XmOptionLabelGadget subroutine, XmRowColumn widget class.

XmOptionLabelGadget Subroutine

Purpose

A RowColumn subroutine that obtains the widget ID for the LabelGadget in an OptionMenu.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/RowColumn.h>

Widget XmOptionLabelGadget(OptionMenu) Widget OptionMenu;

Description

The XmOptionLabelGadget subroutine provides the application with the means of obtaining the widget ID for internally created LabelGadget gadgets. Once the application has obtained a widget ID, it has the ability to adjust the visuals for the LabelGadget gadget, if desired.

When an application creates an instance of the **OptionMenu** widget (a **RowColumn** widget of type **XmMENU_OPTION**), the widget creates two internal gadgets. One is a **LabelGadget** gadget that is used to display a **RowColumn** widget's **XmNlabelString** resource. The other is a **CascadeButtonGadget** gadget that displays the current selection and provides the means for posting the **XmOptionMenu** submenu.

Parameter

OptionMenu

Specifies the OptionMenu widget ID.

Return Value

Returns the widget ID for an internal label.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/RowColumn.h

Related Information

The XmCreateOptionMenu subroutine, XmLabelGadget gadget class, XmOptionLabelGadget subroutine, XmRowColumn widget class, XmCascadeButtonGadget gadget class.

XmRemoveProtocolCallback Subroutine

Purpose

A VendorShell subroutine that removes a callback routine from the internal list.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

#include <X11/Protocols.h>

void XmRemoveProtocolCallback(Shell, Property, Protocol, Callback, Closure)

Widget Shell; Atom Property; Atom Protocol;

XtCallbackProc Callback;

caddr_t Closure;

Description

The **XmRemoveProtocolCallback** subroutine removes a callback routine from the internal list.

Parameters

Shell

Specifies the widget with which the protocol property is associated.

Property

Specifies the protocol property.

Protocol

Specifies the protocol atom (or an int cast to Atom).

Callback

Specifies the procedure to call when a protocol message is received.

Closure

Specifies the client data to be passed to the callback when it is invoked.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

/usr/include/X11/Protocols.h

Related Information

The VendorShell widget class, XmInternAtom subroutine.

XmRemoveProtocols Subroutine

Purpose

A **VendorShell** subroutine that removes the protocols from the protocol manager and deallocates the internal tables.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>
#include <X11/Protocols.h>

void XmRemoveProtocols(Shell, Property, Protocols, NumberProtocols)

Widget Shell; Atom Property; Atom * Protocols;

Cardinal NumberProtocols;

Description

The **XmRemoveProtocols** subroutine removes the protocols from the protocol manager and deallocates the internal tables. If any of the protocols are active, it updates the handlers and updates the property, if the *Shell* parameter is realized.

Parameters

Shell Specifies the widget with which the protocol property is associated.

Property Specifies the protocol property.

Protocols Specifies the protocol atoms (or **ints** cast to **Atom**).

NumberProtocols Specifies the number of elements in protocols.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/11/Protocols.h

Related Information

The VendorShell widget class, XmInternAtom subroutine.

XmRemoveTabGroup

XmRemoveTabGroup Subroutine

Purpose

Removes a tab group.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

void XmRemoveTabGroup(TabGroup)

Widget TabGroup;

Description

The XmRemoveTabGroup subroutine removes a Manager widget or a Primitive widget from the list of tab groups associated with a particular widget hierarchy.

Parameter

TabGroup

Specifies the Manager widget or the Primitive widget ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmAddTabGroup subroutine, XmManager widget class, XmPrimitive widget class.

XmResolvePartOffsets Subroutine

Purpose

Allows writing of upward-compatible applications and widgets.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/XmP.h>

void XmResolvePartOffsets(WidgetClass, Offset) WidgetClass WidgetClass; XmOffsetPtr * Offset.

Description

The use of offset records requires one extra global variable per widget class. The variable consists of a pointer to an array of offsets into the widget record for each part of the widget structure. The XmResolvePartOffsets subroutine allocates the offset records needed by a client application to guarantee upward—compatible applications and widgets. These offset records are used by the widget to access all of the widget variables. A widget needs to take the following steps:

- Instead of creating a resource list, the widget creates an offset resource list. To
 accomplish this, use the XmPartResource structure and the XmPartOffset macro. The
 XmPartResource data structure looks just like a resource list, but instead of having one
 integer for its offset, it has two shorts. This data structure is put into the class record as if
 it were a normal resource list. Instead of using the XtOffset subroutine for the offset, it
 uses XmPartOffset.
- Instead of putting the widget size in the class record, the widget puts the widget part in the same field.
- Instead of putting XtVersion in the class record, the widget puts XtVersionDontCheck in the class record.
- The widget defines a variable to point to the offset record. This can be part of the widget's class record or a separate global variable.
- In class initialization, the widget calls **XmResolvePartOffsets**, passing it the offset address and the class record. This does several things:
 - Adds the superclass size field (which, by definition, is already initialized) to the part size field.
 - Allocates an array based upon the number of superclasses.
 - Fills in the offsets of all the widget parts with the appropriate values, determined by examining the size fields of all superclass records.
 - Uses the part offset array to modify the offset entries in the resource list to be real offsets, in place.

XmResolvePartOffsets

Instead of accessing fields directly, the widget must also go through the offset table. You
will probably define macros for each area to make this easier. Assume an integer field
"xyz":

```
#define BarXyz(w) (*(int *)(((char *)w) + offset[BarIndex] +
\XtOffset(BarPart,xyz)))
```

 The XmField macro helps you access these fields. Because the XmPartOffset and XmField macros concatenate things together, you must ensure there is no space before or after the part parameter. For example, the following does not work because of the space before or after the part (Label) parameter:

```
XmField(w, offset, Label, text, char *)
XmPartOffset(Label, text)
```

Therefore, you must not have any spaces before or after the part (Label) parameter, as illustrated here:

```
XmField(w, offset,Label, text, char *)
```

Parameters

WidgetClass Specific

Specifies the widget class pointer for the created widget.

Offset

Specifies the offset record.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/XmP.h

Related Information

The XtOffset subroutine, XtVersionDontCheck subroutine.

XmScaleGetValue Subroutine

Purpose

A Scale subroutine that returns the current slider position.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Scale.h>

void XmScaleGetValue(Widget, ValueReturn)

Widget Widget; int * ValueReturn;

Description

The XmScaleGetValue subroutine returns the current slider position value displayed in the scale.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the Scale widget ID.

ValueReturn

Returns the current slider position value.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Scale.h

Related Information

The XmScale widget class.

XmScaleSetValue Subroutine

Purpose

A Scale subroutine that sets a slider value.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Scale.h>

void XmScaleSetValue(Widget, Value)

Widget Widget; int Value;

Description

The XmScaleSetValue subroutine sets the slider Value parameter within the Scale widget.

Parameters

Widget Specifies the Scale widget ID.

Value Specifies the slider position along the scale. This sets the **XmNvalue** resource.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Scale.h

Related Information

The XmScale widget class.

XmScrollBarGetValues Subroutine

Purpose

A **ScrollBar** subroutine that returns the **ScrollBar** increment values and changes the slider's size and position.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/ScrollBar.h>

void XmScrollBarGetValues(Widget, ValueReturn, SliderSizeReturn, IncrementReturn, PageIncrementReturn)

Widget Widget; int * ValueReturn; int *SliderSizeReturn; int * IncrementReturn; int * PageIncrementReturn;

Description

The XmScrollBarGetValues subroutine returns the XmScrollBar widget increment values and changes the slider size and position. The scroll region is overlaid with a slider bar that is adjusted in size and position using the main ScrollBar or set slider subroutine resources.

Parameters

Widget Specifies the ScrollBar widget ID.

ValueReturn Returns the ScrollBar slider position between the

XmNminimum and XmNmaximum resources to the

ScrollBar widget.

SliderSizeReturn Returns the size of the slider as a value between zero and the

absolute value of **XmNmaximum** minus **XmNminimum**. The size of the slider varies, depending on how much of the slider

scroll area it represents.

IncrementReturn Returns the amount of button increment and decrement.

PageIncrementReturn Returns the amount of page increment and decrement.

Return Values

The XmScrollBarGetValues subroutine returns the ScrollBar increment values and changes the slider's size and position.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/ScrollBar.h

XmScrollBarGetValues

Related Information

The XmScrollBar widget class.

XmScrollBarSetValues Subroutine

Purpose

A **ScrollBar** subroutine that changes **ScrollBar** increment values and the slider's size and position.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/ScrollBar.h>

void XmScrollBarGetValues(Widget, Value, SliderSize

Increment, PageIncrement,

Notify)

Widget Widget; int Value; int SliderSize; int Increment; int PageIncrement; Boolean Notify;

Description

The XmScrollBarSetValues subroutine changes the ScrollBar increment values and the slider's size and position. The scroll region is overlaid with a slider bar that is adjusted in size and position using the main ScrollBar or set slider subroutine resources.

Parameters

Widget Specifies the ScrollBar widget ID.

Value Specifies the ScrollBar slider position between the XmNminimum

and XmNmaximum. The resource name associated with this

parameter is XmNvalue.

SliderSize Specifies the size of the slider as a value between zero and the

absolute value of **XmNmaximum** minus **XmNminimum**. The size of the slider varies, depending on how much of the slider scroll area it represents. This sets the **XmNsliderSize** resource associated with

ScrollBar.

Increment Specifies the amount of button increment and decrement. If this

parameter is not zero, the **ScrollBar** widget automatically adjusts the slider when an increment or decrement action occurs. This sets the

XmNincrement resource associated with ScrollBar.

PageIncrement Specifies the amount of page increment and decrement. If this

parameter is not zero, the **ScrollBar** widget automatically adjusts the slider when an increment or decrement action occurs. This sets the

XmNpageIncrement resource associated with ScrollBar.

Notify Specifies a Boolean value that when **True**, indicates a change in the

ScrollBar value and that the ScrollBar widget automatically activates

XmScrollBarSetValues

the XmNvalueChangedCallback with the recent change. If False, no change in the ScrollBar value has occurred, and XmNvalueChangedCallback is not activated.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/ScrollBar.h

Related Information

The XmScrollBar widget class.

XmScrolledWindowSetAreas Subroutine

Purpose

A **ScrolledWindow** subroutine that adds or changes a window work region and a horizontal or vertical **ScrollBar** widget to the **ScrolledWindow** widget.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/ScrolledW.h>

void XmScrolledWindowSetAreas(Widget, HorizontalScrollbar

VerticalScrollbar, WorkRegion)

Widget Widget;

Widget HorizontalScrollbar; Widget VerticalScrollbar; Widget WorkRegion;

Description

The XmScrolledWindowSetAreas subroutine adds or changes a window work region and a horizontal or vertical ScrollBar widget to the ScrolledWindow widget for the application. Each widget is optional and can be passed NULL.

Parameters

Widget Specifies the ScrolledWindow widget ID.

HorizontalScrollbar Specifies the ScrollBar widget ID for the horizontal ScrollBar to

be associated with the **ScrolledWindow** widget. Set this ID only after creating an instance of the **ScrolledWindow** widget. The

resource name associated with this parameter is

XmNhorizontalScrollBar.

VerticalScrollbar Specifies the ScrollBar widget ID for the vertical ScrollBar to be

associated with the **ScrolledWindow** widget. Set this ID only after creating an instance of the **ScrolledWindow** widget. The

resource name associated with this parameter is

XmNverticalScrollBar.

WorkRegion Specifies the widget ID for the work window to be associated with

the **ScrolledWindow** widget. Set this ID only after creating an instance of the **ScrolledWindow** widget. The resource name

associated with this parameter is XmNworkWindow.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/ScrolledW.h

XmScrolledWindowSetAreas

Related Information

The XmScrolledWindow widget class.

XmSelectionBoxGetChild Subroutine

Purpose

A **SelectionBox** subroutine that is used to access a component.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/SelectioB.h>

Widget XmSelectionBoxGetChild(Widget, Child) Widget Widget; unsigned char Child;

Description

The XmSelectionBoxGetChild subroutine is used to access a component within a SelectionBox widget. The parameters given to the subroutine are the SelectionBox widget and a value indicating which child to access.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the SelectionBox widget ID.

Child

Specifies a component within the **SelectionBox** widget. The following are legal values for this parameter:

- XmDIALOG APPLY BUTTON
- XmDIALOG_CANCEL_BUTTON
- XmDIALOG_DEFAULT_BUTTON
- XmDiALOG_HELP_BUTTON
- XmDIALOG_LIST
- XmDIALOG_LIST_LABEL
- XmDIALOG OK BUTTON
- XmDIALOG_SELECTION_LABEL
- XmDIALOG_SEPARATOR
- XmDIALOG_TEXT
- XmDIALOG_WORK_AREA

Return Value

Returns the widget ID of the specified SelectionBox widget child.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XmSelectionBoxGetChild

File

/usr/include/Xm/SelectioB.h

Related Information

The XmSelectionBox widget class.

XmSetFontUnit Subroutine

Purpose

Sets the font unit value for a display.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

XmSetFontUnit(Display, FontUnitValue)

Display *Display*; **int** *FontUnitValue*;

Description

The XmSetFontUnit subroutine provides an external subroutine to initialize font unit values. Client applications may need to specify resolution—independent data based on a global font size. This subroutine must be called before any widgets with resolution—independent data are created. The XmNunitType resource descriptions in the XmGadget, XmManager, and XmPrimitive widgets have more information on resolution.

Parameters

Display Defines the display for which this font value is to be applied.

FontUnitValue Specifies the value to be used in the conversion calculations. The font

unit value is normally taken as the QUAD WIDTH property of the font;

however, the application can specify any integer value.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmConvertUnits subroutine.

XmSetMenuCursor Subroutine

Purpose

A RowColumn subroutine that modifies the menu cursor for a client application.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

void XmSetMenuCursor(Display, CursorIdentification)

Display * Display;

Cursor CursorIdentification;

Description

The XmSetMenuCursor subroutine programmatically modifies the menu cursor for a client application; after the cursor is created by the client, this subroutine registers the cursor with the menu system. After calling this subroutine, the specified cursor is displayed whenever this client displays an AlXwindows menu on the indicated display. The client can then specify different cursors on different displays.

Parameters

Display

Specifies the display to which the cursor is to be associated.

CursorIdentification

Specifies the X cursor ID.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XmRowColumn widget class.

XmSetProtocolHooks Subroutine

Purpose

A **VendorShell** subroutine that executes pre— and post—actions when a protocol message is received from the Aixwindows window manager.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>
#include <X11/Protocols.h>

void XmSetProtocolHooks(Shell, Property, Protocol,

PreHook, PreClosure, PostHook, PostClosure)

Widget Shell; Atom Property; Atom Protocol; XtCallbackProc PreHook; caddr_t PreClosure; XtCallbackProc PostHook; caddr t PostClosure;

Description

The **XmSetProtocolHooks** subroutine executes pre— and post—actions when a protocol message is received from the **mwm**. Since there is no guaranteed ordering in running event handlers or callback lists, this allows the shell to control the flow while leaving the protocol manager structures opaque.

Parameters

Shell Specifies the widget with which the protocol property is associated.

Property Specifies the protocol property.

Protocol Specifies the protocol atom (or an int cast to Atom).

PreHook Specifies the procedure to call before calling entries on the client callback

list.

PreClosure Specifies the client data to be passed to the Prehook parameter when it

is invoked.

PostHook Specifies the procedure to call after calling entries on the client callback

list.

PostClosure Specifies the client data to be passed to the Posthook parameter when it

is invoked.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XmSetProtocolHooks

Files

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h /usr/include/X11/Protocols.h

Related Information

The VendorShell widget class, XmInternAtom subroutine.

XmString Subroutine

Purpose

The AlXwindows compound string type.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/>

Description

The AlXwindows Toolkit provides a set of string subroutines that enable the creation and manipulation of compound strings and font lists. Compound strings are designed to allow encoding of textual data that is independent of underlying assumptions. Compound strings provide a means of separating the actual data that encodes the message and the resources that describe the representation of that data. The most obvious means of separating data from its graphic representations involves the mapping between character codes and display codes (possibly ASCII). In the past much of this information was simply assumed; compound strings make this information explicit. Compound strings allow description of the following resources of the actual text:

Character Set Identifier

Specifies the mapping between the string of bits that encode a character and the character being represented. For example, ASCII, ISO Latin1, or Kanji.

Direction

Defines the relationship between the logical (keystroke entry) order and the display order of the characters in a string. In English, the display order is left to right; as characters are typed, they are displayed left to right. In Hebrew, the display order is right to left; as characters are typed they are displayed right to left.

To perform output, the **AlXwindows Toolkit** needs more information than what is in the the compound string, namely, what X server font is to be used when displaying the string. The displaying widget must associate an X font with the character set of the string. This is done by supplying widgets with a resource not only for compound strings (which contain character set references), but another resource for a font list. The font list contains character set references matched to an X font. To display a compound string, the widget starts with the character set in the compound string. The widget font list is then searched for a matching character set; when found, the associated X font is used to display the compound string characters.

Compound String Types and Defines

A compound string is a stream of tag-length-value components; each component is one of the following:

Character Set Identifier

This is a **NULL** terminated sequence of octets that identifies the desired character set. This information is not interpreted by the **AlXwindows Toolkit**; it is only used to match a font with a compound string segment. As long as the application

XmString

is consistent in the naming of character sets in the compound string and the font list, the toolkit functions correctly. All text seen between two character set ID's are interpreted to be in the first set. It is an error for a text component to precede the first character set ID component.

There are times when a client application must create a string without knowing which character sets are available at the time the string is displayed. The AlXwindows Toolkit provides a special character set identifier that matches any available font. This universal character set is specified by the XmSTRING_DEFAULT_CHARSET identifier. If this identifier is used as the character set when a compound string is created, it matches the first font in the fontlist used to display the string, regardless of the character set associated with that particular font. By using the universal character set, an application can construct its strings so they are displayed in any font desired by the user, no matter what character set is associated with that font.

The universal character set can also be associated with a font in a font list. When the universal character set is used with a font, that font matches any string, no matter what the character set of the string. An application can construct a multiple—font fontlist and specify a default font to be used when no other font is matched.

Direction

This is a three–state value: left–to–right, right–to–left and revert. Like the character set ID, it has persistence. The default direction is left–to–right: text components preceding the first direction component are assigned a direction of left–to–right.

Text

This is the octet string of the actual character data. There are no semantics for any octets. Characters like /n do not have any meaning. As a convenience, the XmStringLtoRCreate subroutine imposes the left-to-right

semantic.

Separator

This is a "marked" tag with no value. It allows an array of compound string segments to be presented as a single entity.

Compound String Devices

typedef unsigned char XmStringDirection /* an enumerated type */

The set of possible values for this type are:

XmSTRING_DIRECTION_L_TO_R

XmSTRING_DIRECTION_R_TO_L

XmSTRING_DIRECTION_REVERT

typedef char * XmStringCharSet /* octet chars, null terminated */

typedef char * XmString /* opaque to users */

typedef unsigned char XmStringComponentType /* component tag types */

The set of currently possible values for this type are:
#define XmSTRING_COMPONENT_UNKNOWN 0
#define XmSTRING_COMPONENT_CHARSET 1
#define XmSTRING_COMPONENT_TEXT 2
#define XmSTRING_COMPONENT_DIRECTION 3
#define XmSTRING_COMPONENT_SEPARATOR 4
#define XmSTRING_COMPONENT_END 126 /* no more components */
#define XmSTRING_DEFAULT_CHARSET (-1) /* The universal character set */

Subroutines

XmFontListCreate, XmFontListFree, XmStringBaseline, XmStringByteCompare, XmStringCompare, XmStringConcat, XmStringCopy, XmStringCreate, XmStringCreateLtoR, XmStringDirectionCreate, XmStringDraw, XmStringDrawImage, XmStringDrawUnderline, XmStringEmpty, XmStringExtent, XmStringFree, XmStringFreeContext, XmStringGetLtoR, XmStringGetNextComponent, XmStringGetNextSegment, XmStringHeight, XmStringInitContext, XmStringLength, XmStringLineCount, XmStringNConcat, XmStringNCopy, XmStringPeekNextComponent, XmStringSegmentCreate, XmStringSeparatorCreate, XmStringWidth.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XmFontListAdd subroutine, XmFontListCreate subroutine, XmFontListFree subroutine, XmStringBaseline subroutine, XmStringByteCompare subroutine, XmStringCompare subroutine, XmStringCompare subroutine, XmStringCompare subroutine, XmStringCreate subroutine, XmStringCreateLtoR subroutine, XmStringDirectionCreate subroutine, XmStringDraw subroutine, XmStringDrawImage subroutine, XmStringDrawUnderline subroutine, XmStringEmpty subroutine, XmStringExtent subroutine, XmStringFree subroutine, XmStringFreeContext subroutine, XmStringGetLtoR subroutine, XmStringGetNextComponent subroutine, XmStringGetNextSegment subroutine, XmStringHeight subroutine, XmStringInitContext subroutine, XmStringLength subroutine, XmStringLineCount subroutine, XmStringNConcat subroutine, XmStringNCopy subroutine, XmStringPeekNextComponent subroutine, XmStringSegmentCreate subroutine, XmStringSegmentCreate subroutine, XmStringSegmentCreate subroutine, XmStringSegmentCreate subroutine, XmStringWidth subroutine.

XmStringBaseline Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that returns the number of pixels between the top of the character box and the baseline of the first line of text.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Dimension XmStringBaseline(FontList, String) XmFontList FontList; XmString String;

Description

The **XmStringBaseline** subroutine returns the number of pixels between the top of the character box and the baseline of the first line of text in the provided compound string.

Parameters

FontList

Specifies the FontList widget.

String

Specifies the string.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

XmStringByteCompare Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that indicates the results of a byte-by-byte comparison.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Boolean XmStringByteCompare(String1, String2) XmString String1; XmString String2;

Description

The XmStringByteCompare subroutine returns a Boolean value indicating the results of a byte-by-byte comparison of two compound strings. In some cases, once a compound string is put into a widget, that string is converted into an internal form to allow faster processing. Part of the conversion process strips out unnecessary or redundant information. If an application then invokes an XtGetValues subroutine to retrieve a compound string from a widget (specifically, a Label widget with all of its subclasses), the compound string returned might not be the byte-by-byte equivalent of the original string given to the widget.

Parameters

String1 Specifies a compound string to be compared with String2 parameter.

String2 Specifies a compound string to be compared with String1 parameter.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

XmStringCompare Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that compares two strings.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Boolean XmStringCompare(String1, String2)

XmString String1; XmString String2;

Description

The XmStringCompare subroutine returns a Boolean value indicating the results of a semantically equivalent comparison of two compound strings.

"Semantically equivalent" means that the strings have the same text components, directions, and separators. If character sets are specified, they must be equal as well. If either one has a character set of XmSTRING_DEFAULT_CHARSET, it matches the other character set.

Parameters

String1

Specifies a compound string to be compared with String2 parameter.

String2

Specifies a compound string to be compared with String1 parameter.

Return Value

Returns **True** if two compound strings are equivalent.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

XmStringConcat Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that appends one string to another.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

XmString XmStringConcat (String1, String2)

XmString String1; XmString String2;

Description

The **XmStringConcat** subroutine appends a *String2* parameter to the end of a *String1* parameter and returns the resulting compound string. The original strings are preserved. The space for the resulting compound string is allocated within the subroutine. After using this subroutine, free this space by calling the **XmStringFree** convenience subroutine.

Parameters

String1 S

Specifies the compound string to which a copy of String2 parameter is

appended.

String2

Specifies the compound string that is appended to the end of String1

parameter.

Return Value

Returns a new compound string.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmStringCreate subroutine, XmStringFree subroutine.

XmStringCopy Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that makes a copy of a string.

Library

AIXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

XmString XmStringCopy(String1)

XmString String1;

Description

The XmStringCopy subroutine makes a copy of a compound string. The space for the resulting compound string is allocated within the subroutine. The application is responsible for managing the allocated space. The memory can be recovered by calling the XmStringFree subroutine.

Parameter

String1

Specifies the compound string.

Return Value

Returns a new compound string.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmStringCreate subroutine, XmStringFree subroutine.

XmStringCreate Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that creates a compound string.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

XmString XmStringCreate(Text, CharacterSet)

char *Text;

XmStringCharSet CharacterSet,

Description

The **XmStringCreate** subroutine creates a compound string with two components: text and a character set.

Parameters

Text Specifies a pointer to a null-terminated string.

CharacterSet Specifies the character set identifier to be associated with the given text.

This can be XmSTRING_DEFAULT_CHARSET.

Return Value

Returns a new compound string.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmFontListAdd subroutine, XmFontListCreate subroutine, XmFontListFree subroutine, XmStringBaseline subroutine, XmStringByteCompare subroutine, XmStringCopy subroutine, XmStringCopy subroutine, XmStringCreateLtoR subroutine, XmStringDirectionCreate subroutine, XmStringDraw subroutine, XmStringDrawImage subroutine, XmStringDrawUnderline subroutine, XmStringEmpty subroutine, XmStringExtent subroutine, XmStringFree subroutine, XmStringFreeContext subroutine, XmStringGetLtoR subroutine, XmStringGetNextComponent subroutine, XmStringGetNextSegment subroutine, XmStringHeight subroutine, XmStringInitContext subroutine, XmStringLength subroutine, XmStringLineCount subroutine, XmStringNConcat subroutine, XmStringNCopy subroutine, XmStringPeekNextComponent subroutine, XmStringSegmentCreate subroutine, XmStringSeparatorCreate subroutine, XmStringWidth subroutine.

XmStringCreateLtoR Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that creates a compound string.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

XmString XmStringCreateLtoR(Text, CharacterSet)

char *Text;

XmStringCharSet CharacterSet;

Description

The XmStringCreateLtoR subroutine creates a compound string with two components: text and a character set. This subroutine imposes the semantic of scanning for \n characters in the text. When one is found, the text up to that point is put into a segment followed by separator component. No final separator component is appended to the end of the compound string. The direction defaults to left—to—right. This subroutine assumes that the encoding is single octet rather than double octet per character of text.

Parameters

Text Specifies a pointer to a null-terminated string.

CharacterSet Specifies the character set identifier to be associated with the given text.

This can be XmSTRING_DEFAULT_CHARSET.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

XmStringDirectionCreate Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that creates a compound string.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

XmString XmStringDirectionCreate (Direction)
XmStringDirection Direction;

Description

The XmStringDirectionCreate subroutine creates a compound string with a single component, a direction with the given value.

Parameter

Direction Specifies the value of the directional component.

Return Value

Returns a new compound string.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

XmStringDraw Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that draws a compound string in an Enhanced X–Windows window.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

void XmStringDraw(Display, Window, FontList,

String, GraphicsContext, X, Y, Width, Alignment LayoutDirection, Clip)

Display * Display; Window Window; XmFontList FontList; XmString String; GC GraphicsContext; Position X:

Position X; Position Y;

Position Y; Dimension Width; Byte Alignment; Byte LayoutDirection; XRectangle *Clip;

Description

The XmStringDraw subroutine draws a compound string in an X Window.

Parameters

Display Specifies the display.

Window Specifies the window.

Fontlist Specifies the FontList parameter.

String Specifies the string.

GraphicsContext Specifies the graphics context to use.

X Specifies a coordinate of the rectangle that contains the displayed

compound string.

Y Specifies a coordinate of the rectangle that contains the displayed

compound string.

Width Specifies the width of the rectangle that is to contain the displayed

compound string.

XmStringDraw

Alignment Specifies how the string is to be aligned within the specified

rectangle. It is either the XmALIGNMENT_BEGINNING, XmALIGNMENT_CENTER, or XmALIGNMENT_END value.

LayoutDirection Controls the direction in which the segments of the compound string

are to be laid out. It also determines the meaning of the Alignment

parameter.

Clip Allows the application to restrict the area into which the compound

string is to be drawn. If NULL, no clipping is done.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

XmStringDrawImage Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that draws a compound string in an Enhanced X–Windows window and creates an image.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

void XmStringDrawlmage(Display, Window, Fontlist,

String, GraphicsContext, X, Y, Width, Alignment, LayoutDirection, Clip)

Display * Display; Window Window; XmFontList Fontlist; XmString String; GC GraphicsContext;

Position X; Position Y:

Dimension Width;
Byte Alignment;
Byte LayoutDirection;
XRectangle *Clip;

Description

The **XmStringDrawImage** subroutine draws a compound string in an Enhanced X–Windows window and paints both the foreground and background bits of each character.

Parameters

Display Specifies the display.

Window Specifies the window.

Fontlist Specifies the FontList parameter.

String Specifies the string.

GraphicsContext Specifies the graphics context to use.

X Specifies a coordinate of the rectangle that contains the displayed

compound string.

Y Specifies a coordinate of the rectangle that contains the displayed

compound string.

Width Specifies the width of the rectangle that contains the displayed

compound string.

XmStringDrawImage

Alignment Specifies how the string is aligned within the specified rectangle. It

is either the XmALIGNMENT_BEGINNING,

Xmalignment_center, or Xmalignment_end value.

LayoutDirection Controls the direction in which the segments of the compound string

are laid out. It also determines the meaning of the Alignment

parameter.

Clip Allows the application to restrict the area into which the compound

string is drawn. If NULL, no clipping is done.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

XmStringDrawUnderline Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that underlines a string drawn in an X Window.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

void XmStringDrawUnderline(Display, Window, Fontlist,

String, GraphicsContext, X, Y, Width, Alignment, LayoutDirection, Clip, Underline)

Display *Display; Window Window; XmFontList FontList; XmString String; GC GraphicsContext; Position X; Position Y; Dimension Width; Byte Alignment; Byte LayoutDirection; XRectangle *Clip;

XmString Underline;

Description

The **XmStringDrawUnderline** subroutine draws a compound string in an X Window. If the substring identified by the *Underline* parameter can be matched in the *String* parameter, the substring is underlined. Once a match has occurred, no further matches or underlining is be done.

Parameters

Display Specifies the display.

Window Specifies the window.

FontList Specifies the font list.

String Specifies the string.

GraphicsContext Specifies the graphics context to use.

X Specifies a coordinate of the rectangle that contains the displayed

compound string.

Y Specifies a coordinate of the rectangle that contains the displayed

compound string.

XmStringDrawUnderline

Width Specifies the width of the rectangle that is to contain the displayed

compound string.

Alignment Specifies how the string is to be aligned within the specified

rectangle. It is either the XmALIGNMENT_BEGINNING, XmALIGNMENT_CENTER, or XmALIGNMENT_END value.

LayoutDirection Controls the direction in which the segments of the compound string

are to be laid out. It also determines the meaning of the Alignment

parameter.

Clip Allows the application to restrict the area into which the compound

string is to be drawn. If NULL, no clipping is done.

Underline Specifies the substring to be underlined.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

XmStringEmpty

XmStringEmpty Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that provides information on the existence of non-zero length text components.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Boolean XmStringEmpty(String1) XmString String1;

Description

The **XmStringEmpty** subroutine returns a Boolean value indicating whether or not any non-zero text components exist in the provided compound string. It returns **True** if there are no text segments in the string. If this routine is passed **NULL** as the string, it returns **True**.

Parameter

String1

Specifies the compound string.

Return Value

Returns **True** if there are no text segments in the string. If this routine is passed **NULL** as the string, it returns **True**.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

XmStringExtent Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that determines the size of the smallest rectangle that encloses the compound string.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

void XmStringExtent(FontList, String, Width, Height) XmFontList FontList; XmString String; Dimension Width; Dimension Height;

Description

The XmStringExtent subroutine determines the width and height, in pixels, of the smallest rectangle that encloses the provided compound string.

Parameters

FontList Specifies the FontList parameter.

String

Specifies the string.

Width

Specifies the width of the rectangle.

Height

Specifies the height of the rectangle.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

XmStringFree

XmStringFree Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that recovers memory.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

void XmStringFree(String)

XmString String;

Description

The XmStringFree subroutine recovers memory used by a compound string.

Parameter

String

Specifies the compound string to be freed.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows

Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

XmStringFreeContext Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that instructs the **AlXwindowsToolkit** program that the context is no longer needed.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

void XmStringFreeContext(Context)
XmStringContext *Context;

Description

The XmStringFreeContext subroutine instructs the AlXwindows Toolkit program that the context is no longer needed and is not to be used without reinitialization.

Parameter

Context

Specifies the string context structure that was allocated by the

XmStringInitContext subroutine.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmStringCreate subroutine, XmStringInitContext subroutine.

XmStringGetLtoR Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that searches the input compound string for a text segment.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Boolean XmStringGetLtoR(String, CharacterSet, Text)

XmString String;

XmStringCharSet CharacterSet;

Char ** Text;

Description

The XmStringGetLtoR subroutine searches the input compound string for a segment that matches the given character set identifier.

Parameters

String Specifies the compound string.

CharacterSet Specifies the character set identifier to be associated with the text. This

can be XmSTRING_DEFAULT_CHARSET.

Text Specifies a pointer to a sequence of null terminated strings. Note that this

parameter is a double pointer to Char.

Return Value

Returns **True** if the matching text segment can be found. On return, the *Text* parameter will have a null terminated octet sequence containing the matched segment.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

XmStringGetNextComponent Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that returns the type and value of the next component in the compound string.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

XmStringComponentType XmStringGetNextComponent(Context,

Text, CharacterSet, Direction, UnknownTag, UnknownLength, UnknownValue)

XmStringContext Context; char ** Text; XmStringCharSet *CharacterSet; XmStringDirection *Direction; XmStringComponentType *UnknownTag; short *UnknownLength; char ** UnknownValue;

Description

The **XmStringGetNextComponent** subroutine returns the type and value of the next component in the compound string identified by the *Context* parameter. It is a low–level component subroutine. Components are returned one at a time. On return, only some output parameters are valid; valid parameters can be determined by examining the return status. In the case of *Text*, *CharacterSet* or *Direction* parameter components, only one output parameter is valid. If the return status indicates that an unknown component was encountered, the *Tag*, *Length*, and *Value* parameters are returned. The subroutine allocates the space necessary to hold returned values; freeing this space is the caller's responsibility.

Parameters

Context Specifies the string context structure that was allocated by the

XmStringInitContext subroutine.

Text Specifies a pointer to a null terminated string.

CharacterSet Specifies the character set identifier to be associated with the text.

This can be XmSTRING_DEFAULT_CHARSET.

Direction Specifies the direction of the text.

UnknownTag Specifies the tag of an unknown component.

UnknownLength Specifies the length of an unknown component.

UnknownValue Specifies the value of an unknown component.

XmStringGetNextComponent

Return Value

Returns the type of component found.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmStringCreate subroutine, XmStringInitContext subroutine.

XmStringGetNextSegment Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that fetches the octets in the next segment of a compound string.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Boolean XmStringGetNextSegment(Context, Text, CharacterSet, Direction, Separator)

XmStringContext Context;

char ** Text;

XmStringCharSet *CharacterSet; XmStringDirection *Direction; Boolean *Separator;

Description

The **XmStringGetNextSegment** subroutine fetches the octets in the next segment of a compound string; repeated calls fetch sequential segments. The *Text, CharacterSet*, and *Direction* parameters of the fetched segment are returned each time. A Boolean value is returned to indicate whether a valid segment was successfully parsed.

Parameters

Context Specifies the string context structure that was allocated by the

XmStringInitContext subroutine.

Text Specifies a pointer to a null terminated string.

CharacterSet Specifies the character set identifier to be associated with the text. This

can be XmSTRING_DEFAULT_CHARSET.

Direction Specifies the direction of the text.

Separator Specifies if the next component of the compound string is a separator.

Return Value

Returns True if a valid segment is found.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmStringCreate subroutine, XmStringInitContext subroutine, XtMalloc subroutine.

XmStringHeight Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that returns the line height of the given compound string.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Dimension XmStringHeight(FontList, String)

XmFontList FontList; XmString String;

Description

The XmStringHeight subroutine returns the height, in pixels, of the sum of all the line heights of the given compound string. Separator components delimit lines.

Parameters

FontList Specifies the FontList parameter.

String Specifies the string.

Return Value

Returns the height of the specified string.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

XmStringInitContext Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that allows client applications to read out the content segment by segment, or component by component.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Boolean XmStringInitContext(Context, String) XmStringContext *Context;

XmString String;

Description

The XmStringInitContext subroutine maintains a context to allow client applications to read out the contents of a compound string segment by segment. This subroutine establishes the context for this read—out. A Boolean value is returned to indicate if the input string is able to be parsed.

Parameters

Context

Specifies a pointer to the allocated context.

String

Specifies the string.

Return Value

Returns True if the context was allocated.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmStringCreate subroutine, XtMalloc subroutine.

XmStringLength Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that obtains the length of a compound string.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

int XmStringLength(String1)
XmString String1;

Description

The **XmStringLength** subroutine obtains the length of a compound string. This subroutine returns the number of bytes in the *String1* parameter, including all tags, direction indicators, and separators. If the compound string has an invalid structure, **zero** is returned.

Parameter

String1

Specifies the compound string.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

XmStringLineCount Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that returns the number of separators plus one in the provided compound string.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

int XmStringLineCount(String)
XmString String;

Description

The XmStringLineCount subroutine returns the number of separators plus one in the provided compound string. In effect, it counts the number of lines of text. For compound strings that have separators not representing /n, this subroutine gives incorrect results; not every separator is /n. This subroutine only effectually counts the number of lines if every separator is a new-line character.

Parameter

String

Specifies the string.

Return Value

Returns the number of lines in the compound string.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

XmStringNConcat Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that appends a specified number of bytes to a compound string.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

XmString XmStringNConcat(String1, String2, NumberBytes)

XmString String1; XmString String2; int NumberBytes;

Description

The XmStringNConcat subroutine appends a specified number of bytes from the String2 parameter to the end of the String1 parameter, including tags, directional indicators, and separators. This subroutine then returns the resulting compound string. The original strings are preserved. The space for the resulting compound string is allocated within the subroutine. The client application is responsible for managing the allocated space. The memory can be recovered by calling the XmStringFree subroutine.

Parameters

String1

Specifies the compound string to which a copy of the String2 parameter

is appended.

String2

Specifies the compound string that is appended to the end of the String1

parameter.

NumberBytes

Specifies the number of bytes of the String2 parameter to append to the

String1 parameter. If this value is more than the length of the String2

parameter, the resulting string is not a valid compound string.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmStringCreate subroutine, XmStringFree subroutine.

XmStringNCopy Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that creates a copy of a compound string.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

XmString XmStringNCopy(String1, NumberBytes)
XmString String1;
int NumberBytes;

Description

The XmStringNCopy subroutine creates a copy of the *String1* parameter that contains a specified number of bytes, including tags, directional indicators, and separators. This subroutine then returns the resulting compound string. The original string is preserved. The space for the resulting compound string is allocated within the subroutine. The application is responsible for managing the allocated space. The allocated memory can be recovered by calling the XmStringFree subroutine.

Parameters

String1

Specifies the compound string.

NumberBytes

Specifies the number of bytes of the *String1* parameter to copy. If this value is less than the length of the *String1* parameter, the

resulting string is not a valid compound string.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmStringCreate subroutine, XmStringFree subroutine.

XmStringPeekNextComponent

XmStringPeekNextComponent Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that returns the component type of the next component fetched.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

XmStringComponentType XmStringPeekNextComponent(Context) XmStringContext *Context;

Description

The XmStringPeekNextComponent subroutine examines the next component that is to be fetched by the XmStringGetNextComponent subroutine and returns the component type.

Parameter

Context

Specifies the string context structure that was allocated by the

XmStringInitContext subroutine.

Return Value

Returns the type of component found.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmStringCreate subroutine, XmStringInitContext subroutine.

XmStringSegmentCreate Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that creates a compound string.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

XmString XmStringSegmentCreate(Text, CharacterSet, Direction, Separator)

char * Text;

XmStringCharSet CharacterSet; XmStringDirection Direction;

Boolean Separator,

Description

The XmStringSegmentCreate subroutine is a high level subroutine that assembles a compound string consisting of a character set identifier, a direction component, a text component, and an optional separator component.

Parameters

Text

Specifies a pointer to a null-terminated string.

CharacterSet

Specifies the character set identifier to be associated with the text. This

can be XmSTRING_DEFAULT_CHARSET.

Direction

Specifies the direction of the text.

Separator

Specifies separator addition. If False, the compound string does not have

a separator at the end. If True, a separator immediately follows the text

component.

Return Value

Returns a new compound string.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

XmStringSeparatorCreate

XmStringSeparatorCreate Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that creates one single compound string, a separator.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

XmString XmStringSeparatorCreate()

Description

The XmStringSeparatorCreate subroutine creates a compound string with a separator as its only component. Possible usages might be for compound strings concatenations into compound strings that need separators interspersed in between segments.

Return Value

Returns a new compound string.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmStringCreate subroutine, XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XmStringWidth Subroutine

Purpose

A compound string subroutine that returns the width of the longest sequence of text components in a compound string.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Dimension XmStringWidth(FontList, String) XmFontList FontList; XmString String;

Description

The **XmStringWidth** subroutine returns the width, in pixels, of the longest sequence of text components in the provided compound string. Separator components are used to delimit sequences of text components.

Parameters

FontList

Specifies the font list.

String

Specifies the string.

Return Value

Returns a pixel value of type 'Dimension'.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmStringCreate subroutine.

XmTextClearSelection Subroutine

Purpose

A Text subroutine that clears the primary selection.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Text.h>

void XmTextClearSelection(Widget, Time)

Widget Widget;
Time Time;

Description

The XmTextClearSelection subroutine clears the primary selection in the Text widget; it has no effect on previously selected text.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the Text widget ID.

Time

Specifies the time at which the selection value is desired. This should be the

time of the event that triggered this request.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Text.h

Related Information

XmTextGetEditable Subroutine

Purpose

A **Text** subroutine that accesses the edit permission state.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Text.h>

Boolean XmTextGetEditable(Widget)

Widget Widget;

Description

The XmTextGetEditable subroutine accesses the edit permission state of the Text widget.

Parameter

Widget

Specifies the Text widget ID.

Return Value

Returns a Boolean value that indicates the state of the XmNeditable resource.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Text.h

Related Information

XmTextGetMaxLength Subroutine

Purpose

A Text subroutine that accesses the value of the current maximum allowable length of the text string entered from the keyboard.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Text.h>

int XmTextGetMaxLength(Widget) Widget Widget;

Description

The XmTextGetMaxLength subroutine accesses the value of the current maximum allowable length of the text string in the Text widget entered from the keyboard. The maximum allowable length prevents the user from entering a text string larger than this limit.

Parameter

Widget

Specifies the Text widget ID.

Return Values

Returns the integer value that indicates the maximum allowable string length that can be entered from the keyboard.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Text.h

Related Information

XmTextGetSelection Subroutine

Purpose

A **Text** subroutine that retrieves the value of the primary selection.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Text.h>

char * XmTextGetSelection(Widget)

Widget Widget;

Description

The XmTextGetSelection subroutine retrieves the value of the primary selection. This subroutine returns a NULL pointer if no text is selected in the widget. The client application is responsible for freeing the storage associated with the string by calling the XtFree subroutine.

Parameter

Widget

Specifies the Text widget ID.

Return Values

Returns a character pointer to the string that is associated with the primary selection.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Text.h

Related Information

The XmText widget class, XtFree subroutine.

XmTextGetString

XmTextGetString Subroutine

Purpose

A Text subroutine that accesses the string value.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Text.h>

char * XmTextGetString (Widget)
Widget Widget;

Description

The XmTextGetString subroutine accesses the string value of the Text widget. The application is responsible for freeing the storage associated with the string by calling the XtFree subroutine.

Parameter

Widget

Specifies the Text widget ID.

Return Value

Returns a character pointer to the string value of the Text widget

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Text.h

Related Information

The XmText widget class, XtFree subroutine.

XmTextReplace Subroutine

Purpose

A Text subroutine that replaces part of the text string.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Text.h>

void XmTextReplace (Widget, FromPosition, ToPosition,

Value)

Widget Widget; int FromPosition; int ToPosition; char *Value;

Description

The XmTextReplace subroutine replaces part of the text string in the Text widget. The character positions begin at zero and are numbered sequentially from the beginning of the text.

For example, a text replacement might require replacement of the second and third characters in the text string. To accomplish this, the parameter *FromPosition* must be a value of 1 and the parameter *ToPosition* must be a value of 3. To insert a string after the fourth character, the parameters *FromPosition* and *ToPosition* must both be a value of 4.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the Text widget ID.

FromPosition

Specifies the start position of the text to be replaced.

ToPosition

Specifies the end position of the text to be replaced.

Value

Specifies the character string value to be added to the **Text** widget.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Text.h

Related Information

XmTextSetEditable Subroutine

Purpose

A **Text** subroutine that sets the edit permission.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Text.h>

void XmTextSetEditable (Widget, Editable) Widget Widget; Boolean Editable;

Description

The **XmTextSetEditable** subroutine sets the edit permission state of the **Text** widget. When the edit permission state is set to **True**, the text string can be edited. This subroutine changes the **XmNeditable** resource of the **Text** widget.

Parameters

Widget Specifies the Text widget ID.

Editable Specifies a Boolean value that, when **True**, allows text string edits.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Text.h

Related Information

XmTextSetMaxLength Subroutine

Purpose

A Text subroutine that sets the value of the current maximum allowable length of the text string entered from the keyboard.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Text.h>

void XmTextSetMaxLength (Widget, MaxLength)
Widget Widget;
int MaxLength;

Description

The XmTextSetMaxLength subroutine sets the value of the current maximum allowable length of the text string in the Text widget. The maximum allowable length prevents the user from entering a text string from the keyboard that is larger than this limit. This subroutine changes the XmNmaxLength resource of the Text widget. Thus, as applicable to that particular resource, this subroutine has no effect when strings are entered using the XmNvalue resource or the XmTextSetString subroutine call.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the Text widget ID.

MaxLength

Specifies the maximum allowable length of the text string.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Text.h

Related Information

The XmText widget class, XmTextSetString subroutine.

XmTextSetSelection Subroutine

Purpose

A Text subroutine that sets the primary selection of the text.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Text.h>

void XmTextSetSelection (Widget, First, Last,

Time)

Widget Widget;

int First; int Last; Time Time;

Description

The XmTextSetSelection subroutine sets the primary selection of the text in the widget.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the Text Widget ID.

First

Marks the first character position.

Last

Marks the last position of the text to be selected.

Time

Specifies the time at which the selection value is desired. This should be the

same as the time of the event that triggered this request.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Text.h

Related Information

XmTextSetString Subroutine

Purpose

A Text subroutine that sets the string value.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Text.h>

void XmTextSetString (Widget, Value)
Widget Widget;

Widget Widget; char * Value;

Description

The XmTextSetString subroutine sets the string value of the Text widget.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the Text widget ID.

Value

Specifies the character pointer to the string value and places the string into the

text edit window.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Text.h

Related Information

XmToggleButtonGadgetGetState Subroutine

Purpose

A ToggleButtonGadget subroutine that obtains the state of a ToggleButtonGadget gadget.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/ToggleBG.h>

Boolean XmToggleButtonGadgetGetState(Widget) Widget Widget;

Description

The XmToggleButtonGadgetGetState subroutine obtains the state of an ToggleButtonGadget gadget.

Parameter

Widget

Specifies the ToggleButtonGadget gadget.

Return Value

Returns True if the button is selected and False if the button is unselected.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/ToggleBG.h

Related Information

The XmToggleButtonGadget gadget class.

XmToggleButtonGadgetSetState Subroutine

Purpose

A ToggleButtonGadget subroutine that sets or changes the current state.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/ToggleBG.h>

void XmToggleButtonGadgetSetState(Widget, State, Notify)

Widget Widget; Boolean State; Boolean Notify;

Description

The XmToggleButtonGadgetSetState subroutine sets or changes the current state of a ToggleButtonGadget gadget.

Parameters

Widget Specifies the ToggleButtonGadget gadget.

State Specifies a Boolean value that indicates whether the ToggleButtonGadget

gadget state is on or off. If True, the button state is selected; if False, the

button state is unselected.

Notify Indicates whether the subroutines specified in the

XmNvalueChangedCallback resource are called; it can be either True or

False.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/ToggleBG.h

Related Information

The XmToggleButtonGadget gadget class.

XmToggleButtonGetState Subroutine

Purpose

A ToggleButton subroutine that obtains the state of a ToggleButton widget.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/ToggleB.h>

 ${\bf Boolean~XmToggleButtonGetState}(\textit{Widget})$

Widget Widget;

Description

The XmToggleButtonGetState subroutine obtains the state of a ToggleButton widget.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the ToggleButton widget ID.

Return Value

The XmToggleButtonGetState subroutine returns True if the button is selected and False if the button is unselected.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/ToggleB.h

Related Information

The XmToggleButton widget class.

XmToggleButtonSetState Subroutine

Purpose

A ToggleButton subroutine that sets or changes the current state.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/ToggleB.h>

void XmToggleButtonSetState(Widget, State, Notify)

Widget Widget; Boolean State; Boolean Notify;

Description

The XmToggleButtonSetState subroutine sets or changes the current state of the ToggleButton widget.

Parameters

Widget

Specifies the ToggleButton widget ID.

State

Specifies a Boolean value that indicates whether the **ToggleButton** state is

selected or unselected. If True, the button state is selected; if False, the

button state is unselected.

Notify

Indicates whether the subroutines specified in the

XmNvalueChangedCallback resource are called; it can be either True or

False.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/ToggleB.h

Related Information

The XmToggleButton widget class.

XmUninstallImage

XmUninstallImage Subroutine

Purpose

A pixmap—caching subroutine that removes an image from the image cache.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

Boolean XmUninstallImage(Image) XImage *Image;

Description

The XmUninstallImage subroutine removes an image from an image cache.

Parameter

Image

Points to the image structure given to the Xminstallimage subroutine.

Return Values

The **XmUninstallImage** subroutine returns a **True** value when successful. A value of **False** is returned if the image is a **NULL** value, or if it cannot be found to be uninstalled.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

File

/usr/include/Xm/Xm.h

Related Information

The XmInstallImage subroutine, XmGetPixmap subroutine, XmDestroyPixmap subroutine.

XmUpdateDisplay Subroutine

Purpose

Processes all pending exposure events immediately.

Library

AlXwindows Library (libXm.a)

Syntax

Widget XmUpdateDisplay(Widget) Widget Widget;

Description

The **XmUpdateDisplay** subroutine provides a mechanism for forcing all pending exposure events to be removed from the input queue and to be processed immediately.

When a user selects a button within a **MenuPane** widget, the **MenuPane** widget is unposted and then any activation callback routines registered by the application is invoked. If one of the callbacks performs a time consuming action, the portion of the application window that is covered by the **MenuPane** widget is not redrawn; normal exposure processing does not occur until all of the callback routines are invoked. If the user suspects that a callback routine takes a long time, the callback may choose to invoke the **XmUpdateDisplay** subroutine before starting its time consuming operation.

This subroutine is also useful any time a transient window is unposted (such as a dialog box) and callbacks are invoked before normal exposure processing can occur.

Parameter

Widget

Specifies any widget or gadget.

Implementation Specifics

This subroutine is part of AlXwindows Development Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XmCreatePopupMenu subroutine, XmCreatePulldownMenu subroutine.

XmUpdateDisplay

AlXwindows Resource Sets

ApplicationShell Resource Set

XmNargc

XmNargv

XmNargc

Class

XmCNargc

Type

int

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNargc resource specifies the number of parameters in the XmNargv resource. The XtInitialize subroutine sets this resource on the Shell widget instance that it creates by using its parameters as the values.

XmNargv

Class

XmCNargv

Туре

String *

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNargv resource specifies the parameter list required by a session manager to restart the application, should it be killed. This list should be updated at appropriate points by the application if a new state is reached that can be directly restarted. The XtInitialize subroutine sets this resource and the XmNargc resource to the Shell widget instance it creates, to the parameter list it is passed.

Composite Resource Set

XmNinsertPosition

XmNinsertPosition

Class

XmCInsertPosition

Type

XmRFunction

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XminsertPosition resource points to the XtOrderProc data type.

The following procedure pointer in a composite widget instance is of type XtOrderProc:

Cardinal(*XtOrderProc)(*Widget*)
Widget *W*;

W

Specifies the widget.

Composite widgets that allow clients to order their children (usually homogeneous boxes) can call their widget instance's insert_position procedure from the class's insert_child procedure to determine where a new child should go in its children array. Thus, a client of a composite class can apply different sorting criteria to widget instances of the class, passing in a different insert_position procedure when it creates each composite widget instance.

The return value of the insert_position procedure indicates how many children should go before the widget. Returning **zero** indicates that the widget should go before all other children; returning num_children indicates that it should go after all other children. The default insert_position subroutine returns num_children and can be overidden by a specific composite widget's resource list or by the argument list provided when the composite widget is created.

Core Resource Set

XmNacceleratorsXmNancestorSensitiveXmNbackgroundXmNbackgroundPixmapXmNborderColorXmNborderPixmap

XmNborder Color XmNcolormap XmNcolormap

XmNdepth XmNdestroyCallback

XmNheight XmNmappedWhenManaged

XmNscreenXmNsensitiveXmNtranslationsXmNwidth

XmNx XmNy

XmNaccelerators

Class XmCAccelerators

Type XtTranslations

Default NULL

Access CSG

Description

The **XmNaccelerators** resource specifies a translation table that is bound with its actions in the context of a particular widget. The accelerator table can then be installed on some destination widget.

XmNancestorSensitive

Class XmCSensitive

Type Boolean

Default True; ShellAncestorSensitive if inherited for the ApplicationShell,

OverrideShell, Shell, TopLevelShell, TransientShell, VendorShell,

WMShell, DialogShell, or MenuShell widget

Access G; CSG if inherited for the MenuShell widget

Description

The **XmNancestorSensitive** resource specifies whether the immediate parent of the widget receives input events. Use the **XtSetSensitive** subroutine to change the parameter to preserve data integrity (see the **XmNsensitive** resource later in this article).

Core

XmNbackground

Class

XmCBackground

Type

Pixel

Default

White; dynamic if inherited for the ArrowButton, BulletinBoard,

CascadeButton, Command, DrawingArea, DrawnButton,

FileSelectionBox, Form, Frame, Label, List, MainWindow, Manager, MessageBox, PanedWindow, Primitive, PushButton, RowColumn, Scale, ScrollBar, ScrolledWindow, SelectionBox, Separator, Text, or

ToggleButton widget

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNbackground resource specifies the background color for the widget.

XmNbackgroundPixmap

Class

XmCPixmap

Type

Pixmap

Default

XmUNSPECIFIED PIXMAP

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNBackgroundPixmap resource specifies a pixmap for tiling the background. The first tile is placed at the upper left–hand corner of the widget window.

XmNborderColor

Class

XmCBorderColor

Type

Pixel

Default

Black

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNborderColor resource specifies the color of the border in a pixel value.

XmNborderPixmap

Class

XmCPixmap

Type

Pixmap

Default

XmUNSPECIFIED PIXMAP

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNborderPixmap** resource specifies the pixmap to be used for tiling the border. The first tile is placed at the upper left—hand corner of the border.

XmNborderWidth

Class

XmCBorderWidth

Type

Dimension

Default

1; 0 if inherited for the ArrowButton, BulletinBoard, CascadeButton,

Command, DrawingArea, DrawnButton, FileSelectionBox,

Form, Frame, Label, List, MainWindow, Manager,

MessageBox,PanedWindow, Primitive, PushButton, RowColumn, Scale, ScrollBar,ScrolledWindow, SelectionBox, Separator, Text, or ToggleButtonwidget; dynamic if inherited for the RowColumn widget

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNborderWidth** resource specifies the width of the border that surrounds the widget window on all four sides. The width is specified in pixels. A width value of zero specifies that no border will show.

XmNcolormap

Class

XmCColormap

Type

Colormap

Default

XtCopyFromParent; ShellColormap if inherited for the ApplicationShell,

OverrideShell, Shell, TopLevelShell, TransientShell, VendorShell,

WMShell, DialogShell, or MenuShell widget

Access

CG

Description

The XmNcolormap resource specifies the colormap to be used for conversions to the Pixel type for this widget instance. When changed, previously generated pixel values are not be affected, but newly generated values are affected in the new colormap.

XmNdepth

Class

XmCDepth

Type

int

Default

XtCopyFromParent;

ShellDepth if inherited for the ApplicationShell, OverrideShell, Shell,TopLevelShell, TransientShell, VendorShell, WMShell,

DialogShell, or MenuShell widget

Access

CG

Description

The XmNdepth resource specifies the number of bits that can be used for each pixel in the widget window. Applications should not change or set the value of this resource as it is set by the XtIntrinsics subroutine when the widget is created.

XmNdestroyCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Core

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNdestroyCallback resource points to a callback list containing routines to be called when the widget is destroyed.

XmNheight

Class

XmCHeight

Type

Dimension

Default

0; 16 if inherited for the RowColumn widget

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNheight resource specifies the height of the widget window in pixels, not including the border area.

XmNmappedWhenManaged

Class

XmCMappedWhenManaged

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmappedWhenManaged resource maps the widget (made visible) as soon as it is both realized and managed, if set to the True value. If set to the False value, the client is responsible for mapping and unmapping the widget. If the value is changed from the True value to the False value after the widget is realized and managed, the widget is unmapped.

XmNscreen

Class

XmCScreen

Type

Pointer

Default

XtCopyScreen

Access

CG

Description

The XmNscreen resource specifies the screen on which a widget instance resides. It is read only, except for shells.

XmNsensitive

Class

XmCSensitive

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNsensitive resource determines whether a widget receives input events. If a widget is sensitive, the XtIntrinsics Event Manager dispatches to the widget all keyboard, mouse button, motion, window enter/leave, and focus events. Insensitive widgets do not receive these events. Use the XtSetSensitive subroutine to change the sensitivity parameter. Using the XtSetSensitive subroutine ensures that if a parent widget has the XmNsensitive resource set to the False value, the ancestor–sensitive flag of all its children is appropriately set.

XmNtranslations

Class

XmCTranslations

Type

XtTranslations

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNtranslations resource points to a translations list, which is a list of events and actions that are to be performed when the events occur.

XmNwidth

Class

XmCWidth

Type

Dimension

Default

0; 16 if inherited for the RowColumn widget

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNwidth resource specifies the width of the widget window in pixels, not including the border area.

XmNx

Class

XmCPosition

Type

Position

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNx** resource specifies the x-coordinate of the upper left-hand corner of the widget (excluding the border) in relation to its parent widget.

XmNy

Class

XmCPosition

Type

Position

Default

0

Core

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNy** resource specifies the y-coordinate of the upper left-hand corner of the widget (excluding the border) in relation to its parent widget.

Object Resource Set

XmNdestroyCallback

XmNdestroyCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCalibackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNdestroyCallback resource calls a callback list when the gadget is destroyed.

RectObj

RectObj Resource Set

XmNancestorSensitive

XmNborderWidth

XmNheight

XmNsensitive

XmNwidth

XmNx

XmNy

XmNancestorSensitive

Class

XmCSensitive

Type

Boolean

Default

XtCopyFromParent; 0 if inherited from the ArrowButtonGadget, Gadget,

LabelGadget, or ToggleButtonGadget

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNancestorSensitive** resource specifies whether the immediate parent of the widget receives input events. Use the **XtSetSensitive** subroutine to change the argument to preserve data integrity (see the **XmNsensitive** resource that follows).

XmNborderWidth

Class

XmCBorderWidth

Type

Dimension

Default

1; 0 if inherited from the ArrowButtonGadget, Gadget, LabelGadget, or

ToggleButtonGadget gadget

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNborderWidth resource forces a value of zero since an RectObj widget does not have border width; this resource is not used.

XmNheight

Class

XmCHeight

Type

Dimension

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNheight resource specifies in pixels the height of the widget window, not including the border area.

XmNsensitive

Class

XmCSensitive

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNsensitive resource determines whether a widget receives input events. If a widget is sensitive, the XtIntrinsics Event Manager dispatches to the widget all keyboard, mouse button, motion, window enter/leave, and focus events. Insensitive widgets do not receive these events. Use the XtSetSensitive subroutine to change the sensitivity parameter. Using the XtSetSensitive subroutine ensures that if a parent widget has the XmNsensitive resource set to the False value, the ancestor—sensitive flag of all its children is appropriately set.

XmNwidth

Class

XmCWidth

Type

Dimension

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNwidth resource contains the width of the XmRectObj rectangular display image.

XmNx

Class

XmCPosition

Type

Position

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNx resource contains the x-coordinate of the gadget upper left-hand corner in relation to its parent window.

XmNy

Class

XmCPosition

Type

Position

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNy resource contains the y-coordinate of the gadget upper left-hand corner in relation to its parent window.

Shell Resource Set

XmNallowShellResize

XmNcreatePopupChildProc

XmNgeometry

XmNoverrideRedirect

XmNpopdownCallback

XmNpopupCallback

XmNsaveUnder

XmNallowShellResize

Class

XmCAllowShellResize

Type

Boolean

Default

False; True if inherited for the MenuShell widget

Access

CSG; G if inherited for the MenuShell widget

Description

The XmNallowShellResize resource specifies that if this resource is the False value, the XmShell widget instance returns the XtGeometryNo value to all geometry requests from its children.

XmNcreatePopupChildProc

Class

XmCCreatePopupChildProc

Type

XmCreatePopupChildProc

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNcreatePopupChildProc resource specifies the pointer to a subroutine that is called when the XmShell widget instance is popped up by the XtPopup subroutine.

XmNgeometry

Class

XmCGeometry

Type

String; caddr_t if inherited for the MenuShell widget

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNgeometry resource specifies the desired geometry for the widget instance. This resource is only examined when the widget instance is unrealized and the number of its managed children is changed. It is used to change the values of the XmNx, XmNy, XmNwidth, and XmNheight resources.

XmNoverrideRedirect

Class XmCOverrideRedirect

Type Boolean

Default False; True if inherited for the OverrideShell or MenuShell widget

Access CSG

Description

The XmNoverrideRedirect resource specifies the True value if the widget instance is an extremely temporary window that should be ignored by the window manager. Applications and users should not normally alter this resource.

XmNpopdownCallback

Class XmCCallback

Type XtCallbackList; caddr_t if inherited for the MenuShell widget

Default NULL

Access C

Description

The XmNpopdownCallback resource specifies a list of callbacks that is called when the widget instance is popped down by the XtPopdown subroutine.

XmNpopupCallback

Class XmCCallback

Type XtCallbackList;

caddr_t if inherited for the MenuShell widget

Default NULL

Access C

Description

The XmNpopupCallback resource specifies a list of callbacks that is called when the widget instance is popped down by the XtPopup subroutine.

XmNsaveUnder

Class XmCSaveUnder

Type Boolean

Default False; True if inherited for the OverrideShell or MenuShell widget

Access CSG

Description

The XmNsaveUnder resource specifies a True value if it is desirable to save the contents of the screen beneath this widget instance, thus avoiding expose events when the instance is unmapped. This is a hint, and an implementation can save contents whenever it needs to, including always or never.

TopLevelShell Resource Set

XmNiconic

XmNiconName

XmNiconic

Class

XmClconic

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNiconic** resource specifies, if it is the **True** value when the widget instance is realized, that the widget instance indicates to the window manager that the application wishes to start iconic, irrespective of the **XtinitialState** resource. This resource is only examined by the Intrinsics during a call to the **XtRealizeWidget** subroutine, and is ignored at all other times.

XmNiconName

Class

XmClconName

Type

String

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNiconName** resource specifies the short form of the application name to be displayed by the window manager when the application is iconified.

VendorShell Resource Set

XmNdeleteResponse

XmNkeyboardFocusPolicy

XmNmwmDecorations

XmNmwmFunctions

XmNmwmInputMode

XmNmwmMenu

XmNshellUnitType

XmNdeleteResponse

Class

XmCDeleteResponse

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmDESTROY; XmUNMAP if inherited for the DialogShell widget

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNdeleteResponse resource determines what action the shell takes in response to a WM_DELETE_WINDOW message. The setting can be one of three values: XmDESTROY, XmUNMAP, and XmDO_NOTHING. The resource is scanned, and the appropriate action is taken, after the WM_DELETE_WINDOW callback list (if any) that is registered with the Protocol manager has been called.

XmNkeyboardFocusPolicy

Class

XmCKeyboardFocusPolicy

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmEXPLICIT

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNkeyboardFocusPolicy resource determines allocation fo keyboard focus within the widget hierarchy whose root begins at this shell. The X keyboard focus must be directed to somewhere in the hierarchy for this client–side focus management to take effect.

XmNmwmDecorations

Class

XmCMwmDecorations

Type

int

Default

-1

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmwmDecorations resource includes the decoration flags (specific decorations to add or remove from the window manager frame) for MWM_HINTS.

VendorShell

XmNmwmFunctions

Class

XmCMwmFunctions

Type

int

Default

-1

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmwmFunctions resource includes the function flags (specific window manager subroutines to include or exclude from the system menu) for MWM_HINTS.

XmNmwmInputMode

Class

XmCMwmInputMode

Type

int

Default

-1

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmwmInputMode includes the input mode flag (application modal or system modal input focus constraints) for MWM_HINTS.

XmNmwmMenu

Class

XmCMwmMenu

Type

String

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmwmMenu resource specifies the menu items that the AlXwindows window manager should add to the end of the system menu. The contents of the string are a list of items separated by \n with the following format:

label [mnemonic] [accelerator] function

If more than one item is specified, the items should be separated by a newline character.

XmNshellUnitType

Class

XmCShellUnitType

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmPIXELS

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNshellUnitType resource determines geometric resource interpretation. The following values are allowed:

- XmPixels all values provided to the widget are treated as normal pixel values.
- Xm100TH_MILLIMETERS all values provided to the widget are treated as 1/100 millimeter.
- Xm100TH_INCHES all values provided to the widget are treated as 1/100 inch.
- Xm100TH_POINTS all values provided to the widget are treated as 1/100 point. A point is a unit used in text processing applications and is defined as 1/72 inch.
- Xm100TH_FONT_UNITS all values provided to the widget are treated as 1/100 font unit. The value used for the font unit is determined in one of two ways:
 - the XmNfont resource can be used in a defaults file or on the command line, or
 - the standard command line options of -fn and -font can be used.

The font unit value is taken as the **QUAD_WIDTH** property of the font. The **XmSetFontUnits** subroutine allows applications to specify the font unit values.

WMShell Resource Set

XmNheightInc XmNiconMask XmNiconPixmap XmNiconWindow

XmNiconY XmNiconY

XmNinitialState XmNinput

XmNmaxAspectXXmNmaxAspectYXmNmaxHeightXmNmaxWidthXmNminAspectXXmNminAspectYXmNminHeightXmNminWidth

XmNtitleXmNtransientXmNwaitForWmXmNwidthInc

XmNwindowGroup XmNmwmTimeout

XmNheightInc

Class XmCHeightInc

Type int
Default -1

Access CSG

Description

The **XmNheightInc** resource specifies allowable height for the widget instance by the window manager if this resource is defined. The sizes are the **XmNminHeight** resource plus an integral multiple of the **XmNheightInc** resource, subject to the **XmNmaxHeight** resource.

XmNiconMask

Class XmClconMask

Type Pixmap
Default NULL
Access CSG

Description

The XmNiconMask resource specifies a bitmap that could be used by the window manager to clip the XmNiconPixmap value bitmap to make the icon non-rectangular.

XmNiconPixmap

IXMap Class XmClconPixmap

Type Pixmap
Default NULL

Access CSG

Description

The XmNiconPixmap resource specifies a bitmap that could be used by the window manager as the application icon.

XmNiconWindow

Class

XmClconWindow

Type

Window

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNiconWindow** resource specifies the ID of a window that could be used by the window manager as the application icon.

XmNiconX

Class

XmClconX

Type

int

Default

-1

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNiconX resource specifies a suitable place to put the application icon; it is a hint to the window manager in root window coordinates. Since the window manager controls icon placement policy, this resource can be ignored.

XmNiconY

Class

XmClconY

Type

int

Default

-1

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNiconY** resource specifies a suitable place to put the application icon; this is a hint to the window manager in root window coordinates. Since the window manager controls icon placement policy, this may be ignored.

XmNinitialState

Class

XmCInitialState

Type

int

Default

_

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNinitialState resource specifies the state in which the application wishes the widget instance to start. It must be the NormalState or IconicState constants.

XmNinput

Class XmCInput

Type Boolean

Default True

Access CSG

Description

The XmNinput resource specifies the application input model for this widget and its descendants.

XmNmaxAspectX

Class XmCMaxAspectX

Type int
Default -1

Access CSG

Description

The XmNmaxAspectX resource gives the maximum aspect ratio (X/Y) that the application wishes the widget instance to have.

XmNmaxAspectY

Class XmCMaxAspectY

Type int

Default –1

Access CSG

Description

The XmNmaxAspectY resource specifies the maximum aspect ratio (X/Y) that the application allows the widget instance to have.

XmNmaxHeight

Class XmCMaxHeight

Type int
Default -1
Access CSG

Description

The XmNmaxHeight resource specifies the maximum height that the application allows the widget instance to have.

XmNmaxWidth

Class XmCMaxWidth

Type int
Default -1

Access CSG

Description

The XmNmaxWidth resource specifies the maximum width that the application allows the widget instance to have.

XmNminAspectX

Class XmCMinAspectX

Type int

Default -1

Access CSG

Description

The XmNminAspectX resource specifies the minimum aspect ratio (X/Y) that the application allows the widget instance to have.

XmNminAspectY

Class XmCMinAspectY

Type int

Default -1

Access CSG

Description

The XmNminAspectY resource specifies the minimum aspect ratio (X/Y) that the application allows the widget instance to have.

XmNminHeight

Class XmCMinHeight

Type int

Default -1

Access CSG

Description

The XmNminHeight resource specifies the minimum height that the application allows the widget instance to have.

XmNminWidth

Class XmCMinWidth

Type int

WMShell

Default

-1

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNminWidth resource specifies the minimum width that the application allows the widget instance to have.

XmNtitle

Class

XmCTitle

Type

char *

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNtitle** resource specifies the application name to be displayed by the window manager.

XmNtransient

Class

XmCTransient

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNtransient** resource specifies a Boolean value that is the **True** value if the widget instance is a transient window that should be treated more lightly by the window manager. Applications and users should not normally alter this resource. The window for which the widget instance is a transient is set to the **XmNwindowGroup** value.

XmNwaitForWm

Class

XmCWaitForWm

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNwaitForWm resource specifies that the XtIntrinsics subroutine waits the length of time given by the XmNwmTimeout value for the window manager to respond to certain actions when a True value, before assuming that there is no window manager present. This resource is altered by XtIntrinsics as it receives, or fails to receive, responses from the window manager.

XmNwidthInc

Class

XmCWidthInc

Type

int

Default

-1

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNwidthInc resource specifies allowable width for the widget instance by the window manager if this resource is defined. The sizes are the XmNminWidth resource plus an integral multiple of the XmNwidthInc resource, subject to the XmNmaxWidth resource.

XmNwindowGroup

Class

XmCWindowGroup

Type

XID

Default

None

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNwindowGroup resource specifies the ID of a window for which this widget instance is associated; a window manager may treat all windows in a group in some way, for example, by always moving or iconifying them together.

If this is set on an **Shell** widget instance which has no parent but has popup children, this resource is set to the same value on all popup children of the widget instance, all popup children of these children, and so on.

See also the XmNtransient resource.

XmNmwmTimeout

Class

XmCWmTimeout

Type

int

Default

fivesecond

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmwmTimeout resource specifies the length of time that the XtIntrinsics subroutine waits for the window manager to respond to certain actions before assuming that there is no window manager present.

XmArrowButton Resource Set

XmNactivateCallback

XmNarrowDirection

XmNarmCallback

XmNdisarmCallback

XmNactivateCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNactivateCallback resource specifies a callback subroutine that is called when the ArrowButton widget is activated. To activate the button, press and release the left mouse button while the pointer is inside the ArrowButton widget. Activating the ArrowButton widget also disarms it. The callback reason is the XmCR ACTIVATE value.

XmNarmCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNarmCallback resource specifies a callback subroutine that is called when the ArrowButton widget is armed. To arm this widget, press the left mouse button while the pointer is inside the ArrowButton widget. The callback reason is the XmCR_ARM value.

XmNarrowDirection

Class

XmCArrowDirection

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmARROW_UP

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNarrowDirection resource sets the arrow direction. The values for this resource are the XmARROW_UP, XmARROW_DOWN, XmARROW_LEFT, and XmARROW_RIGHT values.

XmNdisarmCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access C

Description

The XmNdisarmCallback resource specifies a callback subroutine that is called when the ArrowButton widget is disarmed. To disarm this widget, press and release the left mouse button while the pointer is inside the ArrowButton widget. The callback reason is the XmCR_DISARM value.

XmArrowButtonGadget

XmArrowButtonGadget Resource Set

XmNactivateCallback

XmNarrowDirection XmNdisarmCallback

XmNarmCallback

XmNactivateCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

C

Description

The XmNactivateCallback resource specifies a list of callbacks that is called when the ArrowButtonGadget gadget is activated. To activate the button, press and release the left mouse button while the pointer is inside the ArrowButtonGadget gadget. Activating the ArrowButtonGadget gadget also disarms it. The callback reason is the XmCR_ACTIVATE value.

XmNarmCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNarmCallback resource specifies a list of callbacks that is called when the ArrowButtonGadget gadget is armed. To arm this gadget, press the left mouse button while the pointer is inside the ArrowButtonGadget gadget. The callback reason is the XmCR_ARM value.

XmNarrowDirection

Class

XmCArrowDirection

Type

int

Default

XmARROW_UP

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNarrowDirection resource sets the arrow direction. The values for this resource are as follows:

- XmARROW_UP
- XmARROW_DOWN
- XmARROW_LEFT
- XmARROW_RIGHT

XmArrowButtonGadget

XmNdisarmCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

C

Description

The XmNdisarmCallback resource specifies a list of callbacks that is called when the ArrowButtonGadget gadget is disarmed. To disarm this gadget, press and release the left mouse button while the pointer is inside the ArrowButtonGadget gadget. The callback reason is the XmCR_DISARM value.

XmBulletinBoard Resource Set

XmNallowOverlap
XmNbuttonFontList
XmNdefaultButton
XmNdialogStyle
XmNfocusCallback
XmNmapCallback
XmNmarginWidth
XmNresizePolicy

XmNautoUnmanage
XmNcancelButton
XmNdefaultPosition
XmNdialogTitle
XmNlabelFontList
XmNmarginHeight
XmNnoResize
XmNshadowType

XmNstringDirectionXmNtextFontListXmNtextTranslationsXmNunmapCallback

XmNallowOverlap

Class

XmCAllowOverlap

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Command, Form, or MessageBox widget

Description

The XmNallowOverlap resource controls the policy for overlapping children widgets. If a True value, the BulletinBoard widget allows geometry requests that result in overlapping children.

XmNautoUnmanage

Class

XmCAutoUnmanage

Type

Boolean

Default

True; False if inherited for the Command or FileSelectionBox widget

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Form widget

Description

The XmNautoUnmanage resource controls whether the BulletinBoard widget is automatically unmanaged after a button is activated. If this resource is the True value, the BulletinBoard widget adds a callback to button children (PushButtons, PushButtonGadgets, and DrawnButtons) that unmanages the BulletinBoard widget when a button is activated. In addition, if the parent of the BulletinBoard widget is a DialogShell widget, the unmap callback subroutines are called. If this resource is the False value, the BulletinBoard widget is not automatically unmanaged.

XmNbuttonFontList

Class

XmCButtonFontList

Type

XmFontList

Default

NULL

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Command or Form widget

Description

The XmNbuttonFont resource specifies the font list for the BulletinBoard widget's button children (PushButtons, PushButtonGadgets, ToggleButtons, and ToggleButtonGadgets). If this resource is the NULL value, the XmNtextFontList resource is used for buttons.

XmNcancelButton

Class

XmCWidget

Type

Widget

Default

NULL; Cancel button if inherited for the MessageBox or SelectionBox

widget

Access

SG; N/A if inherited for the Command or Form widget; G if inherited for the

MessageBox widget

Description

The XmNcancelButton resource specifies the widget ID of the Cancel button. This resource is set by the subclasses of the BulletinBoard widget, which define a default button. The BulletinBoard widget does not directly provide any behavior for that button.

XmNdefaultButton

Class

XmCWidget

Type

Widget

Default

NULL; OK button if inherited for the MessageBox or SelectionBox widget

Access

SG; N/A if inherited for the Command or Form widget; G if inherited for the

MessageBox widget

Description

The XmNdefaultButton resource specifies the widget ID of the default button. This resource is set by the subclasses of the BulletinBoard widget, which define a a default button. The BulletinBoard widget defines translations and installs accelerators that activate that button when the return key is pressed.

XmNdefaultPosition

Class

XmCDefaultPosition

Type

Boolean

Default

True; False if inherited for the Command widget

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Form widget

Description

The XmNdefaultPosition resource controls whether the BulletinBoard widget is automatically positioned by its parent. If this resource is the True value, and the parent of the BulletinBoard widget is a DialogShell widget, then the BulletinBoard widget is centered within or around the parent of the DialogShell widget when the BulletinBoard

XmBulletinBoard

widget is mapped and managed. If this resource is the **False** value, the **BulletinBoard** widget is not automatically positioned.

XmNdialogStyle_

Class

XmCDialogStyle

Type

unsigned char

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Form widget

Description

The XmNdialogStyle resource indicates the dialog style associated with the BulletinBoard widget. If the parent of the BulletinBoard widget is a DialogShell widget, the parent widget is configured according to this resource. The possible values for this resource are as follows:

- XmDIALOG_SYSTEM_MODAL used for dialogs that must be responded to before any other interaction in any application.
- XmDIALOG_APPLICATION_MODAL used for dialogs that must be responded to before any other interactions in the same application.
- XmDIALOG_MODELESS used for dialogs that do not interrupt interaction of any application.
- XmDIALOG_WORK_AREA used for non–dialog (the parent is not a subclass of the DialogShell) BulletinBoard widgets.

XmNdialogTitle

Class

XmCXmString

Type

XmString

Default

NULL

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Form widget

Description

The XmNdialogTitle resource specifies the dialog title. If this resource is not NULL, and the parent of the BulletinBoard widget is a subclass of WMShell, the BulletinBoard widget sets the XmNTitle resource of its parent to the value of this resource.

XmNfocusCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

C

Description

The XmNfocusCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called when the BulletinBoard widget (or one of its descendants) accepts the input focus. The callback reason is the XmCR_FOCUS value.

XmNlabelFontList

Class

XmCLabelFontList

Type

XmFontList

Default

NULL

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Form widget

Description

The XmNlabelFontList resource specifies the font list used for the Label children of the BulletinBoard widget (Labels and LabelGadgets). If this resource is the NULL value, the XmNtextFontList resource is used for labels also.

XmNmapCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNmapCallback resource specifies the list of callback subroutines that is called only when the parent of the BulletinBoard widget is a DialogShell widget; in which case, this callback list is invoked when the BulletinBoard widget is mapped. The callback reason is the XmCR MAP value.

XmNmarginHeight

Class

XmCMarginHeight

Type

short

Default

10

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Form widget

Description

The XmNmarginHeight resource specifies the minimum spacing in pixels between the top or bottom edge of the BulletinBoard widget and any child widget.

XmBulletinBoard

XmNmarginWidth

Class

XmCMarginWidth

Type

short

Default

10

Access

CSG: N/A if inherited for the Form widget

Description

The XmNmarginWidth resource specifies the minimum spacing in pixels between the left or right edge of the BulletinBoard widget and any child widget.

XmNnoResize

Class

XmCNoResize

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Form widget

Description

The XmNnoResize resource controls whether resize controls are included in the window manager frame around the dialog. If this resource is the True value, the AlXwindows window manager does not include resize controls in the window manager frame containing the DialogShell or TopLevelShell parent of the BulletinBoard widget. If this resource is the False value, the window manager frame does include resize controls. The preferred way to manipulate the set of controls provided by the AlXwindows window manager is to specify values for the mwm resources provided by the VendorShell widget.

XmNresizePolicy

Class

XmCResizePolicy

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmRESIZE ANY; XmRESIZE NONE if inherited for the Command widget

Return Values XmRESIZE NONE (fixed size)

XmRESIZE ANY (shrink or grow as needed)

XmRESIZE_GROW (grow only)

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNresizePolicy resource controls the policy for resizing the BulletinBoard widgets. Possible values include the following:

- XmRESIZE_NONE fixed size.
- XmRESIZE_ANY shrink or grow as needed.
- XmRESIZE_GROW grow only.

XmNshadowType

Class XmCShadowType

Type unsigned char

Default XmSHADOW OUT

Access CSG; N/A if inherited for the Form widget

Description

The XmNshadowType resource describes the shadow drawing style for the BulletinBoard widget. This resource can have the following values:

- XmSHADOW_IN draws the BulletinBoard shadow such that it appears inset. This means that the bottom shadow visuals and top shadow visuals are reversed.
- XmSHADOW_OUT draws the BulletinBoard shadow such that it appears outset.
- XmSHADOW_ETCHED_IN draws the BulletinBoard shadow using a double line, giving the effect of a line etched into the window, similar to the Separator widget.
- XmSHADOW_ETCHED_OUT draws the BulletinBoard shadow using a double line, giving the effect of a line coming out of the window, similar to the Separator widget.

BulletinBoard widgets draw shadows just within their borders if the XmNshadowThickness resource is greater than zero. If the parent of a BulletinBoard widget is a DialogShell widget, the BulletinBoard widget dynamically changes the default for the XmNshadowThickness resource from 0 to 1.

XmNstringDirection

Class XmCStringDirection

Type XmStringDirection

Default XmSTRING_DIRECTION_L_TO_R

Return Values XmSTRING_DIRECTION_L_TO_R (the default)

XmSTRING_DIRECTION_R_TO_L
XmSTRING DIRECTION REVERT

Access CSG; N/A if inherited for the Form widget

Description

The XmNstringDirection resource specifies the initial rendering direction for text within a dialog. The subclasses of the BulletinBoard widget which create XmString components set the XmNstringDirection resource of these components based on the value of this resource. The BulletinBoard widget does not directly provide any behavior for this resource.

XmNtextFontList

Class XmCTextFont

Type XmFontList

Default NULL

Access CSG; N/A if inherited for the Form or MessageBox widget

XmBulletinBoard

Description

The XmNtextFont resource specifies the font list used for the Text children of the BulletinBoard widget. If there is no XmNbuttonFontList resource specified, this resource is used for buttons. If there is no XmNlabelFontList resource specified, this resource is used for labels also.

XmNtextTranslations

Class

XmCTranslations

Type

XtTranslations

Default

NULL

Access

C; N/A if inherited for the Form or MessageBox widget

Description

The XmNtextTranslations resource adds translations to any Text widget (or a Text widget subclass) that is added as a child of the BulletinBoard widget.

XmNunmapCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNunmapCallback resource specifies the list of callback subroutines that is called only when the parent of the BulletinBoard widget is a DialogShell widget; this callback list is invoked when the BulletinBoard widget is unmapped. The callback reason is the XmCR_UNMAP value.

XmCascadeButton Resource Set

XmNactivateCallback

XmNcascadingCallback

XmNsubMenuld

XmNcascadePixmap XmNmappingDelay

XmNactivateCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNactivateCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called when the user activates the CascadeButton widget, and there is no submenu attached to pop up. The activation occurs by releasing a mouse button or by typing the mnemonic associated with the widget. The specific mouse button depends on information in the RowColumn widget parent. The callback reason is the XmCR ACTIVATE value.

XmNcascadePixmap

Class

XmCPixmap

Type

Pixmap

Default

"menu_cascade"

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNcascadePixmap resource specifies the cascade pixmap displayed on the right end of the widget when an CascadeButton widget is used within an Popup widget or Pulldown MenuPane widget and a submenu is attached. The XmLabel widget class resources: XmNmarginRight, XmNmarginTop, and XmNmarginBottom, can be modified to ensure room is left for the cascade pixmap. The default cascade pixmap is an arrow pointing to the right.

XmNcascadingCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

XmCascadeButton

Description

The XmNcascadingCallback resource specifies the list of callback routines that is called just prior to the mapping of the submenu associated with the CascadeButton widget. The callback reason is the XmCR_CASCADING value.

XmNmappingDelay

Class

XmCMappingDelay

Type

int

Default

100

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmappingDelay resource specifies the amount of time, in milliseconds, between when a CascadeButton widget becomes armed and when it maps its submenu. This delay is only used when the widget is within an Popup menu or a Pulldown MenuPane menu.

XmNsubMenuld

Class

XmCMenuWidget

Type

Widget

Default

n

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNsubMenuId resource specifies the widget ID for the Pulldown MenuPane menu to be associated with this CascadeButton widget. The specified MenuPane widget is displayed when the CascadeButton widget is armed. The MenuPane widget must be created with the appropriate parentage depending on the type of menu used. See the XmCreatePulldownMenu subroutine, the XmCreatePopupMenu subroutine, and the XmCreateOptionMenu subroutine for more information on the menu systems.

XmCascadeButtonGadget Resource Set

XmNactivateCallback

XmNcascadePixmap

XmNcascadingCallback

XmNmappingDelay

XmNsubMenuld

XmNactivateCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNactivateCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called when the user activates the CascadeButtonGadget gadget, and there is no submenu attached to pop up. The activation occurs by releasing a mouse button or by typing the mnemonic associated with the gadget. The specific mouse button depends on information in the RowColumn widget parent. The callback reason is the XmCR ACTIVATE value.

XmNcascadePixmap

Class

XmCPixmap

Type

Pixmap

Default

"menu_cascade"

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNcascadePixmap resource specifies the cascade pixmap displayed on the right end of the gadget when an CascadeButtonGadget gadget is used within an Popup widget or Pulldown MenuPane widget and a submenu is attached. The XmLabelGadget widget class resources: XmNmarginRight, XmNmarginTop, and XmNmarginBottom, can be modified to ensure room is left for the cascade pixmap. The default cascade pixmap is an arrow pointing to the right.

XmNcascadingCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNcascadingCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called just prior to the mapping of the submenu associated with the CascadeButtonGadget gadget. The callback reason is the XmCR_CASCADING value.

XmCascadeButtonGadget

XmNmappingDelay

Class

XmCMappingDelay

Type

int

Default

100

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmappingDelay resource specifies the amount of time, in milliseconds, between when an CascadeButtonGadget gadget becomes armed and when it maps its submenu. This delay is only used when the gadget is within an XmPopup menu or an XmPulldown MenuPane menu.

XmNsubMenuld

Class

XmCMenuWidget

Type

Widget

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNsubMenuId resource specifies the widget ID for the XmPulldown MenuPane menu to be associated with this CascadeButtonGadget gadget. The specified MenuPane widget is displayed when the CascadeButtonGadget gadget is armed. The MenuPane widget must be created with the appropriate parentage depending on the type of menu used. See the XmCreatePulldownMenu subroutine, the XmCreatePopupMenu subroutine, and the XmCreateOptionMenu subroutine for more information on the menu systems.

XmCommand Resource Set

XmNcommand

XmNcommandChangedCallback

XmNcommandEnteredCallback

XmNhistoryItems

XmNhistoryItemCount

XmNhistoryMaxItems

XmNhistoryVisibleItemCount

XmNpromptString

XmNcommand

Class

XmCTextString

Type

XmString

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNcommand resource contains the current command line text. This is the XmNtextString resource in the SelectionBox widget, renamed for the Command widget. This resource can also be modified using the XmCommandSetValue and the XmCommandAppendValue subroutines. The command area is a Text widget.

XmNcommandChangedCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNcommandChangedCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called when the value of the command changes. The callback reason is the XmCR_COMMAND_CHANGED value. This is equivalent to the XmNvalueChangedCallback resource of the Text widget, except that an XmCommandCallback structure is returned, loaded with the String widget.

XmNcommandEnteredCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

C

Description

The XmNcommandEnteredCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called when a command is entered in the Command widget. The callback reason is the XmCR_COMMAND_ENTERED value. An XmCommandCallback structure is returned.

XmCommand

XmNhistoryItems

Class

XmCItems

Type

XmStringTable

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNhistoryItems resource lists the String widget items that make up the contents of the history list. This is the XmNlistItems resource in the SelectionBox widget, renamed for the Command widget.

XmNhistoryItemCount

Class

XmCltemCount

Type

int

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNhistoryItemCount resource specifies the number of the XmStrings value items in the XmNhistoryItems resource. This is the XmNlistItemCount resource in the SelectionBox widget, renamed for the Command widget.

XmNhistoryMaxItems

Class

XmCMaxItems

Type

int

Default

100

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNhistoryMaxItems** resource specifies the maximum number of items allowed in the history list. Once this number is reached, the first list item is removed from the list for each new item added to the list, that is, for each new command entered.

XmNhistoryVisibleItemCount

Class

XmCVisibleItemCount

Type

int

Default

8

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNhistoryVisibleItemCount resource specifies the number of items in the history list that are visible at one time. In effect, it sets the height (in lines) of the history list window. This is the XmNvisibleItemCount resource in the XmSelectionBox resource set, renamed for the Command widget.

XmNpromptString

Class

XmCString

Type

XmString

Default

">"

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNpromptString resource prompts for the command line. This is the XmNselectionLabelString resource in the SelectionBox widget, renamed for the Command widget.

XmDrawingArea

XmDrawingArea Resource Set

XmNexpose Callback

XmNinputCallback

XmNmarginHeight

XmNmarginWidth

XmNresizeCallback

XmNresizePolicy

XmNexposeCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNexposeCallback resource invokes the callback list when the DrawingArea receives an exposure event The callback reason is the XmCR_EXPOSE value The callback structure also includes the exposure event and the exposure region.

XmNinputCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNinputCallback resource invokes the callback list when the DrawingArea widget receives a keyboard or mouse event (key or button, up or down). The callback reason is XmCR_INPUT. The callback structure also includes the input event.

XmNmarginHeight

Class

XmCMarginHeight

Type

short

Default

10

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmarginHeight resource specifies the minimum spacing in pixels between the top or bottom edge of the DrawingArea widget and any child widget.

XmNmarginWidth

Class

XmCMarginWidth

Type

short

Default

10

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmarginWidth resource specifies the minimum spacing in pixels between the left or right edge of the DrawingArea widget and any child widget.

XmNresizeCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNresizeCallback resource invokes the callback list when the DrawingArea widget is realized The callback reason is the XmCR_RESIZE value.

XmNresizePolicy

Class

XmCResizePolicy

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmRESIZE_ANY

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNresizePolicy resource controls the policy for resizing the **DrawingArea** widget Possible values for this resource include the following:

XmRESIZE_NONE - fixed size.

XmRESIZE_ANY - shrink or grow as needed,

XmRESIZE_GROW – grow only.

XmDrawnButton Resource Set

XmNactivateCallback

XmNpushButtonEnabled

XmNarmCallback

XmNresizeCallback

XmNdisarmCallback

XmNshadowType

XmNexposeCallback

XmNactivateCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

C

Description

The XmNactivateCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called when the widget is selected. The callback reason is the XmCR_ACTIVATE value.

XmNarmCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNarmCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called when the widget is armed. The callback reason is the XmCR_ARM value.

XmNdisarmCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNdisarmCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called when the widget is disarmed. The callback reason is the XmCR_DISARM value.

XmNexposeCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNexposeCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called when the widget receives an exposure event. The callback reason is the XmCR_EXPOSE value.

XmNpushButtonEnabled

Class

XmCPushButtonEnabled

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNpushButtonEnabled resource enables or disables the three–dimensional shadow drawing, as in the PushButton widget.

XmNresizeCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNresizeCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called when the widget receives a resize event. The callback reason is the XmCR_RESIZE value. The event returned for this callback is the NULL value.

XmNshadowType

Class

XmCShadowType

Type

unsigned_char

Default

XmSHADOW_ETCHED_IN

Return Values

XmSHADOW_IN XmSHADOW OUT

XmSHADOW_ETCHED_IN XmSHADOW_ETCHED_OUT

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNshadowType** resource describes the drawing style for the **XmDrawnButton** widget. This resource can have the following values:

- XmSHADOW_IN draws the XmDrawnButton widget such that the shadow appears inset. This means that the bottom shadow visuals and top shadow visuals are reversed.
- XmSHADOW_OUT draws the XmDrawnButton widget such that the shadow appears outset.
- XmSHADOW_ETCHED_IN draws the XmDrawnButton widget using a double line. This gives the effect of a line etched into the window. The thickness of the double line is equal to the value of the XmNshadowThickness resource.

XmDrawnButton

• XmSHADOW_ETCHED_OUT – draws the XmDrawnButton widget using a double line. This gives the effect of a line coming out of the window. The thickness of the double line is equal to the value of the XmNshadowThickness resource.

XmFileSelectionBox Resource Set

XmNdirMask

XmNdirSpec

XmNfileSearchProc

XmNfilterLabelString

XmNlistUpdated

XmNdirMask

Class

XmCDirMask

Type

XmString

Default

66 🛠 77

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNdirMask resource specifies the directory mask used in determining the files to be displayed in the box.

XmNdirSpec

Class

XmCDirSpec

Type

XmString

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNdirSpec resource specifies the full file specification. This resource overrides the XmNtextString resource in the XmSelectionBox widget.

XmNfileSearchProc

Class

XmCFileSearchProc

Type

XtProc

Default

See Below

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNfileSearchProc resource specifies a directory search procedure to replace the default file selection search procedure. The XmFileSelectionBox widget default file search procedure fills the needs of most applications. Since it is impossible to cover the requirements of all applications; the default search procedure can be replaced.

The file search procedure is called with two arguments: the XmFileSelectionBox widget and the XmFileSelectionCallbackStruct widget structure. The callback structure contains all required information to conduct a directory search, including the current file search mask. Once called, it is up to the search routine to generate a new list of files and to update the file selection widget by using the XtSetValues subroutine.

XmFileSelectionBox

The following resources must be set: the XmNitems, XmNitemsCount, XmNlistUpdated, and XmNdirSpec resources. Set the XmNitems resource to the new list of files. If there are no files, set this resource to the NULL value. This sets the XmNitems resource, which is associated with the XmSelectionBox widget.

If there are no files, set the XmNitemsCount resource to zero. This sets the XmNitemsCount resource, which is associated with the XmSelectionBox widget. Always set the XmNlistUpdated resource to the True value when updating the file list using a search procedure, even if there are no files. Setting the XmNdirSpec resource is optional, but recommended. Set this resource to the full file specification of the directory searched. The directory specification is displayed above the list box.

XmNfilterLabelString

Class

XmCXmString

Type

XmString

Default

"File Filter"

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNfilterLabelString resource specifies the string value for the label located above the DIR_MASK text entry field.

XmNlistUpdated

Class

XmCListUpdated

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNlistUpdated resource specifies an resource that is set only by the file search procedure. This resource is set to the **True** value, if the file list has been updated.

XmForm Constraint Resource Set

XmNbottomAttachmentXmNbottomOffsetXmNbottomPositionXmNbottomWidgetXmNleftAttachmentXmNleftOffsetXmNleftPositionXmNleftWidget

XmNresizableXmNrightAttachmentXmNrightOffsetXmNrightPositionXmNrightWidgetXmNtopAttachmentXmNtopOffsetXmNtopPosition

XmNtopWidget

XmNbottomAttachment

Class XmCAttachment

Type unsigned char

Default XmATTACH_NONE

Access CSG

Description

The XmNbottomAttachment resource specifies the attachment of the bottom side of the child widget. This resource can have the following values:

- XmATTACH NONE do not attach this side.
- XmATTACH_FORM attach the bottom side of the child widget to the bottom side of the Form widget.
- XmATTACH_OPPOSITE_FORM attach the bottom side of the child widget to the top side fo the Form widget.
- XmATTACH_WIDGET attach the bottom side of the child widget to the top side of the widget or gadget specified in the XmNbottomWidget resource.
- XmATTACH_OPPOSITE_WIDGET attach the bottom side of the child widget to the bottom side of the widget or gadget specified in the XmNbottomWidget resource.
- XmATTACH_POSITION attach the bottom side of the child widget to a relative position in the Form widget. This position is specified by the XmNbottomPosition resource.
- XmATTACH_SELF attach the bottom of the child widget to its initial position in the Form widget.

XmNbottomOffset

NOTISET
Class XmCOffset

Type int

Default 0

Access CSG

XmForm

Description

The XmNbottomOffset resource specifies the constant offset between the bottom side of the child widget and the object to which it is attached. This resource is ignored if the XmNbottomAttachment resource is set to the XmATTACH_POSITION value. The relationship established remains, regardless of any resizing operations that occur.

XmNbottomPosition

Class

XmCAttachment

Type

int

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNbottomPosition resource determines the relative position of the bottom side of the child widget. The relative position is a fractional value of the height of the Form widget. The fractional value is equal to the value of this resource divided by the value of the XmNfractionBase resource of the Form widget. This resource is only used if the XmNbottomAttachment resource is set to the XmATTACH_POSITION value.

XmNbottomWidget

Class

XmCWidget

Type

Widget

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNbottomWidget resource specifies the widget or gadget to which the bottom side of the child widget is attached. This resource is used if the XmNbottomAttachment resource is set to either the XmATTACH_WIDGET value or the XmATTACH_OPPOSITE_WIDGET value.

XmNleftAttachment

Class

XmCAttachment

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmATTACH_NONE

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNleftAttachment resource specifies the attachment of the left side of the child widget. This resource can have the following values:

- XmATTACH_NONE do not attach this side.
- XmATTACH_FORM attach the left side of the child widget to the left side of the Form widget.

- XmATTACH_OPPOSITE_FORM attach the left side of the child widget to the right side
 of the Form widget.
- XmATTACH_WIDGET attach the left side of the child widget to the right side of the widget or gadget specified in the XmNleftWidget resource.
- XmATTACH_OPPOSITE_WIDGET attach the left side of the child widget to the left side of the widget or gadget specified in the XmNleftWidget resource.
- XmATTACH_POSITION attach the left side of the child widget to a relative position in the Form widget. This position is specified by the XmNleftPosition resource.
- XmATTACH_SELF attach the left side of the child widget to its initial position in the Form widget.

XmNleftOffset

Class

XmCOffset

Type

int

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNleftOffset resource specifies the constant offset between the left side of the child and the object to which it is attached. This resource is ignored if the XmNleftAttachment resource is set to the XmATTACH_POSITION value. The relationship established remains, regardless of any resizing operations that occur.

XmNleftPosition

Class

XmCAttachment

Type

int

Default

Λ.

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNleftPosition resource determines the relative position of the left side of the child widget. The relative position is a fractional value of the width of the Form widget. The fractional value is equal to the value of this resource divided by the value of the XmNfractionBase resource of the Form widget. This resource is only used if the XmNleftAttachment resource is set to the XmATTACH_POSITION value.

XmNleftWidget

Class

XmCWidget

Type

Widget

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNleftWidget resource specifies the widget or gadget to which the left side of the child widget is attached. This resource is used if the XmNleftAttachment resource is set to either the XmATTACH_WIDGET value or the XmATTACH_OPPOSITE_WIDGET value.

XmNresizable

Class

XmCBoolean

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNresizable** resource specifies whether a child widget can be resized by the **Form** widget. The default value is the **True** value.

XmNrightAttachment

Class

XmCAttachment

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmATTACH_NONE

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNrightAttachment resource specifies the attachment of the right side of the child widget. This resource can have the following values:

- XmATTACH_NONE do not attach this side.
- XmATTACH_FORM attach the right side of the child widget to the right side of the Form widget.
- XmATTACH_OPPOSITE_FORM attach the right side of the child widget to the left side
 of the Form widget.
- XmATTACH_WIDGET attach the right side of the child widget to the left side of the widget or gadget specified in the XmNrightWidget resource.
- XmATTACH_OPPOSITE_WIDGET attach the right side of the child widget to the right side of the widget or gadget specified in the XmNrightWidget resource.
- XmATTACH_POSITION attach the right side of the child widget to a relative position in the Form widget. This position is specified by the XmNrightPosition resource.
- XmATTACH_SELF attach the right side of the child widget to its initial position in the Form widget.

XmNrightOffset

Class

XmCOffset

Type

int

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNrightOffset resource specifies the constant offset between the right side of the child and the object to which it is attached. This resource is ignored if the XmNrightAttachment resource is set to the XmATTACH_POSITION value. The relationship established remains, regardless of any resizing operations that occur.

XmNrightPosition

Class

XmCAttachment

Type

int

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNrightPosition resource determines the relative position of the right side of the child widget. The relative position is a fractional value of the width of the Form widget. The fractional value is equal to the value of this resource divided by the value of the XmNfractionBase resource of the Form widget. This resource is only used if the XmNrightAttachment resource is set to the XmATTACH_POSITION value.

XmNrightWidget

Class

XmCWidget

Туре

Widget

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNrightWidget resource specifies the widget or gadget to which the right side of the child widget is attached. This resource is used if the XmNrightAttachment resource is set to either the XmATTACH_WIDGET value or the XmATTACH_OPPOSITE_WIDGET value.

XmNtopAttachment

Class

XmCAttachment

Type

unsigned char

Default

XMATTACH NONE

Access

XmForm

Description

The XmNtopAttachment resource specifies the attachment of the top side of the child widget. This resource can have the following values:

- XmATTACH NONE do not attach this side.
- XmATTACH_FORM attach the top side of the child widget to the top side of the Form widget.
- XmATTACH_OPPOSITE_FORM attach the top side of the child widget to the bottom side fo the Form widget.
- XmATTACH_WIDGET attach the top side of the child widget to the bottom side of the widget or gadget specified in the XmNtopWidget resource.
- XmATTACH_OPPOSITE_WIDGET attach the top side of the child widget to the top side of the widget or gadget specified in the XmNtopWidget resource.
- XmATTACH_POSITION attach the top side of the child widget to a relative position in the Form widget. This position is specified by the XmNtopPosition resource.
- XmATTACH_SELF attach the top of the child widget to its initial position in the Form widget.

XmNtopOffset

Class

XmCOffset

Type

int

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNtopOffset resource specifies the constant offset between the top side of the child widget and the object to which it is attached. This resource is ignored if the XmNtopAttachment resource is set to the XmATTACH_POSITION value. The relationship established remains, regardless of any resizing operations that occur.

XmNtopPosition

Class

XmCAttachment

Type

int

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNtopPosition resource determines the relative position of the top side of the child widget. The relative position is a fractional value of the height of the Form widget. The fractional value is equal to the value of this resource divided by the value of the XmNfractionBase resource of the Form widget. This resource is only used if the XmNtopAttachment resource is set to the XmATTACH_POSITION value.

XmNtopWidget

Class

XmCWidget

Type

Widget

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNtopWidget resource specifies the widget or gadget to which the top side of the child widget is attached. This resource is used if the XmNtopAttachment resource is set to either the XmATTACH_WIDGET value or the XmATTACH_OPPOSITE_WIDGET value.

XmForm Resource Set

XmNfractionBase

XmNrubberPositioning

XmNhorizontalSpacing

XmNverticalSpacing

XmNfractionBase

Class

XmCMaxValue

Type

int

Default

100

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNfractionBase resource specifies the denominator used in calculating the relative position of a child widget using the XmATTACH_POSITION value constraints.

XmNhorizontalSpacing

Class

XmCSpacing

Type

int

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNhorizontalSpacing resource specifies the offset for right and left attachments.

XmNrubberPositioning

Class

XmCRubberPositioning

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNrubberPositioning resource indicates the default attachment for a child of the Form widget. If this Boolean resource is set to a False value, the left and top of the child defaults to being attached to the left and top side of the Form widget. If this resource is set to a True value, then the child defaults to being attached to its initial position in the Form widget.

XmNverticalSpacing

Class

XmCSpacing

Type

int

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNverticalSpacing resource specifies the offset for top and bottom attachments.

XmFrame Resource Set

XmNmarginWidth

XmNshadowType

XmNmarginHeight

XmNmarginWidth

Class

XmCMarginWidth

Type

short

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmarginWidth resource specifies the padding space on the left and right sides between the child of the Frame widget and its shadow drawing.

XmNmarginHeight

Class

XmCMarginHeight

Type

short

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmarginHeight resource specifies the padding space on the top and bottom sides between the child of the Frame widget and its shadow drawing.

XmNshadowType

Class

XmCShadowType

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmSHADOW_ETCHED_IN

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNshadowType resource describes the drawing style for the Frame widget. This resource can have the following values:

- XmSHADOW_IN Draw the Frame widget such that is appears inset. This means that the bottom shadow visuals and top shadow visuals are reversed.
- XmSHADOW_OUT Draw the Frame widget such that it appears outset.
- XmSHADOW_ETCHED_IN Draw the Frame widget using a double line which gives the effect of a line etched into the window similar to the Separator widget.
- XmSHADOW_ETCHED_OUT Draw the Frame widget using a double line which gives
 the effect of a line coming out of the window similar to the Separator widget.

XmGadget Resource Set

XmNhelpCailback

XmNhighlightOnEnter

XmNhighlightThickness

XmNshadowThickness

XmNtraversalOn

XmNunitType

XmNuserData

XmNhelpCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNhelpCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called when the help key sequence is pressed. The callback reason is the XmCR_HELP value.

XmNhighlightOnEnter

Class

XmCHighlightOnEnter

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNhighlightOnEnter resource specifies whether draw border highlighting. This resource is ignored if the XmNtraversalOn resource is the True value.

XmNhighlightThickness

Class

XmCHighlightThickness

Type

short

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNhighlightThickness resource specifies the thickness of the highlighting rectangle.

XmGadget

XmNshadowThickness

Class

XmCShadowThickness

Type

short

Default

0;

2 if inherited for the ArrowButtonGadget, CascadeButtonGadget,

PushButtonGadget, or SeparatorGadget gadget

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNshadowThickness resource specifies the size of the drawn border shadow.

XmNtraversalOn

Class

XmCTraversaiOn

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNtraversalOn resource specifies if traversal is activated for this gadget.

XmNunitType

Class

XmCUnitType

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmPIXELS

Return Values

XmPIXELS

Xm100TH_MILLIMETERS Xm1000TH_INCHES Xm100TH_POINTS

Xm100TH_FONT_UNITS

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNunitType resource provides the basic support for resolution independence. It defines the type of units a widget uses with sizing and positioning resources. Unless the XmNunitType resource is explicitly set, it defaults to the unit type of the parent widget. If the parent has a unit type of the Xm100TH_POINTS value, any of its children whose XmNunitType resource is not set also has a unit type of the Xm100TH_POINTS value. This feature applies only to widgets whose parents are a subclass of the Manager widget. Widgets whose parents are not subclasses of Manager have a unit type of the XmPIXELS value.

The XmNunitType resource can have the following values:

- XmPIXELS All values provided to the widget are treated as normal pixel values. This is
 the default for the resource.
- Xm100TH_MILLIMETERS All values provided to the widget are treated as 1/100 millimeter.
- Xm1000TH_INCHES All values provided to the widget are treated as 1/1000 inch.
- Xm100TH_POINTS All values provided to the widget are treated as 1/100 point. A point is a unit typically used in text processing applications and is defined as 1/72 inch.
- Xm100TH_FONT_UNITS All values provided to the widget are treated as 1/100th font unit. The value to be used for the font unit is determined in one of two ways. The XmNfont resource can be used in a defaults file or on the command line. The standard command line options of the –fn and –font flags can also be used. The font unit value is taken as the QUAD_WIDTH value of the font. The XmSetFontUnits subroutine allows applications to specify the font unit values.

XmNuserData

Class

XmCUserData

Type

caddr_t

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNuserData resource allows the application to attach any necessary specific data to the gadget. This is an internally unused resource.

XmLabel Resource Set

XmNaccelerator XmNacceleratorText

XmNalignment XmNfontList

XmNlabelInsensitivePixmapXmNlabelPixmapXmNlabelStringXmNlabelTypeXmNmarginBottomXmNmarginHeight

 XmNmarginLeft
 XmNmarginRight

 XmNmarginTop
 XmNmarginWidth

XmNstringDirection

XmNmnemonic

XmNaccelerator

Class XmCAccelerator

Type String
Default NULL
Access CSG

Description

The XmNaccelerator resource sets the accelerator on a button gadget in a menu. This resource is only used in menu gadgets. It contains the left–hand side of a translation, which is a character string. This string must be a single key event.

XmNrecomputeSize

Note: Accelerators for buttons are supported only for certain buttons, namely for the **PushButton** widget and the **ToggleButton** widget in **pulldown**, **popup** and **workarea** menus and only in certain menu gadgets.

XmNacceleratorText

Class XmCAcceleratorText

Type XmString Default NULL

Access CSG

Description

The XmNacceleratorText specifies the text displayed for the accelerator.

XmNalignment

Class XmCAlignment

Type unsigned char

Default XmALIGNMENT_CENTER

Access CSG

Description

The XmNalignment resource specifies the label alignment for text or pixmap style as follows:

- XmALIGNMENT_CENTER (center alignment) causes the centers of the lines to be vertically aligned in the center of the parent window. For a pixmap, its center is vertically aligned with the center of the widget window.
- XmALIGNMENT_END (right alignment) causes the right sides of the lines to be vertically
 aligned with the right edge of the parent window. For a pixmap, its right side is vertically
 aligned with the right edge of the widget window.
- XmALIGNMENT_BEGINNING (left alignment) causes the left sides of the lines to be vertically aligned with the left edge of the parent window. For a pixmap, its left side is vertically aligned with the left edge of the widget window.

The above descriptions for text are correct when XmNstringDirection is XmSTRING_DIRECTION_L_TO_R. When that resource is XmSTRING_DIRECTION_R_TO_L, the descriptions for XmALIGNMENT_BEGINNING and XmALIGNMENT_END are switched.

XmNfontList

Class

XmCFontList

Type

XmFontList

Default

"Fixed"

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNfontList resource specifies the font of the text used in the widget. Refer to XmFontListCreate for more information on the creation and the structure of a font list.

XmNlabelInsensitivePixmap

Class

XmCLabelInsensitivePixmap

Type

Pixmap

Default

XmUNSPECIFIED PIXMAP

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNlabelInsensitivePixmap resource specifies the pixmap used as the button face if the XmNlabelType resource is the XmPIXMAP value and the button is insensitive. Refer to XmStringCreate or XmStringCreateLtoR for more information on the creation and the structure of compound strings.

XmNlabelPixmap

Class

XmCPixmap

Type

Pixmap

Default

Xmunspecified Pixmap

Access

XmLabel

Description

The XmNlabelPixmap resource specifies the pixmap when the LabelType widget is the XmPIXMAP value.

XmNlabelString

Class

XmCXmString

Type

XmString

Default

NULL;

'\0' if inherited for the DrawnButton widget

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNlabelString resource specifies the label when the XmNlabelType resource is the XmSTRING value.

XmNlabelType

Class

XmCLabelType

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmSTRING

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNlabelType resource specifies the label type as follows:

- XmSTRING (text)
- XmPIXMAP (icon data in pixmap)

XmNmarginBottom

Class

XmCMarginBottom

Type

short

Default

0;

dynamic if inherited for the CascadeButton or PushButton widget

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmarginBottom resource specifies the amount of spacing that is to be left, after the bottom margin (the XmNmarginHeight resource) of the widget, before the label is drawn.

XmNmarginHeight

Class

XmCMarginHeight

Type

short

Default

2;

dynamic if inherited for the DrawnButton widget

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmarginHeight resource specifies the amount of blank space between the bottom edge of the top shadow and the label, and between the top edge of the bottom shadow and the label.

XmNmarginLeft

Class

XmCMarginLeft

Type

short

Default

0;

dynamic if inherited for the ToggleButton or PushButton widget

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmarginLeft resource specifies the amount of spacing that is to be left, after the left margin (the XmNmarginWidth resource) of the widget, before the label is drawn.

XmNmarginRight

Class

XmCMarginRight

Type

short

Default

0;

dynamic if inherited for the CascadeButton or PushButton widget

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmarginRight resource specifies the amount of spacing that is to be left, after the right margin (the XmNmarginWidth resource) of the widget, before the label is drawn.

XmNmarginTop

Class

XmCMarginTop

Type

short

Default

0;

dynamic if inherited for the CascadeButton or PushButton widget

Access

XmLabel

Description

The XmNmarginTop resource specifies the amount of spacing that is to be left, after the top margin (the XmNmarginHeight resource) of the widget, before the label is drawn.

XmNmarginWidth

Class

XmCMarginWidth

Type

short

Default

2;

dynamic if inherited for the CascadeButton or PushButton widget

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmarginWidth resource specifies the amount of blank space between the right edge of the top shadow and the label, and between the left edge of the bottom shadow and the label.

XmNmnemonic

Class

XmCMnemonic

Type

char

Default

'\0'

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmnemonic resource provides the user with alternate means for selection a button. The buttons must be visible for mnemonics to work. Buttons, which are in either a menubar, a popup menupane, a pulldown menupane, are allowed to have a mnemonic.

This resource contains a single character. The first character in the label string that exactly matches the mnemonic is underlined when the button is displayed.

When a mnemonic is specified for a **menubar** button, the user activates the mnemonic by pressing the **meta** key and the specified mnemonic key simultaneously. All other mnemonics are activated by pressing the specified mnemonic. Mnemonics are case—sensitive; the character underlined can be a modified key, but the key pressed should always be unmodified.

XmNrecomputeSize

Class

XmCRecomputeSize

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNrecomputeSize resource specifies a Boolean value that indicates whether the widget always attempts to be big enough to contain the label. If the True value, an XtSetValues subroutine with a new label string or pixmap, causes the widget to attempt to

shrink or to expand to exactly fit (accounting for margins) the new label string or pixmap. If the **False** value, the widget never attempts to change size on its own.

XmNstringDirection

Class

XmCStringDirection

Type

unsigned char;

XmStringDirection if inherited for the Label, PushButton, or

ToggleButton widget

Default

XmSTRING_DIRECTION_L_TO_R

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNstringDirection resource specifies the direction in which the string is to be drawn. The values are the XmSTRING_DIRECTION_L_TO_R and XmSTRING_DIRECTION_R_TO_L values.

XmLabelGadget Resource Set

XmNaccelerator

XmNalignment

XmNlabelInsensitivePixmap

XmNlabelString

XmNmarginBottom

XmNmarginLeft XmNmarginTop

XmNmnemonic

Amminemonic

XmNstringDirection

XmNacceleratorText

XmNfontList

XmNlabelPixmap

XmNlabelType

XmNmarginHeight

XmNmarginRight

XmNmarginWidth

XmNrecomputeSize

XmNaccelerator

Exception: This resource does not apply to XmCascadeButtonGadget.

Class

XmCAccelerator

Type

String

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNaccelerator resource sets the accelerator on a button widget in a menu and is used only in menu widgets. This resource contains the left–hand side of a translation, which is a character string. This string should be a single key event.

Note: Accelerators for buttons are supported only in certain menu widgets, and only for certain buttons, namely for the **PushButton** widget and the **ToggleButton** widget in **Pulldown**, **Popup** and **Work Area** menus.

XmNacceleratorText

Exception: This resource does not apply to XmCascadeButtonGadget.

Class

XmCAcceleratorText

Type

XmString

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNacceleratorText resource specifies the text displayed for the accelerator.

XmNalignment

Class

XmCAlignment

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmALIGNMENT_CENTER

Return Values XmALIGNMENT CENTER (center alignment)

XmALIGNMENT_END (right alignment)

XmALIGNMENT_BEGINNING (left alignment)

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNalignment resource specifies the label alignment for text style, as in the following:

- Xmalignment Center alignment) Causes the centers of the lines to be vertically aligned in the center of the widget window.
- XmALIGNMENT_END (right alignment) Causes the right sides of the lines to be vertically aligned with the right edge of the widget window.
- XmALIGNMENT_BEGINNING (left alignment) Causes the left sides of the lines to be vertically aligned with the left edge of the widget window.

XmNfontList

Class

XmCFontList

Type

XmFontList

Default

"Fixed"

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNfontList resource specifies the font of the text used in the widget.

XmNlabelInsensitivePixmap

Class

XmCLabelInsensitivePixmap

Type

Pixmap

Default

XmUNSPECIFIED_PIXMAP

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNlabelInsensitivePixmap resource specifies the pixmap when the XmNlabelType resource is the XmPIXMAP value.

XmNlabelPixmap

Class

XmCPixmap

Type

Pixmap

Default

XmUNSPECIFIED PIXMAP

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNlabelPixmap resource specifies the pixmap when the XmNlabelType resource is the XmPIXMAP value.

XmLabelGadget

XmNlabelString

Class

XmCXmString

Type

XmString

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNlabelString resource specifies the label when the XmNlabelType resource is the XmString value.

XmNlabelType

XmCLabelType

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmSTRING

Return Values XmSTRING (text)

XmPIXMAP (icon data in pixmap)

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNlabelType resource specifies the label type. This resource can have the following values:

- XmSTRING text displays XmNlabelstring.
- XmPIXMAP icon data in pixmap displays XmNlabelpixmap or XmNlabelInsensitivePixmap.

XmNmarginBottom

Class

XmCMarginBottom

Type

short

Default

0; dynamic if inherited for the CascadeButtonGadget gadget

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmarginBottom resource specifies the amount of spacing that is to be left, after the bottom margin (the XmNmarginHeight resource) of the widget, before the label is drawn.

XmNmarginHeight

Class

XmCMarginHeight

Type

short

Default

2

Access

Description

The XmNmarginHeight resource specifies the amount of blank space between the bottom edge of the top shadow and the label and between the top edge of the bottom shadow and the label.

XmNmarginLeft

Class

XmCMarginLeft

Type

short

Default

0; dynamic if inherited for the ToggleButtonGadget gadget

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmarginLeft resource specifies the amount of spacing that is to be left, after the left margin (the XmNmarginWidth resource) of the widget, before the label is drawn.

XmNmarginRight

Class

XmCMarginRight

Type

short

Default

0; dynamic if inherited for the CascadeButtonGadget gadget

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmarginRight resource specifies the amount of spacing that is to be left, after the right margin (the XmNmarginWidth resource) of the widget, before the label is drawn.

XmNmarginTop

Class

XmCMarginTop

Type

short

Default

0; dynamic if inherited for the CascadeButtonGadget gadget

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNmarginTop** resource specifies the amount of spacing that is to be left, after the top margin (the **XmNmarginHeight** resource) of the widget, before the label is drawn.

XmNmarginWidth

Class

XmCMarginWidth

Type

short

Default

2

Access

XmLabelGadget

Description

The XmNmarginWidth resource specifies the amount of blank space between the right edge of the top shadow and the label and between the left edge of the bottom shadow and the label.

XmNmnemonic

Class

XmCMnemonic

Type

char

Default

'\0'

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmnemonic resource supports buttons that are in either a Menubar, a Popup Menupane, a Pulldown Menupane, or an option menu. When a mnemonic is specified for a menubar button, the user activates the mnemonic by pressing the Extend key and the specified mnemonic key simultaneously. All other mnemonics are activated by pressing the specified mnemonic. Mnemonics are not case—sensitive.

XmNrecomputeSize

Class

XmCRecomputeSize

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNrecomputeSize resource specifies a Boolean value that indicates whether the widget always attempts to be big enough to contain the label. If it is the True value, the XtSetValues subroutine changes value with a new label string or pixmap, causing the widget to attempt to shrink or expand to fit exactly (accounting for margins) the new label string or pixmap. If False, the widget never attempts to change size on its own.

XmNstringDirection

Class

XmCStringDirection

Type

XmStringDirection

Default

XmSTRING_DIRECTION_L_TO_R

Return Values

XmSTRING_DIRECTION_L_TO_R (the default)

XmSTRING_DIRECTION_R_TO_L

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNstringDirection resource specifies the direction in which the string is to be drawn.

XmList Resource Set

XmNautomaticSelection XmNbrowseSelectionCallback

XmNlistSpacing XmNdefaultActionCallback

XmNmultipleSelectionCallback XmNdoubleClickInterval

XmNselectedItemCount XmNextendedSelectionCallback

XmNselectedItemsXmNfontListXmNselectionPolicyXmNitemCount

XmNsingleSelectionCallback XmNitems

XmNstringDirectionXmNlistMarginHeightXmNvisibleItemCountXmNlistMarginWidth

XmNautomaticSelection

Class XmCAutomaticSelection

Type Boolean

Default False

Access CSG

Description

The XmNautomaticSelection resource specifies the XmNsingleSelectionCallback resource when the user moves into a new item if the value is a True value and the selection mode is either a XmBROWSE_SELECT value or a XmEXTENDED_SELECT value. If a False value, no selection callbacks invoke until the user releases the mouse button.

XmNbrowseSelectionCallback

Class XmCCallback

Type XtCallbackList

Default NULL

Access C

Description

The XmNbrowseSelectionCallback resource specifies a list of callbacks that is called when an item is selected in the browse selection mode. The callback reason is the XmCR_BROWSE_SELECT value.

XmNdefaultActionCallback

Class XmCCallback

Type XtCallbackList

Default NULL

Access C

XmList

Description

The XmNdefaultActionCallback resource specifies a list of callbacks that is called when an item is double clicked. The callback reason is the XmCR_ DEFAULT_ACTION value.

XmNdoubleClickInterval

Class

XmCDoubleClickInterval

Type

int

Default

250

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNdoubleClickInterval resource specifies the time (in milliseconds) that two consecutive clicks must occur to be considered a double-click action, rather than two single-click actions.

XmNextendedSelectionCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNextendedSelectionCallback resource specifies a list of callbacks that is called when items are selected using the extended selection mode. The callback reason is the XmCR_EXTENDED_SELECT value.

XmNfontList

Class

XmCFontList

Type

XmFontList

Default

"fixed"

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNfontList resource specifies the font list associated with the list items. This is used in conjunction with the XmNvisibleItemsCount resource to determine the height of the List widget.

XmNitemCount

Class

XmCItemCount

Type

int

Default

0

Access

Description

The XmNitemCount resource specifies the total number of items. This number must match the XmNitems resource set. It is automatically updated by the list whenever an element is added to or deleted from the list.

XmNitems

Class

XmCItems

Type

XmStringTable

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNitems resource points to an array of compound strings that are to be displayed as the list items.

XmNlistMarginHeight

Class

XmCListMarginHeight

Type

Dimension

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNlistMarginHeight resource specifies the height of margin between the List widget border and the items.

XmNlistMarginWidth

Class

XmCListMarginWidth

Туре

Dimension

Default

Λ

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNlistMarginWidth resource specifies the width of the margin between the List widget border and the items.

XmNlistSpacing

Class

XmCListSpacing

Type

short

Default

0

Access

XmList

Description

The XmNlistSpacing resource specifies spacing between list items. When keyboard traversal is enabled, this spacing increases by the value of the XmNhighlightThickness resource in XmPrimitive.

XmNmultipleSelectionCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNmultipleSelectionCallback resource specifies a list of callbacks that is called when an item is selected in multiple selection mode. The callback reason is the XmCR_MULTIPLE_SELECT value.

XmNselectedItemCount

Class

XmCSelectedItemCount

Type

int

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNselectedItemCount resource specifies the number of strings in the selected items list.

XmNselectedItems

Class

XmCSelectedItems

Type

XmStringTable

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNselectedItems** resource points to an array of compound strings that represent the list items that are currently selected, either by the user or by the application.

XmNselectionPolicy

Class

XmCSelectionPolicy

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmBROWSE_SELECT

Return Values

XmSINGLE_SELECT XmMULTIPLE_SELECT XmXTENDED_SELECT XmBROWSE_SELECT

CSG

Access

Description

The XmNselectionPolicy resource defines the interpretation of the selection action. This resource can be one of following values:

- XmSINGLE_SELECT Only a single selection is allowed.
- XmMULTIPLE SELECT Multiple selections are allowed.
- XmEXTENDED_SELECT Extended selections are allowed.
- XmBROWSE_SELECT PM drag and browse subroutinely.

XmNsingleSelectionCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

C

Description

The XmNsingleSelectionCallback resource specifies a list of callbacks that is called when an item is selected in a single selection mode. The callback reason is the XmCR_SINGLE_SELECT value.

XmNstringDirection

Class

XmCStringDirection

Type

XmStringDirection

Default

XmSTRING_DIRECTION_L_TO_R

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNstringDirection resource specifies the direction to draw the string. The values are the XmSTRING_DIRECTION L TO R and XmSTRING_DIRECTION_R_TO_L values.

XmList

XmNvisibleItemCount

Class

XmCVisibleItemCount

Type

int 🦤

Default

1

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNvisibleItemCount resource specifies the number of items that can fit in the visible space of the List widget work area. The list uses this value to determine its height.

XmMainWindow Resource Set

XmNcommandWindow

XmNmainWindowMarginHeight

XmNmainWindowMarginWidth

XmNmenuBar

XmNshowSeparator

XmNcommandWindow

Class

XmCCommandWindow

Type

Widget

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNcommandWindow resource specifies the widget to be laid out as the XmCommandWindow widget. This widget must have been previously created and managed as a child of the MainWindow widget.

XmNmainWindowMarginHeight

Class

XmCMainWindowMarginHeight

Type

Dimension

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmainWindowMarginHeight resource specifies the margin height on the top and bottom of the MainWindow widget. This resource overrides any setting of the XmNscrolledWindowMarginHeight resource of the ScrolledWindow widget.

XmNmainWindowMarginWidth

Class

XmCMainWindowMarginWidth

Type

Dimension

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmainWindowMarginWidth resource specifies the margin width on the right and left sides of the XmMainWindow widget. This resource overrides any setting of the XmNscrolledWindowMarginWidth resource of the ScrolledWindow widget.

XmNmenuBar

Class

XmCMenuBar

Туре

Widget

Default

NULL

Access

XmMainWindow

Description

The XmNmenuBar resource specifies the widget to be laid out as the MenuBar widget. This widget must have been previously created and managed as a child of the MainWindow widget.

XmNshowSeparator

Class

XmCShowSeparator

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNshowSeparator resource displays separators between the components of the MainWindow widget when set to a True value. If set to a False value, no separators are displayed.

XmManager Resource Set

XmNbottomShadowColor

XmNforeground
XmNhighlightColor
XmNshadowThickness

XmNtopShadowPixmap

XmNuserData

XmNbottomShadowPixmap

XmNhelpCallback XmNhighlightPixmap XmNtopShadowColor

XmNunitType

XmNbottomShadowColor

Class

XmCForeground

Type

Pixel

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNbottomShadowColor resource specifies the color to use to draw the bottom and right sides of the border shadow. This color is used if the XmNbottomShadowPixmap resource is a NULL value.

XmNbottomShadowPixmap

Class

XmCBottomShadowPixmap

Type

Pixmap

Default

XmUNSPECIFIED_PIXMAP

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNbottomShadowPixmap resource specifies the pixmap to use to draw the bottom and right sides of the border shadow.

XmNforeground

Class

XmCForeground

Type

Pixel

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNforeground resource specifies the foreground drawing color used by manager widgets.

XmNhelpCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallback List

XmManager

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNhelpCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that are called when the help key sequence is pressed. The callback reason is the XmCR_HELP value. There is not a translation bound to this resource. It is up to the application to install a translation for help.

XmNhighlightColor

Class

XmCForeground

Type

Pixel

Default

Black

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNhighlightColor resource specifies the color of the highlighting rectangle. This color is used if the XmNhighlightPixmap resource is the XmUNSPECIFIED_PIXMAP value.

XmNhighlightPixmap

Class

XmCHighlightPixmap

Type

Pixmap

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNhighlightPixmap resource specifies the pixmap to use to draw the highlighting rectangle.

XmNshadowThickness

Class

XmCShadowThickness

Type

short

Default

0; dynamic if inherited for the BulletinBoard, Command,

FileSelectionBox, Frame, MessageBox, or SelectionBox widget

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNshadowThickness resource specifies the thickness of the drawn border shadow.

XmNtopShadowColor

Class

XmCBackground

Type

Pixel

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the PanedWindow or Scale widget

Description

The XmNtopShadowColor resource specifies the color to use to draw the top and the left sides of the border shadow. This color is used if the XmNtopShadowPixmap resource is the NULL value.

XmNtopShadowPixmap

Class

XmCTopShadowPixmap

Type

Pixmap

Default

XmUNSPECIFIED PIXMAP

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNtopShadowPixmap resource specifies the pixmap to use to draw the top and left sides of the border shadow.

XmNunitType

Class

XmCUnitType

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmPIXELS

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNunitType resource provides the basic support for resolution independence. It defines the type of units a widget uses with size and positioning resources. Unless the XmNunitType resource is explicitly set, it defaults to the unit type of the parent widget. If the parent type has a unit type of Xm100th_POINTS, any of its children whose XmNunitType resource is not set also has a unit type of the Xm100th_POINTS value. This feature applies only to widgets whose parents are a subclass of the XmManager resource. Widgets whose parents are not subclasses of the XmManager resource have a unit type of the XmPIXELS value.

The XmNunitType resource can have the following values:

- XmPIXELS All values provided to the widget are treated as normal pixel values. This is the default for the resource.
- Xm100TH_MILLIMETERS All values provided to the widget are treated as 1/100 of a millimeter.
- Xm1000TH_INCHES All values provided to the widget are treated as 1/1000 of an inch.
- Xm100th_POINTS All values provided to the widget are treated as 1/100 of a point. A point is a unit typically used in text processing applications and is defined as 1/72 of an inch.
- Xm100TH_FONT_UNITS All values provided to the widget are treated as 1/100 of a font unit. The value to be used for the font unit is gathered in one of two ways. The XmNfont resource can be used in a defaults file or on the command line. The standard command line options of the -fn and -font flags can also be used. The font unit value is the XmQUAD_WIDTH property value of the font. The XmSetFontUnits resource allows applications to specify the font unit values.

XmManager

XmNuserData

Class

XmCUserData

Type

caddr_t

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNuserData resource allows the application to attach any necessary specific data to the widget. This is an internally unused resource.

XmMessageBox Resource Set

XmNcancelCallback XmNcancelLabelString XmNdefaultButtonType

XmNokCallback XmNokLabelString

XmNhelpLabelString

XmNmessageAlignment

XmNmessageString XmNminimizeButtons

XmNdialogType **XmNsymbolPixmap**

XmNcancelCallback

Class

XtCallbackList

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNcancelCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called when the user clicks on the cancel button. The callback reason is the XmCR_CANCEL value.

XmNcancelLabelString

Class

XmCXmString

Type

XmString

Default

"Cancel"

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNcancelLabelString resource specifies the string label for the cancel button.

XmNdefaultButtonType

Class

XmCDefaultButtonType

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmDIALOG_OK_BUTTON

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNdefaultButtonType resource specifies the default of the PushButton widget. The valid types are as follows:

- XmDIALOG_CANCEL_BUTTON.
- XmDIALOG_OK_BUTTON.
- XmDIALOG_HELP_BUTTON.

XmMessageBox

XmNdialogType

Class

XmCDialogType

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmDIALOG_MESSAGE

Return Values XmDIALOG ERROR

XmDIALOG_INFORMATION XmDIALOG_MESSAGE XmDIALOG QUESTION XmDIALOG_WARNING XmDIALOG_WORKING

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNdialogType resource specifies the XmMessageBox dialog, which determines the default message symbol. The possible values for this resource are as follows:

- XmDIALOG_ERROR_BUTTON indicates an ErrorDialog.
- XmDIALOG_INFORMATION indicates an InformationDialog.
- XmDIALOG_MESSAGE indicates a MessageDialog. This is the default value of the XmMessageBox widget dialog type. The default message symbol is a NULL value.
- XmDIALOG_QUESTION indicates a QuestionDialog.
- XmDIALOG_WARNING indicates a WarningDialog.
- XmDIALOG_WORKING indicates a WorkingDialog.

XmNhelpLabelString

Class

XmCXmString

Type

XmString

Default

"Help"

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNhelpLabelString resource specifies the string label for the help button.

XmNmessageAlignment

Class

XmCAlignment

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmALIGNMENT_BEGINNING

Return Values XmALIGNMENT_BEGINNING (the default)

XmALIGNMENT_CENTER

XmALIGNMENT_END

Access

Description

The XmNmessageAlignment resource controls the alignment of the message label. Possible values are as follows:

- XmALIGNMENT_BEGINNING indicates the default.
- Xmalignment_center.
- Xmalignment_end.

XmNmessageString

Class

XmCXmString

Type

XmString

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmessageString resource specifies the string to be used as the message.

XmNminimizeButtons

Class

XmCMinimizeButtons

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNminimizeButtons resource sets the buttons to the width of the widest button and to the height of the tallest button if a **False** value. If a **True** value, the button width and height are set to the preferred size of each button.

XmNokCallback

Class

XtCallbackList

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNokCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called when the user clicks on the OK button. The callback reason is the XmCR_OK value.

XmNokLabelString

Class

XmCXmString

Type

XmString

Default

"OK"

Access

XmMessageBox

Description

The XmNokLabelString resource specifies the string label for the OK button.

XmNsymbolPixmap

Class

XmCPixmap

Type

Pixmap

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNsymbolPixmap resource specifies the pixmap label to be used as the message symbol.

XmPanedWindow Constraint Resource Set

XmNallowResize

XmNmaximum

XmNminimum

XmNskipAdjust

XmNallowResize

Class

XmCBoolean

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNallowResize resource allows an application to specify whether the PanedWindow widget should allow a pane to request to be resized. This resource only has an effect after the PanedWindow widget and its children have been realized. If this resource is set to a True value, the PanedWindow widget tries to honor requests to alter the height of the pane. If this resource is set to a False value, the PanedWindow widget always denies pane requests to resize.

XmNpaneMaximum

Class

XmCPaneMaximum

Type

int

Default

1000

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNmaximum** resource allows an application to specify the maximum size to which a pane can be resized. This value must be greater than the specified minimum.

XmNpaneMinimum

Class

XmCPaneMinimum

Type

int

Default

1

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNminumum** resource allows an application to specify the minimum size to which a pane can be resized. This value must be greater than zero.

XmPanedWindow

XmNskipAdjust

Class

XmCBoolean

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNskipAdjust resource, when set to a True value, allows an application to specify that the PanedWindow widget should not automatically resize this pane.

XmPanedWindow Resource Set

XmNmarginHeight

XmNmarginWidth

XmNrefigureMode

XmNsashHeight

XmNsashIndent

XmNsashShadowThickness

XmNsashWidth

XmNseparatorOn

XmNspacing

XmNmarginHeight

Class

XmCMarginHeight

Type

short

Default

3

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmarginHeight resource specifies the distance between the top and bottom edges of the PanedWindow widget and its children.

XmNmarginWidth

Class

XmCMarginWidth

Type

short

Default

3

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmarginWidth resource specifies the distance between the left and right edges of the PanedWindow widget and its children.

XmNrefigureMode

Class

XmCBoolean

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNrefigureMode resource determines whether the positions of the panes are recomputed and repositioned when programmatic changes are being made to the PanedWindow widget. Setting this resource to the True value resets the children to their appropriate positions.

XmNsashHeight

Class

XmCSashHeight

Type

Dimension

XmPanedWindow

Default

10

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNsashHeight resource specifies the height of the sash.

XmNsashIndent

Class

XmCSashIndent

Type

Position

Default

-10

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNsashIndent resource specifies the horizontal placement of the sash along each pane. A positive value causes the sash to be offset from the left side of the PanedWindow widget, and a negative value causes the sash to be offset from the right side of the PanedWindow widget. If the offset is greater than the width of the PanedWindow widget minus the width of the sash, the sash is placed flush against the left—hand side of the PanedWindow widget.

XmNsashShadowThickness

Class

XmCShadowThickness

Type

int

Default

2

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNsashShadowThickness resource specifies the thickness of the sash shadows.

XmNsashWidth

Class

XmCSashWidth

Type

Dimension

Default

10

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNsashWidth resource specifies the width of the sash.

XmNseparatorOn

Class

XmCSeparatorOn

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNseparatorOn resource determines whether a separator is created between each of the panes. Setting this resource to the **True** value creates a separator at the midpoint between each of the panes.

XmNspacing

Class

XmCSpacing

Type

int

Default

8

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNspacing resource specifies the distance between each child pane.

XmPrimitive

XmPrimitive Resource Set

XmNbottomShadowColor

XmNforeground

XmNhighlightColor XmNhighlightPixmap

 ${\bf XmNshadowThickness}$

XmNtopShadowPixmap

XmNunitType

XmNbottomShadowPixmap

XmNhelpCallback

XmNhighlightOnEnter

XmNhighlightThickness

XmNtopShadowColor

XmNtraversalOn

XmNuserData

XmNbottomShadowColor

Class

XmCForeground

Type

Pixel

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNbottomShadowColor resource specifies the pixmap to use to draw the top and left sides of the border shadow.

XmNbottomShadowPixmap

Class

XmCBottomShadowPixmap

Type

Pixmap

Default

XmUNSPECIFIED_PIXMAP

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNbottomShadowPixmap resource specifies the pixmap to use to draw the bottom and right sides of the border shadow.

XmNforeground

Class

XmCForeground

Type

Pixel

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNforeground resource specifies the foreground drawing color used by the Primitive widget.

XmNhelpCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNhelpCallback resource requests the help key sequence being pressed. The callback reason is the XmCR_HELP value.

XmNhighlightColor

Class

XmCForeground

Type

Pixel

Default

Black

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNhighlightColor resource specifies the color of the enter window and traversal highlight rectangle. This color is used if the highlight pixmap resource is the NULL value.

XmNhighlightOnEnter

Class

XmCHighlightOnEnter

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNhighlightOnEnter resource specifies whether to draw the border highlight on enter window events. This resource is ignored if the XmNtraversalOn resource is set to the True value.

XmNhighlightPixmap

Class

XmCHighlightPixmap

Type

Pixmap

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNhighlightPixmap resource specifies the pixmap to use to draw the enter window or traversal highlight rectangle.

XmNhighlightThickness

Class

XmCHighlightThickness

Type

short

Default

0

Access

CSG

XmPrimitive

Description

The XmNhighlightThickness resource specifies the size of the border–drawing rectangle used for the enter window and traversal highlight drawing.

XmNshadowThickness

Class XmCShadowThickness

Type short

Default 0; 2 if inherited for the ArrowButton, CascadeButton, DrawnButton, List,

Primitive, PushButton, ScrollBar, Separator, or Text widget

Access CSG

Description

The XmNshadowThickness resource specifies the size of the drawn border shadow.

XmNtopShadowColor

Class XmCBackground

Type Pixel

Default dynamic

Access CSG

Description

The XmNtopShadowColor resource specifies the pixmap to use to draw the top and left sides of the border shadow. The specified color is used if the XmNtopShadowPixmap resource is the NULL value.

XmNtopShadowPixmap

Class XmCTopShadowPixmap

Type Pixmap

Default XmUNSPECIFIED PIXMAP

Access CSG

Description

The XmNtopShadowPixmap resource specifies the pixmap to use to draw the top and left sides of the border shadow.

XmNtraversalOn

Class XmCTraversalOn

Type Boolean

Default False; True if inherited for the Text widget

Access CSG

Description

The XmNtraversalOn resource specifies if the traversal is activated for this widget.

XmNunitType

Class

XmCUnitType

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmPIXELS

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNunitType** resource provides the basic support for resolution independence. It defines the widget unit types for operation. Possible values include the following:

XmPIXELS – All values provided to the widget are treated as normal pixel values. This is the default for the resource.

Xm100TH_MILLIMETERS – All values provided to the widget are treated as 1/100 of a millimeter.

Xm1000TH_INCHES - All values provided to the widget are treated as 1/1000 of a point.

Xm100TH_POINTS -All values provided to the widget are treated as 1/100 of a point. A point is a unit used in text processing applications and is defined as 1/72 of an inch.

Xm100TH_FONT_UNITS – All values provided to the widget are treated as 1/100 of a font unit. The value used for the font unit is gathered in one of two ways. A global application XmNbaseFont resource can be set from which the unit data is extracted. This resource provides a global font to the application, which is then used to calculate the font units. The font unit value becomes the XmQUAD_WIDTH property value of the font. A subroutine is also provided to the application that allows it to specify the font unit values.

XmNuserData

Class

XmCUserData

Type

caddr_t

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNuserData resource allows the application to attach any necessary specific data to the widget. It is an internally unused resource.

XmPushButton Resource Set

XmNactivateCallback

XmNdisarmCallback

XmNarmCallback

XmNfillOnArm

XmNarmColor

XmNshowAsDefault

XmNarmPixmap

XmNactivateCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNactivateCallback resource specifies a callback subroutine that is called when the PushButton widget is activated. The PushButton widget is activated when the user presses and releases the parent–determined active mouse button while the pointer is inside that widget. Activating the PushButton widget also disarms it. The callback reason is the XmCR_ACTIVATE value.

XmNarmCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNarmCallback resource specifies a callback subroutine that is called when the PushButton widget is armed. The PushButton widget is armed when the user presses the parent—determined active mouse button while the pointer is inside that widget. The callback reason is the XmCR_ARM value.

XmNarmColor

Class

XmCArmColor

Type

Pixel

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNarmColor resource specifies the color used to fill the armed button. The XmNfillOnArm resource must be set to the True value for this resource to have an effect. The default for a color display is a color between the background and the bottom shadow color. For a monochrome display, the default is set to the foreground color, and any text in the label appears in the background color when the button is armed.

XmNarmPixmap

Class

XmCArmPixmap

Type

Pixmap

Default

XmUNSPECIFIED_PIXMAP

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNarmPixmap resource specifies the pixmap to be used as the button face if the XmNlabeltype resource is the XmPIXMAP value and the XmPushButton widget is armed. This resource is disabled when the PushButton widget is in a menu.

XmNdisarmCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNdisarmCallback resource specifies a list of callback subroutines that is called when the PushButton widget is disarmed. The PushButton widget is disarmed when the user presses and releases the parent–determined active mouse button while the pointer is inside that widget. The callback reason is the XmCR_DISARM value.

XmNfillOnArm

Class

XmCFillOnArm

Туре

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNfillOnArm resource forces the PushButton widget to fill the background of the button with the color specified by the XmNarmColor resource when the button is armed and when this resource is set to a True value. If a False value, it switches only the top and bottom shadow colors. When the PushButton widget is in a menu, this resource is forced to a False value.

XmNshowAsDefault

Class

XmCShowAsDefault

Type

short

Default

0

Access

CSG

XmPushButton

Description

The XmNshowAsDefault resource specifies a shadow thickness for a second shadow to be drawn around the PushButton widget to visually mark it as a default button. The default value is zero. When this value is not zero, the Label widget resources XmNmarginLeft, XmNmarginRight, XmNmarginTop, and XmNmarginBottom may be modified to accommodate the second shadow. This resource is disabled when the PushButton widget is in a menu.

XmPushButtonGadget Resource Set

XmNactivateCallback

XmNdisarmCallback

XmNarmCallback

XmNfillOnArm

XmNarmColor

XmNshowAsDefault

XmNarmPixmap

XmNactivateCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

C

Description

The XmNactivateCallback resource specifies a callback subroutine that is called when the PushButtonGadget gadget is activated. It is activated when the user presses and releases the parent—determined active mouse button while the pointer is inside the PushButtonGadget gadget. Activating the PushButtonGadget gadget also disarms it. The callback reason is the XmCR_ACTIVATE value.

XmNarmCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

caddr t

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNarmCallback resource specifies a callback subroutine that is called when the PushButtonGadget gadget is armed. It is armed when the user presses the parent—determined active mouse button while the pointer is inside the PushButtonGadget gadget. The callback reason is the XmCR_ARM value.

XmNarmColor

Class

XmCArmColor

Type

Pixel

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNarmColor resource specifies the color used to fill the armed button. The XmNfillOnArm resource must be set to a True value for this resource to have an effect. The default for a color display is a color between the background and the bottom shadow color. For a monochrome display, the default is set to the background color.

XmPushButtonGadget

XmNarmPixmap

Class

XmCArmPixmap

Type

Pixmap

Default

UNSPECIFIED_PIXMAP

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNarmPixmap resource specifies the pixmap to be used as the button face if the XmNlabeltype resource is the XmPIXMAP value and the PushButtonGadget gadget is armed. This resource is disabled when the PushButtonGadget gadget is in a menu.

XmNdisarmCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

caddr_t

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNdisarmCallback resource specifies a callback subroutine that is called when the PushButtonGadget gadget is disarmed. The PushButtonGadget gadget is disarmed when the user presses and releases the parent—determined active mouse button while the pointer is inside that widget. The callback reason is the XmCR_DISARM value.

XmNfillOnArm

Class

XmCFillOnArm

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNfillOnArm resource forces the PushButtonGadget gadget to fill the background of the button with the color specified by the XmNarmColor resource when the button is armed and when this resource is set to a True value. If a False value, it switches only the top and bottom shadow colors. When the PushButtonGadget gadget is in a menu, this resource is forced to a False value.

XmNshowAsDefault

Class

XmCShowAsDefault

Type

short

Default

0

Access

CSG

XmPushButtonGadget

Description

The XmNshowAsDefault resource specifies a shadow thickness for a second shadow to be drawn around the PushButtonGadget gadget to visually mark it as a default button. The default value is zero.

XmRowColumn Resource Set

XmNadjustLastXmNmnemonicXmNadjustMarginXmNnumColumnsXmNentryAlignmentXmNorientation

XmNentryAlignmentXmNorientationXmNentryBorderXmNpacking

XmNentryBorderXmNpackingXmNentryCallbackXmNpopupEnabledXmNentryClassXmNradioAlwaysOneXmNisAlignedXmNradioBehaviorXmNisHomogeneousXmNresizeHeightXmNlabelStringXmNresizeWidth

XmNmapCallbackXmNrowColumnTypeXmNmarginHeightXmNshadowThickness

XmNmarginWidthXmNspacingXmNmenuAcceleratorXmNsubMenuIdXmNmenuHelpWidgetXmNunmapCallback

XmNwhichButton

XmNadjustLast

Class XmCAdjustLast

Type Boolean

Default True

Access CSG

XmNmenuHistory

Description

The XmNadjustLast resource extends the last row of children to the bottom edge of the RowColumn widget (when the XmOrientation widget is the XmHORIZONTAL value) or extends the last column to the right edge of the RowColumn widget (when the XmOrientation widget is the XmVERTICAL value). This feature is disabled by setting the XmNadjustLast resource to the False value.

XmNadjustMargin

Class XmCAdjustMargin

Type Boolean

Default True
Access CSG

Description

The XmNadjustMargin resource specifies whether the inner minor margins of all items contained within the RowColumn widget are forced to the same value. The inner minor margin corresponds to the XmNmarginLeft, XmNmarginRight, XmNmarginTop and XmNmarginBottom resources supported by the XmLabel widget and the XmLabelGadget gadget.

A horizontal orientation forces the **XmNmarginTop** resource and the **XmNmarginBottom** resource for all items in a particular row to the same value; the value is the largest margin specified for one of the **Label** items.

A vertical orientation forces the **XmNmarginLeft** resource and the **XmNmarginRight** resource for all items in a particular column to the same value; the value is the largest margin specified for one of the **Label** items.

This keeps all text within each row or column lined up with all other text in its row or column. If the XmNrowColumnType resource is either the XmMENU_POPUP value or the XmMENU_PULLDOWN value and this resource is the True value, only button children have their margins adjusted.

XmNentryAlignment

Class

XmCAlignment

Type

unsigned char

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNentryAlignment resource specifies the alignment type for Label widget or LabelGadget gadget children when the XmNisAligned resource is enabled. Textual alignment types are as follows:

- XmALIGNMENT_BEGINNING, the default
- Xmalignment_center
- XmALIGNMENT_END

XmNentryBorder

Class

XmCEntryBorder

Type

short

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNentryBorder resource imposes a uniform border width upon all the children of the RowColumn widget. The default value is 0, which disables the feature.

XmNentryCallback

Class

XtCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNentryCallback resource disables the activation callbacks for all ToggleButton, CascadeButton, and PushButton items contained within the RowColumn widget if the

XmRowColumn

application supplies this resource; they are then revectored to this callback. This allows an application to supply a single callback routine for handling all items contained in an **RowColumn** widget. The application must supply this resource when this widget is created.

If the application does not supply this resource, the activation callbacks for each item in the RowColumn widget will work as normal. The callback reason is the XmCR_ACTIVATE value and the default value is the NULL value. Changing this resource using the XtSetValues() subroutine is not supported.

XmNentryClass

Class

XmCEntryClass

Type

WidgetClass

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNentryClass resource specifies the only widget class that can be added to the RowColumn widget; this resource is meaningful only when the XmNisHomogeneous resource is set to the True value.

When the XmNrowColumnType resource is set to the XmWORK_AREA value and the XmNradioBehavior resource is the True value, then the default value for the XmNentryClass resource is the ToggleButtonGadgetClass widget.

When the XmNrowColumnType resource is set to the XmMENU_BAR value, the value of the XmNentryClass resource is forced to the XmCascadeButtonWidgetClass widget.

XmNisAligned

Class

XmCIsAligned

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNisAligned resource specifies text alignment for each item within the RowColumn widget; this only applies to items which are a subclass of the XmLabel widget class or the XmLabelGadget gadget class. If the item is a Label widget or gadget and its parent is either a Popup MenuPane or a Pulldown MenuPane, then alignment is not to be performed; the Label is treated as the title within the MenuPane, and the alignment set by the application is not overridden. The XmNentryAlignment controls the type of textual alignment.

XmNisHomogeneous

Class

XmCIsHomogeneous

Type

Boolean

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNisHomogeneous resource indicates whether the RowColumn widget should enforce exact homogeneity among the items it contains; if a True value, only the widgets that are of the class indicated by the XmNentryClass resource are allowed as children of the RowColumn widget. This is most often used when creating a MenuBar or a RadioBox widget.

Attempting to insert a child which is not a member of the specified class generates a warning message. The default value is the **False** value, except when creating a **MenuBar** or a **RadioBox** widget, when the default is the **True** value.

XmNlabelString

Class

XtCString

Type

XmString

Default

NULL

Access

C

Description

The XmNlabelString resource points to a text string that displays the label to the left of the selection area when the XmNrowColumnType resource is set to the XmMENU_OPTION value. This resource is not meaningful for all other XmRowColumn types. If the application wishes to change the label after creation, it must get the LabelGadget gadget ID (XmOptionLabelGadget) and call the XtSetValues subroutine on the LabelGadget gadget directly. The default value is no label.

XmNmapCallback

Class

XtCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

C

Access

Description

The XmNmapCallback resource specifies a widget–specific callback routine that is invoked when the window associated with the RowColumn widget is about to be mapped. The callback reason is the XmCRMap resource.

XmNmarginHeight

Class

XmCMarginHeight

Type

Dimension

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmarginHeight resource specifies the amount of blank space between the top edge of the RowColumn widget and the first item in each column, and the bottom edge of the RowColumn widget and the last item in each column. The default value is three pixels.

XmRowColumn

XmNmarginWidth

Class

XmCMarginWidth

Type

Dimension

Default

3

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmarginWidth resource specifies the amount of blank space between the left edge of the RowColumn widget and the first item in each row, and the right edge of the RowColumn widget and the last item in each row. The default value is three pixels.

XmNmenuAccelerator

Class

XmCAccelerators

Type

String

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmenuAccelerator resource is only useful when the RowColumn widget is configured to operate as a Popup MenuPane or a MenuBar. The format of this resource is similar to the left—side specification of a translation string, with the limitation that it must specify a key event. For a Popup MenuPane, when the accelerator is typed by the user, the Popup MenuPane is posted. For a MenuBar, when the accelerator is typed by the user, the first item in the MenuBar is highlighted, and a traversal is enabled in the MenuBar. The default for a Popup MenuPane is the <Key>F4 value. The default for a MenuBar is the <Key>F10 value. The accelerator can be disabled by setting the XmNpopupEnabled resource to the False value.

XmNmenuHelpWidget

Class

XmCMenuWidget

Type

Widget

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmenuHelpWidget resource specifies the widget ID for the CascadeButton widget, which is treated as the Help widget if the XmNrowColumnType resource is set to the XmMENU_BAR value. The MenuBar always places the Help widget at the lower right corner. If the RowColumn widget is any type other than the XmMENU_BAR value, this resource is not meaningful.

XmNmenuHistory

Class

XmCMenuWidget

Type

Widget

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmenuHistory resource specifies the widget ID of the last menu entry to be activated. It is also useful for specifying the current selection for an OptionMenu label. If the XmNrowColumnType resource is set to the XmMENU_OPTION value, the specified menu item is positioned under the cursor when the menu is displayed.

If the **RowColumn** widget has the **XmNradioBehavior** resource set to a **True** value, then the widget field associated with this resource contains the widget ID of the last **ToggleButton** widget or **ToggleButtonGadget** gadget to change from unselected to selected. The default value is the widget ID of the first child in the widget.

XmNmnemonic

Class

XmCMnemonic

Type

char

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmnemonic resource is only useful when the XmNrowColumnType resource is set to the XmMENU_OPTION value. It specifies a single character that, when typed by the user, posts the associated Pulldown MenuPane. The character is underlined if it appears in the OptionMenu label, giving the user a visual cue that the character has special functionality associated with it. The default is no mnemonic.

XmNnumColumns

Class

XmCNumColumns

Type

short

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNnumColumns resource specifies the number of minor dimension extensions that are made to accommodate the entries; this resource is only meaningful when the XmNpacking resource is set to the XmPACK_COLUMN value.

For vertically-oriented **XmRowColumn** widgets, this resource indicates how many columns are built; the number of entries per column is adjusted to maintain this number of columns, if possible.

For horizontally-oriented **XmRowColumn** widgets, this resource indicates how many rows will be built.

The default value is 1.

XmNorientation

Class

XmCOrientation

Type

unsigned char

XmRowColumn

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNorientation resource determines whether XmRowColumn layouts are row major or column major. In a column major layout, the children of the XmRowColumn are laid out in columns top to bottom within the widget. In a row major layout the children of the XmRowColumn are laid out in rows. The XmVERTICAL resource value selects a column major layout. The XmHORIZONTAL resource value selects a row major layout.

The default value is the XmVERTICAL value, except when creating a MenuBar, when the default is the XmHORIZONTAL value.

XmNpacking

Class

XmCPacking

Type

unsigned char

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNpacking resource specifies how to pack the items contained within an RowColumn widget. This can be set to the XmPACK TIGHT value, the XmPACK_COLUMN value or the XmPACK_NONE value. When an RowColumn widget packs the items it contains, it determines its major dimension using the value of the XmNorientation resource.

The XmPACK_TIGHT value indicates that given the current major dimension (for example, vertical if the XmNorientation resource is the XmVERTICAL value), entries are placed one after the other until the RowColumn widget must wrap. The RowColumn widget wraps when there is no room left for a complete child in that dimension. Wrapping occurs by beginning a new row or column in the next available space. Wrapping continues, as often as necessary, until all of the children are laid out. In the vertical dimension (columns), boxes are set to the same width; in the horizontal dimension (rows), boxes are set to the same depth. Each entry's position in the major dimension is left unaltered (for example, the XmNy resource is unchanged when the XmNorientation resource is the XmVERTICAL value); its position in the minor dimension is set to the same value as the greatest entry in that particular row or column. The position in the minor dimension of any particular row or column is independent of all other rows or columns.

The XmPACK_COLUMN value indicates that all entries are placed in identically sized boxes. The box is based on the largest height and width values of all the children widgets. The value of the XmNnumColumns resource determines how many boxes are placed in the major dimension before extending in the minor dimension.

The XmPACK_NONE value indicates that no packing is performed. The x and y resources of each entry are left alone, and the XmRowColumn widget attempts to become large enough to enclose all entries.

The default value is the XmPACK TIGHT value, except when building an OptionMenu or a RadioBox widget, where the default is the XmPACK COLUMN value.

XmNpopupEnabled

Class

XmCPopupEnabled

Type

Boolean

Default

True CSG

Access

Description

The XmNpopupEnabled resource allows the menu system to enable keyboard input (accelerators and mnemonics) defined for the Popup MenuPane and any of its submenus. The Popup MenuPane needs to be informed whenever its accessibility to the user changes because posting of the Popup MenuPane is controlled by the application. The default value for this resource is the True value (keyboard input—accelerators and mnemonics—defined for the Popup MenuPane and any of its submenus is enabled).

XmNradioAlwaysOne

Class

XmCRadioAlwaysOne

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNradioAlwaysOne resource forces the active ToggleButton or ToggleButtonGadget to be automatically selected after having been unselected (if no other toggle was activated), if a True value. If a False value, the active toggle may be unselected. The default value is the True value. This resource is only important when the XmNradioBehavior resource is a True value.

The application always has the freedom to add and subtract toggles from the RowColumn widget regardless of the selected/unselected state of the toggle. The application also has the freedom to manage and unmanage toggle children of RowColumn widget at any time regardless of state. Because of these freedoms, there are cases in which it is possible for the application to create a RowColumn widget that has the XmNradioAlwaysOne resource set to the True value and none of the toggle children selected.

XmNradioBehavior

Class

XmCRadioBehavior

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG

Description

When the XmNradioBehavior resource specifies a Boolean value that is the True value, it indicates that the RowColumn widget should enforce a radio box type behavior on all of its children which are ToggleButton widgets or ToggleButtonGadget gadgets.

Two resources in the **ToggleButton** widget and the **ToggleButtonGadget** gadget are forced to specified values at creation time. The **XmNindicator** resource is forced to the

XmRowColumn

XmONE_OF_MANY value, and the XmNinvisibleWhenOff resource is forced to the True value.

Radio box behavior dictates that when one toggle is selected and another toggle is selected, the first toggle is unselected automatically. The default value is the **False** value, except when creating a **RadioBox** widget, when the default is the **True** value.

XmNresizeHeight

Class

XmCResizeHeight

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNresizeHeight resource requests a new height if necessary, when set to a True value. When set to a False value, the widget does not request a new height regardless of any changes to the widget or its children.

XmNresizeWidth

Class

XmCResizeWidth

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNresizeWidth resource requests a new width if necessary, when set to a True value. When set to a False value, the widget does not request a new width regardless of any changes to the widget or its children.

XmNrowColumnType

Class

XmCRowColumnType

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmWORK AREA

Access

CG

Description

The XmNrowColumnType resource specifies the type of the RowColumn widget that is to be created. It is a non-standard resource that cannot be changed after it is set. If an application uses any of the convenience routines except its CreateRowColumn subroutine, this resource is automatically forced to the appropriate value by the convenience routine. If an application uses the XtIntrinsics API to create its RowColumn widgets, it must specify this resource. The set of possible settings for this resource are:

- XmWORK AREA
- XmMENU_BAR
- XmMENU_PULLDOWN

- XmMENU_POPUP
- XmMENU_OPTION

The default value is XmWORK_AREA.

This resource cannot be changed after the **RowColumn** widget is created. Any changes attempted through the **XtSetValues** subroutine will be ignored.

XmNshadowThickness

Class

XmCShadowThickness

Type

int

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNshadowThickness resource specifies the width of the shadow drawn just inside the borders of the BulletinBoard widget. If the parent is a DialogShell widget, then the default is 1 pixel; otherwise, it is zero.

XmNspacing

Class

XmCSpacing

Type

short

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNspacing** resource specifies the horizontal and vertical spacing between items contained within the **XmRowColumn** widget. The default value is 1 pixel, except for a horizontal MenuBar, which defaults to zero pixels.

XmNsubMenuld .

Class

XmCMenuWidget

Type

Widget

Default

NULL

Access

CG

Description

The XmNsubMenuId resource specifies the widget ID for the Pulldown MenuPane associated with an OptionMenu. This resource is only useful when the XmNrowColumnType resource is set to the XmMENU_OPTION value. This resource is unused for all other XmRowColumn resource set types. The default value is the NULL value.

XmNunmapCallback

Class

XtCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

XmRowColumn

Default

NULL

Access

C

Description

The XmNunmapCallback resource specifies a widget–specific callback routine that is invoked after the window associated with the XmRowColumn widget is unmapped. The callback reason is the XmCR_Unmap value. The default value is NULL.

XmNwhichButton

Class

XmCWhichButton

Type

unsigned int

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNwhichButton resource specifies the mouse button to which a menu system is sensitive. The default for the XmMENU_POPUP menu system is the right mouse button (Button 3) value. The default for the XmMENU_OPTION and XmMENU_BAR menu systems is the left mouse button (Button 1) value. This resource is not useful for RowColumn widgets of the XmWORK_AREA and XmMENU_PULLDOWN types.

XmRowColumn Special Menu Resource Set

XmNmenuCursor

XmNmenuCursor

Class

XmCCursor

Type

String

Default

arrow

Access

С

Description

The **XmNmenuCursor** resource sets a variable that controls the cursor used whenever this application posts a menu. This resource can only be specified once at application start up time, either by placing it within a defaults file or by using the **-xrm** command line argument (for example, myProg -xrm "*menuCursor: arrow").

The menu cursor can also be selected programmatically by using the **XmSetMenuCursor** subroutine. The following list contains the acceptable cursor names. If the application does not specify a cursor or if an invalid name is supplied, the default cursor (an arrow pointing up and to the right) is used.

X_cursor

bogosity

arrow

based_arrow_down

based_arrow_up boat

bottom_left_corner

bottom right corner

bottom_side bottom_tee box_spiral center_ptr circle

coffee_mug

clock

cross

cross_reverse crosshair diamond_cross

dot

dotbox double_arrow draft_large Ir_angle

man

mouse pencil

middlebutton

pirate plus

question_arrow

right_ptr right_side right_tee rightbutton rtl_logo

sailboat

sb_down_arrow sb_h_double_arrow

sb_left_arrow sb_right_arrow sb_up_arrow

sb_v_double_arrow

shuttle sizing spider

XmRowColumn

draft_small draped_box exchange fleur gobbler gumby hand1 hand2 heart icon iron_cross left_ptr left_side left_tee leftbutton II_angle

spraycan
star
target
tcross
top_left_arrow
top_left_corner
top_right_corner
top_side
top_tee
trek
ul_angle
umbrella
ur_angle
watch
xterm

XmScale Resource Set

XmNdecimalPoints XmNprocessingDirection

XmNdragCallbackXmNscaleHeightXmNfontListXmNscaleWidthXmNhighlightOnEnterXmNshowValueXmNhighlightThicknessXmNtitleStringXmNmaximumXmNtraversalOn

XmNminimum XmNvalue

XmNorientation XmNvalueChangedCallback

XmNdecimalPoints

Class XmCDecimalPoints

Type short

Default 0

Access CSG

Description

The XmNdecimalPoints resource specifies the number of decimal points to shift the slider value while displaying it. For example, a slider value of 2,350 and an XmdecimalPoints resource set value of 2 results in a display value of 23.50.

XmNdragCallback

Class XmCCallback

Type XtCallbackList

Default NULL

Access C

Description

The XmNdragCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called when the slider position changes when the slider is dragged. The callback reason is the XmCR_DRAG value.

XmNfontList

Class XmCFontList

Type XmFontList

Default "Fixed"

Access CSG

Description

The XmNfontList resource specifies the font list to use for the title text string specified by the XmNtitleString resource.

XmScale

XmNhighlightOnEnter

Class

XmCHighlightOnEnter

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNhighlightOnEnter resource specifies whether to draw the border highlight on enter window events. This resource is ignored if the XmNtraversalOn resource is set to a a True value.

XmNhighlightThickness

Class

XmCHighlightThickness

Type

short

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNhighlightThickness resource specifies the size of the border drawing rectangle used for enter window and traversal highlight drawing.

XmNmaximum

Class

XmCMaximum

Type

int

Default

100

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmaximum resource specifies the slider maximum value.

XmNminimum

Class

XmCMinimum

Type

int

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNminimum resource specifies the slider minimum value.

XmNorientation

Class

XmCOrientation

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmVERTICAL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNorientation resource displays scale vertically or horizontally. This resource can have the XmVERTICAL value or the XmHORIZONTAL value.

XmNprocessingDirection

Class

XmCProcessingDirection

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmMAX_ON_TOP

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNprocessingDirection resource specifies whether the value for the XmNmaximum resource is on the right or the left side of the XmNminimum resource for horizontal scales or above or below the XmNminimum resource for vertical scales. This resource can have the following values:

- XmMAX_ON_TOP
- XmMAX_ON_BOTTOM
- XmMAX_ON_LEFT
- XmMAX_ON_RIGHT

XmNscaleHeight

Class

XmCScaleHeight

Type

Dimension

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNscaleHeight resource specifies the height of the slider area. The value is in the specified unit type. The default value is pixels.

XmNscaleWidth

Class

XmCScaleWidth

Type

Dimension

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNscaleWidth resource specifies the width of the slider area. The value is in the specified unit type. The default value is pixels.

XmNshowValue

Class

XmCShowValue

XmScale

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNshowValue resource specifies whether a label for the current slider value is displayed next to the slider. If it is a **True** value, the current slider value is displayed.

XmNtitleString

Class

XmCTitleString

Type

XmString

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNtitleString** resource specifies the title text string that is displayed in the scale widget window.

XmNtraversalOn

Class

XmCTraversalOn

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNtraversalOn resource specifies whether the scale slider is to have traversal on for it.

XmNvalue

Class

XmCValue

Type

int

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNvalue** resource specifies the current position of the slider along the scale, between minimum and maximum values.

XmNvalueChangedCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNvalueChangedCallback resource specifies a list of callback subroutines that is called when the value of the slider has changed. The callback reason is the XmCR_VALUE_CHANGED value.

XmScrollBar Resource Set

XmNdecrementCallback

XmNdragCallback

XmNincrement
XmNincrementCallback

XmNinitialDelay

XmNmaximum XmNminimum

XmNorientation

XmNpageDecrementCallback

XmNpageIncrement

XmNprocessingDirection

XmNrepeatDelay

XmNshowArrows

XmNsliderSize

XmNtoBottomCallback

XmNtoTopCallback

XmNvalue

XmNvalueChangedCaliback

XmNdecrementCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNdecrementCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called when an arrow is selected that decreases the slider value by one increment. The callback reason is the XmCR_DECREMENT value.

XmNdragCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNdragCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called on each incremental change of position when the slider is being dragged. The callback reason is the XmCR_DRAG value.

XmNincrement

Class

XmCIncrement

Type

int

Default

1

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNincrement resource specifies the amount to move the slider when the corresponding arrow is selected.

XmNincrementCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

C

Access

Description

The XmNincrementCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called when an arrow is selected that increases the slider value by one increment. The callback reason is the XmCR INCREMENT value.

XmNinitialDelay

Class

XmCInitialDelay

Type

int

Default

250

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNinitialDelay resource specifies the amount of time to wait (in milliseconds) before starting continuous slider movement while an arrow or the scroll region is pressed.

XmNmaximum

Class

XmCMaximum

Type

int

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmaximum resource specifies the slider maximum value.

XmNminimum

Class

XmCMinimum

Type

int

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNminimum resource specifies the slider minimum value.

XmNorientation

Class

XmCOrientation

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmVERTICAL

XmScrollBar

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNorientation resource specifies whether the ScrollBar is displayed vertically or horizontally. This resource can have the XmVERTICAL value or the XmHORIZONTAL value.

XmNpageDecrementCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNpageDecrementCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called when the slider area is selected and the slider value is decreased by a one-page increment. The the callback reason is the XmCR_PAGE_DECREMENT value.

XmNpageIncrement

Class

XmCPageIncrement

Type

int

Default

10

Access

С

Description

The XmNpageIncrement resource specifies the amount to move the slider when selection occurs on the slide area.

XmNpageIncrementCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNpageIncrementCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called when the slider area is selected and the slider value is increased by one page increment. The callback reason is the XmCR_PAGE_DECREMENT value.

XmNprocessingDirection

Class

XmCProcessingDirection

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmMAX_ON_BOTTOM

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNprocessingDirection resource specifies whether the value for the XmNmaximum resource should be on the right or the left side of the XmNminimum resource for horizontal ScrollBars or above or below the XmNminimum resource for vertical ScrollBars. This resource can have the following values:

- XmMAX_ON_TOP
- XmMAX_ON_BOTTOM
- XmMAX_ON_LEFT
- XmMAX_ON_RIGHT

XmNrepeatDelay

Class

XmCRepeatDelay

Type

int

Default

50

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNrepeatDelay resource specifies the amount of time to wait (in milliseconds) between subsequent slider movements after the XmNinitialDelay resource is processed.

XmNshowArrows

Class

XmCShowArrows

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNshowArrows resource specifies whether the arrows are displayed.

XmNsliderSize

Class

XmCSliderSize

Type

int

Default

10

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNsliderSize resource specifies the size of the slider between the values of zero and maximum – minimum.

XmNtoBottomCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

XmScrollBar

Access

С

Description

The XmNtoBottomCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that are called when the user selects <Shift> mouse button one down. This callback sends as a value the maximum ScrollBar value minus the ScrollBar slider size. The slider location is not automatically repositioned. The callback reason is the XmCR_TO_TOP value.

XmNtoTopCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

C.

Description

The XmNtoTopCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that are called when the user selects <Shift> left mouse button down in the top arrow button. This callback sends as a value the minimum ScrollBar slider value. The slider location is not automatically repositioned. The callback reason is the XmCR_TO_TOP value.

XmNvalue

Class

XmCValue

Type

int

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNvalue resource specifies the slider position between the minimum and maximum.

XmNvalueChangedCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNvalueChangedCallback resource specifies the list of callbacks that is called when the slider is released while being dragged; this is in place of the XmNincrementCallback, the XmNvacerementCallback, the XmNpageIncrementCallback or the XmNpageDecrementCallback resource when they do not have any callbacks attached. The callback reason is the XmCR_VALUE_CHANGED value.

XmScrolledList Resource Set

XmNhorizontalScrollBar XmNscrolledWindowMarginHeight

XmNlistSizePolicy XmNscrolledWindowMarginWidth

XmNscrollBarDisplayPolicy XmNspacing

XmNscrollBarPlacement XmNverticalScrollBar

XmNhorizontalScrollBar

Class XmCHorizontalScrollBar

Type Widget

Default NULL

Access CSG

Description

The XmNhorizontalScrollBar resource specifies the widget ID of the horizontal ScrollBar.

This widget is created automatically by the XmCreateScrolledList convenience subroutine.

XmNlistSizePolicy

Class XmCListSizePolicy

Type unsigned char

Default XmVARIABLE

Access CG

Description

The XmNlistSizePolicy resource controls the reaction of the List widget when an item grows horizontally beyond the current size of the List widget work area. If the value is the XmCONSTANT value, the List widget viewing area does not grow, and a horizontal ScrollBar is added. If this resource is set to the XmVARIABLE value, the List widget grows to match the size of the longest item, and no horizontal ScrollBar is displayed.

When the value of this resource is the **XmRESIZE_IF_POSSIBLE** value, the **List** widget attempts to grow or shrink to match the width of the widest item. If it cannot grow to match the widest size, a horizontal ScrollBar is added if the longest item is wider than the **XmList** viewing area.

The size policy must be set at the time the **List** widget is created. It cannot be changed at a later time through the **XtSetValues** subroutine.

XmNscrollBarDisplayPolicy

Class XmCScrollBarDisplayPolicy

Type unsigned char

Default XmAS_NEEDED

Access CSG

Description

The XmNscrollBarDisplayPolicy resource specifies the ScrollBar display policy. When this resource is set to the XmAS_NEEDED value, the vertical ScrollBar is displayed only when the number of items in the list exceeds the number of visible items. If the XmNlistSizePolicy resource is the XmCONSTANT value or the XmRESIZE_IF_POSSIBLE value, the horizontal ScrollBar is displayed only if there is an item that is wider than the current width of the list. When this resource is set to the XmSTATIC value, the vertical ScrollBar is always displayed. The horizontal ScrollBar is always displayed if the XmNlistSizePolicy resource is set to the XmCONSTANT value or the XmRESIZE_IF_POSSIBLE value.

XmNscrollBarPlacement

Class

XmCScrollBarPlacement

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmBOTTOM RIGHT

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNscrollBarPlacement resource specifies the positioning of the ScrollBars in relation to the visible items. The following are the values:

- XmTOP_LEFT The horizontal ScrollBar is placed above the visible items and the vertical ScrollBar is placed to the left of the visible items.
- XmBOTTOM_LEFT The horizontal ScrollBar is placed below the visible items and the vertical ScrollBar is placed to the left of the visible items.
- XmTOP_RIGHT The horizontal ScrollBar is placed above the visible items and the vertical ScrollBar is placed to the right of the visible items.
- XmBOTTOM_RIGHT The horizontal ScrollBar is placed below the visible items and the vertical ScrollBar is placed to the right of the visible items.

XmNscrolledWindowMarginHeight

Class

XmCScrolledWindowMarginHeight

Type

Dimension

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNscrolledWindowMarginHeight resource specifies the margin height on the top and the bottom of the scrolled window.

XmNscrolledWindowMarginWidth

Class

XmCScrolledWindowMarginWidth

Type

Dimension

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNscrolledWindowMarginWidth resource specifies the margin width on the right and the left sides of the scrolled window.

XmNspacing

Class

XmCSpacing

Type

Dimension

Default

4

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNspacing** resource specifies the distance that separates the ScrollBars from the visible items.

XmNverticalScrollBar

Class

XmCVerticalScrollBar

Type

Widget

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNverticalScrollBar resource specifies the widget ID of the vertical ScrollBar. This widget is created automatically by the XmCreateScrolledList convenience subroutine.

XmScrolledWindow Resource Set

XmNclipWindow

XmNscrollBarDisplayPolicy

XmNscrolledWindowMarginHeight

XmNscrollingPolicy
XmNverticalScrollBar

XmNworkWindow

XmNhorizontalScrollBar

XmNscrollBarPlacement

XmNscrolledWindowMarginWidth

XmNspacing

XmNvisualPolicy

XmNclipWindow

Class

XmCClipWindow

Type

Widget

Default

NULL

Access

G

Description

The XmNclipWindow resource specifies the widget ID of the clipping area. This is automatically created by the ScrolledWindow widget when the XmNvisualPolicy resource is set to the XmCONSTANT value and can only be read by the application. Any attempt to set this resource to a new value causes a warning message to be printed by the scrolled window. If the XmNvisualPolicy resource is set to the XmVARIABLE value, this resource is set to the NULL value, and no clipping window is created.

XmNhorizontalScrollBar

Class

XmCHorizontalScrollBar

Type

Widget

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNhorizontalScrollBar resource specifies the widget ID of the horizontal ScrollBar widget.

XmNscrollBarDisplayPolicy

Class

XmCScrollBarDisplayPolicy

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmSTATIC

Return Value

XmAS NEEDED

Access

CG

Description

The XmNscrollBarDisplayPolicy resource controls the automatic placement of the ScrollBars. If it is set to the XmAS_NEEDED value and if the XmNscrollingPolicy resource is set to the XmAUTOMATIC value, ScrollBars are only displayed if the workspace exceeds

the clip area in one or both dimensions. An resource value of the **XmSTATIC** value causes the **ScrolledWindow** widget to display the ScrollBars whenever they are managed, regardless of the relationship between the clip window and the work area. This resource must be the **XmSTATIC** value when the **XmNscrollingPolicy** resource is the **XmAPPLICATION DEFINED** value.

XmNscrollBarPlacement

Class XmCScroliBarPlacement

Type unsigned char

Default XmBOTTOM RIGHT

Return Values XmTOP LEFT

XmBOTTOM_LEFT XmTOP_RIGHT XmBOTTOM_RIGHT

Access CSG

Description

The XmNscrollBarPlacement resource specifies the positioning of the ScrollBars in relation to the work window. The values are as follows:

- XmTOP_LEFT The horizontal ScrollBar is placed above the work window, and the vertical ScrollBar to the left of the work window.
- XmBOTTOM_LEFT The horizontal ScrollBar is placed below the work window, and the vertical ScrollBar to the left of the work window.
- XmTOP_RIGHT The horizontal ScrollBar is placed above the work window, and the vertical ScrollBar to the right of the work window.
- XmBOTTOM_RIGHT The horizontal ScrollBar is placed below the work window, and the vertical ScrollBar to the right of the work window.

XmNscrolledWindowMarginHeight

Class XmCScrolledWindowMarginHeight

Type Dimension

Default 0

Access CSG

Description

The XmNscrolledWindowMarginHeight resource specifies the margin height on the top and bottom of the ScrolledWindow widget.

XmNscrolledWindowMarginWidth

Class XmCScrolledWindowMarginWidth

Type Dimension

Default 0

Access CSG

XmScrolledWindow

Description

The XmNscrolledWindowMarginWidth resource specifies the margin width on the right and left sides of the ScrolledWindow widget.

XmNscrollingPolicy

Class

XmCScrollingPolicy

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmAPPLICATION_DEFINED

Return Values

XmAUTOMATIC XmCONSTANT XmAS NEEDED

XmAPPLICATION_DEFINED

Access

CG

Description

The XmNscrollingPolicy resource performs automatic scrolling of the work area with no application interaction. If the value of this resource is the XmAUTOMATIC value, the ScrolledWindow widget automatically creates the Scrollbars, attaches callbacks to the Scrollbars, sets the visual policy to the XmCONSTANT value, sets the Scrollbar display policy to the XmAS_NEEDED value, and automatically moves the work area through the clip window in response to any user interaction with the Scrollbars. An application can also add its own callbacks to the Scrollbars. This allows the application to be notified of a scroll event without having to perform any layout procedures.

NOTE: Since the ScrolledWindow widget adds callbacks to the Scrollbars, an application should not perform an XtRemoveAllCallbacks subroutine on any of the XmScrollbar widgets.

When the XmNscrollingPolicy resource is set to the XmAPPLICATION_DEFINED default value, the application is responsible for all aspects of scrolling. The Scrollbars must be created by the application, and it is responsible for performing any visual changes in the work area in response to user input.

This resource must be set to the desired policy at the time the **ScrolledWindow** widget is created. It cannot be changed through the **SetValues()** facilitator.

XmNspacing

Class

XmCSpacing

Type

Dimension;

int if inherited for the MainWindow widget

Default

4

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNspacing resource specifies the distance that separates the ScrollBars from the work window.

XmNverticalScrollBar

Class

XmCVerticalScroll bar

Type

Widget

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNverticalScrollBar resource specifies the widget ID of the vertical ScrollBar.

XmNvisualPolicy

Class

XmCVisualPolicy

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmVARIABLE

Return Values

XmVARIABLE XmCONSTANT

Access

CG

Description

The XmNvisualPolicy resource increases the size of the ScrolledWindow widget to match the size of the work area, or it is used as a static viewport onto a larger data space. If the visual policy is the XmVARIABLE value, the ScrolledWindow widget forces the ScrollBar display policy to the XmSTATIC value, allows the work area to grow or shrink at any time, and adjusts its layout to accommodate the new size. When the policy is the XmCONSTANT value, the work area is allowed to grow or shrink as requested, but a clipping window forces the size of the visible portion to remain constant. The only time the viewing area can grow is in response to a resize operation from the parent of the ScrolledWindow widget.

NOTE: This resource must be set to the desired policy at the time the **ScrolledWindow** widget is created. It cannot be changed through the **SetValues()** facilitator.

XmNworkWindow

Class

XmCWorkWindow

Type

Widget

Default

NULL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNworkWindow resource specifies the widget ID of the viewing area.

XmSelectionBox

XmSelectionBox Resource Set

XmNapplyCallback

XmNcancelCallback

XmNdialogType

XmNlistItemCount

XmNlistLabelString

XmNminimizeButtons

XmNnoMatchCallback

XmNokLabelString

XmNtextAccelerators

XmNtextString

XmNapplyLabelString

XmNcancelLabelString

XmNhelpLabelString

XmNlistItems

XmNlistVisibleItemCount

XmNmustMatch

XmNokCallback

XmNselectionLabelString

XmNtextColumns

XmNapplyCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

C; N/A if inherited for the Command widget

Description

The XmNapplyCallback resource specifies the list of callback subroutines that is called when the user clicks on the Apply button. The callback reason is the XmCR_APPLY value.

XmNapplyLabelString

Class

XmCApplyLabelString

Type

XmString

Default

"Apply"; "Filter" if inherited for the FileSelectionBox widget

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Command widget

Description

The XmNapplyLabelString resource specifies the string label for the Apply button.

XmNcancelCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Command widget

Description

The XmNcancelCallback resource invokes this Callback subroutine when the user clicks on the cancel button. The callback reason is the XmCR_CANCEL value.

XmNcancelLabelString

Class

XmCXmString

Type

XmString

Default

"Cancel"

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Command widget

Description

The XmNcancelLabelString resource specifies the string label for the Cancel button.

XmNdialogType

Class

XmCDialogType

Type

unsigned char

Default

dynamic; XmDIALOG_COMMAND if inherited for the Command widget;

XmDIALOG_FILE_SELECTION if inherited for the FileSelectionBox

widget

Access

CG; G if inherited for the Command widget

Description

The XmNdialogType resource determines the set of SelectionBox children widgets which are created and managed at initialization. The following are possible values:

- XmDIALOG_PROMPT the list and list labels are not created, and the Apply button is unmanaged.
- XmDIALOG_SELECTION all standard children are created and managed except the Apply button.
- XmDIALOG_WORK_AREA all standard children are created and managed.

If the parent of the **SelectionBox** widget is a **DialogShell** widget, the default is the **XmDIALOG_SELECTION** value; otherwise, the default is the **XmDIALOG_WORK_AREA** value. The **XmCreatePromptDialog** and **XmCreateSelectionDialog** subroutines set and append this resource to the creation *ArgumentList* supplied by the application. This resource cannot be modified after creation.

XmNhelpLabelString

Class

XmCXmString

Type

XmString

Default

"Help"

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Command widget

Description

The XmNhelpLabelString resource specifies the string label for the Help button.

XmSelectionBox

XmNlistItemCount

Class

XmCltemCount

Type

int

Default

0

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Command widget

Description

The XmNlistItemCount resource specifies the number of items in the SelectionBox list.

XmNlistItems

Class

XmCItems

Type

XmStringList

Default

NULL

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Command widget

Description

The XmNlistItems resource specifies the items in the SelectionBox list.

XmNlistLabelString

Class

XmCXmString

Type

XmString

Default

NULL; "Files" if inherited for the FileSelectionBox widget

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Command widget

Description

The XmNlistLabelString resource specifies the string label to appear above the SelectionBox list containing the selection items.

XmNlistVisibleItemCount

Class

XmCVisibleItemCount

Type

int

Default

8

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Command widget

Description

The XmNlistVisibleItemCount resource specifies the number of items displayed in the SelectionBox list.

XmNminimizeButtons

Class

XmCMinimizeButtons

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Command widget

Description

The **XmNminimizeButtons** resource sets the buttons to the width of the widest button and the height of the tallest button if it is the **False** value. If this resource is the **True** value, button width and height are not modified.

XmNmustMatch

Class

XmCMustMatch

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Command widget

Description

The XmNmustMatch resource specifies whether the selection widget should check if the user selection in the text edit field has an exact match in the SelectionBox list. If the selection does not have an exact match, and if the XmNmustMatch resource is a True value, the XmNnoMatchCallback resource is activated. If the selection does have an exact match, either the XmNapplyCallback resource or the XmNokCallback resource is activated.

XmNnoMatchCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

C; N/A if inherited for the Command widget

Description

The XmNnoMatchCallback resource specifies the list of callback subroutines that is called when the user makes a selection from the text edit field that does not have an exact match with any of the items in the list box. The callback reason is the XmCR_NO_MATCH value. Callback subroutines in this list are called only if the XmNmustMatch resource has a True value.

XmSelectionBox

XmNokCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

C; N/A if inherited for the Command widget

Description

The XmNokCallback resource specifies the list of callback subroutines that is called when the user clicks the OK button. The callback reason is the XmCR_OK value.

XmNokLabelString

Class

XmCXmString

Type

XmString

Default

"OK"

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Command widget

Description

The XmNokLabelString resource specifies the string label for the OK button.

XmNselectionLabelString

Class

XmCXmString

Type

XmString

Default

"Selection"

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNselectionLabelString resource specifies the string label for the selection text edit field.

XmNtextAccelerators

Class

XmCTextAccelerators

Type

XtTranslations

Default

(see below)

Access

С

Description

The XmNtextAccelerators resource specifies translations added to the Text widget child of the SelectionBox widget. The default includes bindings for the up and down keys for auto selection of list items; it also includes the normal accelerator translations defined by the BulletinBoard widget for dialog components.

XmSelectionBox

XmNtextColumns

Class

XmCTextColumns

Type

int

Default

20; 31 if inherited for the FileSelectionBox widget

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNtextColumns resource specifies the number of columns in the Text widget.

XmNtextString

Class

XmCTextString

Type

XmString

Default

NULL

Access

CSG; N/A if inherited for the Command widget

Description

The XmNtextString specifies the text in the text edit selection field.

XmSeparator Resource Set

XmNmargin

XmNseparatorType

XmNorientation

XmNmargin

Class

XmCMargin

Type

short

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNmargin** resource specifies the space on the left and right sides between the border of the **Separator** widget and the line drawn for horizontal orientation. For vertical orientation, this resource specifies the space on the top and bottom between the border of the **Separator** widget and the line drawn.

XmNorientation

Class

XmCOrientation

Type

unsigned_char

Default

XmHORIZONTAL

Return Values

XmHORIZONTAL

XmVERTICAL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNorientation resource displays the Separator widget vertically or horizontally. This resource can have the XmVERTICAL and XmHORIZONTAL values.

XmNseparatorType

Class

XmCSeparatorType

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmSHADOW_ETCHED_IN

Return Values

XmSINGLE_LINE

XmDOUBLE_LINE

XmSINGLE_DASHED_LINE XmDOUBLE_DASHED_LINE

XmNO LINE

XmSHADOW_ETCHED_IN XmSHADOW_ETCHED_OUT

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNseparatorType resource specifies the type of line drawing to be drawn in the Separator widget. The values are as follows:

- XmSINGLE_LINE single line.
- XmDOUBLE_LINE double line.
- XmSINGLE_DASHED_LINE single dashed line.
- XmDOUBLE_DASHED_LINE double dashed line.
- XmNO_LINE no line.
- XmSHADOW_ETCHED_IN double line giving the effect of a line etched into the window. For horizontal orientation, the top line is drawn in the XmNtopShadowColor resource, and the bottom line is drawn in the XmNbottomShadowColor resource. For vertical orientation, the left line is drawn in the XmNtopShadowColor resource, and the right line is drawn in the XmNbottomShadowColor resource.
- XmSHADOW_ETCHED_OUT double line giving the effect of an etched line coming out
 from the window. For horizontal orientation, the top line is drawn in the
 XmNbottomShadowColor resource, and the bottom line is drawn in the
 XmNtopShadowColor resource. For vertical orientation, the left line is drawn in the
 XmNbottomShadowColor resource, and the right line is drawn in the
 XmNtopShadowColor resource.

XmSeparatorGadget Resource Set

XmNmargin

XmNorientation

XmNseparatorType

XmNmargin

Class

XmCMargin

Type

short

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmargin resource specifies space, on the left and right sides, between the border of the SeparatorGadget gadget and the line drawn for horizontal orientation. For vertical orientation, this resource specifies space, on the top and bottom, between the border of the SeparatorGadget gadget and the line drawn.

XmNorientation

Class

XmCOrientation

Type

unsigned_char

Default

XmHORIZONTAL

Return Values

XmVERTICAL

XmHORIZONTAL

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNorientation resource specifies whether the SeparatorGadget gadget is displayed vertically or horizontally. This resource can have the XmVERTICAL or XmHORIZONTAL value. The XmHORIZONTAL value is the default orientation.

XmNseparatorType

Class

XmCSeparatorType

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmSHADOW_ETCHED_IN

Return Values

XmSINGLE_LINE

XmDOUBLE_LINE

XmSINGLE_DASHED_LINE XmDOUBLE_DASHED_LINE

XmNO LINE

XmSHADOW_ETCHED_IN XmSHADOW_ENCHED_OUT

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNseparatorType resource specifies types of line drawings to be drawn in the SeparatorGadget gadget. The types of line drawings available are as follows:

- XmSINGLE_LINE single line.
- XmDOUBLE LINE double line.
- XmSINGLE DASHED LINE single dashed line.
- XmDOUBLE_DASHED_LINE double dashed line.
- XmNO LINE no line.
- XmSHADOW_ETCHED_IN double line giving the effect of a line etched into the
 window. The thickness of the double line is equal to the value of the
 XmNshadowThickness resource. For horizontal orientation, the top line is drawn in the
 XmNtopShadowColor resource, and the bottom line is drawn in the
 XmNbottomShadowColor resource. For vertical orientation, the left line is drawn in the
 XmNtopShadowColor resource, and the right line is drawn in the
 XmNbottomShadowColor resource.
- XmSHADOW_ETCHED_OUT double line giving the effect of an etched line coming out
 from the window. The thickness of the double line is equal to the value of the
 XmNshadowThickness resource. For horizontal orientation, the top line is drawn in the
 XmNbottomShadowColor resource, and the bottom line is drawn in the
 XmNtopShadowColor resource. For vertical orientation, the left line is drawn in the
 XmNbottomShadowColor resource, and the right line is drawn in the
 XmNtopShadowColor resource.

XmText Input Resource Set

XmNpendingDelete

XmNselectThreshold

XmNselectionArray

XmNpendingDelete

Class

XmCPendingDelete

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNpendingDelete resource indicates that pending delete mode is on when the Boolean value is True. The pending deletion is defined as deletion of the selected text when an insertion is made.

XmNselectionArray

Class

XmCSelectionArray

Type

Pointer

Default

sarray

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNselectionArray resource defines the actions for multiple mouse clicks. Each mouse click performed within a half of a second of the previous mouse click increments the index into to this array and perform the defined action for that index. The possible actions are as follows:

- XmSELECT_POSITIONS resets the insert cursor position.
- XmSELECT_WORD selects a word.
- XmSELECT_LINE selects a line of text.
- XmSELECT_ALL selects all of the text.

XmNselectThreshold

Class

XmCSelectThreshold

Type

int

Default

5

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNselectThreshold resource specifies the number of pixels of motion that are required to select the next character when selection is performed using the click–drag mode of selection.

XmText Output Resource Set

XmNblinkRate XmNcolumns

XmNcursorPositionVisible

XmNfontList

XmNresizeHeight XmNresizeWidth

XmNrows XmNwordWrap

XmNblinkRate

Class

XmCBlinkRate

Type

1111

Default

500

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNblinkRate resource specifies the blink rate of the text cursor in milliseconds. The time indicated in the blink rate relates to the length of time the cursor is visible and the time the cursor is invisible (in other words, the time it will take to blink the insertion cursor on and off is be two times the blink rate). The cursor does not blink when the blink rate is set to a value of zero.

XmNcolumns

Class

XmCColumns

Type

short

Default

20

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNcolumns resource specifies the initial width of the text window measured in character spaces.

XmNcursorPositionVisible

Class

XmCCursorPositionVisible

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNcursorPositionVisible resource indicates that the insert cursor position is marked by a blinking text cursor when the Boolean value is **True**.

XmText

XmNfontList

Class

XmCFontList

Type

XmFontList

Default

"fixed"

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNfontList resource specifies the font list to be used for the Text widget.

XmNresizeHeight

Class

XmCResizeHeight

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNresizeHeight resource indicates that the Text widget attempts to resize its height to accommodate all the text contained in the widget when the Boolean value is True. If set to the True value, the text is always displayed starting from the first position in the source, even if instructed otherwise. This resource is ignored when using a ScrolledText widget and when the XmNscrollVertical resource is the True value.

XmNresizeWidth

Class

XmCResizeWidth

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNresizeWidth resource indicates that the Text widget attempts to resize its width to accommodate all the text contained in the widget when the Boolean value is True. This resource is ignored if the XmNwordWrap resource is the True value.

XmNrows

Class

XmCRows

Type

short

Default

1

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNrows resource specifies the initial height of the text window measured in character heights. This resource is ignored if the XmNeditMode text widget resource is the XmSINGLE_LINE_EDIT value.

XmNwordWrap

Class

XmCWordWrap

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNwordWrap resource indicates that lines are to be broken at word breaks (in other words, the text does not go off the right edge of the window) when the Boolean value is True. Words are defined as a sequence of characters separated by white space. White space is defined as a space, tab, or new-line. This resource is ignored if the XmNeditMode text widget resource is the XmSINGLE_LINE_EDIT value.

XmText Resource Set

XmNactivateCallback

XmNautoShowCursorPosition

XmNcursorPosition

XmNeditable

XmNeditMode

XmNfocusCallback

XmNlosingFocusCallback

XmNmarginHeight

XmNmarginWidth

XmNmaxLength

XmNmodifyVerifyCallback

XmNmotionVerifyCallback

XmNtopPosition

XmNvalue

XmNvalueChangedCallback

XmNactivateCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNactivateCallback resource specifies a callback subroutine that is called when the widget becomes active. The initial state of the Text widget is inactive, shown visibly by a stippled insert cursor. The callback reason is the XmCR_ACTIVATE value. The structure returned by this callback subroutine is XmAnyCallbackStruct.

XmNautoShowCursorPosition

Class

XmCAutoShowCursorPosition

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNautoShowCursorPosition resource ensures that the visible text contains the insert cursor when set to the True value. If the insert cursor changes, the contents of the Text widget may scroll in order to bring the insertion point into the window.

XmNcursorPosition

Class

XmCCursorPosition

Type

XmTextPosition

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNcursorPosition** resource indicates the position in the text where the current insert cursor is to be located. The position is determined by the number of characters from the beginning of the text.

XmNeditable

Class

XmCEditable

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNeditable resource indicates that the user can edit the text string in the Text widget when the Boolean value is True. A False value prohibits the user from editing the text.

XmNeditMode

Class

XmCEditMode

Type

int

Default

XmSINGLE_LINE_EDIT

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNeditMode resource specifies a set of keyboard bindings used in the Text widget. The default keyboard bindings (such as the XmSINGLE_LINE_EDIT value) provides the set of key bindings to be used in editing the multiline text in the Text widget. The multi-line bindings (such as the XmMULTI_LINE_EDIT value) provide the set of key bindings to be used in editing single-line text in the Text widget.

XmNfocusCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNfocusCallback resource specifies a callback subroutine that is called before the Text widget has accepted input focus. The callback reason is the XmCR_FOCUS value. The structure returned by this callback subroutine is XmAnyCallbackStruct.

XmNlosingFocusCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNlosingFocusCallback resource specifies a callback subroutine that is called before the Text widget loses input focus. The callback reason is the XmCR_LOSING_FOCUS value. The structure returned by this callback subroutine is XmTextVerifyCallbackStruct.

XmText

XmNmarginHeight

Class

XmCMarginHeight

Type

short

Default

5

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmarginHeight resource specifies the distance between the top edge of the widget window and the text and between the bottom edge of the widget window and the text. This resource is forced to a True value when the Text widget is placed in a ScrolledWindow with the XmNscrollingPolicy resource set to the XmAUTOMATIC value.

XmNmarginWidth

Class

XmCMarginWidth

Type

short

Default

5

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmarginWidth resource specifies the distance between the left edge of the widget window and the text and between the right edge of the widget window and the text. This resource is forced to a True value when the Text widget is placed in a ScrolledWindow with the XmNscrollingPolicy resource set to the XmAUTOMATIC value.

XmNmaxLength

Class

XmCMaxLength

Type

int

Default

MAXINT

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNmaxLength resource specifies the maximum length of the text string that can be entered into the Text widget from the keyboard. Strings that are entered using the XmNvalue resource or the XmTextString subroutine ignore this resource.

XmNmodifyVerifyCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

C

Description

The XmNmodifyVerifyCallback resource specifies a callback subroutine that is called before text is deleted from or inserted into the **Text** widget. The callback reason is the

XmCR_MODIFYING_TEXT_VALUE value. The structure returned by this callback subroutine is XmTextVerifyCallbackStruct.

XmNmotionVerifyCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNmotionVerifyCallback resource calls a callback list before the insert cursor is moved to a new position. The structure returned by this callback is the XmTextVerifyCallbackStruct value. The callback reason is the XmCR_MOVING_INSERT_CURSOR value.

XmNtopCharacter

Class

XmCTextPosition

Type

XmTextPosition

Default

0

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNtopCharacter resource shows the relative position of text currently located at the top of the window. Position is determined by the number of characters from the beginning of the text.

XmNvalue

Class

XmCValue

Type

String

Default

4477

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNvalue resource displays the string value. The XtGetValues subroutine returns the value of the internal buffer and the XtSetValues subroutine copies the string values into the internal buffer.

XmNvalueChangedCallback

Class

XmCCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

XmText

Description

The XmNvalueChangedCallback resource specifies a callback subroutine that is called after text is deleted from or inserted into the Text widget. The callback reason is the XmCR_VALUE_CHANGED value. The structure returned by this callback subroutine is XmAnyCallbackStruct.

XmTextScrolled Text Resource Set

XmNscrollHorizontal

XmNscrollTopSide

XmNscrollLeftSide

XmNscrollVertical

XmNscrollHorizontal

Class

XmCScroll

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CG

Description

The XmNscrollHorizontal resource adds a scrollbar that allows the user to scroll horizontally through the text when the Boolean value is True. This resource is ignored if the XmNeditMode resource of the Text widget is the XmSINGLE_LINE_EDIT value. This resource is forced to a False value when the Text widget is placed in a ScrolledWindow with the XmNscrollingPolicy resource set to the XmAUTOMATIC value.

XmNscrollLeftSide

Class

XmCScrollSide

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CG

Description

The XmNscrollLeftSide resource indicates that the vertical scrollbar should be placed on the left side of the scrolled text window when the Boolean value is True. This resource is ignored if the XmNscrollVertical resource is the False value or the XmNeditMode text widget resource is the XmSINGLE_LINE_EDIT value.

XmNscrollTopSide

Class

XmCScrollSide

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CG

Description

The XmNscrollTopSide resource indicates that the horizontal scrollbar should be placed on the top side of the scrolled text window when the Boolean value is **True**. This resource is ignored if the XmNscrollHorizontal resource is the **False** value.

XmNscrollVertical

Class

XmCScroll

Type

Boolean

XmTextScrolled

Default

True

Access

CG

Description

The XmNscrollVertical adds a scrollbar that allows the user to scroll vertically through text when the Boolean value is True. This resource is ignored if the XmNeditMode text widget resource is the XmSINGLE_LINE_EDIT value. This resource is forced to a False value when the Text widget is placed in a ScrolledWindow with the XmNscrollingPolicy resource set to the XmAUTOMATIC value.

XmToggleButton Resource Set

XmNarmCallback XmNselectInsensitivePixmap

XmNdisarmCallback XmNselectPixmap

XmNfillOnSelect XmNset

XmNindicatorOn XmNspacing

XmNindicatorType XmNvalueChangedCallback

XmNselectColor XmNvisibleWhenOff

XmNarmCallback

Class XmCArmCaliback

Type XtCallbackList

Default NULL

Access C

Description

The XmNarmCallback resource specifies a callback subroutine called when the ToggleButton widget is armed. The ToggleButton widget is armed when the user presses while the pointer is inside the ToggleButton widget. The callback reason is the XmCR_ARM value.

XmNdisarmCallback

Class XmCDisarmCallback

Type XtCallbackList

Default NULL

Access C

Description

The XmNdisarmCallback resource specifies a callback subroutine called when the ToggleButton widget is disarmed. When the user activates the ToggleButton widget (presses and releases while the pointer is inside the widget), the ToggleButton widget is disarmed. The ToggleButton widget is also disarmed when the user presses mouse button one when the pointer is inside the ToggleButton widget, moves out of the widget, and releases the when the pointer is outside the widget. The callback reason is the XmCR_DISARM value.

XmNfillOnSelect

Class XmCFillOnSelect

Type Boolean

Default True

Access CSG

XmToggleButton

Description

The XmNfillOnSelect resource fills the indicator with the foreground color when set to the True value, otherwise it switches only the top and bottom shadow colors.

XmNindicatorOn

Class

XmCIndicatorOn

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNindicatorOn resource specifies a Boolean value that when the True value signifies that the indicator is present in the ToggleButton widget, and vice versa.

XmNindicatorType

Class

XmCIndicatorType

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmN_OF_MANY

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNindicatorType resource specifies whether the indicator is a 1-of or N-of indicator. For the 1-of indicator the value is the XmONE_OF_MANY value, and for the N-of indicator, the value is the XmN_OF_MANY value. The N-of-many indicator is square-shaped and the 1-of-many indicator is diamond-shaped. This resource specifies the visuals, but does not enforce the behavior.

XmNselectColor

Class

XmCSelectColor

Type

Pixel

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNselectColor resource allows the application to specify what color fills the center of the square or diamond indicator when it is set. If this color is the same as either the top or bottom shadow color of the indicator, a one—pixel—wide margin is left between the shadows and the fill; otherwise, it is completely filled. The default of this resource for a color screen is a color between the background and bottom shadow color. For a monochrome display, the default is set to the foreground color.

XmNselectInsensitivePixmap

Class

XmCSelectInsensitivePixmap

Type

Pixmap

Default

XmUNSPECIFIED_PIXMAP

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNselectInsensitivePixmap resource specifies the pixmap used as the button face when the ToggleButton widget is selected. The button is insensitive if the XmLabel resource XmNlabelType is the XmPIXMAP value. If the ToggleButton widget is not selected and the button is insensitive, the pixmap in the XmNlabelInsensitivePixmap resource is used as the button face.

XmNselectPixmap

Class

XmCSelectPixmap

Type

Pixmap

Default

XmUNSPECIFIED PIXMAP

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNselectPixmap resource specifies the pixmap to be used as the button face if the XmNlabelType resource is the XmPIXMAP value and the ToggleButton widget is in the on position.

XmNset

Class

XmCSet

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNset resource displays the button in its selected state if set to the True value. This is useful for showing some conditions as active when a set of buttons first appears.

XmNspacing

Class

XmCspacing

Type

short

Default

А

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNspacing** resource specifies the amount of spacing between the toggle indicator and the toggle label (text or pixmap).

XmNvalueChangedCallback

Class

XmCValueChangedCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

XmToggleButton

Description

The XmNvalueChangedCallback resource specifies a callback subroutine that is called when the ToggleButton widget value is changed. The value is changed when the user presses and releases while the pointer is inside the ToggleButton widget. This action also causes the XmToggleButton widget to be disarmed. The callback reason is the XmCR_VALUE_CHANGED value.

XmNvisibleWhenOff

Class

XmCVisibleWhenOff

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNvisibleWhenOff resource specifies that the toggle indicator is visible in the off position when the Boolean value is **True**.

XmToggleButtonGadget Resource Set

XmNarmCallback XmNdisarmCallback

XmNfillOnSelectXmNindicatorOnXmNindicatorTypeXmNselectColor

XmNselectInsensitivePixmap XmNselectPixmap

XmNset XmNspacing

XmNvalueChangedCallback XmNvisibleWhenOff

XmNarmCallback

Class XmCArmCallback

Type XtCallbackList

Default NULL

Access C

Description

The XmNarmCallback resource specifies a list of callbacks that is called when the ToggleButtonGadget gadget is armed. To arm this gadget, press the active mouse button while the pointer is inside the ToggleButtonGadget gadget. The callback reason is the XmCR ARM value.

XmNdisarmCallback

Class XmCDisarmCallback

Type XtCallbackList

Default NULL

Access C

Description

The XmNdisarmCallback resource specifies a list of callbacks that is called when the ToggleButtonGadget gadget is disarmed. To disarm this gadget, press and release the active mouse button while the pointer is inside the ToggleButtonGadget gadget. The gadget is also disarmed when the user moves out of the gadget and releases the mouse button when the pointer is outside the gadget. The callback reason is the XmCR_DISARM value.

XmNfillOnSelect

Class XmCFillOnSelect

Type Boolean

Default True

Access CSG

XmToggleButtonGadget

Description

The XmNfillOnSelect resource fills the indicator with the color specified in the XmNselectColor resource and switches the top and bottom shadow when set to the True value. If set to the False value, it switches only the top and bottom shadow colors.

XmNindicatorOn

Class

XmCIndicatorOn

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNindicatorOn resource specifies that a toggle indicator is drawn to the left of the toggle text or pixmap when set to the True value. When set to the False value, no space is allocated for the indicator, and it is not displayed. If the XmNindicatorOn resource is the True value, the indicator shadows are switched when the button is selected or unselected, but any shadows around the entire gadget are not switched. However, if the XmNindicatorOn resource is the False value, any shadows around the entire gadget are switched when the toggle is selected or unselected.

XmNindicatorType

Class

XmCIndicatorType

Type

unsigned char

Default

XmN OF MANY

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNindicatorType resource specifies if the indicator is a 1-of or N-of indicator. For the 1-of indicator, the value is XmONE_OF_MANY. For the N-of indicator, the value is XmN_OF_MANY. The N-of-many indicator is square-shaped. The 1-of-many indicator is diamond-shaped. This resource only specifies the visuals and does not enforce the behavior. When the ToggleButtonGadget gadget is in a RadioBox widget, the parent forces this resource to the XmONE OF MANY value.

XmNselectColor

Class

XmCSelectColor

Type

Pixel

Default

dynamic

Access

CSG

Description

The **NselectColor** resource allows the application to specify what color fills the center of the square or diamond indicator when it is set. If this color is the same as either the top or bottom shadow color of the indicator, a one—pixel—wide margin is left between the shadows and the fill; otherwise, it is completely filled. The default of this resource for a color display is a color between the background and the bottom shadow color. For a monochrome display device, the default is set to the background color.

XmToggleButtonGadget

XmNselectInsensitivePixmap

Class

XmCSelectInsensitivePixmap

Type

Pixmap

Default

XmUNSPECIFIED PIXMAP

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNselectInsensitivePixmap resource specifies a pixmap used as the button face when the ToggleButtonGadget gadget is selected, and the button is insensitive if the XmLabelGadget widget XmNlabelType resource is the XmPIXMAP value. If the ToggleButtonGadget gadget is unselected and the button is insensitive, the pixmap in the XmNlabelInsensitivePixmap resource is used as the button face.

XmNselectPixmap

Class

XmCSelectPixmap

Type

Pixmap

Default

XmUNSPECIFIED_PIXMAP

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNselectPixmap resource specifies the pixmap to be used as the button face if the XmNlabelType resource is the XmPIXMAP value and the ToggleButtonGadget gadget is selected. When the ToggleButtonGadget gadget is unselected, the pixmap specified in the XmLabel widget XmNlabelPixmap resource is used.

XmNset

Class

XmCSet

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNset** resource displays the button in its selected state if set to the **True** value. This shows some conditions as active when a set of buttons first appear.

XmNspacing

Class

XmCSpacing

Type

short

Default

4

Access

CSG

Description

The **XmNspacing** resource specifies the amount of spacing between the toggle indicator and the toggle label (text or pixmap).

XmToggleButtonGadget

XmNvalueChangedCallback

Class

XmCValueChangedCallback

Type

XtCallbackList

Default

NULL

Access

С

Description

The XmNvalueChangedCallback resource specifies a list of callbacks that is called when the ToggleButtonGadget value is changed. To change the value, press and release the parent—determined active mouse button while the pointer is inside the ToggleButtonGadget value. This action also causes the gadget to be disarmed. The callback reason is the XmCR_VALUE_CHANGED value.

XmNvisibleWhenOff

Class

XmCVisibleWhenOff

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Access

CSG

Description

The XmNvisibleWhenOff resource indicates that the toggle indicator is visible in the unselected state when the Boolean value is True. When the ToggleButtonGadget gadget is in a menu, the RowColumn parent widget forces this resource to the False value. When the ToggleButtonGadget gadget is in an RadioBox widget, the parent widget forces this resource to the True value.

AlXwindows Desktop Resource Sets

AIXwindows Desktop Resource Sets

The following AlXwindows resources can be used to determine the appearance and behavior of the AlXwindows Desktop. These resources can be found and edited within the .Xdefaults file in your home directory or in the app-defaults/Xdesktop file.

Text

Xdesktop*font

Xdesktop*text.margin

Icon layout

Xdesktop*directory.aisleWidth Xdesktop*iconGrid.spacing Xdesktop*iconsAsBitmaps Xdesktop*rename.width Xdesktop*fileIcon.pixmap Xdesktop*fileIcon.background Xdesktop*fileIcon.foreground Xdesktop*newicon.pixmap Xdesktop*newicon.background Xdesktop*newicon.foreground

File Defaults

Xdesktop*initialEnvironmentRuleFile

Xdesktop*isWindowManager

Xdesktop*name

Xdesktop*userRuleFile Xdesktop*systemRuleFile Xdesktop*directoryRuleFile Xdesktop*windowlessIcons Xdesktop*pictureDirectory

Triggers

Xdesktop*triggers.mapping Xdesktop*triggers.maxMotion Xdesktop*triggers.maxUpTime

Cursor Shapes

Xdesktop.busy.data
Xdesktop.busy.mask
Xdesktop.drag.data
Xdesktop.drag.mask
Xdesktop.idle.data
Xdesktop.idle.mask
Xdesktop.menu.data
Xdesktop.menu.mask
Xdesktop.multiDrag.data
Xdesktop.multiDrag.data
Xdesktop.multiDrag.mask
Xdesktop.none.data
Xdesktop.none.data
Xdesktop.textln.data
Xdesktop*textln.data

AlXwindows

Desktop Appearance

Xdesktop*desktop.width
Xdesktop*desktop.x
Xdesktop*desktop.y
Xdesktop*title
Xdesktop*iconName
Xdesktop*directoryGroups
Xdesktop*desktoplcon.pixmap
Xdesktop*desktoplcon.background
Xdesktop*desktoplcon.foreground
Xdesktop*desktoplcon.foreground
Xdesktop*desktop.geometry
Xdesktop*directory.enableStatusBar

Menus

Xdesktop*desktop.menuMapping Xdesktop*directory.menuMapping

Message Windows

Xdesktop*normal.foreground Xdesktop*normal.background Xdesktop*message.fatal.pixmap Xdesktop*message.fatal.background Xdesktop*message.fatal.foreground Xdesktop*message.alert.pixmap Xdesktop*message.alert.background Xdesktop*message.alert.foreground Xdesktop*message.fvi.pixmap Xdesktop*message.fyi.background Xdesktop*message.fyi.foreground Xdesktop*message.greeting.pixmap Xdesktop*message.greeting.background Xdesktop*message.greeting.foreground Xdesktop*textButton.pixmap Xdesktop*textButton.background Xdesktop*textButton.foreground Xdesktop*message.timeout

Launching Programs

Xdesktop*processLaunch.data Xdesktop*processLaunch.mask Xdesktop*process.launch.show Xdesktop*process.launch.time Xdesktop*process.showBorder Xdesktop*process.titleBorder

Related Information

How to configure the AlXwindows Desktop through resources.

AlXwindows Desktop Text Appearance Resource Set

Xdesktop*font

Class

Font

Type

string

Default

"fixed"

Description

Specifies the name of the font that the desktop uses for text. The /usr/lpp/X11/defaults/fonts file contains a list of valid fonts names, along with the information that AlXwindows uses in displaying them.

Xdesktop*textMargin

Class

TextMargin

Type

Integer

Default

2

Description

Specifies the amount of space, in pixels, that appears around all text displayed by the desktop.

AIXwindows Desktop Icon Layout Resource Set

Xdesktop*directory.aisleWidth

Class

Directory.AisleWidth

Type

Integer

Default

8

Description

Specifies the minimum number of pixels to be left between each icon in a directory window when it is first opened and whenever it is tidied.

Xdesktop*iconGrid.spacing

Class

IconGrid.Spacing

Type

Integer

Default

100

Description

Specifies how far apart icons are when the desktop is tidied. The value is indicated in pixels from the center of each icon.

Xdesktop*iconsAsBitmaps

Class

IconsAsBitmaps

Type

Boolean

Default

TRUE

Description

Specifies whether icons are saved with only two colors. This uses less memory, but takes longer to display the icon.

Xdesktop*rename.width

Class

Rename.Width

Type

Integer

Default

14

Description

Specifies the width, in characters, of the title of an icon being renamed.

Xdesktop*filelcon.pixmap

Class

Icon.Pixmap

Type

pixmap

Default

#6c889c

Description

The pixmap used for files for which no picture is specified in the rules.

Xdesktop*filelcon.background

Class

Icon.Background

Type

color

Default

#e0414

Description

The background color used for files for which no background color is specified in the rules. The default is light blue grey.

Xdesktop*filelcon.foreground

Class

Icon.Foreground

Type

color

Default

black

Description

The foreground color used for files for which no picture is specified in the rules. The default is dark blue grey.

Xdesktop*newicon.pixmap

Class

Icon.pixmap

Type

pixmap

Description

The pixmap used for icons for new files or directories.

Xdesktop*newicon.background

Class

Icon.background

Type

color

Description

The background color used for icons for new files or directories.

AIXwindows

$X desktop {}^{\star} newicon. for eground \\$

Class

Icon.foreground

Type

color

Description

The foreground color used for icons for new files or directories.

AIXwindows Desktop Files Resource Set

Xdesktop*initialEnvironmentRuleFile

Class

InitialEnvironmentRuleFile

Type

FileName

Default

xdtinitial.xde

Description

Specifies the name of the initial environment rule file.

Xdesktop*isWindowManager

Class

IsWindowManager

Type

Boolean

Default

FALSE

Description

Determines whether the desktop runs as a window manager or as an ordinary program.

Xdesktop*name

Class

Name

Type

string

Default

"xdt"

Description

Specifies the name used for reading resources. This is always read with the first element "xdt", but all other resources are looked up with this as the first element.

Xdesktop*userRuleFile

Class

UserRuleFile

Type

FileName

Default

.xdtuserinfo

Description

Specifies the name of the user's rule file. If the user's home directory does not contain a file of this name, the Desktop looks for a file named .xdtuserinfo.

AlXwindows

Xdesktop*systemRuleFile

Class

SystemRuleFile

Type

FileName

Default

Set upon installation.

Description

Specifies the name of the system rule file. It should only be changed when it is impossible to install the system rule file in its default location, and should not be set in users' .Xdefaults files. This value is set upon installation to /usr/lpp/xdt/lpp.sysinfo/prime where prime represents the first language for which National Language Support had been installed for the Desktop.

Xdesktop*directoryRuleFile

Class

DirectoryRuleFile

Type

FileName

Default

.Set upon installation.

Description

Specifies the name of the directory rule files. If a directory does not contain a file of this name, the Desktop looks for a file named **xdtdir.\$LANG** where **\$LANG** represent the value of the user's **LANG** environment variable.

Xdesktop*windowlessIcons

Class

WindowlessIcons

Type

Boolean

Default

FALSE

Description

Specifies whether icons are displayed by painting on the background (TRUE) or by using windows (FALSE).

Xdesktop*pictureDirectory

Class

PictureDirectory

Type

String

Default

none

Description

The absolute path name of the directory containing the bit mapped pictures that the desktop uses.

AIXwindows Desktop Triggers Resource Set

Xdesktop*triggers.mapping

Class

Triggers.Mapping

Type

String

Default

1=!s ; 2=+s ; 3=-s ;4=~s ;\ 1,1=s1 ; 2,2=s3 ; 3,3=s2 ; 4,4=s4 ;5,5=s5 ;\ 1=d1 ; 2=d3 ; 3=d2 ; 4=d4 ; 5=d5

Description

Converts triggers to trigger IDs.

Xdesktop*triggers.maxMotion

Class

Triggers.MaxMotion

Type

Integer

Default

3

Description

Specifies the amount of motion (in pixels) allowed within a mouse click. If the mouse moves by more than this amount in any direction, its motion is considered a drag.

Xdesktop*triggers.maxUpTime

Class

Triggers.Time

Type

Integer

Default

700 ms

Description

Determines the maximum time, in milliseconds, between clicks of a double click. If more time than this passes, the clicks are treated as two single clicks.

AlXwindows Desktop Cursors Resource Set

Xdesktop.busy.data

Class

Cursor.Bitmap

Type

Pixmap

Description

The name of the file containing the data pixmap for the icon that appears when the system is busy.

Xdesktop.busy.mask

Class

Cursor.Bitmap

Type

Pixmap

Description

The name of the file containing the mask pixmap for the icon that appears when the system is busy.

Xdesktop.drag.data

Class

Cursor.Bitmap

Type

Pixmap

Description

The name of the file containing the data pixmap for the icon that appears when the user is dragging an icon.

Xdesktop.drag.mask

Class

Cursor.Bitmap

Type

Pixmap

Description

The name of the file containing the mask pixmap for the icon that appears when the user is dragging an icon.

Xdesktop.multiDrag.data

Class

Cursor.Bitmap

Type

Pixmap

Description

The name of the file containing the data pixmap for the icon that appears when the user is dragging multiple icons.

Xdesktop.multiDrag.mask

Class

Cursor.Bitmap

Type

Pixmap

Description

The name of the file containing the mask pixmap for the icon that appears when the user is dragging multiple icons.

Xdesktop.idle.data

Class

Cursor.Bitmap

Type

Pixmap

Description

The name of the file containing the data pixmap for the icon that appears when the desktop is not busy.

Xdesktop.idle.mask

Class

Cursor.Bitmap

Type

Pixmap

Description

The name of the file containing the mask pixmap for the icon that appears when the desktop is not busy.

Xdesktop.menu.data

Class

Cursor.Bitmap

Type

Pixmap

Description

The name of the file containing the data pixmap for the icon that points to menu selections.

Xdesktop.menu.mask

Class

Cursor.Bitmap

Type

Pixmap

Description

The name of the file containing the mask pixmap for the icon that points to menu selections.

Xdesktop*none.data

Class

Cursor.Bitmap

Type

Pixmap

Description

Specifies the data pixmap for the cursor when a window is being resized or moved.

AIXwindows

Xdesktop*none.mask

Class

Cursor.Bitmap

Type

Pixmap

Description

Specifies the mask pixmap for the cursor when a window is being resized or moved.

Xdesktop*textln.data

Class

Cursor.Bitmap

Type

Pixmap

Description

Specifies the data pixmap for the cursor when the desktop is waiting for text input.

Xdesktop*textln.mask

Class

Cursor.Bitmap

Type

Pixmap

Description

Specifies the mask pixmap for the cursor when the desktop is waiting for text input.

AIXwindows Desktop Appearance Resource Set

Xdesktop*desktop.height

Class

Desktop.Height

Type

Integer

Default

3/4 of screen height

Description

Specifies the height of the desktop when it is first displayed.

Xdesktop*desktop.width

Class

Desktop.Width

Туре

Integer

Default

3/4 of screen width

Description

Specifies the width of the desktop when it is first displayed.

Xdesktop*desktop.x

Class

Desktop.X

Type

Integer

Default

1/8 of screen width

Description

Specifies the x coordinate, in pixels, of the top left corner of the desktop when it is first displayed.

Xdesktop*desktop.y

Class

Desktop.Y

Type

Integer

Default

1/8 of screen height

Description

Specifies the y coordinate, in pixels, of the top left corner of the desktop when it is first displayed.

AIXwindows

Xdesktop*title

Class

Title

Type

string

Default

Taken from NLS

Description

The name which the desktop provides to the Window Manager.

Xdesktop*iconName

Class

IconName

Type

string

Default

Taken from NLS

Description

The name which the desktop provides to the Window Manager for its icon.

Xdesktop*directoryGroups

Class

DirectoryGroups

Type

Boolean

Default

FALSE

Description

Specifies whether directory windows are transient (FALSE) or belong to a window group (TRUE).

Xdesktop*desktoplcon.pixmap

Class

Icon.Pixmap

Type

pixmap

Description

Specifies the icon which identifies the desktop within the window manager icon box.

Xdesktop*desktoplcon.background

Class

Icon.Background

Type

color

Description

Specifies the background color for the icon which identifies the desktop within the window manager icon box. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

Xdesktop*desktoplcon.foreground

Class

Icon.Foreground

Туре

color

Description

Specifies the foreground color for the icon which identifies the desktop within the window manager icon box. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

Xdesktop*desktop.geometry

Class

Desktop.Geometry

Type

string

Description

Specifies the dimensions and placement of the desktop window.

Xdesktop*directory.enableStatusBar

Class

directory.enableStatusBar

Type

Boolean

Default

TRUE

Description

Specifies whether directories have status bars.

Xdesktop*lconButton.background

Class

IconButton.Background

Type

color

Default

white

Description

Specifies the background color of icon buttons. The default is extra dark blue grey.

Xdesktop*lconButton.foreground

Class

IconButton.Foreground

Type

color

Default

black

Description

Specifies the foreground color of icon buttons.

Xdesktop*directory.XmScrollBar.foreground

Class

Directory.XmScrollBar.Foreground

Type

color

Default

black

Description

Specifies the foreground color of directory window scroll bars.

AIXwindows

Xdesktop*XmMessageBox.Background

Class

Directory.XmMessageBox.Background

Type

color

Default

white

Description

Specifies the background color of desktop message boxes. The default is medium blue grey.

Xdesktop*XmFrame.Background

Class

Directory.XmFrame.Background

Type

color

Default

white

Description

Specifies the background color of desktop message boxes. The default is medium blue

grey.

Xdesktop*desktop,base.background

Class

desktop,base.background

Type

color

Default

white

Description

The background color of the main desktop window. The default is light blue grey.

Xdesktop*directory.background

Class

desktop,base.background

Type

color

Default

white

Description

The background color of the main desktop window. The default is light blue grey.

AlXwindows Desktop Menus Resource Set

Xdesktop*desktop.menuMapping

Class

Desktop.MenuMapping

Type

string

Default

"3=Mainxdt"

Description

Specifies the mapping of trigger actions to menu options on the desktop.

The values of this resource are in the following format:

trigger[:key]=menuname

where

trigger

Specifies the number of a mouse button

key

Specifies a single letter indicating a key that is pressed at the same time as

the mouse button. Valid values include the following:

C

Ctrl

S

Shift

а

Alt

menuname

Specifies a menu to be opened when the trigger and key are pressed. The

desktop searches the rules files for a menu of that name.

For example, the default value, "3=Mainxdt" specifies that the **Mainxdt** menu appears when the user presses mouse button 3 (both mouse buttons).

This resource can include several mapping strings, separated by a semicolon.

AlXwindows

Xdesktop*directory.menuMapping

Class

Directory.MenuMapping

Type

string

Default

"3=Maindir"

Description

Specifies the mapping of trigger actions to menu options within directory windows.

The values of this resource are in the following format:

trigger[:key]=menuname

where

trigger

Specifies the number of a mouse button

key

Specifies a single letter indicating a key that is pressed at the same time as

the mouse button. Valid values include the following:

C

Ctrl

S

Shift

а

Alt

menuname

Specifies a menu to be opened when the trigger and key are pressed. The

desktop searches the rules files for a menu of that name.

For example, the default value, "3=Maindir" specifies that the Maindir menu appears when the user presses mouse button 3 (both mouse buttons).

This resource can include several mapping strings, separated by semicolons.

Xdesktop*nevermapped.MainXdtMenu.background

Class

Nevermapped.MainXdtMenu.Background

Type

color

Default

#d4d8e8

Description

The background color of the main desktop menu. The default color is a medium blue grey.

Xdesktop*nevermapped.MainDirMenu.background

Class

Nevermapped.MainDirMenu.Background

Type

color

Default

#d4d8e8

Description

The background color of the main directory menu. The default color is a medium blue grey.

Xdesktop*nevermapped*pop_mainsub_app_menu*background

Class

Nevermapped.pop_mainsub_app_menu.Background

Type

color

Default

#c8ccde

Description

The background color of the application menu that pops up from the main desktop menu. The default color is a medium light blue grey.

Xdesktop*nevermapped*pop_mainsub_misc_menu*background

Class

Nevermapped.pop_mainsub_misc_menu.Background

Type

color

Default

#c8ccde

Description

The background color of the miscellaneous menu that pops up from the main desktop menu. The default color is a medium light blue grey.

Xdesktop*nevermapped*pop_dir_file_menu*background

Class

Nevermapped.pop_dir_file_menu.Background

Type

color

Default

#c8ccde

Description

The background color of the file menu that pops up from the main directory menu. The default color is a medium light blue grey.

Xdesktop*nevermapped*pop dir sort menu*background

Class

Nevermapped.pop_dir_sort_menu.Background

Type

color

Default

#c8ccde

Description

The background color of the sort menu that pops up from the main directory menu. The default color is a medium light blue grey.

Xdesktop*nevermapped*pop_dir_view_menu*background

Class

Nevermapped.pop_dir_view_menu.Background

Type

color

Default

#c8ccde

Description

The background color of the view menu that pops up from the main directory menu. The default color is a medium light blue grey.

AlXwindows Desktop Message Windows Resource Set

Xdesktop*normal.foreground

Class

Normal.Foreground

Type

Color

Default

"black"

Description

Specifies the foreground color for text windows. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

Xdesktop*normal.background

Class

Normal.Background

Type

Color

Default

#e0e4f4

Description

Specifies the background color for text windows. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen. The default is light blue grey.

Xdesktop*message.fatal.pixmap

Class

Message.Logo.Pixmap

Type

pixmap

Description

Specifies the pixmap for messages that appear when programs end unexpectedly.

Xdesktop*message.fatal.background

Class

Message.Logo.Background

Type

color

Default

"white"

Description

Specifies the background color for messages that appear when programs end unexpectedly. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

Xdesktop*message.fatal.foreground

Class

Message.Logo.Foreground

Type

color

Default

"red"

Description

Specifies the foreground color for messages that appear when programs end unexpectedly. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

Xdesktop*message.alert.pixmap

Class

Message.Logo.Pixmap

Type

pixmap

Description

Specifies the pixmap for warning messages.

Xdesktop*message.alert.background

Class

Message.Logo.Background

Type

color

Default

"white"

Description

Specifies the background color for warning messages. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

Xdesktop*message.alert.foreground

Class

Message.Logo.Foreground

Type

color

Default

"red"

Description

Specifies the foreground color for warning messages. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

Xdesktop*message.fyi.pixmap

Class

Message.Logo.Pixmap

Type

pixmap

Description

Specifies the pixmap for informative messages.

Xdesktop*message.fyi.background

Class

Message.Logo.Background

Туре

color

Default

"white"

Description

Specifies the background color for informative messages. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

AlXwindows

Xdesktop*message.fyi.foreground

Class

Message.Logo.Foreground

Type

color

Default

"blue"

Description

Specifies the foreground color for informative messages. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

Xdesktop*message.greeting.pixmap

Class

Message.Logo.Pixmap

Type

pixmap

Description

Specifies the pixmap for the message that appears when the Desktop begins.

Xdesktop*message.greeting.background

Class

Message.Logo.Background

Type

color

Default

"white"

Description

Specifies the background color for the message that appears when the Desktop begins. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

Xdesktop*message.greeting.foreground

Class

Message.Logo.Foreground

Type

color

Default

"black"

Description

Specifies the foreground color for the message that appears when the Desktop begins. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

Xdesktop*textButton.pixmap

Class

textButton.Pixmap

Type

pixmap

Description

Specifies the pixmap for the button which appears next to the names of text files when the Desktop displays files in name mode.

Xdesktop*textButton.background

Class

textButton.Background

Type

Color

Default

"white"

Description

Specifies the background color for the button which appears next to the names of text files when the Desktop displays files in name mode. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

Xdesktop*textButton.foreground

Class

textButton.Foreground

Type

Color

Default

"NavyBlue"

Description

Specifies the foreground color for the button which appears next to the names of text files when the Desktop displays files in name mode. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

Xdesktop*directoryButton.pixmap

Class

directoryButton.Pixmap

Type

pixmap

Description

Specifies the pixmap for the button which appears next to the names of directories when the Desktop displays files in name mode.

Xdesktop*directoryButton.background

Class

directoryButton.Background

Type

Color

Default

"white"

Description

Specifies the background color for the button which appears next to the names of directories when the Desktop displays files in name mode. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

AIXwindows

Xdesktop*directoryButton.foreground

Class

directoryButton.Foreground

Type

Color

Default

"NavyBlue"

Description

Specifies the foreground color for the button which appears next to the names of directories when the Desktop displays files in name mode. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

Xdesktop*executableButton.pixmap

Class

executableButton.Pixmap

Type

pixmap

Description

Specifies the pixmap for the button which appears next to the names of executable files when the Desktop displays files in name mode.

Xdesktop*executableButton.background

Class

executableButton.Background

Type

Color

Default

"white"

Description

Specifies the background color for the button which appears next to the names of executable files when the Desktop displays files in name mode. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

Xdesktop*executableButton.foreground

Class

executableButton.Foreground

Type

Color

Default

"NavyBlue"

Description

Specifies the foreground color for the button which appears next to the names of executable files when the Desktop displays files in name mode. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

Xdesktop*otherButton.pixmap

Class

otherButton.Pixmap

Type

pixmap

Description

Specifies the pixmap for the button which appears next to the names of other files when the Desktop displays files in name mode.

Xdesktop*otherButton.background

Class

otherButton.Background

Type

Color

Default

"white"

Description

Specifies the background color for the button which appears next to the names of other files when the Desktop displays files in name mode. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

Xdesktop*otherButton.foreground

Class

otherButton.Foreground

Type

Color

Default

"NavyBlue"

Description

Specifies the foreground color for the button which appears next to the names of other files when the Desktop displays files in name mode. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

Xdesktop*message.timeout

Class

Message.Timeout

Type

integer

Default

0

Description

Specifies the length of time (in seconds) for which the greeting message is displayed. If it is set to the **0** value, the window must be explicitly closed.

AlXwindows Desktop Process Launch Resource Set

Xdesktop*process.launch.show

Class

Process.Launch.Show

Type

Boolean

Default

TRUE

Description

Determines whether the cursor changes to the launch cursor when a process is run.

Xdesktop*processLaunch.data

Class

Cursor.Bitmap

Type

pixmap

Default

xdt_c_small/prog_d.px

Description

Indicates the data file for the process launch cursor.

Xdesktop*processLaunch.mask

Class

Cursor.Bitmap

Type

pixmap

Default

xdt c small/prog m.px

Description

Indicates the mask file for the process launch cursor.

Xdesktop*process.launch.time

Class

Process.Launch.Time

Type

Integer

Description

indicates the length of time (in seconds) for which the launch cursor is shown.

Xdesktop*process.showBorder

Class

Process.ShowBorder

Type

Boolean

Default

FALSE

Description

Indicates whether process window borders are visible within the process window frame.

Xdesktop*process.titleBorder
Class Process.titleBorder

Type

integer

Default

Description

Specifies the border width, in pixels, for process titles.

AIXwindows

AlXwindows Window Management

AIXwindows Window Management Client Specific Resource Set

The following resources specify the appearance and behavior for the icons and window frames of a particular client window or class of client windows:

clientDecoration matteBackground clientFunctions matteBottomShadowColor focusAutoRaise matteBottomShadowPixmap iconlmage matteForeground iconlmageBackground matteTopShadowColor iconlmageBottomShadowColor matteTopShadowPixmap iconImageBottomShadowPixmap matteWidth iconlmageForeground maximumClientSize iconlmageTopShadowColor useClientIcon iconImageTopShadowPixmap windowMenu

clientDecoration

Class

ClientDecoration

Type

string

Default

all

Description

Controls the amount of window frame decoration. The resource is specified as a list of decorations to specify their inclusion in the frame. Decorations preceded by a minus sign are excluded from the frame. The sign of the first item in the list determines the initial amount of decoration. If the sign of the first decoration is minus, window management assumes all decorations are present and starts subtracting from that set. If the sign of the first decoration is plus (or not specified), window management starts with no decoration and builds up a list from the resource.

Name	Description
all	Includes all decorations (default value).
border	Includes window border.
maximize	Includes maximize button (includes title bar).
minimize	Includes minimize button (includes title bar).
none	Includes no decorations.
resizeh	Includes border resize handles (includes border).
menu	Includes window menu button (includes title bar).
title	Includes title bar (includes border).
Fuamalas.	

Examples:

Mwm*XClock.clientDecoration: -resizeh -maximize

This removes the resize handles and maximize button from XClock windows.

Mwm*XClock.clientDecoration: menu minimize border

This does the same thing as above. Note that either the **menu** or **minimize** value implies the **title** value.

clientFunctions

Class

ClientFunctions

Type

string

Default

all

Description

Indicates which window management functions are applicable (or not applicable) to the client window. The value for the resource is a list of functions. If the first function in the list is preceded by a minus sign, window management starts with all functions and subtracts from that set. If the first function in the list is preceded by a plus sign, the window management starts with no functions and builds up a list. Each function in the list must be preceded by the appropriate plus or minus sign and be separated from the next function by a space.

The table below lists the functions available for this resource:

Name Description all Includes all functions (default value) none No functions resize f.resize move f.move minimize f.minimize maximize f.maximize close f.kill

focusAutoRaise

Class

Focus Auto Raise

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Description

When the value of this resource is set to the **True** value, clients automatically move to the top of the window stack when they get the keyboard input focus. If the value is set to the **False** value, the stacking of windows on the display is not changed when a window gets the keyboard input focus.

AIXwindows

iconlmage

Class

IconImage

Type

string

Default

System defined image

Description

Specifies an icon image for a client (for example, the **Mwm*myclock*iconImage** image). The resource value is a path name for a bitmap file. The value of the client–specific **useClientIcon** resource determines whether user-supplied icon images are used instead of client supplied icon images. The default value is to display a built–in window management icon image.

iconlmageBackground

Class

Background

Type

color

Default

Specified by the Mwm*background or Mwm*icon*background resources.

Description

Specifies the background color of the icon image that is displayed in the image part of an icon. The default value of this resource is the icon background color (specified by the Mwm*background or Mwm*icon*background resources). The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

iconlmageBottomShadowColor

Class

Foreground

Type

color

Default

Specified by the Mwm*icon*bottomShadowColor resource.

Description

Specifies the bottom shadow color of the icon image that is displayed in the image part of an icon. The default value of this resource is the icon bottom shadow color (specified by the Mwm*icon*bottomShadowColor resource). The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

iconlmageBottomShadowPixmap

Class

BottomShadowPixmap

Type

color

Default

Specified by the Mwm*icon*bottomShadowPixmap resource.

Description

Specifies the bottom shadow pixmap of the icon image that is displayed in the image part of an icon. The default value of this resource is the icon bottom shadow pixmap (specified by the Mwm*icon*bottomShadowPixmap resource).

iconlmageForeground

Class

Foreground

Type

color

Default

Specified by the Mwm*foreground or Mwm*icon*foreground resources.

Description

Specifies the foreground color of the icon image that is displayed in the image part of an icon. The default value of this resource is the icon foreground color (i.e.,specified by the Mwm*foreground or Mwm*icon*foreground resources). The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

iconlmageTopShadowColor

Class

Background

Type

color

Default

specified by the Mwm*icon*topShadowColor resource

Description

Specifies the top shadow color of the icon image that is displayed in the image part of an icon. The default value of this resource is the icon top shadow color (i.e., specified by the Mwm*icon*topShadowColor resource). The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

iconlmageTopShadowPixmap

Class

TopShadowPixmap

Type

string

Default

specified by the Mwm*icon*topShadowPixmap resource

Description

Specifies the top shadow pixmap of the icon image that is displayed in the image part of an icon. The default value of this resource is the icon top shadow pixmap (specified by the **Mwm*icon*topShadowPixmap** resource).

matteBackground

Class

Background

Type

color

Default

specified by the Mwm*background or Mwm*client*background resources

Description

Specifies the background color of the matte, when the matteWidth resource is positive. The default value of this resource is the client background color (specified by the Mwm*background or Mwm*client*background resources). The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

matteBottomShadowColor

Class

Foreground

Type

color

Default

specified by the Mwm*bottomShadowColor or Mwm*client*bottomShadowColor resources

Description

Specifies the bottom shadow color of the matte, when the **matteWidth** resource is positive. The default value of this resource is the client bottom shadow color (specified by the **Mwm*bottomShadowColor** or **Mwm*client*bottomShadowColor** resources). The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

matteBottomShadowPixmap

Class

BottomShadowPixmap

Type

string

Default

specified by the Mwm*bottomShadowPixmap or

Mwm*client*bottomShadowPixmap resource

Description

Specifies the bottom shadow pixmap of the matte, when the matteWidth resource is positive. The default value of this resource is the client bottom shadow pixmap (i.e., specified by the Mwm*bottomShadowPixmap or Mwm*client*bottomShadowPixmap resource).

matteForeground

Class

Foreground

Type

color

Default

specified by the Mwm*foreground or Mwm*client*foreground resources

Description

Specifies the foreground color of the matte, when the **matteWidth** resource is positive. The default value of this resource is the client foreground color (specified by the **Mwm*foreground** or **Mwm*client*foreground** resources). The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

matteTopShadowColor

Class

Background

Type

color

Default

specified by the Mwm*topShadowColor or Mwm*client*topShadowColor

resources

Description

Specifies the top shadow color of the matte, when the matteWidth resource is positive. The default value of this resource is the client top shadow color (specified by the Mwm*topShadowColor or Mwm*client*topShadowColor resources). The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

matteTopShadowPixmap

Class

TopShadowPixmap

Type

string

Default

specified by the Mwm*topShadowPixmap or

Mwm*client*topShadowPixmap resources

Description

Specifies the top shadow pixmap of the matte, when the matteWidth resource is positive. The default value of this resource is the client top shadow pixmap (specified by the Mwm*topShadowPixmap or Mwm*client*topShadowPixmap resources).

matteWidth

Class

MatteWidth

Type

pixels

Default

0

Description

Specifies the width of the optional matte. The default value is 0, which effectively disables the matte.

maximumClientSize

Class

MaximumClientSize

Type

integer x integer

Default

fill the screen

Description

Indicates, in pixel units, the client size to be used when an application is maximized. The resource value is specified as widthxheight. The width and height are interpreted in the units that the client uses (for example, terminal emulators generally use character units). If this resource is not specified, the maximum size from the WM_NORMAL_HINTS property is used if set. Otherwise the default value is the size where the client window with window management borders fills the screen. When the maximum client size is not determined by the maximumClientSize resource, the maximumMaximumSize resource value is used as a constraint on the maximum size.

useClientIcon

Class

UseClientIcon

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Description

If this resource is set to **True**, a client supplied icon image takes precedence over a user supplied icon image. The default value is **False**, making the user supplied icon image have higher precedence than the client supplied icon image.

windowMenu

Class

WindowMenu

Type

string

Default

string

Description

Indicates the name of the menu pane that is posted when the window menu is popped up (usually by pressing the left mouse button on the window menu button on the client window frame). Menu panes are specified in **\$HOME**/.mwmrc, the window management resource description file. Window menus can be customized on a client class basis by specifying resources of the form Mwm*client_name*window or Mwm*class*windowMenu. The default value of this resource is the name of the built—in window menu specification.

AlXwindows Window Management Component Appearance Resource Set

The following resources control the appearance of components of AIXWindows Window Management:

background

backgroundPixmap bottomShadowColor bottomShadowPixmap fontList

foreground saveUnder

topShadowColor

background

Class

Background

Type

color

Default

Varies, based on visual type of screen.

Description

Specifies the background color. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen. The default value is chosen based on the visual type of the screen.

backgroundPixmap

Class

BackgroundPixmap

Type

string

Default

Varies, based on visual type of screen.

Description

Specifies the background pixmap of window management decoration when the window is inactive (does not have the keyboard focus). The default value is chosen based on the visual type of the screen.

bottomShadowColor

Class

Foreground

Type

color

Default

Varies, based on visual type of screen.

Description

Specifies the bottom shadow color. This color is used for the lower and right sides of window management decoration. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen. The default value is chosen based on the visual type of the screen.

AIXwindows

bottomShadowPixmap

Class

BottomShadowPixmap

Type

string

Default

Varies, based on visual type of screen.

Description

Specifies the name of the image containing the bottom shadow pixmap. This pixmap is used for the lower and right sides of the window management decoration. The default is chosen based on the visual type of the screen.

fontList

Class

FontList

Type

string

Default

fixed

Description

Specifies the font used in the window management decoration. The character encoding of the font should match the character encoding of the associated strings. The /usr/lpp/X11/defaults/fonts file contains a list of valid font names, along with the information that AlXwindows uses in displaying them.

foreground

Class

Foreground

Type

color

Default

Varies, based on visual type of screen.

Description

Specifies the foreground color. The default is chosen based on the visual type of the screen. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen

saveUnder

Class

SaveUnder

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Description

Indicates whether "save unders" are used for window management components. For this resource to have any effect, "save unders" must be implemented by the AlXwindows server. If "save unders" are implemented, the AlXwindows server will save the contents of windows obscured by windows that have the save under resource set. If the **saveUnder** resource is set to the **True** value, window management sets the **saveUnder** resource on the window management frame of any client that has it set. If the **saveUnder** resource is set to the **False** value, save unders will not be used on any window management frames.

topShadowColor

Class

Background

Type

color

Default

Varies, based on visual type of screen.

Description

Specifies the top shadow color. This color is used for the upper and left sides of the window management decoration. The default is chosen based on the visual type of the screen. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

topShadowPixmap

Class

TopShadowPixmap

Type

string

Default

Varies, based on visual type of screen.

Description

Specifies the name of the file containing the top shadow pixmap. This pixmap is used for the upper and left sides of the window management decoration. The default is chosen based on the visual type of the screen.

activeBackground

Class

Background

Type

Color

Default

Varies, based on visual type of screen.

Description

Specifies the background color of the window management decoration when the window is active (has the keyboard focus). The default is chosen based on the visual type of the screen. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

activeBackgroundPixmap

Class

ActiveBackgroundPixmap

Type

string

Default

Varies, based on visual type of screen.

Description

Specifies the name of the file containing the background pixmap of the window management decoration when the window is active (has the keyboard focus). The default is chosen based on the visual type of the screen.

activeBottomShadowColor

Class

Foreground

Type

color

Default

Varies, based on visual type of screen.

Description

Specifies the bottom shadow color of the window management decoration when the window is active (has the keyboard focus). The default is chosen based on the visual type of the screen. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

activeBottomShadowPixmap

Class

BottomShadowPixmap

Type

string

Default

Varies, based on visual type of screen.

Description

Specifies the bottom shadow pixmap of the window management decoration when the window is active (has the keyboard focus). The default is chosen based on the visual type of the screen.

activeForeground

Class

Foreground

Type

color

Default

Varies, based on visual type of screen.

Description

Specifies the name of the foreground color of the window management decoration when the window is active (has the keyboard focus). The default is chosen based on the visual type of the screen. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

activeTopShadowColor

Class

Background

Type

color

Default

Varies, based on visual type of screen.

Description

Specifies the top shadow color of the window management decoration when the window is active (has the keyboard focus). The default is chosen based on the visual type of the screen. The /usr/lpp/X11/rgb/rgb.txt file contains a listing of valid color names, and the information AlXwindows uses in displaying them on the screen.

active Top Shadow Pixmap

Class

TopShadowPixmap

Type

string

Default

Varies, based on visual type of screen

Description

Specifies the name of the file containing the top shadow pixmap of the window management decoration when the window is active (has the keyboard focus). The default is chosen based on the visual type of the screen.

AlXwindows Window Management Specific Appearance And Behavior Resource Set

The following resources control interface appearance and behavior for AlXwindows Window Management:

autoKeyFocus iconPlacementMargin autoRaiseDelay interactivePlacement bitmapDirectory keyBindings buttonBindings keyboardFocusPolicy clean Text **limitResize** clientAutoPlace lowerOnlconify colormapFocusPolicy maximumMaximumSize configFile moveThreshold deiconifyKeyFocus passButtons doubleClickTime passSelectButton enforceKeyFocus positionIsFrame fadeNormallcon positionOnScreen frameBorderWidth quitTimeout iconAutoPlace resizeBorderWidth iconBoxGeometry resizeCursors iconBoxName showFeedback iconBoxTitle startupKeyFocus iconClick transientDecoration iconDecoration transientFunctions iconlmageMaximum uselconBox iconlmageMinimum wMenuButtonClick iconPlacement

wMenuButtonClick2

autoKeyFocus

Class

AutoKeyFocus

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Description

Only available when the keyboard input focus policy is explicit. If the **autoKeyFocus** resource is set to the **True** value when a window with the keyboard input focus is withdrawn from window management or is changed into an icon, the focus is set to the previous window that had the focus. If the value is set to the **False** value, there is no automatic setting of the keyboard input focus.

autoRaiseDelay

Class

AutoRaiseDelay

Type

milliseconds

Default

500

Description

Only available when the **focusAutoRaise** resource is set to the **True** value and the keyboard focus policy is the **pointer** value. The **autoRaiseDelay** resource specifies the amount of time (in milliseconds) that window management waits before raising a window after it gets the keyboard focus. The default value of this resource is 500 (milliseconds).

bitmapDirectory

Class

BitmapDirectory

Type

directory

Default

/usr/include/X11/bitmaps

Description

Identifies a directory to be searched for bitmaps referenced by window management resources. This directory is searched if a bitmap is specified without an absolute pathname. The default value for this resource is the /usr/include/X11/bitmaps value.

buttonBindings

Class

ButtonBindings

Type

string

Default

NULL

Description

Identifies the set of button bindings for window management functions. The named set of button bindings is specified in the **\$HOME/.mwmrc** file, the window resource description file. These button bindings are merged with the built-in default bindings. The default value for this resource is the **NULL** value (no button bindings are added to the built-in button bindings).

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cleanText

Class

CleanText

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Description

Controls the display of window management text in the client title and feedback windows. If the default **True** value is used, the text is drawn with a clear background (with no stippling). This makes text easier to read on monochrome systems when a background pixmap is specified. Only the stippling in the area immediately around the text is cleared. If the **cleanText** resource is set to the **False** value, the text is drawn directly on top of the existing background.

clientAutoPlace

Class

ClientAutoPlace

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Description

Determines the position of a window when the window has not been given a user—specified position. If the **clientAutoPlace** resource is set to the **True** value, windows are positioned with the top left corners of the frames offset horizontally and vertically. If the **clientAutoPlace** resource is set to the **False** value, window management places the window at its currently configured position. In either case, window management attempts to place the windows completely on-screen.

colormapFocusPolicy

Class

ColormapFocusPolicy

Type

string

Default

keyboard

Description

Indicates the color map focus policy to be used. If the resource value is set to the **explicit** value, color map selection action sets the colormap focus to that client window. If the value is set to the **pointer** value, the client window containing the pointer has the colormap focus. If the value is set to the **keyboard** value, the client window that has the keyboard input focus has the colormap focus. The default value for this resource is the **keyboard** value.

configFile

Class

ConfigFile

Type

file

Default

\$HOME/.mwmrc

Description

The resource value is the path name for a window management resource description file. The default is set to the user's \$HOME/.mwmrc file. If this file does not exist, the default becomes the /usr/lib/X11/\$LANG/system.mwmrc file (where \$LANG represents the value of the user's LANG environment variable).

deiconifyKeyFocus

Class

DeiconifyKeyFocus

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Description

Applies only when the keyboard input focus policy is explicit. If a value of **True** is used, a window receives the keyboard input focus when the user restores it from its icon. If a value of **False** is used, the keyboard input focus remains as it was.

doubleClickTime

Class

DoubleClickTime

Type

millisecond

Default

500

Description

Sets the maximum time (in milliseconds) that can elapse between the two clicks (mouse button presses and releases) that make up a double-click. The default value of this resource is 500 (milliseconds).

enforceKeyFocus

Class

EnforceKeyFocus

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Description

If the **enforceKeyFocus** resource is given a value of **True**, the keyboard input focus is always explicitly set to selected windows even if they are "globally–active" input windows (such as scroll bars that can be operated without setting the focus to their client.). If the **enforceKeyFocus** resource is set to the **False** value, the keyboard input focus is not explicitly set to globally–active windows.

fadeNormallcon

Class

FadeNormallcon

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Description

If this resource is given a value of **True**, an icon is displayed as a grey silhouette whenever its window has been opened.

frameBorderWidth

Class

FrameBorderWidth

Type

integer in pixel units

Default

5

Description

Specifies the width (in pixels) of a client window frame border without resize handles. The border width includes the 3–D shadows.

iconAutoPlace

Class

IconAutoPlace

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Description

If the iconAutoPlace resource has a value of True, the window management places icons on the screen automatically. If the iconAutoPlace resource has a value of False, the user places the icons. Users can specify an initial icon position and can move icons after initial placement; the window management will adjust the user—specified position to fit into an invisible grid. When icons are automatically placed, window management places them into the grid according to a pattern set with the iconPlacement resource.

iconBoxGeometry

Class

IconBoxGeometry

Type

string

Default

6x1+0-0

Description

Indicates the initial position and size of the icon box, in units of icon width and height. The value of the resource is a standard window geometry string with the following syntax:

```
[=][widthxheight][{+-}xoffset{+-}yoffset]
```

If the offsets are not provided, the icons are placed according to the value of the iconPlacement resource. The units for width and height are columns and rows.

The actual screen size of the icon box window depends on the iconImageMaximum and iconDecoration resources. The default value for the iconImageMaximum resource is (6*iconWidth + padding) wide by (1 * iconHeight + padding) high.

iconBoxName

Class

IconBoxName

Type

string

Default

iconbox

Description

Specifies the name that is used to look up icon box resources. The default name is the iconbox value.

iconBoxTitle

Class

IconBoxTitle

Type

string

Default

Icons

Description

Specifies the name that is used in the title area of the icon box frame. The default value is the **Icons** value.

iconClick

Class

IconClick

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Description

When the iconClick resource is given the True value, the system menu is posted and left posted when the user clicks on an icon. If the iconClick resource is given the False value, the menu is not left posted.

iconDecoration

Class

IconDecoration

Type

string

Default

Varies

Description

Specifies the general icon decoration. The **iconDecoration** resource can be set to the following values:

label

Only the label part is displayed.

image

Only the image part is displayed.

label image

Both the label and image parts are displayed. When the icon is selected, the

label is truncated.

activelabel

Both the label and image parts are displayed.

The default icon decoration for **icon box** icons varies: each icon has a label part and an image part (label image).

The default icon decoration for **stand-alone** icons also varies: each icon has an active label part, a label part, and an image part (active label label image).

iconlmageMaximum

Class

IconImageMaximum

Type

width x height

Default

50x50

Description

Specifies the maximum size, in pixels, of the icon image. The resource value is widthxheight (for example, 64x64). The maximum supported size is 128x128. The default value of this resource is 50x50.

iconlmageMinimum

Class

IconlmageMinimum

Type

widthxheight

Default

32x32

Description

Specifies the minimum size, in pixels, of the icon image. The resource value is widthxheight (e.g., 32x50). The minimum supported size is 16x16. The default value of this resource is 32x32.

iconPlacement

Class

IconPlacement

Type

string

Default

left bottom

Description

Specifies the icon placement pattern to be used. The resource value has the following syntax:

primary_layout secondary_layout

where

primary_layout

Indicates whether, when an icon placement is done, the icon is

placed in a row or a column and the direction of placement

secondary_layout

Indicates where to place new rows or columns.

Each value can be set to one of the following:

top

Lays the icons out top to bottom.

bottom

Lays the icons out bottom to top.

left

Lays the icons out left to right.

right

Lays the icons out right to left.

If the **primary_layout** value is set to **top** or **bottom**, the **secondary_layout** should be set to **left** or **right**.

For example, a value of **top right** indicates that icons should be placed top to bottom on the screen and that columns should be added from right to left on the screen. The default placement is the **left bottom** value (icons are placed left to right on the screen, with the first row on the bottom of the screen, and new rows added from the bottom of the screen to the top of the screen).

iconPlacementMargin

Class

IconPlacementMargin

Type

pixels

Default

varies

Description

Sets the distance between the edge of the screen and the icons that are placed closest to the edge. The value should be greater than or equal to 0. If the value specified is invalid, window management uses a default value equal to the space between icons as they are placed on the screen (this space is based on maximizing the number of icons in each row and column).

interactivePlacement

Class

InteractivePlacement

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Description

Controls the initial placement of new windows on the screen. If the value is set to the **True** value, the pointer shape changes before a new window is placed on the screen, indicating to the user that a position should be selected for the upper–left hand corner of the window. If the value is set to the **False** value, window management places windows according to the initial window configuration resources.

keyBindings

Class

KeyBindings

Type

string

Default

system dependent

Description

This resource identifies the set of key bindings for window management functions. If specified, these key bindings replace the built–in default bindings. The named set of key bindings is specified in the window management resource description file. The default value for this resource is the set of system–compatible key bindings.

keyboardFocusPolicy

Class

KeyboardFocusPolicy

Type

string

Default

explicit

Description

If this resource is set to the **pointer** value, the keyboard focus is set to the client window that contains the pointer or in the client window decoration that window management adds. If this resource is set to the **explicit** value, the keyboard focus is set to a client window when the user presses the left mouse button with the pointer on the client window or any part of the associated window management decoration.

limitResize

Class

LimitResize

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Description

If this resource is set to the **False** value, the user is allowed to resize a window to greater than the maximum size. If the resource is set to the **True** value, the window's size is restricted to the maximum size.

IowerOnlconify

Class

LowerOnlconify

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Description

If this resource is given the default **True** value, a window's icon appears on the bottom of the window stack when the window is minimized into an icon. A **False** value of places the icon in the stacking order at the same place as its associated window.

maximumMaximumSize

Class

MaximumMaximumSize

Type

width x height (pixels)

Default

(screen width * 2) x (screen height * 2)

Description

Limits the maximum size of a client window as set by the user or client. The resource value is widthxheight (for example, 1024x1024) where the width and height are in pixels.

moveThreshold

Class

MoveThreshold

Type

pixels

Default

4

Description

Controls the sensitivity of dragging operations that move windows and icons. The value of this resource indicates the number of pixels that the locator is moved with a button down before the move operation is started. This is used to prevent window or icon movement when the user clicks or double—clicks the mouse button and unintentionally moves the mouse pointer with the button down.

passButtons

Class

PassButtons

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Description

If the resource is set to the **False** value, window management does not pass button press events to clients after processing them. If the resource is set to the **True** value, window management passes button presses to the client window. The window management function is done in either case.

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passSelectButton

Class

PassSelectButton

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Description

If the passSelectButton resource is set to the True value, window management passes mouse button presses used to select a window for keyboard input focus selection to the client in the window or uses the button press for window management operations, if appropriate (if the keyboardFocusPolicy resource is set to the explicit value). If the resource is set to the False value, the button press is not used for any operation other than selecting the window to be the keyboard input focus. The mouse button press selects the keyboard input focus in either case.

positionIsFrame

Class

PositionIsFrame

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Description

Indicates how window management interprets client window position information (from the WM_NORMAL_HINTS property and from configuration requests). If the resource is set to the True value, window management interprets the information as the position of the client window frame. If the resource is set to the False value, window management interprets the information as the position of the client area of the window.

positionOnScreen

Class

PositionOnScreen

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Description

If the **positionOnScreen** resource is set to the **True** value, indicates that, if possible, window management places windows initially so that they are not clipped by the edge of the screen. If a window is larger then the size of the screen, at least the upper left corner of the window will be on–screen.

If the resource is set to the **False** value, the window management places windows in the requested position even if the position is totally off–screen.

quitTimeout

Class

QuitTimeout

Type

milliseconds

Default

1000

Description

Specifies the amount of time (in milliseconds) that window management waits for a client to update the WM_COMMAND property after window management has sent the WM_SAVE_YOURSELF message. The window management only uses this resource for those clients that have a WM_SAVE_YOURSELF atom and no WM_DELETE_WINDOW atom in the WM_PROTOCOLS client window property.

resizeBorderWidth

Class

ResizeBorderWidth

Type

pixels

Default

10

Description

Specifies the width (in pixels) of a client window frame border with resize handles. The specified border width includes the 3–D shadows. The default is 10 (pixels).

resizeCursors

Class

ResizeCursors

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Description

Indicates whether window management always displays the resize cursors when the pointer is in the window size border. If this resource is set to the **True** value, the cursors are shown; otherwise, the window management cursor is shown.

showFeedback

Class

ShowFeedback

Type

string

Default

ali

Description

Controls whether window management displays window position and size feedback during move or resize operations, and initial client placement and window management message and dialog boxes. The value for this resource is a list of names of the feedback options to be enabled; the names must be separated by a space. The names of the feedback options are as follows:

Name

Description

ali

Shows all feedback. (Default value.)

behavior

Confirms behavior switch.

Shows position during move.

move none

Shows no feedback.

placement

Shows position and size during initial placement.

resize

Shows size during resize

restart

Confirms window management restart.

Example

The following command line illustrates the syntax for the showFeedback resource:

Mwm*showFeedback: placement resize behavior restart

This resource specification provides feedback for initial client placement and resize, and enables the dialog boxes to confirm the restart and set behavior functions. It disables feedback for the move function.

startupKeyFocus

Class

StartupKeyFocus

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Description

Available only when the keyboard input focus policy is set to the **explicit** value. If the **startupKeyFocus** resource is set to the **True** value, a window gets the keyboard input focus when the window is initially managed. If the **startupKeyFocus** value is set to the **False** value, the window does not get the keyboard input focus.

transientDecoration

Class

TransientDecoration

Type

string

Default

menu title

Description

This controls the amount of decoration that window management puts on transient windows. Transient windows are identified by the **WM_TRANSIENT_FOR** property which is added by the client to indicate a relatively temporary window. The default value for this resource is the menu title value (transient windows have resize borders and a titlebar with a window menu button). The names of the feedback options are:

Name

Description

all

Includes all decorations (default value).

border

Includes window border.

maximize minimize

Includes maximize button (includes title bar). Includes minimize button (includes title bar).

none

Includes no decorations.

resizeh

Includes border resize handles (includes border). Includes window menu button (includes title bar).

menu title

Includes title bar (includes border).

transientFunctions

Class

TransientFunctions

Type

string

Default

-minimize -maximize

Description

Indicates which window management functions apply (or do not apply) to transient windows. The transientFunctions resource can have the following values:

Name

Description

all

Includes all decorations (default value).

border

Includes window border.

maximize minimize Includes maximize button (includes title bar). Includes minimize button (includes title bar).

none

Includes no decorations.

resizeh menu Includes border resize handles (includes border). Includes window menu button (includes title bar).

title

Includes title bar (includes border).

uselconBox

Class

UselconBox

Type

Boolean

Default

False

Description

If this resource is given of the **True** value, icons are placed in an icon box. When an icon box is not used, the icons are placed on the root window.

wMenuButtonClick

Class

WMenuButtonClick

Type

Boolean

Default

True

Description

Indicates whether a click of the mouse when the pointer is over the window menu button posts the system menu and leaves it posted. If this resource is set to the **True** value, then the menu remains posted.

wMenuButtonClick2

Class

WMenuButtonClick2

Type

Boolean

Defauit

True

Description

When this resource is given the default of **True** value, a double-click action on the window menu button performs an **f.kill** function.

AlXwindows Window Management Resource Description File Functions

- f.beep
- f.circle_down
- f.circle_up
- f.exec or !
- f.focus_color
- f.focus_key
- f.kill
- f.lower
- f.maximize
- f.menu
- f.minimize
- f.move
- f.next_cmap
- f.next_key
- f.nop
- f.normalize
- f.pack_icons
- f.pass_keys
- f.post_wmenu
- f.prev_cmap
- f.prev_key
- f.quit_mwm
- f.raise
- f.raise_lower
- f.refresh
- f.refresh_win
- f.resize
- f.restart
- f.send_msg
- f.separator
- f.set_behavior
- f.title

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f.beep

Syntax

f.beep

Description

Causes a terminal to beep.

f.circle down

Syntax

f.circle down icon

f.circle_down window

Description

Causes the window or icon on the top of the window stack to be put on the bottom of the window stack (so that it no longer obscures any other window or icon). This function affects only windows and icons that obscure other windows and icons, or that are obscured by other windows and icons.

Secondary windows are restacked with their associated primary window. Secondary windows always stay on top of their associated primary window. No other primary windows can exist between the secondary windows and their primary window.

If an icon function argument is specified, the function applies only to icons; if a window function argument is specified, the function applies only to windows.

f.circle_up

Syntax

f.circle_up icon

f.circle_up window

Description

Raises the window or icon on the bottom of the window stack to the top (so that it is not obscured by any other windows). This function affects only windows and icons that obscure other windows and icons, or that are obscured by other windows and icons.

Secondary (transient) windows are restacked with their associated primary window. If an icon function argument is specified, the function applies only to icons; if a window function argument is specified, the function applies only to windows.

f.exec or !

Syntax

f.exec Command

! Command

Description

Runs a shell command (using the value of the **\$SHELL** environment variable if it is set, otherwise /bin/sh).

f.focus_color

Syntax

f.focus_color

Description

Sets the colormap focus to a client window. If this function is done in a root context, then the default colormap (set up by the AIX X-Windows System for the screen where window management is running) is installed and there is no specific client window colormap focus. This function is treated as the **f.nop** function if the **colormapFocusPolicy** resource is not set to the **explicit** value.

f.focus key

Syntax

f.focus_key

Description

Sets the keyboard input focus to a client window or icon. This function is treated as the f.nop function (and does nothing) if the keyboardFocusPolicy resource is not set to the explicit value or the function is executed in a root context.

f.kill

Syntax

f.kill

Description

If the WM_DELETE_WINDOW protocol is set up, the client is sent a client message event indicating that the client window should be deleted. If the WM_SAVE_YOURSELF protocol is set up and the WM_DELETE_WINDOW protocol is not set up, the client is sent a client message event indicating that the client needs to prepare to end. If the client does not have the WM_DELETE_WINDOW or WM_SAVE_YOURSELF protocol set up, this function causes a client's AlXwindows connection to end (usually resulting in the closing of the client).

f.lower

Syntax

f.lower [-Client]

Description

Lowers a client window to the bottom of the window stack, behind the other windows). Secondary windows are restacked with their associated primary window.

The *Client* parameter indicates the name or class of a client to lower. If the *Client* parameter is not specified, the context in which the function was invoked indicates the window or icon to lower.

f.maximize

Syntax

f.maximize

Description

Causes a client window to be displayed with its maximum size.

f.menu

Syntax

f.menu MenuName

Description

Associates a pull-down menu with a menu pane entry or a menu with a button or key binding. The *MenuName* parameter identifies the menu to be used.

f.minimize

Syntax

f.minimize

Description

Causes a client window to be minimized (changed into an icon). When a window is minimized and no icon box is used, its icon is placed on the bottom of the window stack, behind the other windows. If an icon box is used, the client's icon changes to its iconified form inside the icon box. A secondary window is minimized with its associated primary window. There is only one icon for each primary window and all of its secondary windows.

f.move

Syntax

f.move

Description

Allows a client window to be moved interactively.

f.next_cmap

Syntax

f.next_cmap

Description

Installs the next colormap in the list of colormaps for the window with the colormap focus.

f.next_key

Syntax

f.next_key Type

The Type parameter has a value of icon, window, or transient.

Description

Sets the keyboard input focus to the next window or icon in the set of windows or icons managed, as determined by the stacking of windows on the screen. This function is treated as the **f.nop** function (and does nothing) if the **keyboardFocusPolicy** resource is not set to the **explicit** value.

If the **transient** argument is specified, all secondary windows are traversed; otherwise, traversal is done only to the last focused window in a transient group. If an **icon** function argument is specified, the function applies only to icons; if a **window** function argument is specified, the function applies only to windows.

f.nop

Syntax

f.nop

Description

Does nothing.

f.normalize

Syntax

f.normalize

Description

Causes a client window to be displayed with its normal size. Secondary windows are placed in their normal state along with their associated primary window.

f.pack_icons

Syntax

f.pack_icons

Description

Rearranges icons on the root window or in the icon box (depending on the layout policy being used). In general, this causes icons to be packed into the icon grid.

f.pass_keys

Syntax

f.pass_keys

Description

Enables or disables processing of key bindings for window management functions. When it disables key binding processing, all keys are passed on to the window with the keyboard input focus and no window management functions are invoked. If the **f.pass_keys** function is invoked with a key binding to disable key binding processing, the same key binding can be used to enable key binding processing.

f.post_wmenu

Syntax

f.post_wmenu

Description

Posts the window menu. If a key is used to post the window menu and a window menu button is present, the window menu is automatically placed with its top-left corner at the bottom-left corner of the window menu button for the client window. If no window menu button is present, the window menu is placed at the top-left corner of the client window.

f.prev_cmap

Syntax

f.prev_cmap

Description

Installs the previous colormap in the list of colormaps for the window with the colormap focus.

f.prev_key

Syntax

f.prev_key Type

The Type parameter has a value of icon, window, or transient.

Description

Sets the keyboard input focus to the previous window or icon in the set of windows or icons (as determined by the stacking of windows on the screen). This function is treated as the f.nop value (and does nothing) if the keyboardFocusPolicy resource is not set to the explicit value.

If the transient argument is specified, secondary windows are traversed; otherwise, traversal is done only to the last focused window in a transient group. If an icon function argument is specified, the function applies only to icons; if a window function argument is specified, the function applies only to windows.

f.quit_mwm

Syntax

f.quit_mwm

Description

Ends window management, but not the Enhanced Windows system.

f.raise

Syntax

f.raise [Client]

Description

Raises a client window to the top of the window stack, so that the other windows are behind it. Secondary windows are restacked with their associated primary window.

The *Client* parameter indicates the name or class of a client to raise. If the *Client* parameter is not specified, the context in which the function was invoked indicates the window or icon to raise.

f.raise_lower

Syntax

f.raise_lower

Description

If the client window is at the top of the window stack, this function lowers it to the bottom. Otherwise, it raises it to the top. Secondary windows are restacked with their associated primary window.

f.refresh

Syntax

f.refresh

Description

Redraws all windows.

f.refresh_win

Syntax

f.refresh win

Description

Redraws a client window.

f.resize

Syntax

f.resize

Description

Allows a client window to be resized interactively.

f.restart

Syntax

f.restart

Description

Causes window management to be restarted (effectively ending it and restarting it).

f.send_msg

Syntax

f.send_msg MessageNumber

Description

Sends a client message of the _MOTIF_WM_MESSAGES type (the message type is indicated by the function's *MessageNumber* parameter). The client message will only be sent if the message number is included in the client's _MOTIF_WM_MESSAGES property. A menu item label is displayed in gray if the menu item is used to do a f.send_msg function for a message that is not included in the client's _MOTIF_WM_MESSAGES property.

f.separator

Syntax

f.separator

Description

Places a menu separator in the menu pane at the specified location (the label is ignored).

f.set_behavior

Syntax

f.set_behavior

Description

Causes window management to restart with the default OSF behavior (if a custom behavior is configured) or a custom behavior (if an OSF default behavior is configured).

f.title

Syntax

f.title

Description

Inserts a title in the menu pane at the specified location.

AIXwindows Window Management Event Specifications

Events are indicated as part of the specifications for button binding sets, key binding sets, and menu panes.

Button events have the following syntax:

Button = [ModifierList] < ButtonEventName > ModifierList = ModifierName {ModifierName}

All specified modifiers within modifier lists are exclusive; only the specified modifiers can be present when the button event occurs. The following values can be used for *ModifierName*:

Modifier	Description
Ctrl	Control Key
Shift	Shift Key
Alt	Alt or Meta Key
Meta	Meta or Alt Key
Lock	Lock Key
Mod1	Modifier1
Mod2	Modifier2
Mod3	Modifier3
Mod4	Modifier4
Mod5	Modifier5

The following values can be used for ButtonEventName:

Button	Description
Btn1Down	Button 1 Press
Btn1Up	Button 1 Release
Btn1Click	Button 1 Press and Release
Btn1Click2	Button 1 Double Click
Btn2Down	Button 2 Press
Btn2Up	Button 2 Release
Btn2Click	Button 2 Press and Release
Btn2Click2	Button 2 Double Click
Btn3Down	Button 3 Press
Btn3Up	Button 3 Release
Btn3Click	Button 3 Press and Release
Btn3Click2	Button 3 Double Click
Btn4Down	Button 4 Press
Btn4Up	Button 4 Release
Btn4Click	Button 4 Press and Release
Btn4Click2	Button 4 Double Click
Btn5Down	Button 5 Press
Btn5Up	Button 5 Release

AIXwindows

Btn5Click

Button 5 Press and Release

Btn5Click2

Button 5 Double Click

The key events that window management uses for menu mnemonics and for binding to window management functions are single key presses; key releases are ignored. Key events have the following syntax:

Key = [ModiferList] < Key>KeyName
ModifierList = ModifierName {ModifierName}

All specified modifiers are exclusive; only the specified modifiers can be present when the button event occurs. Modifiers for keys are the same as those that apply to buttons. The key name is an AlXwindows keysym name, as listed in the **keysymdef.h** file, with the **XK**_ prefix removed.

AIXwindows Window Management Button Bindings

The **buttonBindings** resource value is the name of a set of button bindings that configure window management behavior. Users can invoke window management functions by moving the mouse pointer and pressing a button over a framed client window, an icon, or the root window. The context for indicating where the button press applies is also the context for calling the window management function when the button press is done.

The button binding syntax is the following:

buttons_bindings_set_name {
Button Context Function
Button Context Function

Button Context Function }

The syntax for the context specification is the following:

Context = Object[| Context]

The Object parameter has a value of root, icon, window, title, frame, border, or app.

The *Context* parameter indicates where the pointer must be for the button binding to be effective. The *Context* parameter can be set to the following values:

window A client window or window management frame for the button binding to be

effective.

frame The window management frame around a client window (including the

border and titlebar).

border The border part of the window management frame (not including the

titlebar).

title The title area of the window management frame.

app The application window (not including the window management frame).

If an f.nop function is specified for a button binding, the button binding is not done.

AIXwindows Window Management Key Bindings

The **keyBindings** resource value is the name of a set of key bindings that are used to configure window management behavior. A window management function can be invoked by pressing a particular key. The context in which the key binding applies is indicated in the key binding specification. The valid contexts are the same as those that apply to button bindings.

The key binding syntax is the following:

key_bindings_set_name {

Key Context Function Key Context Function

. ..

KeyContext Function }

If an f.nop function is specified for a key binding, the key binding is not done. If an f.post_wmenu or f.menu function is bound to a key, the same key can automatically remove the menu from the screen after the menu pops up.

The *Context* parameter syntax is the same as for button bindings. For key bindings, the frame, title, border, and app contexts are equivalent to the window context. The context for a key event is the window or icon that has the keyboard input focus (or the root window if no window or icon has the keyboard input focus).

AlXwindows Window Management Menu Panes

Menus can be popped up using the **f.post_wmenu** and **f.menu** window management functions. The context for window management functions that are invoked from a menu is the **root**, **icon** or **window** context depending on the manner in which the menu was popped up. In the case of the window menu or menus popped up with a key binding, the location of the keyboard input focus indicates the context. For menus popped up using a button binding, the context of the button binding is the context of the menu.

The menu pane specification syntax is the following:

```
Menu menu_name {
Label [Mnemonic] [Accelerator] Function
Label [Mnemonic] [Accelerator] Function
...
Label [Mnemonic] [Accelerator] Function}
```

Each line in the menu specification identifies the label for a menu item and the function to be invoked if the menu item is selected. Optionally a menu button mnemonic and a menu button keyboard accelerator can be specified. Mnemonics are functional only when the menu is posted and users can select menu items by typing the mnemonic letter.

The label specification has the following syntax:

```
Label = String
```

If the string is preceded by the @ character, it is the name of a bitmap file. Otherwise, it indicates the string that is displayed as the title. The string can be enclosed in quotes.

The string encoding for labels must be compatible with the menu font being used. Labels are greyed out for menu items that do the **f.nop** function or that do functions that are not valid or functions that do not apply in the current context.

A mnemonic specification has the following syntax:

```
mnemonic = _character
```

The first matching character in the label is underlined. If there is no matching character in the label, no window management mnemonic is registered for that label. Although the character must exactly match a character in the label, the mnemonic does not execute if any modifier (such as the **Shift** modifier) is pressed with the character key.

The accelerator specification is a key event specification with the same syntax as is used for key bindings to window management functions.

AlXwindows

Enhanced X-Windows Toolkit Subroutines

MenuPopdown Translation Action

Purpose

Pops down a spring-loaded menu.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void MenuPopdown(ShellName)
String ShellName;

Description

The **MenuPopdown** translation action pops down a spring-loaded menu when a pointer button is released or when the pointer is moved into a window.

If a shell name is not specified, the **MenuPopdown** translation action calls the **XtPopdown** subroutine with the widget for which the translation is specified.

If a shell name is specified in the translation table, the **MenuPopdown** translation action tries to find the shell by searching the widget tree. It starts at the parent of the widget where it was called. If it finds a shell with the specified name in the pop-up children of that parent, it pops down the shell. Otherwise, it moves up the parent chain as needed.

If the **MenuPopdown** translation action gets to the application top-level widget and cannot find a matching shell, it generates an error.

Parameter

ShellName

Specifies the name of the widget shell to be popped down.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtCallbackPopdown callback procedure.

The MenuPopup translation action.

MenuPopup Translation Action

Purpose

Pops up a menu.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void MenuPopup(ShellName)
String ShellName;

Description

The **MenuPopup** translation action pops up a menu when a pointer button is pressed or when the pointer is moved into a window.

The **MenuPopup** translation action is known to the translation manager, which must perform special actions for spring-loaded pop-ups. Calls to the **MenuPopup** translation action in a translation specification are mapped into calls to a non-exported action procedure. The translation manager fills in fields based on the event specified on the left-hand side of a translation.

If the **MenuPopup** translation action is invoked upon a **ButtonPress** event, possibly with modifiers, the translation manager pops up the shell with the *grab_kind* field set to the **XtGrabExclusive** value and the *spring_loaded* field set to the **True** value.

If the **MenuPopup** translation action is invoked upon the **EnterWindow** event, possibly with modifiers, the translation manager pops up the shell with the *grab_kind* field set to the **XtGrabNonexclusive** value and the *spring_loaded* field set to the **False** value. Otherwise, the translation manager generates an error.

When the widget is popped up, the **MenuPopup** translation action does the following:

- Calls the XtCheckSubclass subroutine to ensure that the pop-up shell is a subclass of the Shell widget
- Generates an error if the popped_up field of the shell already is the value of True
- Calls the callback procedures on the popup_callback list of the shell
- Sets the popped_up field of the shell to the value of True
- Sets the grab_kind and spring_loaded fields of the shell appropriately
- Calls the create_popup_child field of the shell with the popup_shell field if the create_popup_child field of the shell is not the value of NULL
- Calls the XtAddGrab subroutine with the popup_shell and spring_loaded fields set as specified and the grab_kind field set to the XtGrabExclusive value
- Calls the XtRealizeWidget subroutine with the popup_shell field set as specified
- Calls the XMapWindow subroutine with the popup_shell field set as specified

The MenuPopup translation action tries to find the shell by searching up the widget tree starting at the parent of the widget in which this routine is invoked. If it finds a shell with the

specified name in the pop-up children of that parent, it pops up the shell with the appropriate fields. Otherwise, it moves up the parent chain as needed.

The **MenuPopup** translation action generates an error if it gets to the application widget and cannot find a matching shell.

Parameter

ShellName

Specifies the name of the widget shell to be popped up.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The MenuPopdown translation action.

XtAddActions Subroutine

Purpose

Declares an action table and registers it with the translation manager.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAddActions(Actions, NumberActions) XtActionList Actions; Cardinal NumberActions;

Description

Note: The XtAddActions subroutine is left over from a previous release of Enhanced X-Windows, and is provided as a convenience to users converting from these earlier versions.

The XtAddActions subroutine declares an action table and registers it with the translation manager. If more than one action with the same name is registered, the most recently registered action is used. If duplicate actions exist in an action table, the first entry is used.

The Intrinsics library registers an action table for the MenuPopup translation action and the MenuPopdown translation action as part of the tool kit initialization.

Parameters

Actions Specifies the action table to be registered.

NumberActions Specifies the number of entries in this action table.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppAddActions subroutine.

XtAddCallback Subroutine

Purpose

Adds a callback procedure to the callback list of a specified widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAddCallback(WidgetID, CallbackName, Callback, ClientData)

Widget WidgetID; String CallbackName; XtCallbackProc Callback; caddr t ClientData;

Description

The XtAddCallback subroutine adds a callback procedure to the callback list of the specified widget. A callback is invoked as many times as it occurs in the callback list.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget.

CallbackName Specifies the callback list to which the procedure is to be appended.

Callback Specifies the callback procedure.

ClientData Specifies the argument for the callback if the callback is invoked by the

XtCallCallbacks subroutine. Otherwise, this parameter is set to

NULL..

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAddCallbacks subroutine, XtRemoveCallback subroutine, XtRemoveCallbacks subroutine, XtRemoveAllCallbacks subroutine, XtCallCallbacks subroutine, XtHasCallbacks subroutine.

The XtCallbackRec type, XtCallbackProc type.

XtAddCallbacks Subroutine

Purpose

Adds a list of callback procedures to the callback list of the specified widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAddCallbacks(WidgetID, CallbackName, Callbacks)

Widget WidgetID; String CallbackName; XtCallbackList Callbacks;

Description

The XtAddCallbacks subroutine adds a list of callback procedures to the callback list of specified widget. To handle the callback lists correctly, declare the XtCallbackList with a resource type of XtRCallback.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget.

CallbackName Specifies the callback list where the procedure will be appended.

Callbacks Specifies the null-terminated list of callback procedures and

corresponding client data.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAddCallback subroutine, XtRemoveCallback subroutine, XtRemoveCallbacks subroutine, XtRemoveAllCallbacks subroutine, XtCallCallbacks subroutine, XtHasCallbacks subroutine.

The XtCallbackRec type, XtCallbackProc type.

XtAddConverter Subroutine

Purpose

Registers a new converter.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAddConverter(FromType, ToType, Converter, ConvertArguments,

NumberArguments)

String FromType; String ToType;

XtConverter Converter,

XtConvertArgList ConvertArguments;

Cardinal NumberArguments;

Description

The XtAddConverter subroutine registers a new converter. If the type converter does not require additional arguments, the *ConvertArguments* parameter is **NULL**, and the *NumberArguments* parameter is **0**.

For converters that require additional arguments, use the **XtAddressMode** enumerated type and the **XtConvertArgRec** data structure to specify how each argument is derived. These are defined in the **<X11/Convert.h>** header file.

Note: This subroutine exists only as a convenience to users converting from earlier versions of the toolkit; it has been replaced by the XtAppAddConverter subroutine.

Parameters

FromType Specifies the source type.

ToType Specifies the destination type.

Converter Specifies the type converter procedure.

ConvertArguments Specifies how to compute the additional arguments to the

converter. If the type converter does not require additional

arguments, this parameter is the value of NULL..

NumberArguments Specifies the number of additional arguments to the converter. If

the type converter does not require additional arguments, this

parameter is the value of 0.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The <X11/Convert.h> header file.

The XtAddressMode enumerated type, XtConvertArgRec data structure.

XtAddEventHandler Subroutine

Purpose

Registers an event handler procedure with the dispatch mechanism.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAddEventHandler(WidgetID, EvtMask, Nonmaskable, Procedure, ClientData)

Widget Widget; EventMask EvtMask; Boolean Nonmaskable; XtEventHandler Procedure; caddr_t ClientData;

Description

The XtAddEventHandler subroutine registers an event handler procedure with the dispatch mechanism that is to be called when an event matching the mask occurs on the specified widget. If the widget is realized, the XtAddEventHandler subroutine calls the XSelectInput subroutine (if necessary).

If the event handler *Procedure* is registered with the same *ClientData* already, the specified mask is ORed into the existing mask.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget for which the event handler is being registered.

EvtMask Specifies the event mask for this procedure.

Nonmaskable Specifies a Boolean value that indicates if this procedure should be

called on the non-maskable events. The non-maskable events are the

following:

ClientMessage SelectionClear
GraphicsExpose SelectionNotify
MappingNotify SelectionRequest

NoExpose

Procedure Specifies the event handler procedure to be called.

ClientData Specifies additional data for the client's event handler.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XtAddEventHandler

Related Information

The XtEventHandler data type.

The XtRemoveEventHandler subroutine, XtAddRawEventHandler subroutine, XtRemoveRawEventHandler subroutine, XtBuildEventMask subroutine, XtRealizeWidget subroutine.

The XSetWindowAttributes data structure.

The XtAllEvents event mask.

XtAddExposureToRegion Subroutine

Purpose

Merges Expose and GraphicsExpose events into a region.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

C Syntax

void XtAddExposureToRegion(Event, RegionPtr) XEvent *Event; Region RegionPtr;

Description

The **XtAddExposureToRegion** subroutine merges **Expose** events and **GraphicsExpose** events into a region clients can process at once rather than processing individual rectangles. This subroutine computes the union of the rectangle defined by the specified exposure event and region; it then stores the results back in the specified region.

If the *Event* parameter is not an **Expose** event or **GraphicsExpose** event, the **XtAddExposureToRegion** subroutine returns without an error and does not modify the region.

Parameters

Event Specifies a pointer to the **Expose** event or **GraphicsExpose** event.

RegionPtr Specifies the region object as defined in the **<X11/Xutil.h>** header file.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The Exposure Compression Mechanism.

XtAddGrab Subroutine

Purpose

Redirects user input to a modal widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAddGrab(WidgetID, Exclusive, SpringLoaded)
Widget WidgetID;
Boolean Exclusive;
Boolean SpringLoaded;

Description

The **XtAddGrab** subroutine redirects user input to a modal widget. Modal widgets are widgets that disable user-event processing by an application, except for events that occur in the dialog box. This subroutine appends the widget and its associated parameters to the modal cascade and checks that the *Exclusive* parameter is the value of **True** if the *SpringLoaded* parameter is the value of **True**. Otherwise, it generates an error.

The modal cascade is used by the **XtDispatchEvent** subroutine when it tries to dispatch a user event. When at least one modal widget is in the widget cascade, the **XtDispatchEvent** subroutine first determines if the event should be delivered. It starts at the most recent cascade entry added with the *Exclusive* parameter of the value of **True**.

This subset of the modal cascade along with all descendants of these widgets comprise the active subset. User events that occur outside the widgets in this subset are ignored or remapped. Modal menus with submenus generally add a submenu widget to the cascade with the *Exclusive* parameter of the value of **False**. Modal dialog boxes that need to restrict user input to the most deeply nested dialog box add a subdialog widget to the cascade with the *Exclusive* parameter of the value of **True**. User events that occur within the active subset are delivered to the appropriate widget, which is usually a child or further descendant of the modal widget.

Regardless of where they occur on the screen, remap events are always delivered to the most recent widget in the active subset of the cascade that has the *SpringLoaded* parameter set to the value of **True**, if any such widget exists.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget to add to the modal cascade.

Exclusive Specifies whether user events should be dispatched exclusively to this

widget or dispatched also to previous widgets in the cascade.

SpringLoaded Specifies if this widget was popped up by pressing a pointer button.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XtAddGrab

Related Information

The XtRemoveGrab subroutine, XtPopup subroutine.

The **KeyPress** remap event, **KeyRelease** remap event, **ButtonPress** remap event, **ButtonRelease** remap event.

XtAddInput Subroutine

Purpose

Registers a new source of events with the default X Toolkit application.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

XtInputId XtAddInput(Source, Condition, Procedure, ClientData)

int Source;
caddr_t Condition;
XtInputCallbackProc Procedure;
caddr_t ClientData;

Description

The **XtAddInput** subroutine registers a new source of events, usually as file input or file output, with the X Toolkit default application. (In this case, "file" represents any source of data.) This subroutine also specifies the conditions under which the source can generate events. When input on this source in the default application context is pending, the callback procedure is called.

The XtInitialize subroutine must be called before using the XtAddInput subroutine.

Note: This subroutine exists only as a convenience for users converting earlier versions of the toolkit. The **XtAddInput** subroutine has been replaced by the **XtAppAddInput** subroutine.

Parameters

Source Specifies the source file descriptor or another system-dependent device

specification.

Condition Specifies the mask that indicates a read, write, or exception condition or

another operating system dependent condition.

Procedure Specifies the callback procedure when input is available.

ClientData Specifies the parameter to be passed to the callback procedure when input

is available.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppAddInput subroutine.

XtAddRawEventHandler Subroutine

Purpose

Registers an event handler procedure with the dispatch mechanism, without causing the server to select for that event.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAddRawEventHandler(WidgetID, EvtMask, Nonmaskable, Procedure, ClientData)

Widget WidgetID; EventMask EvtMask; Boolean Nonmaskable; XtEventHandler Procedure; caddr_t ClientData;

Description

The XtAddRawEventHandler subroutine registers an event handler procedure with the dispatch mechanism without causing the server to select for that event. This subroutine is similar to the XtAddEventHandler subroutine except that it does not affect the mask of the widget or call the XSelectInput subroutine for its events. Note that the widget might already have those mask bits set because of other non-raw event handlers registered on it.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget for this event handler.

EvtMask Specifies the event mask for this procedure.

Nonmaskable Specifies a Boolean value that indicates if this procedure should be

removed on the nonmaskable events. The nonmaskable events are

the following:

ClientMessage SelectionClear

GraphicsExpose SelectionRequest

MappingNotify SelectionNotify

NoExpose

Procedure Specifies the client event handler procedure to be registered.

ClientData Specifies additional data for the client event handler.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XtAddRawEventHandler

Related Information

The XtAddEventHandler subroutine, XtRemoveEventHandler subroutine, XtRemoveRawEventHandler subroutine, XtBuildEventMask subroutine, XtRealizeWidget subroutine.

The XSetWindowAttributes data structure.

The XtEventHandler type.

The XtAllEvents event mask.

XtAddTimeOut Subroutine

Purpose

Creates a time-out value in the default application context.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

XtIntervalld XtAddTimeOut(Interval, Procedure, ClientData) unsigned long Interval; XtTimerCallbackProc Procedure; caddr_t ClientData;

Description

The **XtAddTimeOut** subroutine creates a time-out value in the default application context and returns an identifier for it. The time-out value is set in the *Interval* parameter. The callback procedure is called when the time interval elapses, after which the time-out is removed.

The XtInitialize subroutine must be called before using this subroutine.

Note: This subroutine exists only as a convenience for users converting earlier versions of the X Toolkit. The XtAddTimeOut subroutine has been replaced by the XtAppAddTimeOut subroutine.

Parameters

Interval Specifies the time interval in milliseconds.

Procedure Specifies the callback procedure.

ClientData Specifies the parameters to be passed on to the callback procedure.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppAddTimeOut subroutine, XtInitialize subroutine

The XtInputCallbackProc type.

XtAddWorkProc Procedure

Purpose

Registers a work procedure in the default application context.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

XtWorkProcld XtAddWorkProc (*Procedure*, *Closure*) XtWorkProc *Procedure*; Opaque *Closure*;

Description

The **XtAddWorkProc** procedure registers a work procedure in the default application context. The **XtInitialize** subroutine must be called before using this routine.

Note: This procedure exists only as a convenience for users converting earlier versions of the X Toolkit. The XtAddWorkProc procedure has been replaced by the XtAppAddWorkProc procedure.

Parameters

Procedure Specifies the work procedure.

Closure Specifies the client data to be passed to the procedure.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppAddWorkProc subroutine

The XtWorkProc data type.

XtAppAddActions Subroutine

Purpose

Declares an action table and registers it with the translation manager.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAppAddActions(ApplicationContext, Actions, NumberActions)
XtAppContext ApplicationContext;
XtActionList Actions;
Cardinal NumberActions;

Description

The **XtAppAddActions** subroutine declares an action table and registers it with the translation manager.

If more than one action is registered with the same name, the most recently registered action is used. If duplicate actions exist in an action table, the first action is used.

The Intrinsics library registers an action table for the **MenuPopup** and **MenuPopdown** translation actions as part of X Toolkit initialization.

Parameters

ApplicationContext

Specifies the application context.

Actions

Specifies the action table to register.

NumberActions

Specifies the number of entries in this action table.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The MenuPopup translation action, MenuPopdown translation action.

XtAppAddConverter Subroutine

Purpose

Registers a new converter.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAppAddConverter(ApplicationContext, FromType, ToType, Converter, ConvertArguments, NumberArguments)

XtAppContext ApplicationContext;

String FromType; String ToType;

XtConverter Converter;

XtConvertArgList ConvertArguments;

Cardinal NumberArguments;

Description

The XtAppAddConverter subroutine registers a new converter. If the same value for the *FromType* and *ToType* parameters is specified in two calls to the XtAppAddConverter subroutine, the second call overrides the first call.

For converters that require additional arguments, use the **XtAddressMode** structure and the **XtConvertArgRec** structure to specify how each argument is derived. These are defined in the <**X11/Convert.h**> header file.

Parameters

ApplicationContext Specifies the application context.

FromType Specifies the source type.

ToType Specifies the destination type.

Converter Specifies the type converter procedure.

ConvertArguments Specifies how to compute the additional arguments to the

converter. If the Converter parameter does not contain additional

arguments, this parameter is the value of Null.

NumberArguments Specifies the number of additional arguments to the converter. If

the *Converter* parameter does not contain additional arguments, this parameter is the value of **0**. (This parameter is the value of **0**,

if the ConvertArguments parameter is the value of NULL.)

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The <X11/Convert.h> header file.

XtAppAddConverter

The XtConverter data type, XtAddressMode enumerated type, XtConvertArgRec data structure.

The XtStringConversionWarning subroutine, XtConvert subroutine, XtDirectConvert subroutine.

XtAppAddInput Subroutine

Purpose

Registers a new file as an input source for a specified application.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

XtInputID XtAppAddInput(ApplicationContext, Source, Condition, Procedure, ClientData)

XtAppContext ApplicationContext;

int Source;

caddr_t Condition;

XtInputCallbackProc Procedure;

caddr_t ClientData

Description

The XtAppAddInput subroutine registers with the Intrinsics library read routine a new source of events, which can be either file input or output. (In this instance, "file" represents any sink or source data.) The XtAppAddInput subroutine also specifies the conditions under which the source can generate events. When input is pending on this source, the XtInputCallbackProc procedure is called.

Parameters

ApplicationContext Specifies the application context that identifies the application.

Source Specifies the source file descriptor or another system-dependent

device specification.

Condition Specifies the mask that indicates a read, write, or exception

condition or another operating system dependent condition. This parameter is some union of the XtInputRead, XtInputWrite, and

XtInputExcept masks.

Procedure Specifies the XtInputCallbackProc callback procedure.

ClientData Specifies the argument for the specified procedure.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtRemoveInput subroutine

The XtInputCallbackProc data type.

XtAppAddTimeOut Subroutine

Purpose

Creates a time-out value.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

XtIntervalld XtAppAddTimeOut(ApplicationContext, Interval, Procedure, ClientData)

XtAppContext ApplicationContext; unsigned long Interval; XtTimerCallbackProc Procedure; caddr_t ClientData;

Description

The XtAppAddTimeOut subroutine creates a time-out and returns an identifier for it. The time-out is set to the *Interval* parameter. The callback procedure is called when the time interval elapses; the time-out is then removed.

Parameters

ApplicationContext Specifies the application context for which the timer is to be set.

Interval Specifies the time interval in milliseconds.

Procedure Specifies the callback procedure.

ClientData Specifies the argument to be passed to the callback procedure.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtRemoveTimeOut subroutine.

The XtTimerCallbackProc type.

XtAppAddWorkProc Subroutine

Purpose

Registers a work procedure for a specified application.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

XtWorkProcId XtAppAddWorkProc(ApplicationContext,

Procedure, ClientData)

XtAppContext ApplicationContext; XtWorkProc Procedure; caddr_t ClientData

Description

The **XtAppAddWorkProc** subroutine registers a work procedure for a specified application. This procedure is useful when there is limited support for background processing and applications must wait for input.

While multiple work procedures can be registered, the most recently added procedure is the procedure that is called. However, if a work procedure adds another work procedure, the current work procedure has priority over the newly added procedure.

The **XtWorkProcId** structure is an opaque identifier for this work procedure. Multiple work procedures can be registered, and the most recently added one is always the one that is called. If a work procedure adds another work procedure, however, the newly added one has lower priority than the current one.

Parameters

ApplicationContext

Specifies the application context that identifies the application.

Procedure

Specifies the work procedure to be called when the application is

idle.

ClientData

Specifies the argument to be passed to the specified procedure.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtRemoveWorkProc procedure.

XtAppCreateShell Subroutine

Purpose

Creates a top-level widget that is the root of a widget tree.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Widget XtAppCreateShell(ApplicationName, ApplicationClass, WidgetClass, DisplayPtr, Arguments, NumberArguments)

String ApplicationName; String ApplicationClass; WidgetClass WidgetClass; Display *DisplayPtr; ArgList Arguments; Cardinal NumberArguments;

Description

The **XtAppCreateShell** subroutine creates a top-level widget that is the root of a widget tree. It saves the specified application name and class for qualifying all widget resource specifiers. The application name and class are used as the left-most components in all widget resource names for this application.

The XtAppCreateShell subroutine creates:

- A new logical application within a program by allowing the specification of a new root in the resource hierarchy, or
- A shell on another display by using the resource database associated with the other display.

This subroutine returns a widget with the WM_COMMAND property set for session managers.

Parameters

ApplicationName Specifies the name of the application instance. If this parameter

is the value of **NULL**, the application name passed to the **XtDisplayInitialize** subroutine is the application name that is

used.

ApplicationClass Specifies the application class name.

WidgetClass Specifies the widget class for the application top-level widget.

The value for this parameter is usually the applicationShellWidgetClass value.

DisplayPtr Specifies the display from which to get the resources.

Arguments Specifies the argument list for the WM COMMAND property.

NumberArguments Specifies the number of arguments in the argument list.

XtAppCreateShell

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtCreatePopupShell subroutine.

XtAppError Subroutine

Purpose

Calls the installed fatal error procedure.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAppError(ApplicationContext, Message)
XtAppContext ApplicationContext;
String Message;

Description

The XtAppError subroutine calls the installed fatal error procedure. To customize and internalize error messages for most application programs, use the XtAppErrorMsg subroutine.

Parameters

ApplicationContext

Specifies the application context.

Message

Specifies the message to be reported.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppGetErrorDatabase subroutine, XtAppGetErrorDatabaseText subroutine, XtAppSetErrorMsgHandler subroutine, XtAppSetWarningMsgHandler subroutine, XtAppWarningMsg subroutine, XtAppSetErrorHandler subroutine, XtAppSetWarningHandler subroutine, XtAppWarning subroutine, XtAppErrorMsg subroutine.

XtAppErrorMsg Subroutine

Purpose

The high-level error handler.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAppErrorMsg(ApplicationContext, Name,

Type, Class, Default,

Parameters, NumberParameters)

XtAppContext ApplicationContext;

String Name; String Type; String Class; String Default; String *Parameters;

Cardinal *NumberParameters;

Description

The XtAppErrorMsg subroutine is the high-level error handler. Use the XtAppErrorMsg subroutine to customize and internalize error messages for most application programs.

Parameters

ApplicationContext Specifies the application context.

Name Specifies the general kind of error.

Type Specifies the detailed name of the error.

Class Specifies the resource class. For all Intrinsics internal errors, this

parameter has the value of XtToolkitError.

Default Specifies a default message if an error database entry is not found.

Parameters Specifies a pointer to a list of values to be stored in the message.

NumberParameters Specifies the number of values in the parameter list.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppGetErrorDatabase subroutine, XtAppGetErrorDatabaseText subroutine, XtAppSetErrorMsgHandler subroutine, XtAppError subroutine, XtAppSetWarningMsgHandler subroutine, XtAppWarningMsg subroutine, XtAppSetErrorHandler subroutine, XtAppSetWarningHandler subroutine, XtAppWarning subroutine.

XtAppGetErrorDatabase

XtAppGetErrorDatabase Subroutine

Purpose

Obtains the error database.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

XrmDatabase *XtAppGetErrorDatabase(ApplicationContext) XtAppContext ApplicationContext;

Description

The XtAppGetErrorDatabase subroutine obtains the error database and merges it with an application or widget-specific database with the first call to the XtAppGetErrorDatabaseText subroutine. The XtAppGetErrorDatabase subroutine then returns the address of the error database.

Parameter

ApplicationContext

Specifies the application context.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppSetErrorMsgHandler subroutine, XtAppError subroutine, XtAppErrorMsg subroutine, XtAppSetWarningMsgHandler subroutine, XtAppWarningMsg subroutine, XtAppSetErrorHandler subroutine, XtAppSetWarningHandler subroutine, XtAppWarning subroutine.

XtAppGetErrorDatabaseText Subroutine

Purpose

Obtains the error database text for an error or warning.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAppGetErrorDatabaseText(ApplicationContext,

Name, Type, Class, Default,BufferReturn, NumberBytes, Database)

XtAppContext ApplicationContext;

char *Name,*Type,*Class;

char *Default;
char *BufferReturn;
int NumberBytes;

XrmDatabase Database;

Description

The XtAppGetErrorDatabaseText subroutine obtains the error database text for an error or warning. It returns the appropriate or default message from the error database.

Parameters

ApplicationContext Specifies the application context.

BufferReturn Specifies the buffer into which the error message is to be

returned.

Class Specifies the resource class of the error message.

Database Specifies the name of the alternative database to be used. If the

application database is to be used, this parameter is the value of

NULL.

Default Specifies the default message to use if an error database entry is

not found.

Name Specifies the name concatenated to form the resource name of

the error message.

NumberBytes Specifies the size of the buffer in bytes.

Type Specifies the type concatenated to form the resource name of the

error message.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XtAppGetErrorDatabaseText

Related Information

The XtAppGetErrorDatabase subroutine, XtAppSetErrorMsgHandler subroutine, XtAppError subroutine, XtAppErrorMsg subroutine, XtAppSetWarningMsgHandler subroutine, XtAppWarningMsg subroutine, XtAppSetErrorHandler subroutine, XtAppSetWarningHandler subroutine, XtAppWarning subroutine.

XtAppGetSelectionTimeout Subroutine

Purpose

Gets the current selection time-out value.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

C Syntax

unsigned long XtAppGetSelectionTimeout(ApplicationContext) XtAppContext ApplicationContext;

Description

The XtAppGetSelectionTimeout subroutine gets the current selection timeout value in milliseconds. The selectionTimeout is the time within which two communicating applications must respond to one another.

The intial time—out value is set by the selection time—out application resource. If not specified, the time—out value defaults to 5 seconds.

Parameter

ApplicationContext

Specifies the application context.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppSetSelectionTimeout subroutine.

XtAppMainLoop Subroutine

Purpose

Processes input from a specified application.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAppMainLoop(ApplicationContext)
XtAppContext ApplicationContext;

Description

The **XtAppMainLoop** subroutine processes input from a specified application by doing the following:

- Calling the XtAppNextEvent subroutine.
- Calling the XtDispatchEvent subroutine, which dispatches the event to the appropriate registered procedure.

This process constitutes the main loop of X Toolkit applications, and as such, it does not return. Applications should exit in response to user action.

Parameter

ApplicationContext

Specifies the application context that identifies the application.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppNextEvent subroutine, XtDispatchEvent subroutine.

XtAppNextEvent Subroutine

Purpose

Returns the value from the top of a specified application input queue.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAppNextEvent(ApplicationContext, EventReturn) XtAppContext ApplicationContext; XEvent *EventReturn;

Description

The XtAppNextEvent subroutine returns the value from the top of a specified application input queue. If there is no input in the X input queue, the XtAppNextEvent subroutine flushes the X output buffer and waits for an event while looking at other input sources and time-out values and calling any callback procedures triggered by them.

During the time that your application is waiting for input, you can register an idle-time work procedure with the **XtWorkProc** procedure for background processing.

Parameters

ApplicationContext

Specifies the application context that identifies the application.

EventReturn

Returns the event information to the specified event structure.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppPending subroutine, XtAppPeekEvent subroutine, XPending subroutine, XPeekEvent subroutine, XNextEvent subroutine.

The XtWorkProc data type, XtAddWorkProc procedure.

XtAppPeekEvent Subroutine

Purpose

Returns the value from the top of an application input queue without removing input from the queue.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Boolean XtAppPeekEvent(ApplicationContext, EventReturn) XtAppContext ApplicationContext; XEvent *EventReturn;

Description

The XtAppPeekEvent subroutine returns the value from the top of a specified application input queue without removing the input from the queue.

If there is an event in the queue, the **XtAddPeekEvent** subroutine fills in the event and returns the value of **True**.

If no X input is on the queue, the **XtAddPeekEvent** subroutine flushes the output buffer and blocks until input is available (possibly calling time-out callbacks in the process). If the input is an event, the **XtAddPeekEvent** subroutine fills in the event and returns the value of **True**. Otherwise, the input is for an alternate input source, and the **XtAddPeekEvent** subroutine returns the value of **False**.

Parameters

ApplicationContext Specifies the application context that identifies the application.

EventReturn Returns the event information to the specified event structure.

Return Values

True Indicates that there is an event in the queue.

False Indicates that the input on the queue is for an alternate input

source.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppPending subroutine, XtAppNextEvent subroutine, XPending subroutine, XPeekEvent subroutine, XNextEvent subroutine.

XtAppPending Subroutine

Purpose

Determines whether there are events pending in the input queue for a specified application.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

XtInputMask XtAppPending(ApplicationContext)
XtAppContext ApplicationContext;

Description

The XtAppPending subroutine determines if events for a specified application are pending in the input queue.

Parameter

ApplicationContext

Specifies the application context that identifies the application to

check.

Return Values

Nonzero

Indicates that there are events pending from the X Server, timer pending, or other input sources pending. The value returned is a bit mask OR of the

XtIMXEvent, XtIMTimer, and XtIMAlternate inputs.

0

Indicates that there are no events pending. The **XtAppPending** subroutine flushes the buffer if this is the case.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppNextEvent subroutine, XtAppPeekEvent subroutine, XtAppProcessEvent subroutine, XPending subroutine, XPeekEvent subroutine, XNextEvent subroutine.

XtAppProcessEvent Subroutine

Purpose

Controls the processing for different types of input.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAppProcessEvent(ApplicationContext, Mask)
XtAppContext ApplicationContext;
XtInput Mask;

Description

The XtAppProcessEvent subroutine controls the processing for different types of input. This routine processes one timer, alternate input, or X event.

If there is nothing to process, the **XtAppProcessEvent** subroutine blocks until there is. It processes things in a random order.

The XtAppProcessEvent subroutine processes:

- Timer events by calling the appropriate timer callbacks
- · Alternate input by calling the appropriate input callbacks
- X events by calling the XtDispatchEvent subroutine

This routine usually is not used by client applications.

Parameters

ApplicationContext Specifies the application context that identifies the application to

process.

Mask Specifies the types of events to process. The Mask parameter is

the bitwise-inclusive OR of any combination of the following:

XtIMXEvent

XtIMTimer

XtlMAlternateInput

XtIMAII

Can be used as the bitwise-inclusive

OR of all event types.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppMainLoop subroutine, XtDispatchEvent subroutine.

The XtTimerCallbackProc procedure, XtInputCallbackProc data type.

XtAppSetErrorHandler Subroutine

Purpose

Registers a procedure to call on fatal error conditions.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAppSetErrorHandler(ApplicationContext, Handler) XtAppContext ApplicationContext; XtErrorHandler Handler;

Description

The XtAppSetErrorHandler subroutine registers a procedure to call on fatal error conditions. The default error handler provided by the Intrinsics library is the _XtError subroutine. On UNIX based systems, it prints the message to standard error and ends the application.

Fatal error message handlers should not return. If a fatal error message handler returns, subsequent X Toolkit behavior is not defined.

Parameters

ApplicationContext

Specifies the application context.

Handler

Specifies the new fatal error procedure.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtError subroutine, XtAppSetErrorMsgHandler subroutine, XtErrorMsg subroutine, XtAppErrorMsg subroutine, XtAppError subroutine, XtAppWarningMsg subroutine.

The XtErrorMsgHandler data type, XtErrorHandler data type.

XtAppSetErrorMsgHandler Subroutine

Purpose

Registers a procedure to call on fatal error conditions.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAppSetErrorMsgHandler(ApplicationContext, MessageHandler) XtAppContext ApplicationContext; XtErrorMsgHandler MessageHandler;

Description

The XtAppSetErrorMsgHandler subroutine registers a procedure to call on fatal error conditions. The default error handler provided by the Intrinsics library constructs a string from the error resource database and calls the XtError subroutine.

Fatal error message handlers should not return. If a fatal error message handler returns, subsequent X Toolkit behavior is undefined.

Parameters

ApplicationContext

Specifies the application context.

MessageHandler

Specifies the new fatal error procedure.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtError subroutine, XtAppSetErrorHandler subroutine, XtErrorMsg subroutine, XtAppErrorMsg subroutine, XtAppError subroutine, XtAppWarningMsg subroutine.

The XtErrorMsgHandler data type, XtErrorHandler data type.

XtAppSetSelectionTimeout Subroutine

Purpose

Sets the Intrinsics library selection time-out value.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAppSetSelectionTimeout(ApplicationContext, Timeout)

XtAppContext ApplicationContext;

unsigned long Timeout;

Description

The XtAppSetSelectionTimeout subroutine sets the selection time-out value.

Parameters

ApplicationContext

Specifies the application context.

Timeout

Specifies the selection time-out in milliseconds.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows

Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppGetSelectionTimeout subroutine.

XtAppSetWarningHandler Subroutine

Purpose

Registers a procedure to call on nonfatal error conditions.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAppSetWarningHandler(ApplicationContext, Handler)
XtAppContext ApplicationContext;
XtErrorHandler Handler;

Description

The XtAppSetWarningHandler subroutine registers a procedure to call on nonfatal error conditions. The default warning handler provided by the Intrinsics library is the _XtWarning subroutine. On UNIX based systems, it prints the message to standard error and returns to the caller.

Parameters

ApplicationContext Specifies the application context.

Handler Specifies the new nonfatal error procedure.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppWarning subroutine, XtAppGetErrorDatabase subroutine, XtAppSetErrorMsgHandler subroutine, XtAppError subroutine, XtAppErrorMsg subroutine, XtAppSetWarningMsgHandler subroutine, XtAppWarningMsg subroutine, XtAppSetErrorHandler subroutine.

The XtErrorHandler data type.

XtAppSetWarningMsgHandler Subroutine

Purpose

Registers a procedure to call on nonfatal error conditions.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAppSetWarningMsgHandler(ApplicationContext,

MessageHandler)

XtAppContext ApplicationContext; XtErrorMsgHandler MessageHandler;

Description

The XtAppSetWarningMsgHandler subroutine registers a procedure to call on nonfatal error conditions. The default warning handler provided by the Intrinsics constructs a string from the error resource database; it then calls the XtWarning subroutine and returns to the caller.

Parameters

ApplicationContext

Specifies the application context.

MessageHandler

Specifies the new nonfatal error procedure, which usually

returns.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppWarning subroutine, XtAppGetErrorDatabase subroutine, XtAppSetErrorMsgHandler subroutine, XtAppError subroutine, XtAppErrorMsg subroutine, XtAppSetWarningHandler subroutine, XtAppWarningMsg subroutine, XtAppSetErrorHandler subroutine.

The XtErrorMsgHandler data type.

XtAppWarning Subroutine

Purpose

This is the nonfatal error procedure.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAppWarning(ApplicationContext, Message) XtAppContext ApplicationContext; String Message;

Description

The XtAppWarning subroutine is the installed nonfatal error procedure. Most programs should use the XtAppWarningMsg subroutine, not the XAppWarning subroutine, to customize and internalize warning messages.

Parameters

ApplicationContext

Specifies the application context.

Message

Specifies the nonfatal error message to be reported.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppGetErrorDatabase subroutine, XtAppSetErrorMsgHandler subroutine, XtAppError subroutine, XtAppErrorMsg subroutine, XtAppSetWarningMsgHandler subroutine, XtAppWarningMsg subroutine, XtAppSetErrorHandler subroutine, XtAppSetWarningHandler subroutine.

XtAppWarningMsg Subroutine

Purpose

This is the high-level warning handler.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAppWarningMsg(ApplicationContext, Name,

Type, Class, Default,

Parameters, NumberParameters)

XtAppContext ApplicationContext;

String Name; String Type; String Class; String Default; String *Parameters;

Cardinal *NumberParameters;

Description

The **XtAppWarningMsg** subroutine is the installed high-level warning handler. Use this routine to customize and internalize warning messages.

Parameters

ApplicationContext

Specifies the application context.

Name

Specifies the general kind of error.

Type

Specifies the detailed name of the error.

Class

Specifies the resource class. For all Intrinsics library internal warnings, this parameter is set to the value of **XtToolkitError**.

Default

Specifies a default message to be used if there is no entry in the

error database.

Parameters

Specifies a pointer to a list of values stored in the message.

NumberParameters

Specifies the number of values in the parameter list.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtError subroutine, XtAppSetErrorMsgHandler subroutine, XtErrorMsg subroutine, XtAppError subroutine.

The XtErrorMsgHandler procedure, XtErrorHandler procedure.

XtAugmentTranslations Subroutine

Purpose

Merges new translations into an existing widget translation table.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtAugmentTranslations(WidgetID, Translations)
Widget WidgetID;
XtTranslations Translations;

Description

The **XtAugmentTranslations** subroutine merges new translations into an existing widget translation table. The new translation is ignored if it contains an event or event sequence that is already in the widget translation table.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget into which the new translations are to be merged.

Translations Specifies the compiled translation table in which to merge the new

translations. This parameter cannot be the value of NULL.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtParseTranslationTable subroutine, XtOverrideTranslations subroutine, XtUninstallTranslations subroutine.

The XtTranslations structure.

XtBuildEventMask Subroutine

Purpose

Retrieves the event mask for a specified widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

EventMask XtBuildEventMask(WidgetID) Widget WidgetID;

Description

The **XtBuildEventMask** subroutine retrieves the event mask for a specified widget. This subroutine returns the event mask representing the logical OR of all event masks for event handlers registered on the widget with the **XtAddEventHandler** subroutine. All event translations, including accelerators, installed on the widget are returned also.

This event mask is the same as the one stored into the **XSetWindowAttributes** structure by the **XtRealizeWidget** subroutine and sent to the server when event handlers and translations are installed or removed on the realized widget.

Parameter

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtEventHandler data type.

The XtAddEventHandler subroutine, XtRemoveEventHandler subroutine, XtAddRawEventHandler subroutine, XtRemoveRawEventHandler subroutine, XtRealizeWidget subroutine.

The XSetWindowAttributes structure.

The XtAllEvents event mask.

XtCallAcceptFocus Subroutine

Purpose

Calls the accept_focus procedure of a specified widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Boolean XtCallAcceptFocus(WidgetID, TimeStamp)

Widget WidgetID;
Time *TimeStamp;

Description

The **XtCallAcceptFocus** subroutine calls the procedure specified in the *accept_focus* field of a widget. This subroutine passes the specified widget and time to the procedure and returns (to the user) the information the procedure returns.

Parameters

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

TimeStamp

Specifies the X time of the event causing the accept_focus procedure.

Return Value

False

If the accept_focus field for the specified widget is the value of **NULL**. Otherwise, this subroutine returns what the **accept_focus** procedure

returns.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtSetKeyboardFocus subroutine.

The XtAcceptFocusProc type.

XtCallCallbacks Subroutine

Purpose

Executes the callback procedures in a specified widget callback list.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtCallCallbacks(WidgetID, CallbackName, CallData)

Widget WidgetID; String CallbackName; caddr_t CallData;

Description

The XtCallCallbacks subroutine runs the callback procedure in a widget callback list.

Parameters

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

CallbackName

Specifies the callback list to be ran.

CallData

Specifies the **callback_list** specific data value for the specified callback procedures. This parameter has the value of the actual data if only one 32-bit long word is needed or the value of the address of the data if more than one word is needed. If no data is required, this

parameter is the value of NULL.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtCallbackList data type, XtCallbackProc type, XtCallbackRec type.

The XtAddCallback subroutine, XtAddCallbacks subroutine, XtHasCallbacks subroutine, XtRemoveCallback subroutine, XtRemoveCallbacks subroutine, XtRemoveAllCallbacks subroutine.

XtCallbackExclusive Subroutine

Purpose

Maps a pop-up widget from a specified widget callback list.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtCallbackExclusive(WidgetID, ClientData, CallData)
Widget WidgetID;
caddr_t ClientData;
caddr_t CallData;

Description

The XtCallbackExclusive subroutine maps a pop-up widget from a specified widget callback list in the following manner:

- 1. Calls the XtPopup subroutine with the shell specified by the *ClientData* parameter and the *grab_kind* field of the shell set to the **XtGrabExclusive** value.
- 2. Sets the widget to be insensitive by calling the XtSetSensitive subroutine.

The XtCallbackExclusive subroutine is not required in callbacks. In particular, an application must provide customized code for callbacks that create pop-up shells dynamically or callbacks that must do more than desensitize the button.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget running the callback.

ClientData Specifies the shell to be popped up.

CallData Specifies the callback data. This parameter is not used by this subroutine.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtCallbackNone subroutine, XtCallbackNonexclusive subroutine, XtCallbackPopdown subroutine, XtPopup subroutine.

XtCallbackNone Subroutine

Purpose

Maps a pop-up widget menu from a specified widget callback list.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtCallbackNone(WidgetID, ClientData, CallData) Widget WidgetID; caddr_t ClientData; caddr_t CallData;

Description

The **XtCallbackNone** subroutine maps a pop-up widget menu from a specified widget callback list in the following manner:

- 1. Calls the **XtPopup** subroutine with the shell specified by the *ClientData* parameter and the *grab_kind* field of the shell set to the **XtGrabNone** value.
- 2. Sets the widget to be insensitive by calling the XtSetSensitive subroutine.

The XtCallbackNone subroutine is not required in callbacks. In particular, an application must provide customized code for callbacks that create pop-up shells dynamically or callbacks that must do more than desensitize the button.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget running the callback.

ClientData Specifies the shell to be popped up.

CallData Specifies the callback data. This parameter is not used by this subroutine.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtCallbackExclusive subroutine, XtCallbackNonexclusive subroutine, XtCallbackPopdown subroutine, XtPopup subroutine.

XtCallbackNonexclusive Subroutine

Purpose

Maps a pop-up widget menu from a specified widget callback list.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtCallbackNonexclusive(WidgetID, ClientData, CallData) Widget WidgetID; caddr_t ClientData; caddr_t CallData;

Description

The XtCallbackNonexclusive subroutine maps a pop-up widget from a specified widget callback list in the following manner:

- 1. Calls the **XtPopup** subroutine with the shell specified by the *ClientData* parameter and the *grab_kind* field of the shell set to the **XtGrabNonexclusive** value.
- 2. Sets the widget to be insensitive by calling the XtSetSensitive subroutine.

The XtCallbackNonexclusive subroutine is not required in callbacks. In particular, an application must provide customized code for callbacks that create pop-up shells dynamically or callbacks that must do more than desensitize the button.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget running the callback.

ClientData Specifies the shell to be popped up.

CallData Specifies the callback data. This parameter is not used by this

subroutine.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtCallbackNone subroutine, XtCallbackExclusive subroutine, XtCallbackPopdown subroutine, XtPopup subroutine.

XtCallbackPopdown Subroutine

Purpose

Pops down a shell that has been popped up with the **XtCallbackNone**, the **XtCallbackNonexclusive**, or the **XtCallbackExclusive** subroutine.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtCallbackPopdown(WidgetID, ClientData, CallData) Widget WidgetID; caddr_t ClientData; caddr_t CallData;

Description

The XtCallbackPopdown subroutine pops down a shell mapped by the XtCallbackNone, XtCallbackNonexclusive, or XtCallbackExclusive subroutine. The XtCallbackPopdown subroutine casts the *ClientData* parameter to an XtPopdownID pointer. It calls the XtPopdown subroutine with the specified shell widget in the PopdownID data structure; then it calls the XtSetSensitive subroutine to resensitize the enable widget of the XtPopdownID data structure.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget.

ClientData Specifies a pointer to the **XtPopdownID** data structure.

CallData Specifies the callback data. This parameter is not used by this subroutine.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtPopdown subroutine, XtSetSensitive subroutine, XtCallbackNone subroutine, XtCallbackNonexclusive subroutine, XtCallbackExclusive subroutine.

The XtPopdownID data structure.

XtCalloc Subroutine

Purpose

Allocates and initializes an array.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

char *XtCalloc(Number, Size) Cardinal Number; Cardinal Size;

Description

The XtCalloc subroutine allocates and initializes an array. It allocates space for the specified number of array elements of the specified size and initializes the space to a value of 0. If there is insufficient memory to allocate the new block, the XtCalloc subroutine calls the XtErrorMsg subroutine.

Parameters

Number

Specifies the number of array elements to allocate.

Size

Specifies the size of an array element in bytes.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtNumber macro.

The XtMalloc subroutine, XtRealloc subroutine, XtFree subroutine.

XtCheckSubclass Macro

Purpose

Checks the subclass of a widget and generates a debugging error message.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtCheckSubclass(WidgetID, WidgetClass, Message) Widget WidgetID; WidgetClass WidgetClass; String Message

Description

The **XtCheckSubclass** macro checks the subclass of a widget and generates a debugging error message. This subroutine determines if the class of the specified widget is equal to or a subclass of the value in the *WidgetClass* parameter. The widget can be any number of subclasses down the chain. Use the **XtCheckSubclass** subroutine at the entry point of the exported subroutines to ensure that a valid widget class for the exported operations is passed.

The XtCheckSubclass macro is executed only when the widget has been compiled with the DEBUG compiler symbol defined. Otherwise, the XtCheckSubclass macro is defined as an empty string and does not generate code.

If the widget is not a subclass of the value in the *WidgetClass* parameter, the **XtCheckSubclass** macro constructs an error message from the supplied message, the actual class of the widget, and the expected class of the widget; then it calls the **XtErrorMsg** subroutine.

Parameters

WidgetID

Specifies the widget to test.

WidgetClass

Specifies the widget class to test against.

Message

Specifies the error message to be used.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtClass subroutine, XtSuperclass subroutine, XtIsSubclass subroutine.

XtClass Macro

Purpose

Obtains the class of a widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

WidgetClass XtClass(WidgetID)

Widget WidgetID;

Description

The XtClass macro obtains the class of a widget and returns a pointer to the widget class structure.

Parameter

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtSuperclass macro, XtCheckSubclass macro.

XtlsSubclass subroutine.

The WidgetClass structure.

XtCloseDisplay Subroutine

Purpose

Closes a specified display and removes it from an application context.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtCloseDisplay(DisplayPtr)
Display *DisplayPtr;

Description

The XtCloseDisplay subroutine closes a specified display and removes it from an application context as soon as it is possible to do so. Use the XtCloseDisplay subroutine only when an application will be executing after the display is closed. Otherwise, use the XtDestroyApplicationContext subroutine or exit appropriately.

Parameter

DisplayPtr Specifies the display.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtOpenDisplay subroutine, XtDisplayInitialize subroutine, XtCreateApplicationContext subroutine.

XtConfigureWidget Subroutine

Purpose

Moves and resizes the sibling widget of the child making the geometry request.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtConfigureWidget(WidgetID, X, Y,

Height, Width, BorderWidth)

Widget WidgetID;
Position X;
Position Y;
Dimension Width;
Dimension Height;

Dimension Height; Dimension BorderWidth;

Description

The XtConfigureWidget subroutine moves and resizes the sibling widget of the child making the geometry request. It returns immediately if the specified geometry fields are the same value as the old geometry fields. Otherwise, the XtConfigureWidget subroutine writes the new X, Y, Width, Height, and BorderWidth parameters into the widget.

If the widget is realized, the **XtConfigureWidget** subroutine calls the **XConfigureWindow** subroutine on the window of the widget.

If the new value for either the *Width* or the *Height* parameter is different from the previous values, the **XtConfigureWidget** subroutine calls the resize procedure of the widget to notify the widget of the size change.

Parameters

Height Specifies the new height for the widget.

WidgetID Specifies the widget.

X Specifies the new x coordinate for the widget.

Width Specifies the new width for the widget.

BorderWidth Specifies the new widget size.

Y Specifies the new y coordinate for the widget.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtMoveWidget subroutine, XtResizeWidget subroutine, XtQueryGeometry subroutine, XConfigureWindow subroutine.

XtConvert Subroutine

Purpose

Calls resource converters.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtConvert(*WidgetID*, *FromType*, *From*, *ToType*, *ToReturn*)

Widget WidgetID; String FromType; XrmValuePtr From; String ToType; YrmValuePtr ToPetr

XrmValuePtr ToReturn;

Description

The XtConvert subroutine invokes resource converters. Conversion subroutines are used if a resource or a widget default value in an application are different than what the user requires. The XtConvert subroutine looks up the type converter registered to convert FromType to ToType and computes any additional arguments needed; then it calls the XtDirectConvert subroutine.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget to use for additional arguments.

FromType Specifies the source type.

From Specifies the value to be converted.

ToType Specifies the destination type.

ToReturn Returns the converted value.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtGetSubresources subroutine, XtGetApplicationResources subroutine, XtDirectConvert subroutine.

XtConvertCase Subroutine

Purpose

Determines the uppercase and lowercase equivalents for a key symbol.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtConvertCase(DisplayPtr, KeySym, LowerReturn,

UpperReturn)

Display *DisplayPtr; KeySym KeySym; KeySym *LowerReturn; KeySym *UpperReturn;

Description

The **XtConvertCase** subroutine determines the uppercase and lowercase equivalents for a key symbol. It calls the appropriate converter and returns the results. This subroutine can be used with a user-supplied **XtKeyProc** procedure.

Parameters

DisplayPtr

Specifies the display that provided the key symbol.

KeySymbol

Specifies the key symbol to convert.

LowerReturn

Returns the lowercase equivalent of the key symbol.

UpperReturn

Returns the uppercase equivalent of the key symbol.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtKeyProc procedure, XtCaseProc procedure.

The XtRegisterCaseConverter subroutine, XtTranslateKeycode subroutine, XtSetKeyTranslator subroutine.

The KeySym structure.

The XtCaseProc data type.

XtCreateApplicationContext Subroutine

Purpose

Creates an application context.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

XtAppContext XtCreateApplicationContext();

Description

The XtCreateApplicationContext subroutine creates an application context which is an opaque type. Each application must have at least one application context.

Return Value

ApplicationContext

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtDestroyApplicationContext subroutine, XtWidgetToApplicationContext subroutine, XtToolkitInitialize subroutine, XtDisplayInitialize subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine.

XtCreateApplicationShell Subroutine

Purpose

Creates an application shell widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Widget XtCreateApplicationShell(Name, Class, Arguments, NumberArguments)

String Name; WidgetClass Class; ArgList Arguments; Cardinal NumberArguments;

Description

The XtCreateApplicationShell subroutine creates an application shell widget by calling the XtAppCreateShell subroutine with the following:

- An ApplicationName parameter that is the value of NULL.
- The ApplicationClass parameter passed to the XtInitialize subroutine
- The default application context created by the XtInitialize subroutine.

Note: The XtCreateApplicationShell subroutine exists only as a convenience to users converting from earlier versions of the toolkit. It has been replaced by the XtAppCreateShell subroutine.

Parameters

Name This parameter is ignored. The value of NULL can be specified.

Class Specifies the widget class pointer for the application shell widget.

Usually the value for this parameter is the

topLevelShellWidgetClass class or a subclass thereof.

Arguments Specifies the argument list to override the resource defaults.

NumberArguments Specifies the number of arguments.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtInitialize subroutine, XtAppCreateShell subroutine.

XtCreateManagedWidget Subroutine

Purpose

Creates and manages a child widget in a single procedure.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Widget XtCreateManagedWidget(Name, Class,

Parent, Arguments, NumberArguments)

String Name; WidgetClass Class; Widget Parent; ArgList Arguments;

Cardinal NumberArguments;

Description

The XtCreateManagedWidget subroutine creates and manages a child widget in a single procedure. It calls the XtCreateWidget and XtManageChild subroutines.

Parameters

Name Specifies the text name for the created widget.

Class Specifies the widget class pointer for the created widget.

Parent Specifies the parent widget.

Arguments Specifies the argument list to override the resource defaults.

NumberArguments Specifies the number of arguments in the argument list.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtManageChild subroutine, XtUnmanageChildren subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

The XtlsManaged macro.

The XtManageChildren procedure.

XtCreatePopupShell Subroutine

Purpose

Creates a pop-up shell.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Widget XtCreatePopupShell(Name, Class, Parent,

Arguments, NumberArguments)

String Name; WidgetClass Class; Widget Parent; ArgList Arguments;

Cardinal NumberArguments;

Description

The XtCreatePopupShell subroutine creates a pop-up shell. It ensures that the specified class is a subclass of the Shell widget. The XtCreatePopupShell subroutine attaches the shell directly to the pop-up list of the parent shells instead of attaching the widget to the children list of the parent.

A spring-loaded pop-up shell called from a translation table must exist at the time that the translation is invoked in order for the translation manager can find the shell by name.

Parameters

Name Specifies the text name for the created shell widget.

Class Specifies the widget class pointer for the created shell widget.

Parent Specifies the parent widget.

Arguments Specifies the argument list to override the resource defaults.

NumberArguments Specifies the number of arguments in the argument list.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppCreateShell subroutine, XtPopup subroutine.

XtCreateWidget Subroutine

Purpose

Creates an instance of a widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Widget XtCreateWidget(Name, Class, Parent,
Arguments, NumberArguments)

String Name; WidgetClass Class; Widget Parent; ArgList Arguments; Cardinal NumberArguments;

Description

The XtCreateWidget subroutine creates an instance of a widget.

The XtCreateWidget subroutine performs many of the boilerplate operations of creating a widget, such as the following:

- Checks if the class_initialize procedure has been called for this class and for all superclasses. If not, it calls those necessary in a superclass-to-subclass order.
- Allocates memory for the widget instance.
- If the parent widget is a subclass of the constraintWidgetClass, allocates memory for the constraints of the parent widget and stores the address of this memory into the constraints field.
- Initializes the core non-resource data fields, such as the parent field and the visible field.
- Initializes the resource fields, such as the background_pixel field, by using the resource lists specified for this class and all superclasses.
- If the parent widget is a subclass of the constraintWidgetClass, initializes the resource fields of the constraints record by using the constraint resource list specified for the class of the parent and all superclasses up to the constraintWidgetClass.
- Calls the initialize procedures for the widget, starting at the core initialize procedure and moving down to the widget initialize procedure.
- If the parent widget is a subclass of the **compositeWidgetClass**, it puts the widget into the children list of its parent by calling the **InsertChild** procedure.
- If the parent widget is a subclass of the constraintWidgetClass, it calls the constraint
 initialize procedures for each widget class, starting with the constraintWidgetClass and
 moving down to the parent widget's constraint_initialize procedure.

The number of arguments in an argument list can be computed automatically with the XtNumber macro.

XtCreateWidget

Parameters

Name Specifies the resource name for the created widget. This name is

used for retrieving resources. This name should not be the same as the name for another widget that is a child of the same parent

widget.

Class Specifies the widget class pointer for the created widget.

Parent Specifies the parent widget.

Arguments Specifies the argument list to override the resource defaults.

NumberArguments Specifies the number of arguments in the argument list.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtCreateManagedWidget subroutine.

XtCreateWindow Subroutine

Purpose

Creates a window with values from the widget structure and the passed parameters.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtCreateWindow(WidgetID, WindowClass, VisualPtr, ValueMask, Attributes)

Widget WidgetID; unsigned int WindowClass; Visual *VisualPtr; XtValueMask ValueMask:

XSetWindowAttributes * Attributes;

Description

The XtCreateWindow subroutine calls the XCreateWindow subroutine with the values from the widget structure and parameters passed to XtCreateWindow subroutine. It then assigns the created window into the window field of the widget.

This subroutine evaluates the following fields of the core widget structure: depth, screen, parent -> core.window, x, y, width, height, border_width.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget used to create the window.

WindowClass Specifies the XIib library window class. The WindowClass parameter

can be the following:

CopyFromParent

InputOnly

InputOutput

VisualPtr

Specifies the visual type, which is usually the **CopyFromParent** value.

ValueMask

Specifies which attribute fields to use.

Attributes

Specifies the window attributes for the XCreateWindow call.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XCreateWindow subroutine.

XtDatabase Subroutine

Purpose

Obtains the resource database for a particular display.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

XrmDatabase XtDatabase(DisplayPtr)
Display *DisplayPtr;

Description

The XtDatabase subroutine obtains the resource database for a particular display. This subroutine returns the fully merged resource database that was built by the XtDisplayInitialize subroutine associated with the display that was passed in. If this display has not been initialized by the XtDisplayInitialize subroutine, the results are not defined.

Parameter

DisplayPtr Specifies the display.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtDisplayInitialize subroutine.

XtDestroyApplicationContext Subroutine

Purpose

Destroys an application context.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtDestroyApplicationContext(ApplicationContext) XtAppContext ApplicationContext;

Description

The XtDestroyApplicationContext subroutine destroys an application context as soon as it is safe to do so. If this subroutine is called from within an event dispatch, such as a callback procedure, it does not destroy the application context until the dispatch is completed.

Parameter

ApplicationContext

Specifies the application context.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtCreateApplicationContext subroutine, XtWidgetToApplicationContext subroutine, XtDisplayInitialize subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine.

XtDestroyGC Subroutine

Purpose

Deallocates a graphics context.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtDestroyGC(WidgetID, GraphicsContext)

Widget WidgetID; GC GraphicsContext;

Description

The XtDestroyGC subroutine deallocates a shared graphics context when it is no longer needed. It counts references to shareable graphics contexts and generates a free request to the server when the last user of a specified graphics context destroys it.

Note: Earlier versions of the X Toolkit did not require a widget argument for the XtDestroyGC subroutine. Therefore, this subroutine is not very portable; use the XtReleaseGC subroutine instead.

Parameters

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

GraphicsContext

Specifies the graphics context to be deallocated.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtReleaseGC subroutine.

XtDestroyWidget Subroutine

Purpose

Destroys a widget instance.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtDestroyWidget(WidgetID)
Widget WidgetID;

Description

The XtDestroyWidget subroutine destroys a widget instance. This is the only method for destroying widgets, including widgets that need to destroy themselves. It is used at any time, even from an application callback procedure of the widget being destroyed. The destroy process consists of two phases to avoid dangling references to destroyed widgets.

In Phase 1, the XtDestroyWidget subroutine performs the following tasks:

- Returns immediately, if the being_destroyed field of the widget is set to the value of True.
- Recursively descends the widget tree and sets the being_destroyed field to the value of True for the widget and all children.
- Adds the widget to a list of widgets (the destroy list) that should be destroyed when it is safe to do so.

Entries on the destroy list satisfy the invariant that if widget2 occurs after widget1 on the destroy list then widget2 is not a descendant of widget1. (The term descendant in this case refers to both normal and pop-up children.)

Phase 2 occurs when all procedures that should run as a result of the current event have been called, including all procedures registered with the event and translation managers. Phase 2 starts immediately when not in the **XtDispatchEvent** subroutine or when the current invocation of the **XtDispatchEvent** subroutine is about to return.

In phase 2, the **XtDestroyWidget** subroutine performs the following actions on each entry in the destroy list:

- Calls the destroy callbacks registered on the widget and all descendants in post-order, calling children callbacks before parent callbacks.
- If the parent widget is a subclass of the compositeWidgetClass and is not being destroyed, it calls the XtUnmanageChild subroutine on the widget, then calls the delete_child procedure of the widget parent.
- If the parent of the widget is a subclass of **constraintWidgetClass**, it calls the constraint destroy procedure for the parent widget, then for the superclass of the parent upward, until the constraint destroy procedure for the **constraintWidgetClass** has been called.
- Calls the destroy class procedures for the widget and all descendants in post-order. For
 each such widget, it calls the destroy procedure declared in the widget class, then the
 destroy procedure declared in its superclass upward, until the destroy procedure declared
 in the Core class record has been called.

XtDestroyWidget

- Calls the XDestroyWindow subroutine if the widget is realized (it has a window). The server recursively destroys all descendant windows.
- Recursively descends the tree and deallocates all pop-up widgets, constraint records, callback lists, and, if the widget is a subclass of the compositeWidgetClass, all children widgets.

Parameter

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XDestroyWindow subroutine.

XtDirectConvert Subroutine

Purpose

Invokes resource converters.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtDirectConvert(Converter, Arguments, NumberArguments, From, ToReturn)

XtConverter Converter; XrmValuePtr Arguments; Cardinal NumberArguments; XrmValuePtr From; XrmValuePtr ToReturn;

Description

The **XtDirectConvert** subroutine invokes resource converters. It looks in the converter cache to see if this conversion procedure has been called with the specified arguments. If this conversion procedure has been called, it returns a descriptor for information stored in the cache.

Before calling the specified converter, the **XtDirectConvert** subroutine sets the return value to 0 and the return value address to the value of **NULL**. Then it calls the converter and enters the results in the cache.

If the address in the *ToReturn* parameter contains a value other than the value of **NULL**, it indicates that the conversion was successful.

The XtDirectConvert subroutine is usually called after the XtConvert subroutine.

Parameters

Converter Specifies the conversion procedure to be called.

Arguments Specifies the argument list for the conversion. This parameter

can be the value of NULL.

NumberArguments Specifies the number of additional arguments. This parameter

can be the value of 0.

From Specifies the value to be converted.

ToReturn Returns the converted value.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppAddConverter subroutine.

The XtConverter data type.

XtDisownSelection Subroutine

Purpose

Informs the selection mechanism that the specified widget is to lose ownership of the selection.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtDisownSelection(WidgetID, Selection, TimeStamp)

Widget WidgetID; Atom Selection; Time TimeStamp;

Description

The XtDisownSelection subroutine informs the Intrinsics selection mechanism that the specified widget is to lose ownership of the selection.

After the XtDisownSelection subroutine is called, the widget convert procedure (the XtConvertSelectionProc type) cannot be called. However, the widget done procedure (the XtSelectionDoneProc type) can be called if a conversion procedure which started before the call to the XtDisownSelection subroutine finishes after the call to this subroutine.

The XtDisownSelection subroutine takes no action if the specified widget does not currently own the selection.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget that will lose ownership.

Selection Specifies the atom that identifies the selection to be lost.

TimeStamp Specifies the time stamp that indicates when the selection ownership is

relinquished.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtOwnSelection subroutine, XtDisownSelection subroutine.

The XtConvertSelectionProc data type, XtSelectionDoneProc data type.

XtDispatchEvent Subroutine

Purpose

Dispatches events through event handlers.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Boolean XtDispatchEvent(Event)

XEvent * Event;

Description

The XtDispatchEvent subroutine receives X events. Then it calls the appropriate event handlers and passes the widget, the event, and client-specific data registered with each procedure. It sends those events to the event handler subroutines that have been registered previously with the dispatch routine.

The XtDispatchEvent subroutine dispatches both events acquired with the XtAppNextEvent subroutine and those constructed by the user.

If there are no event handlers for the registered events, the event is ignored and the dispatcher returns the value of **False**.

The XtDispatchEvent subroutine also implements the grab semantics for the XtAddGrab subroutine.

Parameter

Event

Specifies a pointer to the event structure to be dispatched to the appropriate

event handler.

Return Values

True

Indicates that the event was dispatched to an event handler.

False

Indicates that no event handler was found for the event.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAddEventHandler subroutine, XtAppProcessEvent subroutine, XtNextEvent subroutine.

The XEvent data structure.

XtDisplay Macro

Purpose

Returns the display pointer for the specified widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Display *XtDisplay(WidgetID)

Widget WidgetID;

Description

The XtDisplay macro returns the display pointer for the specified widget.

Parameter

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XtDisplayInitialize Subroutine

Purpose

Initializes a display and adds it to an application context.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Description

The **XtDisplayInitialize** subroutine initializes a display and adds it to an application context. It builds the resource database, calls the **XrmParseCommand** subroutine to parse the command line, and performs other individual display initialization.

After the XrmParseCommand subroutine has been called, the *argc* parameter and the *argv* parameter contain only those parameters that were not in the standard option table or in the table specified by the *Options* parameter.

If the modified *argc* parameter does not have the **0** value, most applications print out the modified *argv* parameter and a message listing the options allowed. The application name is typically the final component of the *argv*[0] parameter.

The XtDisplayInitialize subroutine has a table of standard command line options that is passed to the XrmParseCommand subroutine for adding resources to the resource database. The XtDisplayInitialize subroutine also takes additional application-specific resource abbreviations in the *Options* parameter. The format of this table is as follows:

```
typedef enum {
                             /* Value specified in
  XrmoptionNoArg,
                              OptionDescRec.value */
  XrmoptionIsArg,
                             /* Value is the option string */
                            /* Value is characters following
  XrmoptionStickyArg,
                              option */
  XrmoptionSepArg,
                             /* Value is next argument in the argv
                              parameter */
  XrmoptionSkipArg,
                             /* Ignore this option and the next
                              argument in the argv parameter */
  XrmoptionSkipLine
                           /* Ignore this option and the rest of
                              the argv parameter */
} XrmOptionKind;
```

XtDisplayInitialize

} XrmOptionDescRec, *XrmOptionDescList;

The standard XtDisplayInitialize command line options are as following:

Option String	Resource	Argument	Resource Value
-background	background	SepArg	next argument
-bd	borderColor	SepArg	next argument
-bg	background	SepArg	next argument
-borderwidth	borderWidth	SepArg	next argument
-bordercolor	borderColor	SepArg	next argument
-bw	borderWidth	SepArg	next argument
-display	display	SepArg	next argument
-fg	foreground	SepArg	next argument
-fn	font	SepArg	next argument
-font	font	SepArg	next argument
-foreground	foreground	SepArg	next argument
-geometry	geometry	SepArg	next argument
-iconic	iconic	NoArg	true
-name	name	SepArg	next argument
-reverse	reverseVideo	NoArg	on
-rv	reverseVideo	NoArg	on
+rv	reverseVideo	NoArg	off
-selectionTimeout	selectionTimeout	SepArg	next argument
-synchronous	synchronize	NoArg	on
+synchronous	synchronize	NoArg	off
-title	title	SepArg	next argument
-xrm	next argument	ResArg	next argument

Notes:

- 1. Any unique abbreviation for an option name in the standard table or in the application table is accepted.
- 2. If the XtOpenDisplay subroutine is called before the XtDisplayInitialize subroutine, any -display or -name parameter specified with the XtOpenDisplay subroutine overrides the same parameters specified for the XtDisplayInitialize subroutine.
- If the reverseVideo resource is the value of True, the Intrinsics library exchanges the
 values of XtDefaultForeground and XtDefaultBackground for widgets created on this
 display.
- 4. If the synchronize resource for the specified application is the value of **True**, the **XtDisplayInitialize** subroutine calls the **XSynchronize** subroutine to put the **Xlib** lilbrary into synchronous mode for this display connection.
- 5. The -xrm option provides a method of setting any resource in an application. The next argument should be a quoted string identical in format to a line in the user resources file.

XtDisplayInitialize

For example, to give a red background to all command buttons in an application named **xmh**, enter the following:

xmh -xrm 'xmh*Command.background: red'

- 6. When the **XtDisplayInitialize** subroutine fully parses the command line, it merges the application option table with the standard option table before calling the **XrmParseCommand** subroutine.
- 7. If an entry in the application table is the same as an entry in the standard table, it overrides the standard table entry. If an option name is a prefix of another option name, both names are kept in the merged table.

Parameters

ApplicationContext Specifies the application context.

DisplayID Specifies the display. Each display can be in one application

context only.

ApplicationName Specifies the name of the application instance.

ApplicationClass Specifies the class name of this application, which is usually the

generic name for all instances of this application.

Options Specifies how to parse the command line for any

application-specific resources. The Options parameter is passed

as a parameter to the XrmParseCommand subroutine.

NumberOptions Specifies the number of entries in the options list.

argc Specifies a pointer to the number of command line parameters.

argv Specifies the command line parameters.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtToolkitInitialize subroutine, XtCreateApplicationContext subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine, XtAppCreateShell subroutine, XrmParseCommand subroutine.

XtError Subroutine

Purpose

Calls the installed fatal error procedure.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtError(Message)
String Message;

Description

The XtError subroutine calls the installed fatal error procedure. To customize and internalize error messages, use the XtErrorMsg subroutine.

Note: The XtError subroutine only exists as a convenience to users converting from earlier versions of the toolkit. Most programs should use the XtErrorMsg subroutine instead.

Parameter

Message

Specifies the error message to be reported.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtGetErrorDatabase subroutine, XtGetErrorDatabaseText subroutine, XtSetErrorMsgHandler subroutine, XtErrorMsg subroutine.

XtErrorMsg Subroutine

Purpose

Displays an error message.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtErrorMsg(Name, Type, Class, Default,

Parameters, NumberParameters)

String Name; String Type; String Class; String Default; String *Parameters;

Cardinal *NumberParameters;

Description

The XtErrorMsg subroutine displays an error message. This subroutine is the high-level error handler. The *Class* parameter for all the Intrinsics internal errors have the XtToolkitError value.

Parameters

Name

Specifies the general kind of error.

Type

Specifies the detailed name of the error.

Class

Specifies the resource class.

Default

Specifies a default message if an error database entry is not

found.

Parameters

Specifies a pointer to a list of values to be stored in the message.

NumberParameters

Specifies the number of values in the parameter list.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtError subroutine.

XtFree Subroutine

Purpose

Frees an allocated block of storage.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtFree(Pointer)
char *Pointer,

Description

The XtFree subroutine frees an allocated block of storage. This subroutine returns the storage and allows it to be reused. The XtFree subroutine returns immediately if the *Pointer* parameter is the value of Null.

Parameter

Pointer

Specifies a pointer to the block of storage to be freed.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtCalloc subroutine, XtMalloc subroutine, XtRealloc subroutine.

XtGetApplicationResources Subroutine

Purpose

Retrieves the resources specific to the application.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtGetApplicationResources(WidgetID, Base, Resources, NumberResources, Arguments, NumberArguments)

Widget WidgetID; caddr_t Base; XtResourceList Resources; Cardinal NumberResources; ArgList Arguments; Cardinal NumberArguments;

Description

The XtGetApplicationResources subroutine retrieves resources specific to an application. The XtGetApplicationResources subroutine does the following:

- 1. Constructs a resource name and class list with the specified widget, which is usually an application shell.
- 2. Retrieves the resources from the argument list, the resource database, or the resource list default values.
- 3. Adds the value of the *Base* parameter to each address and copies the resources into the *Resources* resource list.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget that identifies the resource database to search.

(This is the database associated with the display for this widget.)

Base Specifies the base address of the subpart data structure where the

resources should be written.

Resources Specifies the resource list for the subpart.

NumberResources Specifies the number of resources in the resource list.

Arguments Specifies the argument list to override resources obtained from the

resource database.

NumberArguments Specifies the number of arguments in the argument list.

Note:

If the Arguments parameter is the value of NULL, the

NumberArguments parameter must have the value of **0**. However, it the NumberArguments parameter has the value of **0**, the Arguments

parameter is not referenced.

XtGetApplicationResources

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XtGetErrorDatabase Subroutine

Purpose

Obtains the error database.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

XrmDatabase *XtGetErrorDatabase()

Description

The **XtGetErrorDatabase** subroutine obtains the error database and returns the address of the error database.

The Intrinsics library does a lazy binding of the error database and does not merge in the database file until the first call to the **XtGetErrorDatabaseText** subroutine.

Note: The XtGetErrorDatabase exists as a convenience to users converting from earlier versions of the toolkit.

Return Value

A pointer to the database of the XrmDatabse * type.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppGetErrorDatabase subroutine, XtAppGetErrorDatabaseText subroutine, XtGetErrorDatabaseText subroutine.

XtGetErrorDatabaseText Subroutine

Purpose

Obtains the error database text for an error or warning.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtGetErrorDatabaseText(Name, Type,

Class, Default, BufferReturn, NumberBytes)

char* Name, *Type, *Class;

char* Default;
char* BufferReturn;
int* NumberBytes;

Description

The XtGetErrorDatabaseText subroutine obtains the error database text for an error or warning. It returns the appropriate message or a default message (if no appropriate message was found) from the error database.

Note: The XtGetErrorDatabaseText subroutine exists as a convenience to users converting from earlier versions of the toolkit.

Parameters

Name Specifies the name that is concatenated to form the resource name of the

error message.

Type Specifies the type that is concatenated to form the resource name of the

error message.

Class Specifies the resource class of the error message.

Default Specifies the default message if an entry in the error database is not

found.

BufferReturn Specifies the buffer into which the error message is to be returned.

NumberBytes Specifies the size of the buffer in bytes.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppGetErrorDatabase subroutine.

XtGetGC Subroutine

Purpose

Returns a read-only shareable graphics context.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

GC XtGetGC(WidgetID, ValueMask, Values) Widget WidgetID; XtGCMask ValueMask; XGCValues * Values;

Description

The XtGetGC subroutine returns a read-only shareable graphics context (GC). The parameters for this subroutine are the same as those for the XCreateGC subroutine except that a widget is passed instead of a display. It shares only the graphics contexts, where all values in the GC returned by the XCreateGC subroutine are the same. The XtGetGC subroutine uses the ValueMask parameter only to inform the server which fields should be filled in with widget data and which fields should be filled in with default values.

The Intrinsics library provides a mechanism which allows cooperating clients to share a **GC**, thereby reducing the number of **GC**'s created and the total number of server calls in any biven application. The mechanism is a simple caching scheme, and all **GC**'s obtained by means of this mechanism must be treated as read-only.

Parameters

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

ValueMask

Specifies the value fields.

Values

Specifies the actual values for this graphics context.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtReleaseGC subroutine, XCreateGC subroutine.

The XGCValues structure.

XtGetResourceList Subroutine

Purpose

Obtains the resource list structure for a particular class.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtGetResourceList(Class, ResourcesReturn, NumberResourcesReturn)

WidgetClass Class;

XtResourceList *ResourcesReturn; Cardinal *NumberResourcesReturn;

Description

The XtGetResourceList subroutine obtains the resource list structure for a particular class.

The resource list specified in the widget class record is returned if the **XtGetResourceList** subroutine is called before the widget class is initialized. Otherwise, a merged resource list containing the resources for all superclasses is returned.

Parameters

Class Specifies the widget class pointer for the created shell

widget.

Resources Return Specifies a pointer to the storage place for the resource

list returned. The XtFree subroutine must be called to

free this storage.

NumberResourcesReturn Specifies a pointer to the storage place for the number of

entries in the resource list.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtSetValues subroutine, XtGetValues subroutine.

The XtResource structure.

XtGetSelectionTimeout Subroutine

Purpose

Obtains the current selection time-out value.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

unsigned long XtGetSelectionTimeout()

Description

The XtGetSelectionTimeout subroutine obtains the current selection time-out value. The selection time-out is the time during which two communicating applications must respond to each other. If one application does not respond within this time, the Intrinsics ends execution of the selection request.

Use the XtSetSelectionTimeout subroutine to specify the selection time-out value. If a selection time-out value is not set, it defaults to 5 seconds.

Note: The XtGetSelectionTimeout subroutine exists as a convenience to users converting from earlier version of the toolkit.

Return Value

The time-out value.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtSetSelectionTimeout subroutine.

XtGetSelectionValue Subroutine

Purpose

Obtains the selection value in a single logical unit.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtGetSelectionValue(WidgetID, Selection,
Target, Callback,
ClientData, TimeStamp)

Widget WidgetID; Atom Selection; Atom Target;

XtSelectionCallbackProc Callback;

caddr_t ClientData; Time TimeStamp;

Description

The XtGetSelectionValue subroutine obtains the selection value in a single logical unit. This subroutine requests the value of the selection that has been converted to the target type.

The callback procedure communicates the selection values to the client. It can be called before or after the XtGetSelectionValue subroutine returns.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget making the request.

Selection Specifies the selection desired, for example, primary or secondary.

Target Specifies the type of information needed about the selection.

Callback Specifies the callback procedure to be called when the selection has been

obtained.

ClientData Specifies the argument for the specified callback procedure.

TimeStamp Specifies the time stamp that indicates when the selection will be started. It

should be the timestamp of the event which triggered this request. The

CurrentTime value cannot be used for this parameter.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtGetSelectionValues subroutine.

The XtSelectionCallbackProc data type.

XtGetSelectionValues Subroutine

Purpose

Obtains the current value of the selection converted to a list of targets.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtGetSelectionValues(WidgetID, Selection, Targets, Count, Callback, ClientData, TimeStamp)

Widget WidgetID; Atom Selection; Atom * Targets; int Count;

XtSelectionCallbackProc Callback;

caddr_t ClientData; Time TimeStamp;

Description

The XtGetSelectionValues subroutine takes a list of target types and client data and obtains the current value of the selection converted to each of the targets.

The callback procedure, which communicates the selection values to the client, is called once with the corresponding client data for each target.

The XtGetSelectionValues subroutine guarantees that all the conversions will use the same selection value because ownership of the selection cannot change within the list.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget making the request.

Selection Specifies the particular selection (primary or secondary).

Targets Specifies the types of information about the selection that is

needed.

Count Specifies the length of the targets and client data lists.

Callback Specifies the callback procedure.

ClientData Specifies the client data (one for each target type) passed to the

callback procedure.

TimeStamp Specifies the timestamp that indicates when the selection will be

started. This should be the timestamp of the event which

triggered this request. The **CurrentTime** value cannot be used

for this parameter.

XtGetSelectionValues

Implementation Specifics
This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtGetSelectionValue subroutine.

XtGetSubresources Subroutine

Purpose

Obtains resources from subparts of widgets that are not widgets themselves.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtGetSubresources(WidgetID, Base, Name, Class, Resources, NumberResources, Arguments, NumberArguments)

Widget WidgetID; caddr_t Base; String Name; String Class;

XtResourceList Resources; Cardinal NumberResources;

ArgList Arguments;

Cardinal NumberArguments;

Description

The XtGetSubresources subroutine obtains resources from widget subparts that are not widgets themselves. The XtGetSubresources subroutine constructs a name and class list from the application name and application class the names and classes of all its ancestors, and the widget itself. Then it appends to this list the name and class pair passed in. The resources are taken from the argument list, the resource database, or the default values in the resource list. Then they are copied into the subpart record.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget that wants resources for a subpart.

Base Specifies the base address of the subpart data structure where the

resources should be written.

Name Specifies the name of the subpart.

Class Specifies the class of the subpart.

Resources Specifies the resource list for the subpart.

NumberResources Specifies the number of resources in the resource list.

Arguments Specifies the argument list to override resources obtained from the

resource database.

NumberArguments Specifies the number of arguments in the argument list.

Note:

If the *Arguments* parameter is the value of **NULL**, the *NumberArguments* parameter be 0. However, if the *NumberArguments* parameter is 0, the argument list is not

referenced.

XtGetSubresources

Implementation Specifics
This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtCreateWidget subroutine, XtGetApplicationResources subroutine.

The XtResource data structure.

XtGetSubvalues Subroutine

Purpose

Retrieves the current value of non-widget resource data associated with a widget instance.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtGetSubvalues(Base, Resources, NumberResources, Arguments, NumberArguments)

caddr_t Base;

XtResourceList Resources; Cardinal NumberResources;

ArgList *Arguments*;

Cardinal NumberArguments;

Description

The XtGetSubvalues subroutine retrieves the current value of a non-widget resource data associated with a widget instance. It obtains the resource values from the structure identified by the base.

Parameters

Base Specifies the base address of the subpart data structure from

which the resources should be retrieved.

Resources Specifies the non-widget resources list.

NumberResources Specifies the number of resources in the resource list.

Arguments Specifies the argument list of name and address pairs with the

resource name and the address into which the resource value is

to be stored.

The arguments and values (passed) are dependent on the subpart of the widget. The storage used for the argument list must be deallocated by the application when it is no longer

needed.

NumberArguments Specifies the number of arguments in the argument list.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtGetValues subroutine, XtSetValues subroutine, XtSetSubvalues subroutine.

The XtResource structure.

The XtArgsProc data type, XtSetValuesFunc data type, XtArgsFunc data type.

XtGetValues Subroutine

Purpose

Retrieves the current value of a resource associated with a widget instance.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtGetValues(WidgetID, Arguments, NumberArguments)
Widget WidgetID;
ArgList Arguments;
Cardinal NumberArguments;

Description

The **XtGetValues** subroutine retrieves the current value of a resource associated with a widget instance. It starts with the resources specified for the core widget fields and proceeds down the subclass chain to the widget. The value field of the *Arguments* parameter list should contain the resource name and the address in which the resource value will be stored. The calling subroutine should allocate and deallocate this storage space according to the size of the resource representation type used within the widget.

If the parent of the widget is a subclass of the **constraintWidgetClass**, then the **XtGetValues** subroutine obtains the values for any constraint resources requested. The **XtGetValues** subroutine starts with the constraint resources specified for the **constraintWidgetClass** and proceeds down the subclass chain to the constraint resources of the parent.

If the argument list contains a resource name that is not found in the resource lists, the value at the corresponding address is not modified.

If the <code>get_values_hook</code> fields are a value other than <code>NULL</code>, they are called in superclass-to-subclass order after the resource values have been obtained by the <code>XtGetValues</code> subroutine. This permits a subclass to provide non-widget resource data to the <code>XtGetValues</code> subroutine.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget.

Arguments Specifies the argument list of name and address pairs that

contain the resource name and address into which the resource value is to be stored. Resource names are widget dependent.

NumberArguments Specifies the number of arguments in the argument list.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtGetSubvalues subroutine, XtSetValues subroutine, XtSetSubvalues subroutine.

The XtResource structure.

The XtArgsProc data type, XtSetValuesFunc data type, XtArgsFunc data type.

XtGrabKey Subroutine

Purpose

Establishes a passive grab on the specified keys.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

void XtGrabKey(WidgetID, Keycode, Modifiers, OwnerEvents, PointerMode, KeyboardMode)

Widget WidgetID; int Keycode; unsigned int Modifiers; Boolean OwnerEvents; int PointerMode; int KeyboardMode;

Description

The XtGrabKey subroutine establishes a passive grab on the specified keys; when the specified key-modifier combination is pressed, the keyboard is grabbed. It also allows the client to redirect the specified key event to the root widget of a hierarchy.

Parameters

Widget Specifies the root widget to the XtGrabKeyboard call. All key

events that would have been dispatched to other subwindows are

dispatched to the root widget subject to the OwnerEvents

parameter.

KeyCode Specifies the key code. This maps to the specific key to be grabbed.

Modifiers Specifies the set of key masks. This mask is the bitwise-inclusive

OR of these key mask bits: the ShiftMask, LockMask,

ControlMask, Mod1Mask, Mod2Mask, Mod3Mask, Mod4Mask, and Mod5Mask bits. You can also pass the AnyModifier bit, which is equivalent to issuing the grab key request for all possible modifier

combinations, including the combination of no modifiers.

OwnerEvents Specifies if the pointer events are to be reported normally (pass the

value of True) or with respect to the grab window if selected by the

event mask (pass the value of False).

PointerMode Specifies further processing of pointer events. You can pass the

GrabModeSync or GrabModeAsync value.

KeyboardMode Specifies further processing of keyboard events. You can pass the

GrabModeSync or GrabModeAsync value.

Implementation Specifics
This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XGrabKey subroutine, XtUngrabKey subroutine.

XtGrabKeyboard Subroutine

Purpose

Actively grabs control of the main keyboard.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

#include <X11/PassivGrab.h>

int XtGrabKeyboard(WidgetID, OwnerEvents, PointerMode, KeyboardMode, TimeStamp) Widget WidgetID;
Boolean OwnerEvents;
int PointerMode;
int KeyboardMode;
Time TimeStamp;

Description

The **XtGrabKeyboard** subroutine actively grabs control of the main keyboard. If the grab is successful, it returns the constant **GrabSuccess**. Further key events are reported to the grab widget.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the root widget to the XtGrabKeyboard call. All key events

that would have been dispatched to other subwindows will get

dispatched to the root widget subject to the OwnerEvents parameter.

OwnerEvents Specifies if the pointer events are to be reported normally (pass the

value of True) or with respect to the grab window if selected by the

event mask (pass the value of False).

PointerMode Specifies further processing of pointer events. You can pass the

GrabModeSync or GrabModeAsync value.

KeyboardMode Specifies further processing of keyboard events. You can pass the

GrabModeSync or GrabModeAsync value.

TimeStamp Specifies the time. You can pass either a time stamp, expressed in

milliseconds, or the CurrentTime value.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtUngrabKeyboard subroutine.

XtHasCallbacks Subroutine

Purpose

Gives the status of a specified widget callback list.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

typedef enum {XtCallbackNoList, XtCallbackHasNone, XtCallbackHasSome}XtCallbackStatus;

XtCallbackStatus XtHasCallbacks(WidgetID, CallbackName) Widget WidgetID; String CallbackName;

Description

The XtHasCallbacks subroutine finds the status of a specified widget callback list. First, it searches for a callback list identified by the *CallbackName* parameter. Then it returns the appropriate return value.

Parameters

CallbackName Specifie

Specifies the callback list to be checked.

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

Return Values

XtCallbackNoList

Indicates that the callback list does not exist.

XtCalibackHasNone

Indicates that the callback list exists but is empty.

XtCallbackHasSome

Indicates that the callback list exists and contains at least one

registered callback procedure.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAddCallback subroutine, XtAddCallbacks subroutine, XtCallCallbacks subroutine, XtRemoveCallback subroutine, XtRemoveCallbacks subroutine.

The XtCallbackList data structure.

XtInitialize Subroutine

Purpose

Initializes the toolkit internals.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Widget XtInitialize(ShellName, ApplicationClass, Options, NumberOptions, argc, argv)
String ShellName;
String ApplicationClass;
XrmOptionDescRec Options[];
Cardinal NumberOptions;
Cardinal *argc;
String argv[];

Description

The XtInitialize subroutine does the following:

- 1. Calls the XtToolkitInitialize subroutine to initialize the toolkit internals.
- 2. Creates a default application context for use by other utility routines.
- 3. Calls the XtOpenDisplay subroutine with the value of NULL *DisplayString* and *ApplicationName* parameters.
- 4. Calls the XtAppCreateShell subroutine with the value of NULL ApplicationName parameter.
- Returns the created shell.

If the XtInitialize subroutine is called more than once, the behavior of the toolkit is undefined.

Note: This subroutine exists as a convenience for users converting from earlier versions of the toolkit.

Parameters

ShellName This parameter is ignored. It may be the value of **NULL**.

ApplicationClass Specifies the class name of this application.

Options Specifies how to parse the command line for any

application-specific resources. This argument is passed as a

parameter to the XrmParseCommand subroutine.

NumberOptions Specifies the number of entries in the options list.

argc Specifies a pointer to the number of command line parameters.

argv Specifies the command line parameters.

Return Value

The widget representing the created shell.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtToolkitInitialize subroutine, XtDisplayInitialize subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine.

XtInstallAccelerators Subroutine

Purpose

Installs accelerators from one widget to another.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtInstallAccelerators(Destination, Source)

Widget Destination; Widget Source;

Description

The XtInstallAccelerators subroutine installs accelerators from a source widget to a destination widget. It installs the accelerators by augmenting the destination translations with the source accelerators.

If the source display_accelerator procedure is a value other than NULL, the XtInstallAccelerators subroutine calls it with the source widget and a string representation of the accelerator table. This indicates that the accelerators have been installed and should be displayed appropriately.

The string representation of the accelerator table is its canonical translation table representation.

Parameters

Destination Specifies the widget that receives the accelerators.

Source Specifies the widget that supplies the accelerators.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtParseAcceleratorTable subroutine, XtInstallAllAccelerators subroutine.

The XtStringProc data type.

XtInstallAllAccelerators Subroutine

Purpose

Installs all accelerators from a widget and all its descendants onto one destination.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtInstallAllAccelerators(Destination, Source)

Widget Destination; Widget Source;

Description

The **XtInstallAllAccelerators** subroutine installs all accelerators from a widget and all its descendants onto one destination. It recursively descends the widget tree rooted at the widget in the *Source* parameter. Then the subroutine installs the accelerators that it encounters onto the widget in the *Destination* parameter.

Parameters

Destination

Specifies the widget receiving the accelerators.

Source

Specifies the root widget supplying the accelerators.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtInstallAccelerators subroutine, XtParseAccelerators subroutine.

The XtStringProc data type.

XtIsComposite

XtIsComposite Macro

Purpose

Determines whether a specified widget is a subclass of the Composite class.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Boolean XtlsComposite(WidgetID)

Widget WidgetID;

Description

The XtlsComposite macro determines whether a specified widget is a subclass of the Composite class. This subroutine is equivalent to the XtlsSubclass subroutine with the compositeWidgetClass value specified for the WidgetClass parameter.

Parameter

WidgetID Specifies the widget.

Return Values

True Indicates that the specified widget is a subclass of the

Composite class.

False Indicates that the specified widget is not a subclass of the

Composite class.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows

Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtlsSubclass subroutine.

XtlsManaged Macro

Purpose

Determines the managed state of a specified child widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Boolean XtlsManaged(WidgetID)

Widget WidgetID;

Description

The XtlsManaged macro determines the managed state of a specified child widget.

Parameter

WidgetID Specifies the widget.

Return Values

False Indicates that the child widget is not managed.

True Indicates that the child widget is managed.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtManageChild subroutine, XtCreateManagedWidget subroutine, XtUnmanageChild subroutine.

XtIsRealized Macro

Purpose

Determines if a widget has been realized.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Boolean XtlsRealized(WidgetID)

Widget WidgetID;

Description

The XtlsRealized macro determines if a widget has been realized.

Parameter

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

Return Values

False

Indicates that the widget is not realized.

True

Indicates that the widget is realized; in other words, the widget has a

nonzero Enhanced X-Windows.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows

Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtRealizeWidget subroutine.

The XtRealizeProc data type.

XtIsSensitive Macro

Purpose

Determines the current sensitivity state of a widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Boolean XtlsSensitive(WidgetID)

Widget WidgetID;

Description

The XtlsSensitive macro determines the current sensitivity state of a widget. This subroutine is usually called by the parent widget. It indicates whether user input events are being dispatched.

When a widget is dormant, it is considered insensitive. Therefore, the event manager does not dispatch the following events:

ButtonPress KeyPress

ButtonRelease KeyRelease

EnterNotify LeaveNotify

Focusin MotionNotify

FocusOut

Many widgets appear differently when dormant.

A widget can be sensitive because its sensitive field is the value of **False** or because one of its parents is insensitive, and thus the widget's *ancestor_sensitive* field is the value of **False**. A widget does not need to distinguish between these two cases visually.

Parameters

WidgetID

Specifies the widget to be checked.

Return Values

False

Indicates that either the sensitive or ancestor_sensitive fields of the core are

the value of False.

True

Indicates that both the sensitive and ancestor_sensitive fields of the core

are the value of True.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtSetSensitive subroutine.

XtlsSubclass Subroutine

Purpose

Determines the subclass of a specified widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Boolean XtlsSubclass(WidgetID, Class)

Widget WidgetID; WidgetClass Class;

Description

The XtlsSubclass subroutine determines the subclass of a specified widget. The widget does not need to be an immediate subclass of the value specified in the *WidgetClass* parameter; it can be farther down the subclass chain.

Composite widgets that need to restrict the class of the items they contain can use the XtIsSubclass subroutine to find out if the widget belongs to the desired class of objects.

Parameters

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

Class

Specifies the widget class to test against.

Return Values

False

Indicates that the widget is not a subclass of the value specified in

the WidgetClass parameter.

True

Indicates that the widget is equal to or is a subclass of the value

specified in the WidgetClass parameter.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtClass subroutine, XtSuperclass subroutine, XtCheckSubclass subroutine.

XtMainLoop Subroutine

Purpose

Processes input.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtMainLoop()

Description

The **XtMainLoop** subroutine processes input. First, it reads the next incoming file, timer, or X event by calling the **XtNextEvent** subroutine. Then it dispatches this event to the appropriate registered procedure by calling the **XtDispatchEvent** subroutine.

The **XtMainLoop** subroutine is an infinite loop and does not return a value. Applications should exit directly in response to a user action.

Note: This subroutine exists only as a convenience to users converting from earlier versions of the toolkit; it has been replaced by the **XtAppMainLoop** subroutine.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppMainLoop subroutine, XtNextEvent subroutine, XtDispatchEvent subroutine.

XtMakeGeometryRequest Subroutine

Purpose

Makes a general geometry manager request from a widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

XtGeometryResult XtMakeGeometryRequest(WidgetID, Request, ReplyReturn) Widget WidgetID; XtWidgetGeometry *Request; XtWidgetGeometry *ReplyReturn;

Description

The XtMakeGeometryRequest subroutine is a request from the child widget to a parent widget for a geometry change. The geometry manager returns one of the following values: the XtGeometryYes, XtGeometryNo, or XtGeometryAlmost value. The XtMakeGeometryRequest subroutine does not return the XtGeometryDone value.

Depending on the conditions, the **XtMakeGeometryRequest** subroutine performs the following:

- Makes the changes and returns the XtGeometryYes value, if the widget is unmanaged or the widget parent is not realized.
- Issues an error if the parent is not a subclass of the compositeWidgetClass class or the geometry manager of the parent is the value of NULL.
- Returns the XtGeometryNo value if the being_destroyed field of the widget is the value of True
- Returns the XtGeometryYes value if the x, y, width, height, and border_width fields of the
 widget are all equal to the requested values; otherwise, it calls the geometry_manager
 field of the parent widget with the specified parameters.
- Calls the XConfigureWindow subroutine to reconfigure the widget window, if the
 geometry manager of the parent widget returns the XtGeometryYes value, the
 request_mode field does not have the XtCWQuery value, and the widget is realized.
- Does no configuring and returns the XtGeometryYes value if the geometry manager returns the XtGeometryDone value.

If none of the above conditions apply, the **XtMakeGeometryRequest** subroutine returns the results from the parent geometry manager.

Since children of primitive widgets are always unmanaged, this subroutine always returns the XtGeometryYes value when called by a child widget of a primitive widget.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget ID of the widget making the request.

Request Specifies the desired widget geometry (size, position, border

width, and stacking order).

XtMakeGeometryRequest

ReplyReturn

Returns the allowed widget size. If a widget is not interested in an **XtGeometryAlmost** value, the *ReplyReturn* parameter can be the value of **NULL**.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Return Values

XtGeometryAlmost

XtGeometryNo

XtGeometryYes

Related Information

The XtMakeResizeRequest subroutine.

The XtWidgetGeometry data structure.

The XtGeometryHandler data type.

XtMakeResizeRequest Subroutine

Purpose

Makes a simple resize request from a widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

XtGeometryResult XtMakeResizeRequest(WidgetID, Width,

Height, WidthReturn, HeightReturn)

Widget WidgetID; Dimension Width, Height; Dimension *WidthReturn, *HeightReturn;

Description

The XtMakeResizeRequest subroutine initiates a resize request from a widget. A child widget can use this routine to request a geometry change to the parent widget. This subroutine is an interface to the XtMakeGeometryRequest subroutine. It creates an XtWidgetGeometry structure and specifies that width and height should change. At this time, the geometry manager can modify any of the other window attributes, such as position or stacking order, to satisfy the resize request.

If the XtGeometryAlmost value is returned, the *WidthReturn* and *HeightReturn* parameters contain a compromise width and height. If this compromise is acceptable, the widget should immediately initiate the XtMakeResizeRequest subroutine for the compromise width and height. If the widget is not interested in the XtGeometryAlmost value, it can pass the value of NULL for the *WidthReturn* and *HeightReturn* parameters.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget.

Width Specifies the desired widget width.

Height Specifies the desired widget height.

WidthReturn Returns the allowed widget width.

HeightReturn Returns the allowed widget height.

Return Values

XtGeometry Yes

XtGeometryNo

XtGeometryAlmost

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Xt Make Resize Request

Related Information

The XtMakeGeometryRequest subroutine.

The XtGeometryHandler data type.

The XtWidgetGeometry data structure.

XtMalloc

XtMalloc Subroutine

Purpose

Allocates storage.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

char *XtMalloc(Size)
Cardinal Size;

Description

The XtMalloc subroutine allocates storage. It returns a pointer to a block of storage as specified in the *Size* parameter. If there is insufficient memory to allocate the new block, the XtMalloc subroutine calls the XtErrorMsg subroutine.

Parameter

Size

Specifies the size of the storage requested in bytes.

Return Value

Pointer to the block of storage.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtCalloc subroutine, XtRealloc subroutine, XtFree subroutine, XtNew subroutine, XtNewString subroutine.

XtManageChild Subroutine

Purpose

Adds a single child widget to a parent widget list of managed children widgets.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtManageChild(Child) Widget Child;

Description

The XtManageChild subroutine adds a single child widget to a parent widget list of managed children widgets. This subroutine is called after the XtCreateWidget subroutine creates the child widget.

The XtManageChild subroutine constructs a widget list of one widget; then it calls the XtManageChildren subroutine.

Parameter

Child

Specifies the child widget.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtlsManaged macro.

The XtCreateManagedWidget subroutine, XtManageChildren subroutine, XtUnmanageChildren subroutine.

XtManageChildren Subroutine

Purpose

Adds a list of widgets to the geometry-managed, displayable subset of the composite parent widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

typedef Widget *WidgetList;

void XtManageChildren(Children, NumberChildren) WidgetList Children; Cardinal NumberChildren;

Description

The XtManageChildren subroutine adds a list of widgets to the geometry-managed, displayable subset of the composite parent widget. This routine is called after the child widgets have been created with the XtCreateWidget subroutine. The XtManageChildren procedure performs the following tasks:

- Issues an error if all the children widgets do not have the same parent widget or if the
 parent widget is not a subclass of the compositeWidgetClass.
- Returns immediately if the common parent widget is being destroyed. Otherwise, for each
 unique child widget on the list, it ignores the child widget if the child widget is already
 managed or is being destroyed. If neither case applies, this procedure marks the child
 widget.

If the parent widget is realized after all children widgets have been marked, the **XtManageChildren** procedure makes some of the newly managed children widgets visible in the following manner:

- Calls the procedure specified in the change_managed field of the parent widget.
- Calls the XtRealizeWidget subroutine for each previously unmanaged, unrealized child widget.
- Maps each previously unmanaged child that has a map_when_managed field that is the
 value of True.

Parameters

Children Specifies a list of child widgets.

NumberChildren Specifies the number of children widgets.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtCreateWidget subroutine, XtRealizeWidget subroutine.

XtMapWidget Subroutine

Purpose

Maps a widget explicitly.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

XtMapWidget(WidgetID)
Widget WidgetID;

Description

The XtMapWidget subroutine maps a widget explicitly.

Parameter

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtUnmapWidget subroutine, XtSetMappedWhenManaged subroutine.

XtMergeArgLists Subroutine

Purpose

Merges two ArgLists structures.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

ArgList XtMergeArgLists(Argument1, NumberArguments1, Argument2, NumberArguments2)

ArgList Argument1; Cardinal NumberArguments1; ArgList Argument2; Cardinal NumberArguments2;

Description

The XtMergeArgLists subroutine merges two ArgList structures. It allocates sufficient storage to hold the combined ArgList structures and copies them into that space. The XtMergeArgLists subroutine does not check the ArgList structures for duplicate entries.

Use the XtFree subroutine to deallocate the storage space after this routine completes.

Parameters

Argument1 Specifies the first argument list.

NumberArguments1 Specifies the number of arguments in the first argument list.

Argument2 Specifies the second argument list.

NumberArguments2 Specifies the number of arguments in the second argument

list.

Return Value

Pointer to the merged argument list.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtSetArg subroutine.

The ArgList data structure.

XtMoveWidget Subroutine

Purpose

Moves a sibling widget of the child widget making the geometry request.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtMoveWidget(WidgetID, X, Y)
Widget WidgetID;
Position X;
Position Y;

Description

The XtMoveWidget subroutine moves a sibling widget of the child making the geometry request. It writes the new values for the X and Y parameters into the widget.

If the widget is realized, the **XtMoveWidget** subroutine issues calls to the **XMoveWindow** subroutine on the window of the widget.

The XtMoveWidget subroutine returns immediately if the specified geometry fields are the same as the old values.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget.
 X Specifies the new widget x coordinate.
 Y Specifies the new widget y coordinate.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtResizeWidget subroutine, XtConfigureWidget subroutine, XtResizeWindow subroutine, XMoveWindow subroutine.

XtNameToWidget Subroutine

Purpose

Translates a widget name to a widget instance.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Widget XtNameToWidget(Reference, Names)
Widget Reference;
String Names;

Description

The XtNameToWidget subroutine translates a widget name to a widget instance. It searches for a widget whose name is the first component in the *Names* parameter and that is a pop-up child widget of the specified reference widget (or a normal child widget if the reference widget is a subclass of the **compositeWidgetClass**). Then, it uses the widget as the new reference widget and repeats the search after deleting the first component from the *Names* parameter.

The Intrinsics library does not require unique names for the children of a widget. The XtNameToWidget subroutine does not back up and follow other matching branches of the widget tree.

Parameters

Reference Specifies the widget from which to start the search.

Names Specifies the fully qualified name of the desired widget.

Return Values

NULL Indicates that the XtNameToWidget subroutine cannot find the specified

widget. This value is also returned when the single branch the

XtNameToWidget subroutine follows does not contain the named widget if the *Names* parameter contains more than one component, and more than

one child matches the first component.

WidgetID Specifies the widget corresponding to the Names parameter. This

subroutine can return any of the child widgets if more than one child widget

of the reference widget matches the name.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XtNew Subroutine

Purpose

Allocates storage for a new instance of a data type.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Type *XtNew(Type)
Type;

Description

The XtNew subroutine allocates storage for a new instance of a data type. It returns a pointer to the allocated storage. If there is insufficient memory to allocate the new block, it calls the XtErrorMsg subroutine.

The XtNew subroutine is a convenience macro which calls the XtMalloc subroutine with the following arguments:

```
((type *) XtMalloc((unsigned) sizeof(type))
```

Parameter

Type

Specifies a previously declared data type.

Return Value

Pointer to the allocated block of storage.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtNewString subroutine, XtFree subroutine, XtRealloc subroutine, XtCalloc subroutine, XtMalloc subroutine.

XtNewString Macro

Purpose

Copies an instance of a string.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

String XtNewString(StringID)

String StringID;

Description

The XtNewString macro copies an instance of a string. It returns a pointer to the allocated storage. If there is insufficient memory to allocate the new block, this routine calls the XtErrorMsg subroutine.

The XtNewString subroutine macro is a convenience macro which calls the XtMalloc subroutine with the following parameters:

```
(strcpy(XtMalloc((unsigned)strlen(str) + 1), str))
```

Parameter

StringID

Specifies a previously declared string.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtNew subroutine, XtMalloc subroutine, XtFree subroutine, XtRealloc subroutine, XtCalloc subroutine.

XtNextEvent Subroutine

Purpose

Returns the value from the header of the input queue.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtNextEvent(EventReturn)
XEvent* EventReturn;

Description

The XtNextEvent subroutine returns the value from the header of the input queue.

If there is no input on the Enhanced X-Windows input queue, the XtNextEvent subroutine flushes the output buffer. It waits for an event while looking at the other input sources and time-out values, calling any callback procedures triggered by them.

The XtInitialize subroutine must be called before using the XtNextEvent subroutine.

Note: This subroutine exists only as a convenience to users converting from earlier versions of the toolkit; it has been replaced by the **XtAppNextEvent** subroutine.

Parameter

EventReturn

Returns the event information to the specified event structure.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtInitialize subroutine, XtAppNextEvent subroutine, XtMainLoop subroutine.

XtNumber Subroutine

Purpose

Determines the number of elements in a fixed-size array.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Cardinal XtNumber(*Array*)
ArrayVariable *Array*;

Description

The XtNumber subroutine determines the number of elements in a fixed-size array. It returns the number of elements in the specified argument lists, resources lists, and other counted arrays.

Parameter

Array

Specifies a fixed-size array.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XtOffset Macro

Purpose

Determines the byte offset of a resource field within a structure.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Cardinal XtOffset(PointerType, FieldName)

Type PointerType; Field FieldName;

Description

The XtOffset macro determines the byte offset of a resource field within a structure. It calculates the offset from the beginning of a widget and can be used at compile time in static initializations.

Parameters

PointerType

Specifies a type declared as a pointer to the structure.

FieldName

Specifies the name of the field for which to calculate the byte

offset.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XtOpenDisplay Subroutine

Purpose

Opens, initializes, and adds a display to an application context.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Display *XtOpenDisplay(ApplicationContext, DisplayString,

ApplicationName, ApplicationClass,

Options, NumberOptions,

argc, argv)

XtAppContext ApplicationContext; String DisplayString;

String ApplicationName; String ApplicationClass;

XrmOptionDescRec *Options;

Cardinal NumberOptions;

Cardinal *argc; String *argv;

Description

The XtOpenDisplay subroutine opens, initializes, and adds a display to an application context. It calls the XOpenDisplay subroutine with the specified display name.

If the *DisplayString* parameter is the value of **NULL**, the **XtOpenDisplay** subroutine uses the current value of the *-display* option specified in the *argv* parameter.

If no display name is specified in the *argv* parameter, the user's default display is used (usually the value of the DISPLAY environment variable on UNIX based systems).

After a display name is found, the **XtOpenDisplay** subroutine calls the **XtDisplayInitialize** subroutine, passing it the opened display and the value of the -name option specified in the argv parameter as the application name. If no -name option is specified, the value specified in the *ApplicationName* parameter is used. If the *ApplicationName* parameter is the value of **NULL**, the last component of the argv[0] parameter is used.

Values for the *DisplayString* and *ApplicationName* parameters found in the *argv* parameter to the **XtOpenDisplay** subroutine override the values for the same parameter in the **XtDisplayInitialize** subroutine.

Parameters

ApplicationContext Specifies the application context.

DisplayString Specifies the display string. Each display can be in only one

application context.

ApplicationName Specifies the name of the application instance.

ApplicationClass Specifies the class name of this application, usually the generic

name for all instances of this application.

XtOpenDisplay

Options Specifies how to parse the command line for any

application-specific resources. The Options parameter is passed

to the XrmParseCommand subroutine.

NumberOptions Specifies the number of entries in the options list.

argc Specifies a pointer to the number of command line parameters.

argv Specifies the command line parameters.

Return Values

NULL Indicates that the subroutine was unsuccessful in opening the

specified display.

Pointer to display Indicates that the subroutine was successful.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows

Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtDisplayInitialize subroutine, XtCloseDisplay subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine.

XtOverrideTranslations Subroutine

Purpose

Overwrites existing translations with new translations.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtOverrideTranslations(WidgetID, Translations)

Widget WidgetID;

XtTranslations Translations;

Description

The **XtOverrideTranslations** subroutine destructively merges new translations into existing widget translations. The old translations do not exist once they have been written over. If the new translations contain an event or event sequence that already exists for the widget, the new translation is merged in and overrides the existing widget.

To replace a widget's translations completely, use the **XtSetValues** subroutine on the **XtNtranslations** resource and specify a compiled translation as the value.

Parameters

WidgetID

Specifies the widget into which the new translations are to be

merged.

Translations

Specifies the compiled translation table to merge. This parameter

must not be the value of NULL.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtParseTranslationTable subroutine, XtAugmentTranslations subroutine, XtUninstallTranslations subroutine, XtSetValues subroutine.

XtOwnSelection Subroutine

Purpose

Sets the selection owner.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Boolean XtOwnSelection(WidgetID, Selection, TimeStamp,

ConvertProcedure, LoseSelection, DoneProcedure)

Widget WidgetID; Atom Selection; Time TimeStamp;

XtConvertSelectionProc ConvertProcedure;

XtLoseSelectionProc LoseSelection; XtSelectionDoneProc DoneProcedure;

Description

The **XtOwnSelection** subroutine sets the selection owner when using atomic transfers. It informs the Intrinsics selection mechanism that a widget believes it owns a selection.

This widget may not become the selection owner for one of the following reasons:

- If another widget asserts ownership at a time later than the specified time stamp. (The specified *TimeStamp* parameter triggers this event.)
- If this widget surrenders ownership of the selection voluntarily.

The procedure specified in the *LoseSelection* parameter is not called if the widget does not obtain selection ownership.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget that will become the owner.

Selection Specifies an atom that describes the type of the selection (for

example, the XA PRIMARY, XA SECONDARY, or

XA_CLIPBOARD values).

TimeStamp Specifies the timestamp. This should be the timestamp of the

event that triggered ownership. (The CurrentTime value cannot

be used.)

ConvertProcedure Specifies the procedure to call when the current value of the

selection is requested.

LoseSelection Specifies the procedure to call when the widget loses selection

ownership. This parameter is set to the value of NULL if the

owner is not interested in being called back.

XtOwnSelection

DoneProcedure

Specifies the procedure to call after the requester has received the selection. This parameter is set to the value of NULL if the

owner is not interested in being called back.

Return Values

False

Indicates that the widget has not become the selection owner.

True

Indicates that the widget has become the selection owner.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtDisownSelection subroutine.

The XtConvertSelection data type, XtLoseSelectionProc data type, XtSelectionDone data type.

XtParent Macro

Purpose

Returns the parent widget for the specified widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Widget XtParent(WidgetID)

Widget WidgetID;

Description

The XtParent macro returns the parent widget for the specified widget.

Parameter

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Return Value

Parent of the specified widget.

XtParseAcceleratorTable

XtParseAcceleratorTable Subroutine

Purpose

Parses an accelerator table.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

XtAccelerators XtParseAcceleratorTable(Source)

String Source;

Description

The XtParseAcceleratorTable subroutine parses an accelerator table into the opaque internal representation. An accelerator is a translation table that is bound with its actions in the context of a particular widget.

Parameter

Source

Specifies the accelerator table to compile.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtInstallAccelerators subroutine, XtInstallAllAccelerators subroutine.

XtParseTranslationTable Subroutine

Purpose

Compiles a translation table.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

XtTranslations XtParseTranslationTable(*Table*) String *Table*;

Description

The **XtParseTranslationTable** subroutine compiles a translation table into the opaque internal representation of the **XtTranslations** type. If an empty translation table is required for any purpose, it can be obtained by calling the **XtParseTranslationTable** subroutine and passing an empty string.

Parameter

Table

Specifies the translation table to compile.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAugmentTranslations subroutine, XtOverrideTranslations subroutine, XtUninstallTranslations subroutine.

XtPeekEvent Subroutine

Purpose

Returns the value from the front of the input queue without removing it from the queue.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Boolean XtPeekEvent(EventReturn)

XEvent * EventReturn;

Description

The **XtPeekEvent** subroutine returns the value from the front of the input queue without removing it from the queue.

If there is no X input in the queue, the **XtPeekEvent** subroutine flushes the output buffer and blocks until input is available, possibly calling some time-out callback procedures in the process. If the input is an event (or if there is already an event in the queue) this subroutine fills in the event and returns a nonzero value. Otherwise the input is for an alternate input source, and the **XtPeekEvent** subroutine returns a value of 0.

The XtInitialize subroutine must be called before using this routine.

Note: This subroutine exists only as a convenience to users converting from earlier versions of the toolkit; it has been replaced by the **XtAppPeekEvent** subroutine.

Parameter

EventReturn

Returns the event information to the specified event structure.

Return Values

Nonzero

Indicates that the input in the queue is an event.

0

Indicates that the input in the queue is for an alternate input source.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppPeekEvent subroutine, XPeekEvent subroutine.

XtPending Subroutine

Purpose

Determines if the input queue has events pending.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Boolean XtPending();

Description

The **XtPending** subroutine determines if the input queue has events pending from the X Server or other input sources in the default application context. If there are no events pending, it flushes the output buffer and returns to the value of **0**. The **XtInitialize** subroutine must be called before using this routine.

Note: This subroutine exists only as a convenience to users converting from earlier version of the toolkit; it has been replaced by the **XtAppPending** subroutine.

Return Values

True

Indicates that there are events pending from the X server or other input

sources in the default application context.

False

Indicates that the input was for an alternate input source.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppPending subroutine, XPending subroutine.

XtPopdown Subroutine

Purpose

Unmaps a pop-up from within an application.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtPopdown(PopupShell)
Widget PopupShell;

Description

The **XtPopdown** subroutine unmaps a pop-up from within an application. It does the following:

- Calls the XtCheckSubclass subroutine to ensure that the shell specified is a subclass of the Shell widget class.
- Generates an error if the shell specified in the *PopupShell* parameter is not currently popped up.
- Unmaps the window of the shell specified in the PopupShell paramete.r
- Calls the **XtRemoveGrab** subroutine if the *grab_kind* field of the shell specified in the *PopupShell* parameter has the **XtGrabNonexclusive** or **XtGrabExclusive** value.
- Sets the popped_up field of the shell specified in the PopupShell parameter to the value of False.
- Calls the callback procedures on the popdown_callback field list of the shell.

Parameter

PopupShell |

Specifies the widget shell to be popped down.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtPopup subroutine, XtCallbackPopdown subroutine, XtCallbackNonexclusive subroutine, XtCallbackExclusive subroutine, MenuPopdown subroutine.

The MenuPopdown definition.

The XtCallbackList structure.

XtPopup Subroutine

Purpose

Maps a pop-up from within an application.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtPopup(PopupShell, GrabKind) Widget PopupShell; XtGrabKind GrabKind;

Description

The XtPopup subroutine maps a pop-up from within an application. It does the following:

- Calls the XtCheckSubclass subroutine to ensure that the shell specified in the PopupShell parameter is a subclass of the Shell widget class
- Generates an error if the popped_up field of the shell already is the value of True.
- Calls the callback procedures on the popup_callback field list of the shell
- Sets the shell (specified in the *PopupShell* parameter) *popped_up* field to the value of **True**. the shell *spring_loaded* field to the value of **False**, and the shell *grab_kind* field from the *GrabKind* field.
- Calls the CreatePopupChild parameter of the specified shell, with PopupShell as the
 value for the parameter, if the CreatePopupChild parameter of the shell is not the value of
 NULL.
- Calls the following:

XtAddGrab(PopupShell, (GrabKind==XtGrabExclusive), False)

If the GrabKind parameter has the XtGrabNonexclusive or XtGrabExclusive value.

- Calls the XtRealizeWidget subroutine with the widget specified in the PopupShell parameter specified
- Calls the XMapWindow subroutine with the widget specified in the PopupShell parameter specified.

Parameters

PopupShell Specifies the widget shell.

GrabKind Specifies how user events should be constrained.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XtPopup

Related Information

The XtPopdown subroutine, XtCallbackNone subroutine, XtCallbackNonexclusive subroutine, XtCallbackExclusive subroutine.

The **MenuPopup** subroutine definition.

XtProcessEvent Subroutine

Purpose

Processes events according to type.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtProcessEvent(Mask)
XtInputMask Mask;

Description

The **XtProcessEvent** subroutine processes one input event, time-out, or alternate input source (depending on the value of the mask). The **XtProcessEvent** subroutine waits for an event of the specified type if one is not available.

The XtInitialize subroutine must be called before using the XtProcessEvent subroutine.

Note: This subroutine exists only as a convenience to users converting from earlier versions of the toolkit; it has been replaced by the **XtAppProcessEvent** subroutine.

Parameter

Mask

Specifies the type of input to process.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppProcessEvent subroutine.

XtQueryGeometry Subroutine

Purpose

Queries the preferred geometry of a child widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

XtGeometryResult XtQueryGeometry(WidgetID, Intended, PreferredReturn) Widget WidgetID; XtWidgetGeometry *Intended, *PreferredReturn;

Description

The **XtQueryGeometry** subroutine queries the preferred geometry of a child widget. This subroutine is called by the parent widget to set any changes in the geometry of the child widget. The **XtQueryGeometry** subroutine is called after the parent widget sets the desired changes in the corresponding fields of the **Intended** structure. This subroutine also sets the corresponding bits in the Intended *request_mode* field.

The **XtQueryGeometry** subroutine clears all the bits in the PreferredReturn->*request_mode* field and checks the *query_geometry* field of the specified widget's class record.

If the query_geometry field is not the value of **NULL**, this subroutine calls the procedure specified by it, passing as parameters the specified widget and the *Intended* and *PreferredReturn* parameters.

If the *Intended* parameter has the value of **NULL**, this subroutine replaces it with a pointer to an **XtWidgetGeometry** structure with its *request_mode* field set to the value of **0** before calling the procedure specified in the *query_geometry* field (the query_geometry procedure). The query_geometry procedure pointer is of the **XtGeometryHandler** type.

After calling the query_geometry procedure or if the query_geometry field has the value of NULL, the XtQueryGeometry subroutine examines all the unset bits in the PreferredReturn->request_mode parameter and sets the corresponding fields in PreferredReturn parameter to the current values from the widget instance. If the CWStackMode value is not set, the stack_mode field is set to XtSMDontChange.

The **XtQueryGeometry** subroutine returns the value returned by the query_geometry procedure or **XtGeometryYes** is the *query_geometry* field is the value of **NULL**.

Regardless of whether the caller chooses to ignore the return value or the reply mask, the reply structure is guaranteed to contain the complete geometry information for the child widget.

Parent widgets should call the **XtQueryGeometry** is subroutine in their layout routine, and wherever other information is significant after the *ChangeManaged* procedure is used.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget.

Intended Specifies changes the parent widget intends for the geometry of

the child geometry.

PreferredReturn

Returns the preferred geometry of the child widget.

Return Values

XtGeometryAlmost

Indicates that at least one field in the *PreferredReturn* parameter is different from the corresponding field in the *Intended* parameter or that a bit was set in the *PreferredReturn* parameter that was not set in the Intended *request_mode* field. In other words, this return value indicates that both the parent widget and the child widget required at least one common field and the child widget requirement does not match the parent requirement or the child widget required a field that the parent may also require.

XtGeometryNo

Indicates that the preferred geometry is identical to the current geometry. In other words, the parent widget and the child required the same field and the child widget suggested the current value of the field as the preferred value.

XtGeometryYes

Indicates that the proposed geometry is acceptable without modification.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtGeometryHandler data type.

XtRealizeWidget Subroutine

Purpose

Realizes a widget instance.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtRealizeWidget(WidgetID)
Widget WidgetID;

Description

The **XtRealizeWidget** subroutine realizes a widget instance. If the widget is already realized, the **XtRealizeWidget** subroutine simply returns. If the widget is not realized, the subroutine performs the following:

- Binds all action names in the widget translation table to procedures.
- Makes a post-order traversal of the widget tree that is rooted at the specified widget, then
 calls the procedure specified in the change_managed field of each composite widget that
 has one or more managed child widgets.
- Constructs an XSetWindowAttributes structure filled in with information derived from the
 Core widget fields and calls the realize procedure for the widget, which adds any
 widget-specific attributes and creates the Enhanced X-Windows. While filling in the mask
 and corresponding XSetWindowAttributes structure, the XtRealizeWidget subroutine
 sets the following fields based on information in the Core widget structure:
 - The background_pixmap field (or the background_pixel field if the background_pixmap field is the value of Null) is filled in from the corresponding parameter in the core structure.
 - The border_pixmap field (or the border_pixel field if the border_pixmap field is the value of Null) is filled in from the corresponding parameter in the core structure.
 - The event_mask field is filled in based on the event handlers registered, the event translations specified, whether the expose field is not set to the value of Null, and whether the visible_interest field is set to the value of True.
 - The bit_gravity field is set to the NorthWestGravity value if the expose field is the value of Null.
 - The do_not_propagate mask is set to propagate all pointer and keyboard events
 anywhere inside it, including on top of children widgets, as long as children widgets do
 not specify a translation for the event.
- All other fields in the **XSetWindowAttributes** structure and their corresponding bits in the *value_mask* field can be set by the realize procedure.

- If the widget is not a subclass of the **compositeWidgetClass** class, the **XtRealizeWidget** subroutine returns. Otherwise, it continues and does the following:
 - Descends recursively to each of the managed child widgets of the widget and calls the realize procedures. Primitive widgets that instantiate children widgets are responsible for realizing those children widgets themselves.
 - Maps all of the managed children windows that have the mapped_when_managed field set to the value of True. If a widget is managed but the mapped_when_managed field is the value of False, the widget is allocated visual space but is not displayed.
- If the widget is the top-level shell widget, which by definition does not have a parent
 widget, and the mapped_when_managed field is the value of True, the XtRealizeWidget
 subroutine maps the widget window.

The XtRealizeWidget subroutine maintains the following invariants:

- If a widget is realized, then all its managed children widgets are realized.
- If a widget is realized, then all its managed children widgets that are also mapped_when_managed fields are mapped.

Parameter

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtlsRealized subroutine.

XtRealloc Subroutine

Purpose

Changes the size of an allocated block of storage.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

char *XtRealloc(Pointer, Number) char *Pointer; Cardinal Number;

Description

The **XtRealloc** subroutine changes the size of an allocated block of storage, sometimes moving it. Then, it copies the old contents (or as much as will fit) into the new block and frees the old block.

If there is insufficient memory to allocate the new block, the **XtRealloc** subroutine calls the **XtErrorMsg** subroutine.

If the *Pointer* parameter is the value of **NULL**, the **XtRealloc** subroutine calls the **XtMalloc** subroutine, which allocates the new storage without copying the old contents.

Parameters

Pointer

Specifies the pointer to old storage.

Number

Specifies the number of bytes required in new storage.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The **XtMalloc** subroutine, **XtCalloc** subroutine, **XtFree** subroutine, **XtNew** subroutine, **XtNewString** subroutine.

XtRegisterCaseConverter Subroutine

Purpose

Registers a specified case converter.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtRegisterCaseConverter(DisplayPtr, Procedure, Start, Stop)

Display * DisplayPtr; XtCaseProc Procedure; KeySym Start; KeySym Stop;

Description

The **XtRegisterCaseConverter** subroutine registers a specified case converter. The *Start* and *Stop* parameters provide the inclusive range of key symbols for which this converter is to be called. The new converter overrides previous converters for key symbols in the specified range.

There is no interface to remove converters; an identity converter must be registered. When a new converter is registered, the Intrinsics liebrary refreshes the keyboard state if necessary. The default converter understands case conversion for all key symbols defined in the core protocol.

Parameters

DisplayPtr Specifies the display providing the key events.

Procedure Specifies the XtCaseProc procedure for the conversions.

Start Specifies the first for which this converter is valid.

Stop Specifies the last key symbol for which this converter is valid.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtConvertCase subroutine.

The XtCaseProc data type.

XtReleaseGC Subroutine

Purpose

Deallocates a shared graphics context.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtReleaseGC(WidgetID, GraphicsContext);

Widget WidgetID; GC GraphicsContext;

Description

The **XtReleaseGC** subroutine deallocates a shared graphics context when it is no longer needed. References to shareable graphics contexts are counted and a free request is generated to the server when the last user of a specified graphics context destroys the graphics context.

Parameters

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

GraphicsContext

Specifies the graphics context to be deallocated.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtGetGC subroutine.

XtRemoveAllCallbacks Subroutine

Purpose

Deletes all callback procedures from a specified widget's callback list.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtRemoveAllCallbacks(WidgetID, CallbackName)

Widget WidgetID; String CallbackName;

Description

The **XtRemoveAllCallbacks** subroutine deletes all callback procedures from a specified widget callback list and frees all storage associated with the callback list.

Parameters

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

CallbackName

Specifies the callback list to be removed.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAddCallback subroutine, XtAddCallbacks subroutine, XtRemoveCallback subroutine, XtRemoveCallbacks subroutine, XtCallCallbacks subroutine.

The XtHasCallbacks procedure.

The XtCalibackProc data type.

XtRemoveCallback Subroutine

Purpose

Deletes a callback procedure from a specified widget callback list.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtRemoveCallback(WidgetID, CallbackName, Callback, ClientData)

Widget WidgetID; String CallbackName; XtCallbackProc Callback; caddr_t ClientData;

Description

The **XtRemoveCallback** subroutine deletes a callback procedure from a specified widget callback list only if both the procedure and the client data match.

Parameters

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

CallbackName

Specifies the callback list from which the callback procedure will be

removed.

Callback

Specifies the callback procedure.

ClientData

Specifies the client data to match on the registered callback

procedure.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAddCallback subroutine, XtAddCallbacks subroutine, XtRemoveCallback subroutine, XtRemoveAllCallbacks subroutine, XtCallCallbacks subroutine.

The XtHasCallbacks procedure.

The XtCallbackProc data type.

XtRemoveCallbacks Subroutine

Purpose

Deletes a list of callback procedures from a specified widget callback list.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtRemoveCallbacks(WidgetID, CallbackName,

Callbacks)

Widget WidgetID; String CallbackName; XtCallbackList Callbacks;

Description

The **XtRemoveCallbacks** subroutine deletes a list of callback procedures from a specified widget callback list.

Parameters

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

CallbackName

Specifies the callback list from which the callback procedures will be

removed.

Callbacks

Specifies the null-terminated list of callback procedures and

corresponding client data.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAddCallback subroutine, XtAddCallbacks subroutine, XtRemoveCallback subroutine, XtRemoveAllCallbacks subroutine, XtCallCallbacks subroutine.

The XtHasCallbacks procedure.

The XtCallbackProc data type.

XtRemoveEventHandler Subroutine

Purpose

Removes a previously registered event handler.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtRemoveEventHandler(WidgetID, EventMask,

Nonmaskable, Procedure,

ClientData)

Widget WidgetID; XtEventMask EventMask; Boolean Nonmaskable; XtEventHandler Procedure; caddr_t ClientData;

The **XtRemoveEventHandler** subroutine removes a previously registered event handler. It stops the specified procedure from receiving the specified events. The request is ignored if the value for the *ClientData* parameter does not match the value given in the call to the **XtAddEventHandler** subroutine.

If the widget is realized, the **XtRemoveEventHandler** subroutine calls the **XSelectInput** subroutine, if necessary. If the specified procedure has not been registered or if it has been registered with a different value for the *ClientData* parameter, the **XtRemoveEventHandler** subroutine returns without reporting an error.

To stop a procedure from receiving any events that entirely remove it from the widget event table, use the **XtAllEvents** subroutine with the *EventMask* parameter set to the **XtAllEvents** value and the *Nonmaskable* parameter set to the value of **True**.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget to register for this procedure.

EventMask Specifies the event mask to unregister for this procedure.

Nonmaskable Specifies a Boolean value that indicates whether this procedure

should be removed on the nonmaskable events. The nonmaskable

events include the following:

ClientMessage SelectionClear

Graphics Expose Selection Notify

MappingNotify SelectionRequest

NoExpose

Procedure Specifies the event handler procedure to be removed.

ClientData Specifies the client data registered for this procedure.

XtRemoveEventHandler

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAddEventHandler subroutine, XtAddRawEventHandler subroutine, XtBuildEventMask subroutine.

The XtEventHandler data type.

XtRemoveGrab Subroutine

Purpose

Removes the redirection of user input to a modal widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtRemoveGrab(WidgetID)
Widget WidgetID;

Description

The **XtRemoveGrab** subroutine removes the redirection of user input to a modal widget. It removes widgets from the modal cascade starting at the most recent widget and up to and including the specified widget. If the specified widget is not on the modal cascade, it issues an error message.

Parameter

WidgetID

Specifies the widget to remove from the modal cascade.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAddGrab subroutine.

XtRemoveInput Subroutine

Purpose

Removes a source of input.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtRemoveInput(ID)
XtInputId *ID;

Description

The **XtRemoveInput** subroutine discontinues a source of input by causing the Intrinsics read subroutine to stop watching for input from the input source.

Parameter

ID

Specifies the ID returned from the corresponding **XtAppAddInput** subroutine.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppAddInput subroutine.

The XtinputCalibackProc data type.

XtRemoveRawEventHandler Subroutine

Purpose

Removes a previously registered raw event handler.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtRemoveRawEventHandler(WidgetID, Mask,

Nonmaskable, Procedure,

ClientData)

Widget WidgetID; EventMask Mask; Boolean Nonmaskable; XtEventHandler Procedure; caddr_t ClientData;

Description

The **XtRemoveRawEventHandler** subroutine removes a previously registered raw event handler. It stops the specified procedure from receiving the specified events. This subroutine does not affect the widget masks or cause a call to the **XSelectInput** subroutine because it is a raw event handler.

Parameters

WidgetID Spe

Specifies the widget to register for this procedure.

Mask

Specifies the event mask to unregister for this procedure.

Nonmaskable

Specifies a Boolean value that indicates whether this procedure should

be removed on the nonmaskable events. The nonmaskable events

include the following:

ClientMessage

SelectionClear

GraphicsExpose

SelectionNotify

MappingNotify

SelectionRequest

NoExpose

Procedure

Specifies the event handler procedure to be registered.

ClientData

Specifies the client data registered.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtRemoveEventHandler subroutine, XtAddRawEventHandler subroutine, XtAddEventHandler subroutine, XtBuildEventMask subroutine, XtRealizeWidget subroutine.

XtRemoveTimeOut Subroutine

Purpose

Removes the time-out value.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtRemoveTimeOut(Timer)
XtIntervalld Timer;

Description

The **XtRemoveTimeout** subroutine clears a time-out value by removing the time-out value. Time-out values are removed automatically once they are triggered.

Parameter

Timer

Specifies the ID for the time-out request to be destroyed.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppAddTimeOut subroutine.

The XtTimerCallbackProc procedure.

XtRemoveWorkProc Subroutine

Purpose

Removes a background work procedure.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtRemoveWorkProc(ID)
XtWorkProcId ID;

Description

The XtRemoveWorkProc subroutine removes the specified background work procedure.

An alternate method to remove a work procedure is to return to the value of **True** when it exits.

Parameter

ID

Specifies the work procedure to remove.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtAppAddWorkProc subroutine.

The XtWorkProc data type.

XtResizeWidget Subroutine

Purpose

Resizes a sibling widget of the child widget making the geometry request.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtResizeWidget(WidgetID, Width, Height, BorderWidth)

Widget WidgetID; Dimension Width; Dimension Height; Dimension BorderWidth;

Description

The **XtResizeWidget** subroutine resizes a sibling widget of the child widget making the geometry request. It returns immediately if the values for the *Width*, *Height*, and *BorderWidth* parameters are the same as the old values. Otherwise, it writes the new values into the widget.

If the widget is realized, the **XtResizeWidget** subroutine issues an **XConfigureWindow** call on the window of the widget.

If the value for the *Width* or *Height* parameters are different from the old values, the **XtResizeWidget** subroutine calls the resize procedure of the widget to notify it of the size change.

Parameters

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

Width

Specifies the width of the new widget.

Height

Specifies the height of the new widget.

BorderWidth

Specifies the size of the new widget.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtResizeWindow subroutine, XtConfigureWidget subroutine, XtMoveWidget subroutine.

XtResizeWindow Subroutine

Purpose

Resizes a child widget that already has the new values for its width, height, and border_width fields.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtResizeWindow(WidgetID)
Widget WidgetID;

Description

The **XtResizeWindow** subroutine resizes a child widget that already has the new values for its *width*, *height*, and *border_wldth* fields. It calls the **XConfigureWindow** subroutine to make the window of the specified widget match the values specified in its *width*, *height*, and *border_width* fields. The configure request is done unconditionally because there is no check on the values. The widget's resize procedure is not called. Use the **XtResizeWidget** subroutine under most normal conditions.

Parameter

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtMoveWidget subroutine, XtConfigureWidget subroutine, XtResizeWidget subroutine.

XtScreen Macro

Purpose

Returns a pointer to the screen.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Screen *XtScreen(WidgetID) Widget WidgetID;

Description

The XtScreen macro returns the screen pointer for the specified widget.

Parameter

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtParent subroutine, XtWindow subroutine.

The XtDisplay macro.

XtSetArg Subroutine

Purpose

Sets values in an argument list.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

XtSetArg(Argument, Name, Value)
Arg Argument;
String Name;
XtArgVal Value;

Description

The XtSetArg subroutine sets values in an argument list. This subroutine is usually specified in a stylized manner to minimize the probability of making a mistake. Do not use auto-increment or auto-decrement within the first argument to the XtSetArg subroutine. The XtSetArg subroutine can be implemented as a macro that dereferences the first argument twice.

The **XtSetArg** subroutine is usually used in a highly stylized manner to minimize the probability of making a mistake. For example:

```
Arg args[20];
int n;
n=0;
XtSetArg(args[n], XtNheight, 100); n++;
XtSetArg(args[n], XtNwidth, 200); n++;
XtSetValues(widget,args,n);
```

An application could also declare the argument list and use the **XtNumber** subroutine. For example:

```
static Args args[]={
{XtNheight, (XtArgVal) 100},
{XtNwidth, (XtArgVal) 200},
};
XtSetValues(Widget, args, XtNumber(args));
```

Note: Do not use auto-increment or auto-decrement within the first argument to the **XtSetArg** subroutine. The **XtSetArg** subroutine can be implemented as a macro that de-references the first argument twice.

Parameters

Argument Specifies the Name-Value parameter pair to set.

Name Specifies the name of the resource.

Value Specifies the value of the resource if less than or equal to the size of an

XtArgVal structure. Otherwise, the Value parameter specifies the address

of the resource.

Implementation Specifics
This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtMergeArgLists subroutine.

The ArgList data structure.

XtSetErrorHandler Subroutine

Purpose

Registers a procedure to call under fatal error conditions.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtSetErrorHandler(Handler) XtErrorHandler Handler;

Description

The **XtSetErrorHandler** subroutine registers a procedure to call under fatal error conditions. The default error handler provided by the Intrinsics library is the **_XtError** error handler. On UNIX systems, it prints the message to standard error and ends the application.

Fatal error message handlers should not return. If one does return, subsequent toolkit behavior is undefined.

Note: This subroutine exists only as a convenience for users converting earlier versions of the toolkit.

Parameters

Handler

Specifies the new fatal error procedure.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtGetErrorDatabase subroutine, XtGetErrorDatabaseText subroutine, XtSetErrorMsgHandler subroutine, XtErrorMsg subroutine, XtSetWarningMsgHandler subroutine, XtWarningMsg subroutine, XtError subroutine, XtSetWarningHandler subroutine, XtWarning subroutine.

XtSetErrorMsgHandler Subroutine

Purpose

Registers a procedure to call under fatal error conditions.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtSetErrorMsgHandler(MessageHandler) XtErrorMsgHandler MessageHandler;

Description

The **XtSetErrorMsgHandler** subroutine registers a procedure to call under fatal error conditions. The default error handler provided by the Intrinsics library constructs a string from the error resource database and calls the **XtError** subroutine.

Fatal error message handlers should not return. If one does return, subsequent toolkit behavior is undefined.

Note: This subroutine exists only as a convenience for users converting earlier versions of the toolkit

Parameters

MessageHandler

Specifies the new fatal error procedure.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtGetErrorDatabase subroutine, XtGetErrorDatabaseText subroutine, XtSetErrorHandler subroutine, XtErrorMsg subroutine, XtSetWarningMsgHandler subroutine, XtWarningMsg subroutine, XtError subroutine, XtSetWarningHandler subroutine, XtWarning subroutine.

XtSetKeyTranslator Subroutine

Purpose

Registers a key translator.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtSetKeyTranslator(DisplayPtr, Procedure)
Display *DisplayPtr;
XtKeyProc *Procedure;

Description

The XtSetKeyTranslator subroutine registers a key translator. Its sets the specified procedure as the current key translator. The default translator is the XtTranslateKey subroutine, an XtKeyProc procedure that uses the Shift and Lock modifiers with the interpretations defined by the core protocol.

The **XtSetKeyTranslator** subroutine is provided for new translators to obtain default **KeyCode**-to-**KeySym** translations and for reinstalling the default translator.

Parameters

DisplayPtr Specifies the display from which to translate the events.

Procedure Specifies the procedure that is to perform key translations.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtTranslateKeycode subroutine, XtRegisterCaseConverter subroutine, XtConvertCase subroutine.

The XtKeyProc data type.

XtSetKeyboardFocus Subroutine

Purpose

Redirects keyboard input to a child widget of a composite widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

XtSetKeyboardFocus(Subtree, Descendant) Widget Subtree, Descendant;

Description

The **XtSetKeyboardFocus** subroutine redirects keyboard input to a child widget of a composite widget without calling the **XSetInputFocus** subroutine.

If a future **KeyPress** or **KeyRelease** event occurs within the specified subtree, the **XtSetKeyboardFocus** subroutine causes the **XtDispatchEvent** subroutine to remap and send the event to the specified descendant widget.

When there is a modal cascade, keyboard events can occur within a widget in one of three ways:

- The widget has the X input focus.
- The widget has the keyboard focus of one of its ancestors, and the event occurs within the ancestor or one of the ancestor's descendants.
- No ancestor of the widget has a descendant within the keyboard focus, and the pointer is within the widget.

When there is a modal cascade, a widget receives keyboard events if an ancestor of the widget is in the active subset of the modal cascade and one or more of the previous conditions is the value of **True**.

When a subtree or one of its descendants acquires the X input focus or the pointer moves into the subtree such that keyboard events would now be delivered to the subtree, a **FocusIn** event is generated for the descendant in **FocusNotify** events have been selected by the descendant. Similarly, when the widget loses the X input focus or the keyboard focus for one of its ancestors, a **FocusOut** event is generated for the descendant if the **FocusNotify** events have been selected by the descendant.

Parameters

Subtree Specifies the subtree of the hierarchy for which the keyboard focus

is to be set.

Descendant Specifies the widget in the subtree structure which will receive the

keyboard event. Otherwise, this parameter should be the value of

None.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XtSetKeyboardFocus

Related Information

The XtCallAcceptFocus subroutine, XSetInputFocus subroutine.

The XtAcceptFocusProc data type.

XtSetMappedWhenManaged Subroutine

Purpose

Changes the managed state of the specified widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtSetMappedWhenManaged(WidgetID, MapWhenManaged) Widget WidgetID; Boolean MapWhenManaged;

Description

The **XtSetMappedWhenManaged** subroutine changes the *map_when_managed* field of the specified widget.

- If the widget is realized and managed and the new value of the map_when_managed field is the value of **True**, the **XtSetMappedWhenManaged** subroutine maps the window.
- If the widget is realized and managed and the new value of the map_when_managed field is the value of False, the XtSetMappedWhenManaged subroutine unmaps the window.

As an alternative to the XtSetMappedWhenManaged subroutine to control mapping, a client can set the *map_when_managed* field to the value of False and use the XtMapWidget and XtUnmapWidget subroutines.

Parameters

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

MapWhenManaged

Specifies a Boolean value which indicates the new value of this

parameter.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtMapWidget subroutine, XtUnmapWidget subroutine.

XtSetSelectionTimeout Subroutine

Purpose

Sets the value for the selection time-out.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtSetSelectionTimeOut(TimeOut)
unsigned long TimeOut;

Description

The **XtSetSelectionTimeout** subroutine sets the selection time-out. The selection time-out is the time during which two communicating applications must respond to one another. If the applications do not respond within this interval, the execution of the selection request is terminated. The default value of the selection time-out is 5 seconds.

Parameter

TimeOut

Specifies the selection time-out in milliseconds.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtGetSelectionTimeout subroutine.

XtSetSensitive Subroutine

Purpose

Sets the sensitivity state of a widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtSetSensitive(WidgetID, Sensitive) Widget WidgetID; Boolean Sensitive;

Description

The **XtSetSensitive** subroutine sets the sensitivity state of a widget in the following manner:

- 1. Calls the **XtSetValues** subroutine on the current widget with an argument list specifying that the *Sensitive* parameter should change to the new value.
- 2. Then, it recursively propagates the new value down the managed children tree by calling the XtSetValues subroutine on each child widget to set the ancestor_sensitive field to the new value if the new values for the sensitive field (of the current widget) and the ancestor_sensitive field (of the child widget) are not the same.

The **XtSetSensitive** subroutine calls the **XtSetValues** subroutine to change the *sensitive* and *ancestor_sensitive* fields. With these changes, the procedure specified in the *set_values* field of the widget takes the display actions necessary.

If the parent widget has the *sensitive* field or the *ancestor_sensitive* field set to the value of **False**, then all the children widgets also have the *ancestor_sensitive* field set to the value of **False**.

Parameters

WidgetID Spec

Specifies the widget.

Sensitive

Specifies a Boolean value that indicates if the widget should receive

keyboard and pointer events.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtlsSensitive subroutine.

XtSetSubvalues Subroutine

Purpose

Sets the current value of a non-widget resource associated with a widget instance.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtSetSubvalues(BaseAddress, Resources, NumberResources, Arguments, NumberArguments)

caddr_t BaseAddress; XtResourceList Resources; Cardinal NumberResources; ArgList Arguments; Cardinal NumberArguments;

Description

The **XtSetSubvalues** subroutine sets the current value of a non-widget resource associated with a widget instance. It stores resources into the structure identified by the base address.

Parameters

BaseAddress Specifies the base address of the subpart data structure where

the resources should be written.

Resources Specifies the current non-widget resource values.

NumberResources Specifies the number of resources in the resource list.

Arguments Specifies a variable length argument list of Name-Value

parameter pairs that contain the resources to be modified and their new values. The resources and values used are dependent

on the subpart of the widget being modified.

NumberArguments Specifies the number of resources in the argument list.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtGetValues subroutine, XtGetSubvalues subroutine, XtSetValues subroutine.

The XtSetValuesFunc data type.

XtSetValues Subroutine

Purpose

Modifies the current value of a resource associated with a widget instance.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtSetValues(WidgetID, Arguments, NumberArguments)
Widget WidgetID;
ArgList Arguments;
Cardinal NumberArguments;

Description

The **XtSetValues** subroutine modifies the current value of a resource associated with a widget instance. It starts with the resources specified for the **Core** widget fields and proceeds down the subclass chain to the widget. At each stage, it writes the new value (if specified by one of the arguments) or the existing value (if no new value is specified) to a new widget data record.

The XtSetValues subroutine then calls the procedures specified in the set_values field of the widget in superclass-to-subclass order. If the widget does not have any values of NULL for the set_values_hook fields, these are called immediately after the corresponding set_values field. This procedure permits subclasses to set non-widget data for the XtSetValues subroutine.

If the parent of the widget is a subclass of the **constraintWidgetClass**, the **XtSetValues** subroutine also updates the widget's constraints. It starts with the constraint resources specified for the **constraintWidgetClass** and proceeds down the subclass chain to the class of the parent. At each stage, the **XtSetValues** subroutine writes the new value or the existing value to a new constraint record. Then, it calls the constraint *set_values* field from the **constraintWidgetClass** down to the class of the parent. The constraint *set_values* field are called with widget parameters so that adjustments to the desired values can be made based on complete information about the widget.

The **XtSetValues** subroutine determines if a geometry request is needed by comparing the current widget to the new widget. If any geometry changes are required, the **XtSetValues** subroutine makes the request and the geometry manager returns one of the following values:

XtGeometryAlmost Indicates that the XtSetValues subroutine calls the procedure

specified in the **set_values_almost** procedure of the widget, which determines what should be done and writes new values for

the geometry fields into the new widget.

Then, the **XtSetValues** subroutine repeats the process, deciding once more whether the geometry manager should be called.

XtGeometryNo Indicates that the XtSetValues subroutine resets the geometry

fields to their original values.

XtSetValues

XtGeometryYes

Indicates that the XtSetValues subroutine calls the procedure

specified in the resize procedure of the widget.

Finally, if any of the *set_values* fields returned the value of **True**, the **XtSetValues** subroutine calls the **XClearArea** subroutine on the widget window.

Parameters

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

Arguments

Specifies a variable-length argument list of Name-Value

parameter pairs that contain the resources to be modified and their new values. The resources and values used are dependent

on the widget being modified.

NumberArguments

Specifies the number of resources in the argument list.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtGetValues subroutine, XtGetSubValues subroutine, XtSetSubvalues subroutine.

XtSetWarningHandler Subroutine

Purpose

Registers a procedure to be called under non-fatal error conditions.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtSetWarningHandler(Handler)
XtErrorHandler Handler;

Description

The XtSetWarningHandler subroutine registers a procedure to be called under non-fatal error conditions.

The default warning handler is the **_XtWarning** subroutine, which, on UNIX based systems, prints the message to standard error and returns to the caller.

Note: This subroutine exists only as a convenience for users converting earlier versions of the toolkit.

Parameter

Handler

Specifies the new non-fatal error procedure, which usually returns.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtGetErrorDatabase subroutine, XtGetErrorDatabaseText subroutine, XtSetErrorHandler subroutine, XtErrorMsg subroutine, XtSetWarningMsgHandler subroutine, XtWarningMsg subroutine, XtError subroutine, XtSetErrorMsgHandler subroutine, XtWarning subroutine.

XtSetWarningMsgHandler Subroutine

Purpose

Registers a procedure to be called under non-fatal error conditions.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtSetWarningMsgHandler(MessageHandler) XtErrorMsgHandler MessageHandler;

Description

The **XtSetWarningMsgHandler** subroutine registers a procedure to be called under nonfatal error conditions. It constructs a string from the error resource database and calls the **XtWarning** subroutine.

Note: This subroutine exists only as a convenience for users converting earlier versions of the toolkit.

Parameter

MessageHandler

Specifies the new non-fatal error procedure, which usually returns.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtGetErrorDatabase subroutine, XtGetErrorDatabaseText subroutine, XtSetErrorHandler subroutine, XtErrorMsg subroutine, XtSetWarningHandler subroutine, XtWarningMsg subroutine, XtError subroutine, XtSetErrorMsgHandler subroutine, XtWarning subroutine.

XtStringConversionWarning Subroutine

Purpose

Issues a warning message.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtStringConversionWarning(Source, DestinationType)

String Source, DestinationType;

Description

The **XtStringConversionWarning** subroutine is a convenience routine for new resource converters that convert from strings. The **XtStringConversionWarning** subroutine issues a warning message with name "conversionError," type "string," class "XtToolkitError," and the default message string "Cannot convert *Source* to type *DestinationType*."

Parameters

DestinationType Specifies the string that could not be converted.

Source Specifies the name of the type to which the string could not be

converted.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XtSuperclass

XtSuperclass Macro

Purpose

Obtains the superclass of a widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

WidgetClass XtSuperclass(WidgetID)

Widget WidgetID;

Description

The **XtSuperclass** macro obtains the superclass of a widget by returning a pointer to the superclass structure of the widget.

Parameter

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtClass subroutine, XtIsSubclass subroutine, XtCheckSubclass subroutine.

XtToolkitInitialize Subroutine

Purpose

Initializes the X toolkit internals.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtToolkitInitialize();

Description

The **XtToolkitInitialize** subroutine initializes the X toolkit internals. If this routine is called more than once, the behavior of the toolkit is undefined.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtCreateApplicationContext subroutine, XtDestroyApplicationContext subroutine, XtWidgetToApplicationContext subroutine, XtDisplayInitialize subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine, XtCloseDisplay subroutine.

XtTranslateCoords Subroutine

Purpose

Translates an x, y coordinate pair from widget coordinates to root coordinates.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtTranslateCoords(WidgetID, X, Y,

RootXReturn, RootYReturn)

Widget WidgetID; Position X, Y;

Position *RootXReturn, *RootYReturn;

Description

The **XtTranslateCoords** subroutine translates an x, y coordinate pair from widget coordinates to root coordinates. It does not generate a server request because the required information is already in the data structure of the widget.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the widget.

X Specifies the x coordinate of the widget.

Y Specifies the y coordinate of the widget.

Returns the x coordinate of the root.

RootYReturn Returns the y coordinate of the root.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XtTranslateKeycode Subroutine

Purpose

Calls the currently registered key_code-to-key_sym translator.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtTranslateKeycode(DisplayPtr, Keycode,

ModifiersMask, ModifiersMaskReturn, KeySymReturn)

Display *DisplayPtr; KeyCode Keycode; Modifiers ModifiersMask; Modifiers *ModifiersMaskReturn; KeySym *KeySymReturn;

Description

The **XtTranslateKeycode** subroutine invokes the **key_code**-to-**key_sym** translator that is registered currently. It passes the specified arguments directly to the translator.

Parameters

DisplayPtr

Specifies the display that the key code is from.

Keycode

Specifies the key code to translate.

ModifiersMask

Specifies the modifiers to the key code.

ModifiersMaskReturn

Returns a mask that indicates the modifiers actually used to

generate the key symbol.

KeySymReturn

Returns the resulting key symbol.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtRegisterCaseConverter subroutine, XtSetKeyTranslator subroutine.

The XtKeyProc data type.

XtUngrabKey Subroutine

Purpose

Cancels a passive grab on a key combination.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

#include <X11/PassivGrab.h>

void XtUngrabKey(WidgetID, Keycode, Modifiers) Widget WidgetID; int Keycode;

unsigned int Modifiers;

Description

The **XtUngrabKey** subroutine cancels the passive grab on the key combination on the specified widget and allows the client application to redirect the specified key event to the root widget of a hierarchy.

Parameters

WidgetID Specifies the root widget to the XtUngrabKey call.

Keycode Specifies the key code. This maps to the specific key to be grabbed.

Modifiers Specifies the set of key masks. This mask is the bitwise-inclusive

OR of these key mask bits: the ShiftMask, LockMask,

ControlMask, Mod1Mask, Mod2Mask, Mod3Mask, Mod4Mask, and Mod5Mask bits. You can also pass the AnyModifier bit, which is equivalent to issuing the ungrab key request for all possible modifier combinations, including the combination of no modifiers.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtGrabKey subroutine.

XtUngrabKeyboard Subroutine

Purpose

Releases any active grab on the keyboard.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

#include <X11/PassivGrab.h>

void XtUngrabKeyboard(WidgetID, TimeStamp)

Widget WidgetID; Time TimeStamp;

Description

The XtUngrabKeyboard subroutine releases any active grab on the keyboard.

Parameters

WidgetID

Specifies the root widget to the XtUngrabKeyboard call.

TimeStamp

Specifies the time. Either a time stamp, expressed in milliseconds

can be passed, or the CurrentTime value can be passed.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtGrabKeyboard subroutine.

XtUninstallTranslations

XtUninstallTranslations Subroutine

Purpose

Removes existing translations.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtUninstallTranslations (WidgetID)

Widget WidgetID;

Description

The XtUninstallTranslations subroutine causes the entire translation table for the specified widget to be removed.

Parameter

WidgetID

Specifies the widget from which the translations are to be removed.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtParseTranslationTable subroutine, XtAugmentTranslations subroutine, XtOverrideTranslations subroutine.

XtUnmanageChild Subroutine

Purpose

Removes a single child widget from the managed set of its parent widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtUnmanageChild(Child)
Widget Child;

Description

The **XtUnmanageChild** subroutine removes a single child widget from the managed set of its parent widget. It constructs a widget list with a length of 1 and calls the **XtUnmanageChildren** subroutine.

Parameter

Child

Specifies the child widget to be removed.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtCreateManagedWidget subroutine, XtIsManaged subroutine, XtManageChildren subroutine, XtUnmanageChildren subroutine.

XtUnmanageChildren

XtUnmanageChildren Subroutine

Purpose

Removes a list of child widgets from the managed list of the parent widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtUnmanageChildren(Children, NumberChildren) WidgetList Children; Cardinal NumberChildren;

Description

The **XtUnmanageChildren** subroutine removes a list of child widgets from the managed list of the parent widget, but does not destroy the children widgets. The **XtUnmanageChildren** subroutine:

- Issues an error if all the children widgets do not have the same parent widget or if the parent widget is not a subclass of the **compositeWidgetClass**.
- Returns immediately if the common parent widget is being destroyed.

For each unique child widget on the list, the **XtUnmanageChildren** subroutine does the following:

- Ignores the child widget if the child widget is already unmanaged or is being destroyed.
 Otherwise, this subroutine marks the child widget.
- Makes the child widget non-visible by unmapping it if it is realized.
- Calls the subroutine specified in the changed_managed field of the parent widget after all children widgets have been marked if the parent widget is realized.

Parameters

Children Specifies the list of child widgets to be removed.

NumberChildren Specifies the number of the child widgets to be removed.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtUnmanageChild subroutine, XtCreateManagedChildren subroutine, XtIsManaged subroutine, XtManageChildren subroutine.

XtUnmapWidget Subroutine

Purpose

Unmaps a widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtUnmapWidget(WidgetID)
Widget WidgetID;

Description

The XtUnmapWidget subroutine unmaps a widget explicitly.

Parameter

WidgetID

Specifies the widget to unmap.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtMapWidget subroutine, XtSetMappedWhenManaged subroutine.

XtUnrealizeWidget

XtUnrealizeWidget Subroutine

Purpose

Destroys the windows associated with a widget and its descendants.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtUnrealizeWidget(WidgetID)
Widget WidgetID;

Description

The XtUnrealizeWidget subroutine destroys the windows associated with a widget and its descendants (recursively down the widget tree). To recreate the windows at a later time, call the XtRealizeWidget subroutine again.

If the widget was managed, it will be unmanaged automatically before its window is freed.

Parameter

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtRealizeWidget subroutine.

XtWarning Subroutine

Purpose

Calls the installed non-fatal error procedure.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtWarning(Message)
String Message;

Description

The XtWarning subroutine calls the installed non-fatal error procedure.

Note: This subroutine exists only as a convenience for users converting earlier versions of the toolkit.

Parameter

Message

Specifies the non-fatal error message to report.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtGetErrorDatabase subroutine, XtGetErrorDatabaseText subroutine, XtSetErrorHandler subroutine, XtErrorMsg subroutine, XtSetWarningHandler subroutine, XtWarningMsg subroutine, XtError subroutine, XtSetErrorMsgHandler subroutine, XtSetWarningMsgHandler subroutine.

XtWarningMsg Subroutine

Purpose

Is the high-level warning handler.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

void XtWarningMsg(Name, Type, Class,

Default, Parameters, NumberParameters)

String Name; String Type; String Class; String Default; String *Parameters;

Cardinal *NumberParameters;

Description

The XtWarningMsg subroutine displays messages based on input parameters.

Note: This subroutine exists only as a convenience for users converting earlier versions of the toolkit.

Parameters

Name Specifies the general kind of error.

Type Specifies the detailed name of the error.

Class Specifies the resource class. This parameter has the

XtToolkitError value for the Intrinsics internal warnings.

Default Specifies the default message to use if an error database

entry is not found.

Parameters Specifies a pointer to a list of values to be stored in the

message.

NumberParameters Specifies the number of values in the parameter list.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtGetErrorDatabase subroutine, XtGetErrorDatabaseText subroutine, XtSetErrorHandler subroutine, XtErrorMsg subroutine, XtSetWarningHandler subroutine, XtWarning subroutine, XtError subroutine, XtSetErrorMsgHandler subroutine, XtSetWarningMsgHandler subroutine.

XtWidgetCallCallbacks Subroutine

Purpose

Calls the entries on a callback list.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

#include <Xm/Xm.h>

void XtWidgetCallCallbacks(Callbacks, CallData) XtCallbackList Callbacks; Opaque CallData;

Description

The **XtWidgetCallCallbacks** subroutine calls the entries on a callback list. The widget knows the address of the callback list and avoids extra processing by using this function. The external version of this routine is the **XtCallCallbacks** subroutine.

Parameters

Callbacks Specifies the callback list to execute.

CallData Specifies a callback

Specifies a callback list specific data value to pass to each of the

callback procedures in the list.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XtWidgetToApplicationContext

XtWidgetToApplicationContext Subroutine

Purpose

Gets the application context for a specified widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

XtAppContext XtWidgetToApplicationContext(WidgetID) Widget WidgetID;

Description

The XtWidgetToApplicationContext subroutine gets and returns the application context for a specified widget.

Parameter

WidgetID

Specifies the widget with the desired application context.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtToolkitInitialize subroutine, XtCreateApplicationContext subroutine, XtDestroyApplicationContext subroutine, XtDisplayInitialize subroutine, XtOpenDisplay subroutine.

XtWindow Macro

Purpose

Returns the window of the specified widget.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Window XtWindow(WidgetID)

Widget WidgetID;

Description

The XtWindow macro returns the window of the specified widget.

Parameter

WidgetID

Specifies the widget.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

Related Information

The XtDisplay subroutine, XtParent subroutine, XtScreen subroutine.

XtWindowToWidget

XtWindowToWidget Subroutine

Purpose

Translates a window and display pointer into a widget instance.

Library

Intrinsics Library (libXt.a)

Syntax

Widget XtWindowToWidget(DisplayPtr, WindowID)

Display *DisplayPtr; Window WindowID;

Description

The XtWindowToWidget subroutine translates a window and display pointer into a widget

instance.

Parameters

DisplayPtr

Specifies the display on which the window is defined.

WindowID

Specifies the window for the desired widget.

Implementation Specifics

This toolkit subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XAllocScratch Extension Subroutine

Purpose

Returns a scratch buffer.

Library

Enhanced X-Windows Library (libXext.a)

Syntax

char *_XAllocScratch(DisplayID, NumberBytes)
Display *DisplayID;
unsigned long NumberBytes;

Description

The _XAllocScratch extension subroutine returns a scratch buffer. If you need a single scratch buffer inside a critical section to pack and unpack data to and from wire protocol, the general memory allocators may be too expensive to use (particularly in output routines, which are performance critical). Use of a routine with this storage must only be used inside the critical section of your stub.

Parameters

DisplayID

Specifies the ID of the display.

NumberBytes

Specifies the length, in bytes, of the buffer to be allocated.

Implementation Specifics

This extension subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

XReply Extension Subroutine

Purpose

Flushes the output buffer, waits for a reply packet, and copies the contents into the specified *Reply* parameter.

Library

Enhanced X-Windows Library (libXext.a)

Syntax

```
Status _XReply(DisplayPtr, Reply, Extra, Discard)
Display *DisplayPtr:
xReply *Reply:
int Extra:
Bool Discard;
```

Description

The _XReply extension subroutine flushes the output buffer, waits for a reply packet, and copies the contents into the specified *Reply* parameter. If other events arrive during this time, the _XReply extension subroutine queues these events for later use. This extensionhandles error and event packets that occur before the reply is received.

Most reply structures are 32 bytes long; therefore, the *Extra* parameter is usually the the value of 0. In the Core protocol, only the following are longer than 32 bytes: the **GetWindowAttributes**, **QueryFont**, **QueryKeymap**, and **GetKeyboardControl** reply structures.

If a reply is not followed by variable-length data, use the **_XReply** extension subroutine as follows:

```
_XReply (Display, (xReply *)&Rep, 0, xTrue);
*ret1 = rep.ret1;
*ret2 = rep.ret2;
*ret3 = rep.ret3;
UnlockDisplay(dpy);
SyncHandle();
return (rep.ret4);}
```

If a reply has variable-length data, change the **xTrue** value to the **xFalse** value and use the **_XRead** extension subroutine to read the variable-length data.

Parameters

Discard

Specifies a Boolean value that tells the **_XReply** extension subroutine to discard any additional bytes beyond those it was told to read. The *Discard* parameter can be one of the following values:

xFalse

The reply structure is followed by additional variable-length

data, such as a list or string.

xTrue

There is no variable-length data.

DisplayPtr

Specifies the display structure.

Extra

Specifies the number of additional bytes (beyond

sizeof(xReply) = 32bytes) in the reply structure. This is the number

of words expected after the reply.

Reply

Specifies a pointer to the parameter structure indicated by the xReply

subroutine.

Return Values

In this case, the **_XReply** extension returns one of the following values:

True

A reply was received successfully.

False

The reply was not successful. An **XError** message accompanies this value.

Implementation Specifics

This extension subroutine is part of AlXwindows Run Time Environment in AlXwindows Environment/6000.

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