

4-	1	EMT entry and initial processing
7-	1	EMTXIT -- Exit from EMT processing
8-	1	REBOOT -- Kmon EMT to reboot the system
9-	1	RTLOCK -- EMT to lock a job in low memory
10-	1	SWPFRS -- Force outswap of jobs in certain memory range
11-	1	QIO -- Queue an I/O request
12-	1	IDSTRT -- Try to start I/O transfer
13-	1	IOHANQ -- Place I/O queue request on handler list
14-	1	IOFIN -- I/O operation completion
15-	1	IOFCPL -- IOFIN processing done at fork level
16-	1	IDCMPL -- Do cleanup on completed I/O queue element
17-	1	QCOMPL -- Queue a completion routine request
18-	1	FAKCMPL -- Generate fake completion routine request
19-	1	SETERR -- Set EMT error code and exit
20-	1	GETQ -- Get a free I/O queue element
21-	1	QFREE -- Return an I/O queue element to the free list
22-	1	GETSYQ -- Get queue element for system I/O
22-	39	GETRTQ -- Get queue element for real-time use
23-	1	GETUMR -- Allocate Unibus map register
24-	1	FREUMR -- Free a Unibus map register
25-	1	GETUCH -- Get character from user's buffer
26-	1	PUTUCH -- Move byte to user's buffer
27-	1	SYBFAD -- Set system buffer address in I/O queue entry
28-	1	UACHKx -- Check validity of user address
28-	81	VALADx -- Validate user address
29-	1	IOWAIT -- Wait for I/O to finish
29-	22	IDSTOP -- Wait for all of job's I/O to finish
29-	42	IOHALT -- Abort all I/O for a job
30-	1	DVSTOP -- Abort I/O for a device & job
31-	1	IOTIMR -- Process handler timeout requests
32-	1	CANIOT -- Cancel all .TIMID requests for a job
33-	1	SETHAN -- Update running copy of device handler
34-	1	MIDMWT -- Mapped I/O move data to system buffer
35-	1	MIDMRD -- Mapped I/O move data to user's buffer
36-	1	HANXIT -- Exit from a mapped handler
37-	1	- Device handler mapping routines -
37-	6	MPPHY -- Convert mapped address to physical address
38-	1	PTBYT -- Move byte to user's buffer
39-	1	GTBYT -- Get byte from user's buffer
40-	1	PTWRD -- Move word to user's buffer
41-	1	EXTP1 -- External KPAR mapping routine for drivers
42-	1	CVTPHY -- Convert a virtual address to a physical addr
43-	1	RELOC -- Mapping relocation calculation
44-	1	BLKMOV -- Memory block move routine

```

1          .TITLE TSEMT T/S EMT PROCESSOR
2          .ENABL LC
3          .ENABL AMA
4          .DSABL GBL
5          ;
6          ; Copyright (C) 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985.
7          ;
8          ; S&H Computer Systems, Inc.
9          ; Nashville, Tennessee
10         ;
11         ; this software is furnished under a license for use only
12         ; on a single computer system and may be copied only with
13         ; the inclusion of the above copyright notice. This
14         ; software, or any other copies thereof, may not be provided
15         ; or otherwise made available to any other person except
16         ; for use on such system and to one who agrees to these
17         ; license terms. title to and ownership of the software
18         ; shall at all times remain with S&H Computer Systems, Inc.
19         ;
20 000000          .CSECT TSEMT
21 000000 TSEMT:
22          PS      =      177776          ;PROCESSOR STATUS WORD
23          ;
24          ; System macros.
25          ;
26          .MCALL .READW
27         -----
28         ; MACROS TO ENABLE AND DISABLE INTERRUPTS.
29         ;
30         .MACRO DISABL          ;DISABLE INTERRUPTS
31         BIS      #340, @#PS
32         .ENDM DISABL
33         ;
34         .MACRO ENABL          ;ENABLE INTERRUPTS
35         BIC      INTPRI, @#PS
36         .ENDM ENABL
37         ;
38         ; Macro to print an error message when a system crash occurs.
39         ;
40         ; Arguments:
41         ; MSG = Name of error message to print.
42         ; ARG = (Optional) argument value to display with error message.
43         ;
44         .GLOBL DIEMSG, DIEARG, SYSHLT
45         .MACRO DIE      MSG, ARG
46         MOV      MSG, @#DIEMSG
47         .IF      NB, ARG
48         MOV      ARG, @#DIEARG
49         .ENDC
50         CALL     @#SYSHLT
51         .ENDM DIE
52         ;
53         ; Macro definition for calling global routines residing in
54         ; mapped system regions.
55         ;
56         .MACRO OCALL ENTADD
57         .IF      B, ENTADD

```

```

58          .ERROR ;OCALL SPECIFIED WITH NO ENTRY ADDRESS
59          .MEXIT
60          . ENDC
61          CALL   OVRHC          ; CALL THE OVERLAY HANDLER
62          .WORD  ENTADD        ; SPECIFY THE ENTRY POINT
63          . ENDM
64          ;
65          ; Global definitions
66          ;
67          .GLOBL FREUMR, GETUMR, IOHANQ, CLWTIM, CVTPHY
68          .GLOBL TSEMT, IOSTOP, SYQIO, SYBFAD, IOSTRT
69          .GLOBL UACHKB, UACHKW, GETQ, SETC, ABTIO
70          .GLOBL GETSYQ, QIO, PUTUCH, GETUCH, FMMSG, SPLERR
71          .GLOBL EMTENT, IOFIN, QFREE, IOTIMR, SETHAN
72          .GLOBL IOWAIT, RTLOCK, SWPFRG
73          .GLOBL SETERR, EMTXIT, IOHALT, CANIOT
74          .GLOBL PTBYT, GTBYT, PTWRD, MPPHY, ERRLOG, RTLOCK
75          .GLOBL BADEMT, QCOMPL, FAKCMP, GETRTQ, EXTP1, BLKMV
76          .GLOBL REBOOT, USREMT, FILSPC, SPSIZE, SPFLDV, SPFLNM
77          .GLOBL MIOMRD, MIOMWT, HANXIT, QF#IOT
78          .GLOBL READ, WRITE, RELOC
79          ;
80          ; Global references
81          ;
82          .GLOBL $GEMAR, LSW11, EMTPLS, VPLAS
83          .GLOBL TSINIT, CUREMT, HANIQC, DOEMT, C. USED, SSEMT
84          .GLOBL VSWPFL, MAPPAR, BASMAP, LOMAP, $MLOCK, $NLOCK
85          .GLOBL S$WFM, LSW, SCPGET, SP$JOB, SP$CMD, SA$LOK
86          .GLOBL $DEAD, EMTLEV, CQ$CP, CP$STD, PRIVCO
87          .GLOBL CQ$LNK, CQ$RTN, CQ$PA5, DOSCHD, LCMPL
88          .GLOBL CQ$JOB, CQ$RO, CQ$R1, SYSXIT, $NDMEM
89          .GLOBL INTPRI, LIOCNT, QHIPRI, NMFREQ, LPRI
90          .GLOBL VPAR6, NUMDEV, CSHALC, CP$RT, QF$MIO, QF$CIO
91          .GLOBL MEMSWP, PO$LOK, CKUSP2, E375MX, EMT376, RT11EX, ODTBAS
92          .GLOBL SYTIMH, SYTIML, SYSDAT, CQ$FLG, Q. FLAG
93          .GLOBL QF$SCR, CQ$HOT, CQ$LOT, CQ$RO, CQ$R1, IT$JOB
94          .GLOBL KPAR5, KPAR6, DS$ABT, MRKTHD
95          .GLOBL FRKGET, FORKQ, FQ$PRI, FQ$RTN, FQ$R1, FQ$R5, FQ$R3
96          .GLOBL EMTBLK, IOQSIZ, CSHIO, DX$NCA, Q. ICSW, Q. UCSW
97          .GLOBL CFLAG, ERRLOC, IOCMPL, LPRI, IT$SEQ
98          .GLOBL LSW4, $INKMN, VALADW, VALADB, PRIVCO
99          .GLOBL CS$ERR, CS$EDF, CS$OPN
100         .GLOBL SERFLG
101         .GLOBL IOABFL, LSW3
102         .GLOBL RPDR
103         .GLOBL LSW6, VPRIHI, S$RT, FP$MOV, FP$IOF, FP$IOS, FP$IOA
104         .GLOBL EMTMAP, EMTSP, CHNNUM, LJSW, EM$SOF, JSTKND
105         .GLOBL CXTEND, LSW4, HANSIZ
106         .GLOBL MI$UBP, MI$SBP, MI$UBO, MI$CWC
107         .GLOBL Q. DEVX
108         .GLOBL INTERR, $INKMN
109         .GLOBL CHNADR, EMTASP, EMTRAD
110         .GLOBL CORUSR, UPMODE, LITIME, S$HICP
111         .GLOBL BOTUNI, BOTCSR
112         .GLOBL UBUSMP, DX$DMA, DVFLAG, UMRBAS, UM$IOQ
113         .GLOBL UM$WDS, UM$SZ, UMREND, UMRWHD, Q. UMRX
114         .GLOBL Q. UMPB, Q. UMBV, UM$UMR, UMRADR, UM$NMR

```

```
115 . GLOBL Q. UMPP
116 . GLOBL ABORT, FMTADR
117 . GLOBL CXTBAS, DX$MAP, MIDCHK
118 . GLOBL URO, EMTPS, QSRCH, CHKABT, QNSPND
119 . GLOBL S$NEDQ, DVSTAT, HANENT, FREIQ, EMTCTX, EMTCXW
120 . GLOBL JSWLOC, ENSYS, HANPAR
121 . GLOBL EMTCXN, UHIMEM
122 . GLOBL EMTERR, LSTATE, S$IOWT, UMODE
123 . GLOBL C. CSW, Q. WCNT
124 . GLOBL C. NUMQ, Q. JOB, Q. LINK, Q. BLKN, Q. FUNC
125 . GLOBL Q. COMP, Q. CHAN, C. DEVQ, Q. UNIT
126 . GLOBL Q. BUFF, Q. PAR, Q. PA5, C. SBLK, C. LENG, Q. CSW
127 . GLOBL LBASE, UIOCNT, Q. PA6
128 . GLOBL LSTPL
129 . GLOBL ENQTL, FRKPRI
130 . GLOBL S$IOFN, CQ$PRI, IT$LNK
131 . GLOBL IT$RTN
132 . GLOBL CQ$RNS
133 . GLOBL LEMTPC
134 . GLOBL LMXNUM, RSR, TSR
135 . GLOBL MXDTR, ZCLR, MXCSR, EM$NQE
136 . GLOBL LCXPAR, CUPARO
137 . GLOBL READ, WRITE
138 . GLOBL TTYIN, TTYOUT
139 . GLOBL PRINT
140 . GLOBL OVRHC, VPAR5, EXCJOB, SROMMR, SR3MMR, VCSHNB
```

```

1 ;-----
2 ;
3 ; Ascii characters
4 ;
5 000015 CR = 15 ; Carriage return
6 000012 LF = 12 ; Line feed
7 000007 BELL = 07 ; Bell
8 ;
9 ; Shared data areas for mapped system regions.
10 ;
11 000000 USREMT: .BLKW 6 ; Argument area for internal USR emts
12 000014 FILSPC: .BLKW 4 ; Holds dev:file.ext[size] spec for current emt
13 000024 000000 .WORD 0 ; [size] for file specified above
14 000026 000000 QWTCNT: .WORD 0 ; Non-zero ==> Some job waiting for Q element
15 000030 000000 000074 CLWTIM: .WORD 0,60. ; Wait time for CLWAIT routine
16 ;
17 ; Data areas used for special device (mag tape) directory operations.
18 ; Note: SPFLDV, SPFLNM, and SPSIZE must be allocated contiguously for
19 ; magtape directory operations to work correctly.
20 ;
21 000034 SPFLDV: .BLKW 1 ; File spec device name
22 000036 SPFLNM: .BLKW 4 ; File spec involved in dir operation
23 000046 000000 SPSIZE: .WORD 0 ; File size returned by handler
24 .EVEN
25 ;
26 ; Text messages.
27 ;
28 .NLIST BEX
29 ; Note: FMMSG must begin on a word boundary so that XXXXXX is
30 ; word aligned (MOV instructions replace the form name).
31 .EVEN
32 000050 015 012 012 FMMSG: .ASCIZ <CR><LF><LF><BELL>/ Mount 'XXXXXX' form on YYN/<CR><LF>
33 000112 124 123 130 SPLERR: .ASCIZ /TSX-W-Error on write to spool file/
34 .EVEN
35 .LIST BEX

```

```

1
2 ; -----
3 ; TABLE FOR V1 TYPE EMTS WHICH SHOWS HOW MANY
4 ; ARGUMENTS ARE ON THE STACK.
5 ;
5 000156      000      V1STK: . BYTE 0 ; 000 DELETE
6 000157      000      . BYTE 0 ; 020 LOOKUP
7 000160      001      . BYTE 1 ; 040 ENTER
8 000161      000      . BYTE 0 ; 060
9 000162      000      . BYTE 0 ; 100 RENAME
10 000163     000      . BYTE 0 ; 120 SAVE STATUS
11 000164     000      . BYTE 0 ; 140 REOPEN
12 000165     000      . BYTE 0 ; 160 CLOSE
13 000166     003      . BYTE 3 ; 200 READ
14 000167     003      . BYTE 3 ; 220 WRITE
15 000170     000      . BYTE 0 ; 240 WAIT

```

```

16
17 ; -----
18 ; Table for group 16 EMT's showing how many arguments are on the stack.
19 ;
20 000171     000      @16STK: . BYTE 0 ; 340 TTYIN
21 000172     000      . BYTE 0 ; 341 TTYOUT
22 000173     001      . BYTE 1 ; 342 DSTATUS
23 000174     001      . BYTE 1 ; 343 FETCH/RELEASE
24 000175     375      . BYTE -3 ; 344 CSIGEN
25 000176     375      . BYTE -3 ; 345 CSISPC
26 000177     000      . BYTE 0 ; 346 LOCK
27 000200     000      . BYTE 0 ; 347 UNLOCK
28 000201     000      . BYTE 0 ; 350 EXIT
29 000202     000      . BYTE 0 ; 351 PRINT
30 000203     000      . BYTE 0 ; 352 SRESET
31 000204     001      . BYTE 1 ; 353 QSET
32 000205     000      . BYTE 0 ; 354 SETTOP
33 000206     000      . BYTE 0 ; 355 RCTRLD
34 000207     000      . BYTE 0 ; 356 (undefined)
35 000210     000      . BYTE 0 ; 357 HRESET
36 . EVEN

```

```

1          .SBTTL  EMT entry and initial processing
2          ;-----
3          ; EMTENT is entered directly from an EMT trap.
4          ; On entry, the processor will be in kernel mode and the stack pointer
5          ; will be pointing to an internal job stack.
6          ; Our initial EMT processing consists of the following steps:
7          ;   1. Save registers.
8          ;   2. Save current EMT processing context.
9          ;   3. Determine if this is a version 1 or version 2 format EMT.
10         ;   4. Move arguments for EMT from either users argument area (v2) or
11         ;       stack (v1) to internal argument block (EMTBLK).
12         ;   5. Jump off to appropriate EMT processing routine.
13         ;
14 000212 013746 000000G EMTENT: MOV      EMTSP, -(SP)      ;SAVE PREVIOUS EMT PROCESSOR STATUS
15 000216 016637 000004 000000G      MOV      4(SP), EMTSP      ;SAVE PS ON ENTRY FROM TRAP
16 000224 013746 000000G      MOV      EMTADR, -(SP)      ;SAVE PREVIOUS EMT PC
17 000230 016637 000004 000000G      MOV      4(SP), EMTADR      ;SAVE PC OF TRAP
18 000236 013746 000000G      MOV      EMTASP, -(SP)      ;SAVE OLD ARGUMENT STACK POINTER
19 000242 010637 000000G      MOV      SP, EMTASP      ;SET EMTASP TO POINT TO STACK TOP BEFORE EMT
20 000246 062737 000012 000000G      ADD      #12, EMTASP      ;WAS DONE
21 000254 010546          MOV      R5, -(SP)
22 000256 010446          MOV      R4, -(SP)
23 000260 010346          MOV      R3, -(SP)
24 000262 010246          MOV      R2, -(SP)
25 000264 010146          MOV      R1, -(SP)
26         ;
27         ; If an EMT is already being performed, save EMT processing context.
28         ;
29 000266 005237 000000G          INC      EMTLEV      ;INCREMENT EMT PROCESSING LEVEL
30 000272 001406          BEQ      2$          ;BR IF NO EMT IN PROGRESS
31 000274 012705 000000G      MOV      #EMTCXT, R5      ;POINT TO START OF EMT CONTEXT AREA
32 000300 012704 000000G      MOV      #EMTCXW, R4      ;GET # WORDS TO SAVE
33 000304 012546          1$: MOV      (R5)+, -(SP)      ;SAVE EMT CONTEXT ON STACK
34 000306 077402          SOB      R4, 1$
35 000310 010637 000000G      2$: MOV      SP, EMTSP      ;SAVE FRAME POINTER
36 000314 013737 000000G 000000G      MOV      @#KPAR5, EMTMAP      ;Save PAR 5 mapping value on EMT entry
37 000322 010037 000000G      MOV      R0, URO          ;URO HOLDS USER'S R0 VALUE
38         ;
39         ; Initialize EMT context status.
40         ;
41 000326 042737 000000G 000000G      BIC      #CFLAG, EMTSP      ;CLEAR C-FLAG IN PS
42 000334 105037 000000G      CLRB     EMterr          ;NO I/O ERROR CODE YET
43 000340 105037 000000G      CLRB     INTERR          ;NO INTERNAL ERROR CODE
44 000344 013705 000000G      MOV      EMTADR, R5      ;GET ADDRESS SAVED BY EMT TRAP
45 000350 006545          MFPI     -(R5)          ;GET EMT INSTRUCTION ONTO STACK
46 000352 010537 000000G      MOV      R5, EMTADR      ;SAVE ADDRESS OF EMT INSTRUCTION
47 000356 012604          MOV      (SP)+, R4      ;GET THE EMT INSTRUCTION
48 000360 010437 000000G      MOV      R4, CUREMT      ;SAVE THE EMT INSTRUCTION
49 000364 113701 000000G      MOVVB   CORUSR, R1      ;GET JOB INDEX #
50 000370 032737 000000G 000000G      BIT      #UMODE, EMTSP      ;WAS EMT DONE IN USER MODE?
51 000376 001406          BEQ      5$          ;BR IF NOT
52 000400 010561 000000G      MOV      R5, LEMTPC(R1)      ;SAVE ADDRESS OF LAST USER-MODE EMT
53 000404 106537 000000G      MFPD    @#JSWLOC          ;GET USER'S JSW VALUE
54 000410 012661 000000G      MOV      (SP)+, LJSW(R1)      ;SAVE IN INTERNAL TABLE
55 000414 020427 104341          5$: CMP      R4, #104341      ;IS THIS A TTYOUT EMT?
56 000420 001002          BNE     6$          ;BR IF NOT
57 000422 000137 000000G      JMP      TTYOUT          ;HANDLE TTYOUT SPECIALLY FOR SPEED
    
```

```

58 000426 020427 104351      6$:    CMP      R4,#104351      ; IS THIS A .PRINT EMT?
59 000432 001002                BNE      7$              ; BR IF NOT
60 000434 000137 000000G      JMP      PRINT           ; HANDLE .PRINT SPECIALLY FOR SPEED
61 000440 020427 104340      7$:    CMP      R4,#104340      ; IS THIS A .TTYIN EMT?
62 000444 001002                BNE      8$              ; BR IF NOT
63 000446 000137 000000G      JMP      TTYIN           ; GO PROCESS .TTYIN
64 000452 032737 000000G 000000G 8$:    BIT      #UMODE,EMTPS     ; WAS EMT DONE IN USER MODE?
65 000460 001407                BEQ      3$              ; BR IF NOT
66 000462 004737 000000G      CALL    CKUSP2          ; CHECK VALIDITY OF USER'S SP
67 000466 103004                BCC      3$              ; BR IF USER'S SP IS OK
68 000470 013704 000000G      MOV      EMTADR,R4      ; SET ADDRESS FOR ABORT MESSAGE
69 000474 000137 000000G      JMP      ABORT          ; ABORT THE JOB
70                                ;
71                                ; Determine if this is a version 1 or version 2 format EMT.
72                                ;
73 000500 012701 000000G      3$:    MOV      #EMTBLK,R1    ; GET ADDRESS OF AREA FOR ARGUMENT LIST
74 000504 120427 000375      CMPB    R4,#375         ; Version 2 EMT?
75 000510 001505                BEQ      EMT375         ; Br if yes
76 000512 120427 000374      CMPB    R4,#374         ; VERSION 1 OR VERSION 2 FORMAT EMT?
77 000516 103070                BHIS    V2EMT           ; BR IF VERSION 2 EMT

```



```

1          ;
2          ; Do setup for a version 1 format EMT.
3          ; Convert emt to version 2 format and move arguments to EMTBLK.
4          ;
5 000520 010405 V1EMT: MOV R4,R5 ;GET EMT INSTRUCTION
6 000522 042704 177760 BIC #^C17,R4 ;ISOLATE CHANNEL NUMBER
7 000526 110421 MOVVB R4,(R1)+ ;STORE INTO EMTBLK
8 000530 042705 177417 BIC #^C360,R5 ;LEAVE ONLY FUNCTION CODE
9 000534 072527 177774 ASH #-4,R5 ;RIGHT JUSTIFY
10 000540 110521 MOVVB R5,(R1)+ ;STORE FUNCTION CODE INTO EMTBLK
11 000542 010021 MOV RO,(R1)+ ;USERS RO VALUE GOES AS ARGUMENT 1
12          ;
13          ; Move any arguments from user's stack to EMTBLK.
14          ;
15 000544 106506 MFPD SP ;GET USER'S SP
16 000546 012603 MOV (SP)+,R3 ;INTO R3
17 000550 120527 000016 CMPB R5,#16 ;IS THIS A GROUP 16 EMT?
18 000554 001015 BNE 2$ ;BR IF NOT
19 000556 113702 000000G MOVVB EMTBLK,R2 ;GET SUB-FUNCTION CODE (CHANNEL #)
20 000562 116202 000171' MOVVB @16STK(R2),R2 ;GET # ARGUMENTS ON STACK
21 000566 002012 BGE 1$ ;BR IF NOT .CSIxxx
22          ; .CSIGEN & .CSISPC have a variable number of arguments (3 or 4).
23          ; Determine how many we have this call.
24 000570 005402 NEG R2 ;GET 3 AS # ARGS
25 000572 106563 000004 MFPD 4(R3) ;GET 3RD ARGUMENT ON STACK
26 000576 032726 000001 BIT #1,(SP)+ ;IS THERE A 4TH ARGUMENT?
27 000602 001405 BEQ 3$ ;BR IF NOT
28 000604 005202 INC R2 ;SET 4 AS # ARGUMENTS
29 000606 000403 BR 3$
30 000610 116502 000156' 2$: MOVVB V1STK(R5),R2 ;GET # ARGUMENTS ON STACK
31 000614 001514 1$: BEQ ARGFIN ;BR IF NO ARGUMENTS ON STACK
32 000616 032737 000000G 000000G 3$: BIT #UMODE,EMTPS ;WAS EMT DONE IN USER OR KERNEL MODE?
33 000624 001017 BNE 4$ ;BR IF IN USER MODE
34          ; EMT was executed in kernel mode.
35          ; This means the arguments are under all the saved information we pushed
36          ; on entry to EMT processing. Pop the arguments and move down the saved
37          ; information on the stack.
38 000626 013703 000000G MOV EMTASP,R3 ;GET POINTER TO ARGUMENTS ON STACK
39 000632 010300 MOV R3,RO
40 000634 012321 6$: MOV (R3)+,(R1)+ ;MOVE AND ARGUMENT FROM STACK TO EMTBLK
41 000636 077202 SOB R2,6$ ;MOVE ALL ARGUMENTS FOR EMT
42 000640 014043 5$: MOV -(RO),-(R3) ;MOVE DOWN OTHER INFO ON STACK OVER ARG AREA
43 000642 020006 CMP RO,SP
44 000644 101375 BHI 5$
45 000646 160003 SUB RO,R3 ;GET # BYTES STACK WAS REDUCED
46 000650 060306 ADD R3,SP ;CORRECT SP
47 000652 060337 000000G ADD R3,EMTSP ;CORRECT FRAME POINTER
48 000656 060337 000000G ADD R3,EMTASP ;CORRECT ARGUMENT POINTER
49 000662 000471 BR ARGFIN
50          ; EMT was done in user mode. This means arguments are on user-mode stack.
51 000664 106523 4$: MFPD (R3)+ ;MOVE ARGUMENT FROM USER'S STACK TO OUR STACK
52 000666 012621 MOV (SP)+,(R1)+ ;MOVE HIS ARGUMENT TO OUR ARGUMENT AREA
53 000670 077203 SOB R2,4$ ;GET ALL OF HIS ARGUMENTS
54 000672 010346 MOV R3,-(SP) ;NOW RESET HIS STACK POINTER
55 000674 106606 MTPD SP
56 000676 000463 BR ARGFIN
    
```

```

1          ;
2          ; Do setup for a version 2 format EMT.
3          ;
4 000700 001004 V2EMT: BNE 1$ ;BR IF NOT EMT 374
5          ;
6          ; This is an EMT 374. (R0 Contains function-code, channel).
7          ;
8 000702 062700 000000C ADD #E375MX*400,R0 ;BIAS FUNCTION CODE
9 000706 010021 MOV R0,(R1)+ ;R0 HAS FUNCTION CODE AND CHANNEL
10 000710 000456 BR ARGFIN ;THERE ARE NO OTHER ARGS FOR THIS TYPE EMT
11         ;
12         ; This is an EMT 375. (R0 points to user's argument list).
13         ;
14 000712 120427 000376 1$: CMPB R4,#376 ;MAKE SURE THIS REALLY IS AN EMT 375
15 000716 103402 BLO EMT375 ;BR IF IT IS 375
16 000720 000137 000000G JMP EMT376 ;BR IF 376 OR 377
17         ;
18         ; Validate the address of the argument block
19         ;
20 000724 032700 000001 EMT375: BIT #1,R0 ;Is address even?
21 000730 001003 BNE 1$ ;Br if not
22 000732 020037 000000G CMP R0,UHIMEM ;Is address in normal job area?
23 000736 101402 BLOS 5$ ;Br if yes
24 000740 004737 005520' 1$: CALL VALADW ;MAKE SURE EMT ARG BLOCK ADDRESS IS VALID
25         ;
26         ; Get 1st word from EMT argument block
27         ;
28 000744 113702 000000G 5$: MOVB CORUSR,R2 ;Get job index number
29 000750 052762 000000G 000000G BIS #$GEMAR,LSW11(R2);Set flag saying to return 0 on MFPD trap
30 000756 010003 MOV R0,R3 ;GET ADDRESS OF USER'S ARGUMENT BLOCK
31 000760 106523 MFPD (R3)+ ;GET USER'S FUNCTION CODE AND CHANNEL
32 000762 012605 MOV (SP)+,R5
33         ;
34         ; Determine if this is an RT-11 or TSX system function
35         ;
36 000764 020527 040000 CMP R5,#100*400 ;TSX EMT?
37 000770 103402 BLO 2$ ;BR IF NOT
38 000772 062705 000000C ADD #<<RT11EX-100>*400>,R5 ;BIAS FUNCTION CODE
39 000776 010521 2$: MOV R5,(R1)+ ;STORE FUNCTION CODE & CHANNEL # IN EMTBLK
40         ;
41         ; Move arguments from user's argument area to EMTBLK.
42         ;
43 001000 012700 000006 MOV #6,R0 ;Get # words to move
44 001004 106523 3$: MFPD (R3)+ ;GET AN ARG WORD FROM USER'S AREA
45 001006 012621 MOV (SP)+,(R1)+ ;MOVE INTO EMTBLK
46 001010 077003 SOB R0,3$
47 001012 042762 000000G 000000G BIC #$GEMAR,LSW11(R2);Clear flag that says we are getting args
48 001020 010201 MOV R2,R1 ;Carry job index in R1
49         ;
50         ; Do fast check for shared run-time mapping
51         ;
52 001022 123727 000001G 000043G CMPB EMTBLK+1,#<143+<RT11EX-100>>;Shared run-time mapping?
53 001030 001002 BNE 4$ ;Br if not
54 001032 000137 000000G JMP SSEMT ;Go do shared run-time mapping
55 001036 123727 000001G 000036 4$: CMPB EMTBLK+1,#36 ;PLAS EMT?
56 001044 001402 BEQ DOPLAS ;Br if PLAS EMT
57         ;
    
```

```
58 ; Jump into TSEM2 overlay to complete EMT processing
59 ;
60 001046 000137 000000G ARGFIN: JMP DOEMT ;Enter TSEM2 to complete processing
61 ;
62 ; PLAS EMT
63 ;
64 001052 005737 000000G DOPLAS: TST VPLAS ;Was PLAS genned into system?
65 001056 001402 BEQ 9$ ;Br if not
66 001060 000137 000000G JMP EMTPLS ;Enter TSPLAS overlay
67 001064 012700 000007 9$: MOV #7,R0 ;Return error code 0
68 001070 005037 000000G CLR URO ;Return 0 in R0
69 001074 000137 004036' JMP SETERR
70
71 ;-----
72 ; Invalid EMT
73 ;
74 001100 012700 177767 BADEMT: MOV #-11,R0 ;ERROR CODE #
75 001104 000137 004036' JMP SETERR
```

```

1          .SBTTL  EMTXIT -- Exit from EMT processing
2          ;-----
3          ; EMTXIT is jumped to at the end of processing of an EMT.
4          ; Control is returned to the user.
5          ;
6          ; Check to make sure the job context block stack did not overflow.
7          ;
8 001110 023727 000000G 123456 EMTXIT: CMP      JSTKND,#123456 ;CHECK FOR FIXED VALUE AT END OF STACK
9 001116 001410                BEQ      6$          ;BR IF OK
10 001120                DIE      #EM$SOF,#3      ;STACK OVERFLOW -- HALT SYSTEM
11          ;
12          ; If the EMT was executed in user mode, make sure
13          ; previous-mode = user in the current PSW.
14          ;
15 001140 032737 000000G 000000G 6$:  BIT      #UMODE,EMTPS ;Was EMT executed in user mode?
16 001146 001403                BEQ      7$          ;Br if not
17 001150 052737 000000G 177776        BIS      #UPMODE,@#PS ;Make sure previous-mode = user in PSW
18          ;
19          ; See if an internal error code was specified.
20          ;
21 001156 105737 000000G                7$:  TSTB     INTERR          ;ANY INTERNAL ERROR CODE?
22 001162 001403                BEQ      1$          ;BR IF NOT
23 001164 113737 000000G 000000G        MOVB    INTERR,EMTERR ;SET AS REAL ERROR CODE
24          ;
25          ; Return I/O error code to user.
26          ;
27 001172 106537 000000G                1$:  MFPD     @#ERRLOC          ;GET CONTENTS OF ERROR CELL
28 001176 113716 000000G                MOVB    EMTERR,(SP) ;PUT EMT ERROR CODE IN LOW-ORDER BYTE
29 001202 001403                BEQ      2$          ;BR IF THERE WAS NO ERROR
30 001204 052737 000000G 000000G        BIS      #CFLAG,EMTPS ;SET C-FLAG IN PS
31 001212 106637 000000G                2$:  MTPD     @#ERRLOC          ;RESET ERROR CELL
32          ;
33          ; Return value to user in R0.
34          ;
35 001216 013700 000000G                MOV     URO,R0          ;GET VALUE TO BE RETURNED IN R0
36          ;
37          ; Restore mapping for kernel PAR 5 region
38          ;
39 001222 013737 000000G 000000G        MOV     EMTMAP,@#KPAR5 ;Restore mapping for kernel PAR 5 region
40          ;
41          ; Restore EMT context.
42          ;
43 001230 013706 000000G                MOV     EMTSP,SP        ;RESTORE FRAME POINTER
44 001234 005337 000000G                DEC     EMTLEV          ;DID WE PUSH CONTEXT INFORMATION?
45 001240 002406                BLT     3$          ;BR IF NOT
46 001242 012705 000000G                MOV     #EMTCXN,R5     ;POINT TO END OF CONTEXT AREA
47 001246 012704 000000G                MOV     #EMTCXW,R4     ;GET # WORDS TO RESTORE
48 001252 012645                4$:  MOV     (SP)+,-(R5) ;RESTORE EMT CONTEXT
49 001254 077402                SOB     R4,4$
50          ;
51          ; Restore registers
52          ;
53 001256 012601                3$:  MOV     (SP)+,R1
54 001260 012602                MOV     (SP)+,R2
55 001262 012603                MOV     (SP)+,R3
56 001264 012604                MOV     (SP)+,R4
57 001266 012605                MOV     (SP)+,R5

```

```
58 ;  
59 ; Restore stack argument pointer  
60 ;  
61 001270 012637 000000G MOV (SP)+,EMTASP ;POINTS TO WHERE ARGUMENTS WERE ON STACK  
62 ;  
63 ; Set PS for return  
64 ;  
65 001274 013766 000000G 000006 MOV EMTPS,6(SP) ;PUT PS ON STACK  
66 ;  
67 ; Restore EMTPS & EMTADR.  
68 ;  
69 001302 012637 000000G MOV (SP)+,EMTADR  
70 001306 012637 000000G MOV (SP)+,EMTPS  
71 ;  
72 ; At this point the PS & PC pushed as a result of the EMT are the only  
73 ; things on the stack.  
74 ; See if a .SPCPS EMT was done that wants to alter return from the EMT.  
75 ;  
76 001312 005737 000000G TST EMTRAD ;DO WE WANT TO ALTER EMT EXIT ADDRESS?  
77 001316 001407 BEQ 5$ ;BR IF NOT  
78 ; Force control away from completion routine.  
79 001320 013716 000000G MOV EMTRAD,(SP) ;SET NEW PC FOR EXIT  
80 001324 012766 000000G 000002 MOV #UPMODE,2(SP) ;SET NEW PS FOR EXIT  
81 001332 005037 000000G CLR EMTRAD ;SAY WE HAVE FINISHED THE REQUEST  
82 ;  
83 ; Exit throuth INTEN code.  
84 ;  
85 001336 000137 000000G 5$: JMP SYSXIT ;EXIT FROM SYSTEM STATE
```

```

1          .SBTTL REBOOT -- Kmon EMT to reboot the system
2          ;-----
3          ; Reboot the system.
4          ; Word 2 of EMT arg block contains address of start of bootstrap code.
5          ;
6 001342 REBOOT: DISABL ;** DISABLE **
7 001350 012777 000002 000100' MOV #2,@100 ;DISABLE CLOCK PROCESSING
8 001356 013737 000100 000004 MOV @#100,@#4 ;Ignore non-existent traps
9          ;
10         ; Disable time-sharing lines
11         ;
12 001364 012705 000000G MOV #LSTPL,R5 ;GET # OF LAST PRIMARY LINE
13 001370 032765 000000G 000000G 7$: BIT #$DEAD,LSW3(R5) ;IS THIS LINE INSTALLED?
14 001376 001015 BNE 6$ ;BR IF NOT INSTALLED - CONTINUE TO NEXT LINE
15 001400 016504 000000G MOV LMXNUM(R5),R4 ;IS THIS A DL-11 OR DZ-11 LINE?
16 001404 001005 BNE 4$ ;BR IF DZ-11 LINE
17 001406 005075 000000G CLR @RSR(R5) ;STOP RECEIVER
18 001412 005075 000000G CLR @TSR(R5) ;STOP TRANSMITTER
19 001416 000405 BR 6$ ;CONTINUE TO NEXT LINE
20 001420 105074 000000G 4$: CLRB @MXDTR(R4) ;CLEAR DZ-11 DATA TERMINAL READY
21 001424 052774 000000G 000000G BIS #ZCLR,@MXCSR(R4);CLEAR DZ-11 CONTROL STATUS REGISTER
22 001432 162705 000002 6$: SUB #2,R5 ;GO STOP NEXT LINE
23 001436 003354 BGT 7$
24         ;
25         ; Disable the generalized cache and the scheduler.
26         ;
27 001440 113737 000000G 000000G MOVB CORUSR,EXCJOB ;Say we are the exclusive job
28 001446 005037 000000G CLR @#VCSHNB ;Disable caching
29 001452 013705 000004G MOV EMTBLK+4,R5 ;GET THE ADDRESS OF THE BOOTSTRAP CODE
30         ;
31         ; Reset system and issue read to set unit number in controller.
32         ;
33 001456 013737 000000G 000014' MOV @#SROMMR,FILSPC ;Save MMU 0 status
34 001464 013737 000000G 000016' MOV @#SR3MMR,FILSPC+2;Save MMU 3 status
35 001472 000005 RESET ;Issue bus reset
36 001474 013737 000014' 000000G MOV FILSPC,@#SROMMR ;Restore MMU 0 status
37 001502 013737 000016' 000000G MOV FILSPC+2,@#SR3MMR;Restore MMU 3 status
38 001510 . READW #USREMT,#1,#SPFLNM,#1,#0;Read from boot device
39 001546 DISABL ;Disable interrupts
40 001554 013700 000000G MOV BOTUNI,R0 ;Get boot device unit number
41 001560 013701 000000G MOV BOTCSR,R1 ;Get boot CSR address
42         ;
43         ; Move the bootstrap code from the user's region into kernal mapping.
44         ;
45         ;
46 001564 012702 000000G MOV #TSINIT,R2 ;COPY BOOTSTRAP INTO KERNEL MAPPING
47 001570 012703 002400 MOV #256.*5,R3 ;MOVE 5 BLOCKS OF CODE
48 001574 106525 8$: MFPD (R5)+ ;GET THE NEXT WORD
49 001576 012622 MOV (SP)+,(R2)+ ;STORE IT OVER TSINIT
50 001600 077303 SOB R3,8$ ;CONTINUE UNTIL PRIMARY & SECONDARY CODE MOVED
51         ;
52         ; Clear memory management registers.
53         ;
54 001602 005037 000000G CLR SROMMR ;Clear MMU 0 status
55 001606 005037 000000G CLR SR3MMR ;Clear MMU 1 status
56         ;
57         ; Set up date and time words.

```

```
58 ;  
59 001612 013737 000000G 005004 ; MOV SYSDAT, @#5004 ; DATE  
60 001620 013737 000000G 005000 ; MOV SYTIMH, @#5000 ; TIME - HIGH ORDER  
61 001626 013737 000000G 005002 ; MOV SYTIML, @#5002 ; TIME - LOW ORDER  
62 ;  
63 ; Copy bootstrap to low memory (0 - 4777).  
64 ;  
65 001634 012702 000000G ; MOV #TSINIT, R2 ; Point to copy of bootstrap  
66 001640 005005 ; CLR R5 ; Move to physical location zero  
67 001642 012703 002400 ; MOV #256, *5, R3 ; Move 5 blocks of code  
68 001646 012225 10$: MOV (R2)+, (R5)+ ; Move to low memory  
69 001650 077302 ; SOB R3, 10$ ; Continue until all is moved  
70 ;  
71 ; Set up for bootstrap.  
72 ;  
73 001652 005037 000000 ; CLR @#0 ; SAY DATE & TIME ARE STORED IN MEMORY  
74 001656 010037 004722 ; MOV R0, @#4722 ; SET THE CORRECT BOOTSTRAP UNIT NUMBER  
75 001662 012706 010000 ; MOV #10000, SP ; SET STACK POINTER FOR BOOTSTRAP  
76 001666 012703 001000 ; MOV #1000, R3 ; Point to bootstrap code  
77 ;  
78 ; Jump into bootstrap  
79 ;  
80 001672 000113 ; JMP @R3 ; ENTER BOOTSTRAP CODE
```

```

1          .SBTTL RTLOCK -- EMT to lock a job in low memory
2          ;-----
3          ; The RTLOCK emt is used to lock a job in memory. The job is moved
4          ; to the low end of user memory space before being locked.
5          ;
6 001674 032737 000000G 000000G RTLOCK: BIT #PO$LOK,PRIVCO ;Are we allowed to lock job in memory?
7 001702 001003 BNE 3$ ;Br if yes
8 001704 005000 CLR RO ;Return error code 0
9 001706 000137 004036' JMP SETERR
10 001712 105737 000000G 3$: TSTB VSWPFL ;Is this a no swap system?
11 001716 001465 BEQ 8$ ;Br if yes - don't change memory allocation
12          ;
13          ; Map PAR 5 to the memory management table
14          ;
15 001720 013737 000000G 000000G MOV MAPPAR,@#KPAR5 ;Map PAR 5 to memory management table
16          ;
17          ; See if job is at base of memory now
18          ;
19 001726 016102 000000G MOV LBASE(R1),R2 ;Get base page # for job
20 001732 063702 000000G ADD BASMAP,R2 ;Get address of base page entry for job
21 001736 020237 000000G 1$: CMP R2,LOMAP ;Are we at base of memory
22 001742 101453 BLOS 8$ ;Br if yes -- don't need to reposition job
23 001744 114200 MOVB -(R2),RO ;Get # of job using this page
24 001746 001405 BEQ 2$ ;Br if page is free
25 001750 002772 BLT 1$ ;Br if page is not available to jobs
26 001752 032760 000000G 000000G BIT #MLOCK,LSW6(RO);Is this job locked in memory?
27 001760 001366 BNE 1$ ;Br if yes
28          ;
29          ; Job is not at base of memory.
30          ; Use the job swapper to reposition it.
31          ;
32 001762 052761 000000G 000000G 2$: BIS #NDMEM,LSW(R1) ;Set flag saying we need to be swapped
33 001770 005237 000000G INC MEMSWP ;Tell swapper to do outswap
34 001774 052761 000000G 000000G BIS #NLOCK,LSW6(R1);Set flag saying job needs to be locked in mem
35 002002 013702 000000G MOV LOMAP,R2 ;Get lowest page # in use by user jobs
36 002006 163702 000000G SUB BASMAP,R2 ;Convert to a page #
37 002012 016100 000000G MOV LBASE(R1),RO ;Get base page # of our job
38 002016 160200 SUB R2,RO ;Get # pages to be swept
39 002020 004737 002104' CALL SWPFRC ;Outswap jobs in the memory area
40          ;
41          ; Now generate a swap command packet to cause our job to be
42          ; locked in memory.
43          ;
44 002024 004737 000000G CALL SCPGET ;Get a swap command packet
45 002030 110165 000000G MOVB R1,SP$JOB(R5) ;Set our job number
46 002034 112765 000000G 000000G MOVB #SA$LOK,SP$CMD(R5) ;Set lock-in-memory command
47          ;
48          ; Now suspend execution of our job until it is repositioned and locked
49          ; in memory.
50          ;
51 002042 012700 000000G 5$: MOV #S$WFM,RO ;State = waiting for memory expansion
52 002046 004737 000000G CALL QNSPND ;Suspend job and do swapping to move job
53 002052 004737 000000G CALL CHKABT ;See if we were aborted while asleep
54 002056 032761 000000G 000000G BIT #MLOCK,LSW6(R1);Is locking finished?
55 002064 001766 BEQ 5$ ;Br if not
56 002066 000137 001110' JMP EMTXIT ;Finished
57          ;

```



```
58 ; Freeze job in current memory position
59 ;
60 002072 052761 0000000 0000000 B#; BIS ##MLOCK,LSW6(R1);Lock job in memory
61 002100 000137 001110' JMP EMTXIT ;Finished
```

```

1          .SBTTL SWPFRC -- Force outswap of jobs in certain memory range
2          ;-----
3          ; SWPFRC is called to force the outswap of all jobs that are occupying
4          ; a certain range of memory. The jobs are outswapped and then
5          ; placed in an executable state.
6          ;
7          ; Inputs:
8          ; R2 = Lowest page # of region to be cleaned out.
9          ; R0 = Number of 512-byte pages in region.
10         ;
11 002104 010146 SWPFRC: MOV R1,-(SP)
12 002106 010246      MOV R2,-(SP)
13 002110 013746 000000G      MOV @KPAR5,-(SP)
14         ;
15         ; Map PAR 5 to the memory map table
16         ;
17 002114 013737 000000G 000000G      MOV MAPPAR,@KPAR5 ;Map PAR 5 to memory allocation table
18         ;
19         ; Sweep through allocation table looking for jobs to outswap
20         ;
21 002122 063702 000000G      ADD BASMAP,R2 ;Point to 1st entry in map table
22 002126 112201 1$: MOVB (R2)+,R1 ;Get info about who is using this page
23 002130 003415      BLE 2$ ;Br if page free or in use by system
24 002132 032761 000000G 000000G      BIT ##NDMEM,LSW(R1) ;Is job already flagged for outswap?
25 002140 001011      BNE 2$ ;Br if yes
26 002142 032761 000000G 000000G      BIT ##MLOCK,LSW6(R1);Is job locked in memory?
27 002150 001005      BNE 2$ ;Br if yes
28         ;
29         ; We found a job that needs to be flagged for outswap
30         ;
31 002152 052761 000000G 000000G      BIS ##NDMEM,LSW(R1) ;Flag job for outswapping
32 002160 005237 000000G      INC MEMSWP ;Remember another job to outswap
33         ;
34         ; Check rest of memory region
35         ;
36 002164 077020 2$: SOB R0,1$ ;Loop if more of region to check
37         ;
38         ; Finished
39         ;
40 002166 012637 000000G      MOV (SP)+,@KPAR5 ;Restore PAR 5 mapping
41 002172 012602      MOV (SP)+,R2
42 002174 012601      MOV (SP)+,R1
43 002176 000207      RETURN

```

```

1          .SBTTL  QIO  -- Queue an I/O request
2          ;-----
3          ; QIO is called to add an I/O request to the list of waiting
4          ; requests for a device.  If the device is idle it is started.
5          ;
6          ; Inputs:
7          ; R1 = Address of I/O queue entry.
8          ;
9          ;
10         ; Entry point for system I/O requests.
11         ;
12 002200 013761 000000G 000000G SYQIO:  MOV    @#KPAR5,Q.PA5(R1);Save PAR 5 mapping
13         ;
14         ; Entry point for normal job I/O requests
15         ;
16 002206 010246          QIO:    MOV    R2,-(SP)
17 002210 013746 000000G          MOV    @#KPAR5,-(SP)
18         ;
19         ; Increment I/O counters.
20         ;
21 002214 016102 000000G          MOV    Q.UCSW(R1),R2 ;Address of user's channel block
22 002220 001412          BEQ    1$ ;Br if no channel block
23 002222 020227 000000G          CMP    R2,#CXTBAS ;Is channel in job context block?
24 002226 103405          BLO   3$ ;Br if not
25 002230 016137 000000G 000000G  MOV    Q.PA6(R1),@#KPAR5 ;Map par 5 to loc where context blk is
26 002236 062702 000000C          ADD    #<VPAR5-CXTBAS>,R2;Get address of mapped channel block
27 002242 105262 000000G 3$:    INCB  C.NUMQ(R2) ;Increment # I/O requests active on channel
28 002246 116100 000000G 1$:    MOVB  Q.JOB(R1),R0 ;Get job #
29 002252 001410          BEQ    2$ ;Br if system doing I/O
30 002254 006300          ASL   R0 ;Convert to job index number
31 002256 105260 000000G          INCB  LIDCNT(R0) ;Inc # I/O requests active for this job
32 002262 116160 000000G 000001G  MOVB  Q.DEVX(R1),LIDCNT+1(R0) ;Save index # of last dev job accessed
33 002270 005237 000000G          INC   UIDCNT ;Count total # of active user I/O operations
34         ;
35         ; Call IOSTRT to add I/O queue request to list for handler and
36         ; start the I/O.
37         ;
38 002274 004737 002310' 2$:    CALL  IOSTRT ;Add queue entry to handler and start I/O
39         ;
40         ; Finished
41         ;
42 002300 012637 000000G          MOV    (SP)+,@#KPAR5
43 002304 012602          MOV    (SP)+,R2
44 002306 000207          RETURN

```

```

1          .SBTTL IOSTRT -- Try to start I/O transfer
2          ;-----
3          ; IOSTRT is called to initiate an I/O operation.
4          ; It performs the following operations:
5          ; 1. Allocate a Unibus Map Register (UMR) if I/O operation is being
6          ;    directed to a DMA device.
7          ; 2. Move data from user's buffer to system buffer if this is an
8          ;    I/O to a device that requires system buffer mapping.
9          ; 3. Put I/O queue entry on list for device handler.
10         ; 4. Initiate device operation if it is idle.
11         ;
12         ; Inputs:
13         ; R1 = Address of I/O queue entry.
14         ;
15 002310 010246 IOSTRT: MOV     R2,-(SP)
16 002312 010446         MOV     R4,-(SP)
17         ;
18         ; Get index number of device this I/O operation is directed to.
19         ;
20 002314 116102 000000G MOVB   Q.DEVX(R1),R2 ;GET DEVICE INDEX NUMBER
21 002320 001004         BNE     2$ ;BR IF I/O TO REAL DEVICE
22         ;
23         ; If device index number is zero, call IOCMPL to indicate I/O is finished
24         ;
25 002322 010104         MOV     R1,R4 ;GET I/O QUEUE ELEMENT ADDRESS TO R4
26 002324 004737 003032' CALL   IOCMPL ;Do I/O completion processing
27 002330 000427         BR     QIOFIN ;WE ARE FINISHED WITH I/O OPERATION
28         ;
29         ; See if we are doing caching for this device
30         ;
31 002332 032762 000000G 000000G 2$: BIT    #DX$NCA,DVFLAG(R2);Is this device eligible for caching?
32 002340 001006         BNE     4$ ;Br if not
33 002342 005737 000000G TST    CSHALC ;Is data caching genned into system?
34 002346 001403         BEQ     4$ ;Br if not
35 002350 004777 000000G CALL   @CSHIO ;See if doing data caching for this device
36 002354 103415         BCS    QIOFIN ;Br if caching took over the operation
37         ;
38         ; See if we need to do system buffering for this I/O operation
39         ;
40 002356 032762 000000G 000000G 4$: BIT    #DX$MAP,DVFLAG(R2);Does this device require buffer mapping?
41 002364 001404         BEQ     3$ ;Br if not
42 002366         DCALL  MIDCHK ;See if this particular operation needs maping
43 002374 103405         BCS    QIOFIN ;Br if I/O mapping is being done
44         ;
45         ; See if we need to allocate a Unibus map register set for this operation
46         ;
47 002376 004737 004470' 3$: CALL   GETUMR ;SEE IF WE NEED TO ALLOCATE A UMR
48 002402 103402         BCS    QIOFIN ;BR IF NO FREE UMR -- DEFER STARTING OPERATION
49         ;
50         ; Place queue element on list for device handler
51         ;
52 002404 004737 002416' CALL   IOHANG ;Place queue element on list for handler
53         ;
54         ; Finished
55         ;
56 002410 012604 QIOFIN: MOV    (SP)+,R4
57 002412 012602         MOV    (SP)+,R2
  
```

58 002414 000207

RETURN

```

1          .SBTTL IOHANG -- Place I/O queue request on handler list
2          ;-----
3          ; Place an I/O queue request on the list of pending requests for a device
4          ; handler and enter the handler front-end if the handler is currently
5          ; idle.
6          ;
7          ; Inputs:
8          ; R1 = Address of I/O queue entry
9          ;
10         IOHANG: MOV     R1,-(SP)
11         MOV     R2,-(SP)
12         MOV     R3,-(SP)
13         MOV     R4,-(SP)
14         MOV     R5,-(SP)
15         MOV     @#KPAR5,-(SP) ; Preserve system PAR 5 mappint
16         ;
17         ; Increment count of uncompleted I/O operations for this device
18         ;
19         MOVB   Q.DEVX(R1),R2 ; Get device index number
20         INC    HANIOC(R2)    ; Say another I/O operation started for dev
21         ;
22         ; Get address of device handler and set up PAR 5 if this is a mapped handler
23         ;
24         MOV    HANPAR(R2),R0 ; Is this a mapped handler?
25         BEQ    5$           ; Br if not
26         MOV    R0,@#KPAR5   ; Map kernel PAR 5 to handler
27         MOV    HANENT(R2),R2 ; R2 --> 4th word of handler
28         ;
29         ; Make R1 point to 3rd word of queue element (as handler wants it).
30         ;
31         CLR    Q.LINK(R1)    ; SAY QUEUE ELEMENT WILL BE AT END OF CHAIN
32         ADD    #Q.BLKN,R1    ; MAKE R1 POINT TO 3RD WORD OF QUEUE ELEMENT
33         ;
34         ; Add new queue element to list of requests for this device.
35         ;
36         DISABL ; * DISABLE
37         MOV    (R2),R0       ; * ADDRESS OF LAST Q ELEMENT IN LIST
38         BEQ    1$           ; * BR IF HANDLER IS IDLE NOW
39         ;
40         ; Handler is active.
41         ; Just add our queue element to its list.
42         ;
43         MOV    R1,Q.LINK-Q.BLKN(R0); * SET FORWARD LINK TO POINT TO US
44         MOV    R1,(R2)      ; * STORE OUR Q ELEM ADDR INTO LQE IN HANDLER
45         ENABL
46         BR     9$
47         ;
48         ; Handler is idle.
49         ; Put queue entry into its list and start it.
50         ;
51         1$: MOV    R1,(R2)+   ; * STORE Q POINTER INTO HANDLER LQE
52         MOV    R1,(R2)+   ; * STORE Q POINTER INTO HANDLER CQE
53         ENABL
54         ;
55         ; Enter system state so that we will be running on interrupt stack.
56         ; We do this so the handler front-end can remap kernel PAR6 if it wants to.
57         ;

```

```
58 002534 012700 002550'          MOV    #9$,R0          ;GO HERE ON RETURN FROM SYSTEM STATE
59 002540 004737 000000G          CALL   ENSYS          ;ENTER SYSTEM STATE
60 002544 000000G          .WORD  FP$IOS          ;Fork processing priority
61                               ;
62                               ; We are now running in system state on interrupt stack.
63                               ; Enter handler front-end to initiate I/O operation.
64                               ; When the handler does a RETURN, we will exit system state and go to QIOFIN.
65                               ;
66 002546 000112          JMP    @R2          ;ENTER HANDLER FRONT-END
67                               ;
68                               ; Finished
69                               ;
70 002550 012637 000000G          9$:   MOV    (SP)+,@#KPAR5
71 002554 012605          MOV    (SP)+,R5
72 002556 012604          MOV    (SP)+,R4
73 002560 012603          MOV    (SP)+,R3
74 002562 012602          MOV    (SP)+,R2
75 002564 012601          MOV    (SP)+,R1
76 002566 000207          RETURN
```

```

1          .SBTTL IOFIN -- I/O operation completion
2          ;-----
3          ; IOFIN is called by the device driver when it completes an I/O operation.
4          ; IOFIN queues a completion routine request for the user if it was specified
5          ; with the EMT, then tries to initiate any other pending I/O requests for
6          ; the device.
7          ;
8          ; Inputs:
9          ; R4 = Address of cell in handler with pointer to current queue entry.
10         ;
11 002570 010046 IOFIN:  MOV    R0,-(SP)
12 002572 010146         MOV    R1,-(SP)
13 002574 010346         MOV    R3,-(SP)
14 002576 010446         MOV    R4,-(SP)
15 002600 010546         MOV    R5,-(SP)
16         ;
17         ; If handler is being held, return immediately without doing any cleanup.
18         ;
19 002602 006264 177774   ASR    -4(R4)      ; Is handler being held?
20 002606 100457         BMI    9$          ; Br if yes
21         ;
22         ; Handler is not being held.
23         ; Remove completed (current) queue entry from list for handler.
24         ;
25 002610 010405         MOV    R4,R5      ; Get address of CGE cell in handler
26 002612         DISABL          ; ** Disable interrupts **
27 002620 011501         MOV    (R5),R1   ; Address of 3rd word of current Q element
28 002622 001004         BNE    1$        ; Br if there is a completed Q element
29 002624         ENABL          ; Handler has no active queue element
30 002632 000445         BR     9$
31 002634 162701 000000G 1$:   SUB    #Q.BLKN,R1 ; Point to 1st word of queue element
32 002640 016115 000000G   MOV    Q.LINK(R1),(R5) ; Delink queue element from handler list
33 002644 011503         MOV    (R5),R3   ; Remember if we need to restart handler
34 002646 001002         BNE    2$        ; Br if there are more pending elements
35 002650 005065 177776   CLR    -2(R5)    ; Clear LQE pointer in handler
36         ;
37         ; At this point we have removed the completed queue element from the
38         ; handlers list.
39         ; We have set the current queue element (CGE) pointer in the handler to
40         ; point to the next queue element (if any) and have zeroed the last
41         ; queue element (LQE) pointer if there are no remaining queue entries.
42         ; R1 = Address of 1st word of completed queue element.
43         ; R3 = Non-zero ==> Need to restart handler for next pending I/O op.
44         ; R5 = Pointer to CGE cell in handler.
45         ;
46 002654 2$:   ENABL          ; ** Enable interrupts **
47         ;
48         ; Decrement count of uncompleted I/O operations for this device
49         ;
50 002662 116100 000000G   MOVB   Q.DEVX(R1),R0 ; Get device index number
51 002666 005360 000000G   DEC    HANIOC(R0)  ; Dec # uncompleted I/O operations for dev
52         ;
53         ; If the device handler did not do a .FORK before calling IOFIN, we
54         ; queue a fork request to do the completion processing for this
55         ; queue element.
56         ; If the handler did do a .FORK, we do the completion processing now.
57         ;

```



```

58 002672 105737 000000G          TSTB   FRKPRI          ;Are we running at fork level now?
59 002676 001403                   BEQ    3$              ;Br if not
60 002700 004737 002762'          CALL   IOFCPL          ;Do completion processing
61 002704 000420                   BR     9$              ;Finished
62                                     ;
63                                     ; Handler did not fork. Queue a fork request to process completion routine
64                                     ;
65 002706 004737 000000G          3$:   CALL   FRKGET          ;Get a free fork request block (addr in R4)
66 002712 112764 000000G 000000G  MOVB   #FP$IOF,FQ$PRI(R4);Set fork processing priority
67 002720 012764 002762' 000000G  MOV    #IOFCPL,FQ$RTN(R4);Set address of fork routine
68 002726 010164 000000G          MOV    R1,FQ$R1(R4)    ;Pass address of queue element in R1
69 002732 010364 000000G          MOV    R3,FQ$R3(R4)    ;Pass restart flag in R3
70 002736 010564 000000G          MOV    R5,FQ$R5(R4)    ;Pass address of CQE cell in R5
71 002742 004737 000000G          CALL   FORKQ          ;Queue the fork request
72                                     ;
73                                     ; Finished
74                                     ;
75 002746 012605          9$:   MOV    (SP)+,R5
76 002750 012604          MOV    (SP)+,R4
77 002752 012603          MOV    (SP)+,R3
78 002754 012601          MOV    (SP)+,R1
79 002756 012600          MOV    (SP)+,R0
80 002760 000207          RETURN

```

```

1          .SBTTL IOFCPL -- IOFIN processing done at fork level
2          ;-----
3          ; This routine performs the part of the IOFIN operation that must
4          ; run at fork level.
5          ; This routine does the completion processing for the completed queue
6          ; element and then recalls the handler front end if there is another
7          ; queue element waiting to be started.
8          ;
9          ; Inputs:
10         ; R1 = Address of 1st word of completed queue element.
11         ; R3 = Non-zero ==> Must call handler to start pending I/O operation
12         ; R5 = Address of CQE cell in handler.
13         ;
14 002762 010446 IOFCPL: MOV      R4,-(SP)
15         ;
16         ; Perform completion operation on queue element
17         ;
18 002764 010104         MOV      R1,R4          ;Get address of completed Q element
19 002766 004737 003032' CALL      IOCMPPL        ;Do completion processing
20         ;
21         ; If there is a pending queue element for the handler, call the handler
22         ; front end to start the next operation.
23         ;
24 002772 005703         TST      R3          ;Do we need to recall handler?
25 002774 001414         BEQ      9$          ;Br if not
26         ;
27         ; There is a pending I/O operation.
28         ; Call handler initiation section.
29         ;
30 002776 010046         MOV      R0,-(SP)        ;Handler front end may use any register
31 003000 010146         MOV      R1,-(SP)
32 003002 010246         MOV      R2,-(SP)
33 003004 010346         MOV      R3,-(SP)
34 003006 010546         MOV      R5,-(SP)
35 003010 004765 000002 CALL      2(R5)          ;Call handler front end to start next op
36 003014 012605         MOV      (SP)+,R5
37 003016 012603         MOV      (SP)+,R3
38 003020 012602         MOV      (SP)+,R2
39 003022 012601         MOV      (SP)+,R1
40 003024 012600         MOV      (SP)+,R0
41         ;
42         ; Finished
43         ;
44 003026 012604 9$:    MOV      (SP)+,R4
45 003030 000207         RETURN

```

```

1          .SBTTL IOCMPL -- Do cleanup on completed I/O queue element
2          ;-----
3          ; IOCMPL is called to do the cleanup operation on an I/O queue
4          ; element that belongs to an I/O operation that has just completed.
5          ;
6          ; Inputs:
7          ;   R4 = Address of I/O queue element to be cleaned up.
8          ;
9          ; Outputs:
10         ;   All cleanup is done on the queue element and the queue element is
11         ;   returned to the free list or is used to queue a completion routine.
12         ;
13 003032 010046 IOCMPL: MOV     RO,-(SP)
14 003034 010146          MOV     R1,-(SP)
15 003036 010346          MOV     R3,-(SP)
16 003040 013746 000000G  MOV     @#KPAR5,-(SP) ; Save par 5 mapping
17 003044 010401          MOV     R4,R1 ; Get address of I/O queue element to R1
18 003046 004737 004772'  CALL    FREUMR ; Release any unibus map reg used for I/O
19 003052 105764 000000G  TSTB   Q.FUNC(R4) ; Special lookup/enter?
20 003056 003403          BLE     1$ ; Br if not
21 003060 016437 000000G 000046'  MOV     Q.WCNT(R4),SPSIZE ; Save file size
22 003066 016403 000000G 1$:    MOV     Q.UCSW(R4),R3 ; Get address of user's channel status block
23 003072 116401 000000G  MOVB   Q.JOB(R4),R1 ; Get job number associated with request
24 003076 001405          BEQ     7$ ; Br if request came from system
25 003100 006301          ASL    R1 ; Convert job # to job index number
26 003102 105361 000000G  DECB   LIOCNT(R1) ; Dec # I/O operations active for this user
27 003106 005337 000000G  DEC    UIOCNT ; One more user I/O operation finished
28 003112 005703          7$:    TST    R3 ; Is there a channel block?
29 003114 001427          BEQ     12$ ; Br if not
30 003116 020327 000000G  CMP    R3,#CXTBAS ; Is channel in mapped job context block?
31 003122 103405          BLO    9$ ; Br if not
32 003124 016437 000000G 000000G  MOV     Q.PA6(R4),@#KPAR5; Map par 5 to job context block
33 003132 062703 000000C  ADD    #<VPAR5-CXTBAS>,R3; Get address of mapped channel in par 5
34 003136 016400 000000G 9$:    MOV     Q.ICSW(R4),RO ; Get internal CSW value
35 003142 042700 000000C  BIC    #^C<CS$EOF!CS$ERR>,RO ; Clear all but error and eof flags
36 003146 050063 000000G  BIS    RO,C.CSW(R3) ; Transfer error and eof flags to user's CSW
37 003152 016400 000000C  MOV     Q.ICSW+C.USED(R4),RO; Get highest block # written
38 003156 020063 000000G  CMP    RO,C.USED(R3) ; Compare with blk # in original chan blk
39 003162 101402          BLOS   10$ ; Br if handler didn't increase
40 003164 010063 000000G  MOV     RO,C.USED(R3) ; Save high block # in original channel block
41 003170 105363 000000G 10$:   DECB   C.NUMQ(R3) ; Dec # I/O operations on channel
42         ;
43         ; See if user is waiting for I/O to finish.
44         ;
45 003174 005701          12$:   TST    R1 ; IS THIS A SYSTEM I/O REQUEST?
46 003176 001406          BEQ     2$ ; BR IF YES
47 003200 026127 000000G 000000G  CMP    LSTATE(R1),#S$IOWT ; IS USER WAITING FOR I/O TO FINISH?
48 003206 001002          BNE    2$ ; BR IF NOT
49 003210 004737 000000G  CALL   QHIPRI ; PLACE USER IN RUN QUEUE
50         ;
51         ; See if we need to queue a completion routine request for user.
52         ;
53 003214 026427 000000G 000001 2$:    CMP    Q.COMP(R4),#1 ; WAS A COMPLETION ROUTINE SPECIFIED?
54 003222 101451          BLOS   3$ ; BR IF NOT
55         ;
56         ; Queue a completion routine request for user.
57         ; Convert I/O queue entry into completion queue entry format.

```

```

58
59 003224 016464 000000G 000000G ; MOV Q.CHAN(R4),CQ#R1(R4) ; CHANNEL # GOES IN R1 ON COMPL CALL
60 003232 016364 000000G 000000G MOV C.CSW(R3),CQ#R0(R4) ; CSW GOES IN R0 ON COMPL CALL
61 003240 110164 000000G MOV R1,CQ#JOB(R4) ; SET JOB #
62 003244 001415 BEQ 8$ ; Br if system completion
63 003246 005761 000000G TST LITIME(R1) ; Is job in an interactive state?
64 003252 001404 BEQ 5$ ; Br if not
65 003254 112764 000000G 000000G MOV #S#HICP,CQ#RNS(R4); Set interactive-computation as state
66 003262 000403 BR 6$
67 003264 112764 000000G 000000G 5$: MOV #S#IOFN,CQ#RNS(R4); SET EXECUTION STATE FOR COMPLETION ROUTINE
68 003272 116164 000000G 000000G 6$: MOV LPRI(R1),CQ#PRI(R4); Set execution priority value
69 003300 016464 000000G 000000G 8$: MOV Q.PA5(R4),CQ#PA5(R4); SET EMT ENTRY MAPPING FOR PAR 5
70 003306 116464 000000G 000000G MOV Q.FLAG(R4),CQ#FLG(R4) ; Copy control flags
71 003314 112764 000000G 000000G MOV #CP#STD,CQ#CP(R4); Set standard completion class priority
72 003322 132764 000000C 000000G BITB #<QF#MIO!QF#CIO>,CQ#FLG(R4); Secondary op for MIO or cache?
73 003330 001403 BEQ 11$ ; Br if not
74 003332 112764 000000G 000000G MOV #CP#RT,CQ#CP(R4); Run cache completion routines at higher prio
75 003340 004737 003370' 11$: CALL QCOMPL ; QUEUE A COMPLETION ROUTINE FOR USER
76 003344 000403 BR 4$
77 ;
78 ; We don't need to queue a completion routine
79 ; so just return I/O queue element to the free list.
80 ;
81 003346 010401 3$: MOV R4,R1 ; GET ADDRESS OF Q ENTRY TO R1
82 003350 004737 004222' CALL QFREE ; FREE THE I/O QUEUE ELEMENT
83 ;
84 ; Finished with cleanup.
85 ;
86 003354 012637 000000G 4$: MOV (SP)+,@#KPAR5
87 003360 012603 MOV (SP)+,R3
88 003362 012601 MOV (SP)+,R1
89 003364 012600 MOV (SP)+,R0
90 003366 000207 RETURN
  
```

```

1          .SBTTL QCOMPL -- Queue a completion routine request
2          ;-----
3          ; QCOMPL is called to queue a completion routine request for a user.
4          ;
5          ; Inputs:
6          ; R4 = Address of completion request queue element (must be set up).
7          ;
8 003370 010146 QCOMPL: MOV R1,-(SP)
9 003372 010246          MOV R2,-(SP)
10         ;
11         ; See if this is a completion request for a system or user operation.
12         ;
13 003374 116401 000000G          MOV B CQ$JOB(R4),R1 ;GET JOB # ASSOCIATED WITH REQUEST
14 003400 001031          BNE 1$ ;BR IF THIS IS A USER COMPL REQUEST
15         ;
16         ; This is a completion request for a system operation.
17         ; Call the completion routine directly.
18         ;
19 003402 016400 000000G          MOV CQ$R0(R4),R0 ;SET UP REGISTERS FOR COMPL ROUTINE
20 003406 016401 000000G          MOV CQ$R1(R4),R1
21 003412 010246          MOV R2,-(SP)
22 003414 010346          MOV R3,-(SP)
23 003416 010446          MOV R4,-(SP)
24 003420 010546          MOV R5,-(SP)
25 003422 013746 000000G          MOV @KPAR5,-(SP) ;Save current PAR 5 mapping
26 003426 016437 000000G 000000G          MOV CQ$PA5(R4),@KPAR5;Set up mapping for PAR 5 region
27 003434 004774 000000G          CALL @CQ$RTN(R4) ;CALL SYSTEM COMPLETION ROUTINE
28 003440 012637 000000G          MOV (SP)+,@KPAR5 ;Restore PAR 5 mapping
29 003444 012605          MOV (SP)+,R5
30 003446 012604          MOV (SP)+,R4
31 003450 012603          MOV (SP)+,R3
32 003452 012602          MOV (SP)+,R2
33         ;
34         ; Finished calling system completion routine.
35         ; Return queue element to free list.
36         ;
37 003454 010401          MOV R4,R1 ;GET ADDRESS OF COMPLETION QUEUE ENTRY
38 003456 004737 004222'          CALL QFREE ;RETURN COMPL QUEUE ELEMENT TO FREE LIST
39 003462 000477          BR 9$ ;FINISHED
40         ;
41         ; This is a completion routine request for a user job.
42         ; Add the completion request to the list of pending routines for this job.
43         ;
44 003464          1$: DISABL ;** Disable **
45 003472 010100          MOV R1,R0 ;Get current job number
46 003474 062700 000000C          ADD #LCMPL-CQ$LNK,R0;Get address of LCMPL(R1)
47 003500 010002          2$: MOV R0,R2 ;Move addr of next compl queue element to R2
48 003502 016200 000000G          MOV CQ$LNK(R2),R0 ;Get addr of following queue element
49 003506 001416          BEQ 3$ ;Br if we are at the end of the list
50 003510 126460 000000G 000000G          CMPB CQ$CP(R4),CQ$CP(R0);Compare completion class priorities
51 003516 103770          BLO 2$ ;Br if new element is of lower priority
52 003520 101011          BHI 3$ ;Br if new element is of higher priority
53 003522 126460 000000G 000000G          CMPB CQ$RNS(R4),CQ$RNS(R0);Compare state of new one to next
54 003530 101363          BHI 2$ ;Br if new element is of lower priority state
55 003532 103404          BLO 3$ ;Br if new element is of higher priority state
56 003534 126460 000000G 000000G          CMPB CQ$PRI(R4),CQ$PRI(R0);States are the same, compare prio value
57 003542 101756          BLOS 2$ ;Br if new priority is lower or equal

```

```

58 003544 010064 000000G 3$:   MOV    R0,CQ$LNK(R4) ;CHAIN NEW ONE INTO LIST FOR JOB
59 003550 010462 000000G      MOV    R4,CQ$LNK(R2)
60 003554      ENABL      ;** ENABLE **
61      ;
62      ; Set default completion routine class priority if none was specified.
63      ;
64 003562 105764 000000G      TSTB   CQ$CP(R4)      ;Was a class priority specified?
65 003566 001003      BNE    7$            ;Br if yes
66 003570 112764 000000G 000000G  MOVB   #CP$STD,CQ$CP(R4);Set standard class priority
67      ;
68      ; If the completion priority is at a real-time level, make sure
69      ; the execution state is S$RT
70      ;
71 003576 116400 000000G 7$:   MOVB   CQ$PRI(R4),R0 ;Get execution priority for compl routine
72 003602 120061 000000G      CMPB   RO,LPRI(R1)   ;Is current priority at least this high?
73 003606 101402      BLOS   5$            ;Br if yes
74 003610 110061 000000G      MOVB   RO,LPRI(R1)   ;Boost priority till completion routine runs
75 003614 120037 000000G 5$:   CMPB   RO,VPRIHI    ;Is this a real-time priority?
76 003620 103407      BLO   6$            ;Br if not
77 003622 126427 000000G 000000G  CMPB   CQ$RNS(R4),#S$RT;Is real-time execution state specified?
78 003630 101403      BLOS   6$            ;Br if yes
79 003632 112764 000000G 000000G  MOVB   #S$RT,CQ$RNS(R4);Set real-time execution state
80      ;
81      ; Place job in appropriate execution state (as specified in CQ$RNS)
82      ;
83 003640 116400 000000G 6$:   MOVB   CQ$RNS(R4),R0 ;GET REQUESTED EXECUTION STATE FOR JOB
84 003644 026100 000000G      CMP    LSTATE(R1),R0 ;IS JOB ALREADY IN THAT STATE OR HIGHER PRIO?
85 003650 101402      BLOS   4$            ;BR IF YES
86 003652 004737 000000G      CALL   ENQTL        ;CHANGE JOB'S EXECUTION STATE
87 003656 105237 000000G 4$:   INCB   DOSCHD      ;REQUEST A JOB SCHEDULER CYCLE
88      ;
89      ; Finished
90      ;
91 003662 012602 9$:   MOV    (SP)+,R2
92 003664 012601      MOV    (SP)+,R1
93 003666 000207      RETURN
  
```

```

1          .SBTTL  FAKCMP -- Generate fake completion routine request
2          ;-----
3          ; FAKCMP is called to generate a completion queue request for I/O operations
4          ; such as TT I/O and spooled I/O that never enter a normal I/O queue request.
5          ;
6          ; Inputs:
7          ; EMTBLK = EMT argument block for readc or writc.
8          ; CHNNUM = User's channel number.
9          ;
10         003670 010146 FAKCMP: MOV     R1,-(SP)
11         003672 010446         MOV     R4,-(SP)
12         ;
13         ; Get an I/O queue entry
14         ;
15         003674 004737 004102'         CALL    GETQ           ;GET AN I/O QUEUE ENTRY FROM FREE LIST
16         ;
17         ; Set up queue entry to look like a completion queue request.
18         ; (Address of queue element is now in R1)
19         ;
20         003700 113761 000000G 000000G         MOVVB   CORUSR,CQ$JOB(R1);SET JOB # IN QUEUE ENTRY
21         003706 005061 000000G         CLR     CQ$RO(R1)      ;SAY CSW IS ZERO (NO ERRORS)
22         003712 013761 000000G 000000G         MOV     CHNNUM,CQ$R1(R1);RETURN USER'S CHANNEL # IN R1
23         003720 013700 000010G         MOV     EMTBLK+10,R0   ;GET ADDRESS OF COMPL ROUTINE
24         003724 004737 005352'         CALL    UACHKW        ;MAKE SURE ADDRESS IS LEGAL
25         003730 103434         BCS     9#             ;BR IF INVALID
26         003732 010061 000000G         MOV     R0,CQ$RTN(R1)  ;SET COMPLETION ROUTINE ADDRESS
27         003736 013761 000000G 000000G         MOV     EMTMAP,CQ$PA5(R1);SET EMT ENTRY PAR 5 MAPPING
28         003744 112761 000000G 000000G         MOVVB   #CP$STD,CQ$CP(R1);Set standard completion class priority
29         003752 113700 000000G         MOVVB   CORUSR,R0      ;Get job number
30         003756 116061 000000G 000000G         MOVVB   LPRI(R0),CQ$PRI(R1);Set job execution priority
31         003764 112761 000000G 000000G         MOVVB   #S$IQFN,CQ$RNS(R1);SET EXECUTION STATE FOR COMPL ROUTINE
32         003772 005761 000000G         TST     LITIME(R1)     ;Is this an interactive job?
33         003776 001403         BEQ     1#             ;Br if not
34         004000 112761 000000G 000000G         MOVVB   #S$HICP,CQ$RNS(R1);Set execution state for interactive job
35         ;
36         ; Queue completion request for this job.
37         ;
38         004006 010104         1#:     MOV     R1,R4      ;GET ADDRESS OF COMPL Q ELEMENT TO R4
39         004010 004737 003370'         CALL    QCOMPL        ;QUEUE COMPL REQUEST FOR JOB
40         ;
41         ; Finished
42         ;
43         004014 012604         MOV     (SP)+,R4
44         004016 012601         MOV     (SP)+,R1
45         004020 000207         RETURN
46         ;
47         ; Error: Invalid completion routine address.
48         ;
49         004022 004737 004222'         9#:     CALL    QFREE        ;RETURN THE QUEUE ELEMENT
50         004026 012700 177766         MOV     #-12,R0       ;RETURN INVALID-EMT ERROR CODE
51         004032 000137 004036'         JMP     SETERR

```

```

1          .SBTTL SETERR -- Set EMT error code and exit
2          ;-----
3          ; SETERR is jumped to to set an EMT error code and exit from the
4          ; EMT processing.
5          ;
6          ; Inputs:
7          ; RO = EMT error code to be returned.
8          ;
9 004036 110037 000000G SETERR: MOVB    RO,EMTERR    ;SAVE ERROR CODE
10 004042 002010          BGE     ERROK      ;BR IF POSITIVE VALUE
11          ;
12          ; We have a negative error code.
13          ; This implies a fatal error unless a .SERR was done.
14          ;
15 004044 105737 000000G          TSTB    SERFLG    ;WAS A .SERR DONE?
16 004050 001005          BNE     ERROK      ;BR IF YES
17          ; Fatal EMT error.
18          ; Abort the job.
19 004052 010005          MOV     RO,R5      ;GET ABORT CODE
20 004054 013704 000000G EMTABT: MOV    EMTADR,R4    ;GET ADDRESS OF EMT INSTRUCTION
21 004060 000137 000000G          JMP     ABORT      ;ABORT THE JOB
22          ;
23          ; Non-fatal error. Return with c-flag set.
24          ;
25 004064 105037 000000G ERROK:  CLRB   INTERR      ;IGNORE INTERNAL ERROR CODE
26 004070 052737 000000G 000000G SETC:  BIS    #CFLAG,EMTPS  ;SET C-FLAG IN PS
27 004076 000137 001110'          JMP     EMTXIT

```



GETQ -- Get a free I/O queue element

```

1          .SBTTL  GETQ  -- Get a free I/O queue element
2          ;-----
3          ; GETQ is called to get a free I/O queue element.
4          ; If there are no free elements available, the user is suspended until
5          ; one becomes available.
6          ;
7          ; Outputs:
8          ; R1 = Address of I/O queue element obtained.
9          ;
10         004102 GETQ:  DISABL          ;;;DISABLE INTERRUPTS
11         ;
12         ; Reserve the last few queue elements for system I/O use.
13         ;
14         004110 005737 000000G      TST      NMFREQ          ;;;ANY QUEUE ELEMENTS WE CAN USE?
15         004114 003011              BGT      1$              ;;;BR IF YES
16         ;
17         ; There are no free I/O queue elements.
18         ; Put user in queue waiting for one.
19         ;
20         004116 005237 000026'      INC      QWTCNT          ;;;Say another job waiting for queue element
21         004122 012700 000000G      MOV      #S#NEDQ,R0     ;;;QUEUE FOR JOBS WAITING FOR Q ELEMENTS
22         004126 004737 000000G      CALL     QNSPND         ;;;ADD JOB TO END OF QUEUE LIST (ENABLE INTS)
23         004132 004737 000000G      CALL     CHKABT        ;See if job was aborted while asleep
24         004136 000761              BR       GETQ          ;GO BACK AND TRY TO GET A QUEUE ELEMENT
25         ;
26         ; We have found a free queue element.
27         ; Remove it from the free list.
28         ;
29         004140 005337 000000G      1$:    DEC      NMFREQ          ;;;DEC # FREE QUEUE ELEMENTS
30         004144 013701 000000G      MOV      FREIQ,R1      ;;;GET ADDRESS OF 1ST FREE Q ELEMENT
31         004150 016137 000000G 000000G  MOV      Q.LINK(R1),FREIQ ;;;REMOVE ELEMENT FROM FREE LIST
32         004156              ENABL          ;Enable interrupts
33         ;
34         ; Zero the I/O queue element
35         ;
36         004164 004737 004200'      CALL     ZEROQ         ;ZERO THE QUEUE ELEMENT
37         ;
38         ; Save info about current job context block mapping in queue element
39         ;
40         004170 013761 000000G 000000G  MOV      @#KPAR6,Q.PA6(R1) ;Save context block mapping
41         ;
42         ; Finished
43         ;
44         004176 000207              RETURN
45         ;
46         ;-----
47         ; ZEROQ is called to zero an I/O queue element.
48         ;
49         ; Inputs:
50         ; R1 = Address of I/O queue element
51         ;
52         004200 010146              ZEROQ:  MOV      R1,-(SP)
53         004202 010246              MOV      R2,-(SP)
54         004204 012702 000000C      MOV      #IQSIZ/2,R2   ;GET # WORDS IN I/O QUEUE ELEMENT
55         004210 005021              1$:    CLR      (R1)+     ;ZERO ALL WORDS IN QUEUE ELEMENT
56         004212 077202              SOB      R2,1$
57         004214 012602              MOV      (SP)+,R2

```

58 004216 012601  
59 004220 000207

MOV (SP)+, R1  
RETURN

```

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9 004222 010046
10 004224
11 004232 013700 000000G
12 004236 010061 000000G
13 004242 010137 000000G
14 004246
15 004254 005237 000000G
16 004260 003415
17
18
19
20 004262 005737 000026'
21 004266 001412
22 004270 012700 000000G
23 004274 004737 000000G
24 004300 103403
25 004302 004737 000000G
26 004306 000402
27 004310 005037 000026'
28
29
30
31 004314 012600
32 004316 000207

```

```

.SBTTL QFREE -- Return an I/O queue element to the free list
-----
; QFREE is called to return an I/O queue element to the free list.
;
; Inputs:
; R1 = Address of queue element to be freed.
; All registers are preserve.
;
QFREE:  MOV     RO, -(SP)
        DISABL          ; * DISABLE INTERRUPTS
        MOV     FREIOQ, RO ; * GET CURRENT HEAD OF FREE LIST
        MOV     RO, Q.LINK(R1) ; * CHAIN NEW ELEMENT INTO FREE LIST
        MOV     R1, FREIOQ ; *
        ENABL          ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS
        INC     NMFREQ   ; INC # FREE QUEUE ELEMENTS
        BLE     9$       ; BR IF NOT ENOUGH FOR USER JOBS TO USE
;
; Restart users waiting for free I/O queue elements.
;
        TST     QWTCNT   ; Are any jobs waiting for a queue element?
        BEQ     9$       ; Br if not
        MOV     #S$NEDQ, RO ; Get wait state
        CALL    QSRCH   ; See if any jobs waiting for queue element
        BCS     2$       ; Br if no jobs waiting
        CALL    QHIPRI  ; Requeue job in high-priority state
        BR      9$
2$:     CLR     QWTCNT   ; Restarted all waiting jobs
;
; Finished
;
9$:     MOV     (SP)+, RO
        RETURN

```

```

1          .SBTTL  GETSYQ -- Get queue element for system I/O
2          ;-----
3          ; GETSYQ is called to get a queue element to be used for system
4          ; (kernel mode) I/O operations.
5          ; GETSYQ gets a free queue element and sets up information in it.
6          ;
7          ; Inputs:
8          ;   R1 = Address of system channel block to be used for I/O.
9          ;
10         ; Outputs:
11         ;   R1 = Address of I/O queue element obtained.
12         ;
13 004320 010246 GETSYQ: MOV     R2, -(SP)
14 004322 010102         MOV     R1, R2          ; GET ADDRESS OF CHANNEL BLOCK
15         ;
16         ; Get a free I/O queue element
17         ;
18 004324 004737 004414' CALL    GETRTQ          ; GET A QUEUE ELEMENT (ADDRESS RETURNED IN R1)
19         ;
20         ; Set up information in queue element about the channel
21         ;
22 004330 010261 000000G MOV     R2, Q.UCSW(R1)  ; ADDRESS OF CSW FOR CHANNEL
23 004334 010100         MOV     R1, R0          ; GET ADDRESS OF I/O QUEUE BLOCK
24 004336 062700 000000G ADD     #Q.ICSW, R0     ; POINT TO INTERNAL CSW WORD
25 004342 010061 000000G MOV     R0, Q.CSW(R1)   ; SET POINTER TO INTERNAL CSW WORD
26 004346 016210 000000G MOV     C.CSW(R2), (R0) ; INITIALIZE CSW WORD
27 004352 016261 000000G 000000G MOV     C.SBLK(R2), Q.BLKN(R1); BASE BLOCK # OF FILE
28 004360 116261 000000G 000000G MOVVB   C.DEVQ(R2), Q.UNIT(R1); DEVICE UNIT #
29 004366 012761 000000G 000000G MOV     #VPAR6, Q.BUFF(R1); SET BUFFER ADDRESS TO MAP THROUGH PAR 6
30 004374 016202 000000G MOV     C.CSW(R2), R2    ; GET CHANNEL STATUS WORD
31 004400 042702 177701 BIC     #^C76, R2      ; CLEAR ALL BUT DEVICE INDEX NUMBER
32 004404 110261 000000G MOVVB   R2, Q.DEVX(R1)   ; SET DEVICE INDEX NUMBER
33         ;
34         ; Finished
35         ;
36 004410 012602         MOV     (SP)+, R2
37 004412 000207         RETURN
38         ;
39         .SBTTL  GETRTQ -- Get queue element for real-time use
40         ;-----
41         ; GETRTQ is called to get a free I/O queue element for system or
42         ; real-time use.
43         ;
44         ; Outputs:
45         ;   R1 = Address of free queue element obtained.
46         ;   A system crash occurs if there are no free queue elements.
47         ;
48 004414 GETRTQ: DISABL          ; ** DISABLE **
49 004422 013701 000000G MOV     FREIOQ, R1     ; GET ADDRESS OF A FREE I/O QUEUE ELEMENT
50 004426 001413 BEQ     1$             ; SYSTEM CRASH IF NO FREE ELEMENTS AVAILABLE
51 004430 016137 000000G 000000G MOV     Q.LINK(R1), FREIOQ; REMOVE QUEUE ELEMENT FROM FREE LIST
52 004436 005337 000000G DEC     NMFREQ          ; DEC # AVAILABLE QUEUE ELEMENTS
53 004442 ENABL           ; ** ENABLE **
54 004450 004737 004200' CALL    ZEROQ          ; ZERO THE QUEUE ELEMENT
55 004454 000207         RETURN
56         ;
57         ; Fatal system error -- No free I/O queue elements available.

```

58  
59 004456

; 1\$ DTF #EM#NQE ; NO QUEUE ELEMENTS AVAILABLE

```

1          .SBTTL  GETUMR -- Allocate Unibus map register
2          ;-----
3          ; GETUMR is called to determine if a Unibus map register set needs to be
4          ; allocated for an I/O operation.  If unibus mapping is needed for the
5          ; operation, GETUMR attempts to find a free unibus map register set large
6          ; enough to handle the operation.  If a free UMR can be found, it is
7          ; allocated to the operation.  If no free UMR can be found, the I/O
8          ; queue request is placed on a waiting list and an exception condition
9          ; is signaled on return.
10         ;
11         ; Inputs:
12         ; R1 = Address of I/O queue entry.
13         ; R2 = Device index number of device I/O is being directed to.
14         ;
15         ; Outputs:
16         ; C-flag clear ==> A UMR was successfully allocated.
17         ; C-flag set ==> No free UMR.  Defer I/O request.
18         ; Q.UMRX = Address of UMR descriptor block for UMR that was allocated.
19         ; Q.UMPB = Original value of Q.BUFF
20         ; Q.UMPP = Original value of Q.PAR
21         ; Q.UMVB = Number of base UMR being used by operation.
22         ;
23         ; See if this device needs unibus mapping
24         ;
25 004470 005761 000000G  GETUMR: TST      Q.UMRX(R1)      ; Have we already allocated a UMR?
26 004474 001007          BNE      9$              ; Br if yes
27 004476 105737 000000G  TSTB   UBUSMP      ; IS UNIBUS MAPPING NEEDED AT ALL?
28 004502 001404          BEQ      9$              ; BR IF NOT
29 004504 032762 000000G 000000G  BIT     #DX$DMA,DVFLAG(R2) ; IS THIS A DMA DEVICE?
30 004512 001002          BNE      11$             ; BR IF YES
31 004514 000241 9$:     CLC              ; SIGNAL SUCCESS ON RETURN
32 004516 000207          RETURN
33         ;
34         ; We must do unibus mapping for this I/O operation.
35         ;
36 004520 010246 11$:   MOV     R2,-(SP)
37 004522 010346          MOV     R3,-(SP)
38 004524 010446          MOV     R4,-(SP)
39 004526 010546          MOV     R5,-(SP)
40         ;
41         ; Determine how many words are being transferred
42         ;
43 004530 016103 000000G  MOV     Q.WCNT(R1),R3 ; GET SPECIFIED WORD COUNT
44 004534 002001          BGE     10$             ; BR IF VALUE POSITIVE
45 004536 005403          NEG     R3              ; GET POSITIVE WORD COUNT
46         ;
47         ; Find the smallest free UMR set that is large enough for this transfer
48         ;
49 004540 012704 000000G 10$:   MOV     #UMRBAS,R4 ; POINT TO BASE OF UMR DESCRIPTOR BLOCKS
50 004544          DISABL   ; ** DISABLE **
51 004552 005764 000000G 1$:     TST     UM$IOQ(R4) ; IS THIS UMR SET FREE?
52 004556 001003          BNE     5$              ; BR IF NOT
53 004560 020364 000000G  CMP     R3,UM$WDS(R4) ; IS THIS UMR SET LARGE ENOUGH?
54 004564 101425          BLOS   4$              ; BR IF YES
55 004566 062704 000000G 5$:     ADD     #UM$$SZ,R4 ; POINT TO NEXT UMR DESCRIPTOR
56 004572 020427 000000G  CMP     R4,#UMREND ; CHECKED ALL?
57 004576 103765          BLO     1$              ; BR IF NOT

```

```

58 ;
59 ; There are no free UMR register sets of adequate size.
60 ; Put I/O queue entry on list waiting for a free UMR.
61 ;
62 004600 012704 000000C      MOV      #<UMRWHD-Q.LINK>,R4 ;POINT TO HEAD OF WAIT LIST
63 004604 016405 000000G  2$:      MOV      Q.LINK(R4),R5 ; IS THIS THE LAST ENTRY IN THE LIST?
64 004610 001402              BEQ      3$ ; BR IF YES
65 004612 010504              MOV      R5,R4 ; LINK TO NEXT ENTRY
66 004614 000773              BR       2$ ; GO CHECK IT
67 004616 010164 000000G  3$:      MOV      R1,Q.LINK(R4) ; ADD OUR I/O QUEUE ENTRY TO TAIL OF LIST
68 004622 005061 000000G      CLR      Q.LINK(R1) ; SAY WE ARE THE LAST ENTRY IN LIST
69 004626              ENABL              ; ** ENABLE **
70 004634 000261              SEC              ; SIGNAL FAILURE
71 004636 000450              BR       8$ ; GO RETURN
72 ;
73 ; We found a free UMR. Claim it for our I/O request.
74 ;
75 004640 010164 000000G  4$:      MOV      R1,UM$IOQ(R4) ; SAY UMR SET IS IN USE
76 004644              ENABL              ; ** ENABLE **
77 004652 010461 000000G      MOV      R4,Q.UMRX(R1) ; REMEMBER WHICH UMR SET IS USED BY OPERATION
78 ;
79 ; Set up information in I/O queue entry that will be used by MPPHY
80 ; routine to calculate unibus virtual address.
81 ; Q.UMPB = Original value of Q.BUFF
82 ; Q.UMPP = Original value of Q.PAR
83 ; Q.UMVB = Number of base UMR being used by transfer.
84 ;
85 004656 016105 000000G      MOV      Q.BUFF(R1),R5 ; GET CURRENT BUFFER ADDRESS RELATIVE TO PAR6
86 004662 010561 000000G      MOV      R5,Q.UMPB(R1) ; SAVE ORIGINAL BUFFER ADDRESS
87 004666 016103 000000G      MOV      Q.PAR(R1),R3 ; GET PAR6 BASE ADDRESS
88 004672 010361 000000G      MOV      R3,Q.UMPP(R1) ; Save original value of Q.PAR
89 004676 116461 000000G 000000G  MOVVB   UM$UMR(R4),Q.UMVB(R1) ; BASE UMR #
90 ;
91 ; Set up mapping base value in unibus map register.
92 ;
93 004704 162705 000000G      SUB      #VPAR6,R5 ; REMOVE PAR6 BIAS FROM BUFFER ADDRESS
94 004710 005002              CLR      R2 ; SET UP HIGH-ORDER REGISTER (R2-R3)
95 004712 073227 000006      ASHC    #6,R2 ; SHIFT Q.PAR VALUE 6 PLACES (R2-R3)
96 004716 060503              ADD      R5,R3 ; ADD IN BUFFER BASE OFFSET
97 004720 005502              ADC      R2 ; PROPOGATE CARRY
98 004722 116405 000000G      MOVVB   UM$UMR(R4),R5 ; GET UNIBUS MAP REGISTER #
99 004726 072527 000002      ASH     #2,R5 ; *4 BYTES PER REGISTER
100 004732 062705 000000G      ADD     #UMRADR,R5 ; GET ADDRESS OF UNIBUS MAP REGISTER
101 004736 116400 000000G      MOVVB   UM$NMR(R4),R0 ; GET # MAP REGISTERS USED IN THIS SET
102 004742 010325 6$:      MOV     R3,(R5)+ ; SET LOW ORDER VALUE
103 004744 010225      MOV     R2,(R5)+ ; SET HIGH ORDER VALUE
104 004746 062703 020000      ADD     #8192.,R3 ; ADVANCE ADDRESS VALUE
105 004752 005502              ADC     R2 ; PROPOGATE CARRY
106 004754 077006              SOB     R0,6$ ; LOOP IF MORE REGISTERS IN SET
107 ;
108 ; Finished
109 ;
110 004756 000241 7$:      CLC              ; SIGNAL SUCCESS ON RETURN
111 004760 012605 8$:      MOV     (SP)+,R5
112 004762 012604      MOV     (SP)+,R4
113 004764 012603      MOV     (SP)+,R3
114 004766 012602      MOV     (SP)+,R2

```

115 004770 000207

RETURN



```

1          .SBTTL  FREUMR -- Free a Unibus map register
2          ;-----
3          ; FREUMR is called to free a unibus map register set associated with an
4          ; I/O request.
5          ; If there is an I/O request waiting for a free UMR set and the set being
6          ; freed is large enough for the waiting request, the request is removed
7          ; from the wait list and is started.
8          ;
9          ; Inputs:
10         ; R1 = Address of I/O queue element that is being freed.
11         ;
12         ; See if there is a UMR associated with this request.
13         ;
14 004772 005761 000000G FREUMR: TST      Q.UMRX(R1)      ; IS THERE A UMR ASSOCIATED WITH THIS REQUEST?
15 004776 001464          BEQ      9$              ; BR IF NOT
16         ;
17         ; This I/O queue does have an associated UMR.
18         ;
19 005000 010146          MOV      R1,-(SP)
20 005002 010246          MOV      R2,-(SP)
21 005004 010346          MOV      R3,-(SP)
22 005006 010446          MOV      R4,-(SP)
23 005010 010546          MOV      R5,-(SP)
24         ;
25         ; Free the UMR
26         ;
27 005012 016104 000000G MOV      Q.UMRX(R1),R4  ; GET ADDRESS OF UMR DESCRIPTOR BLOCK
28 005016 005064 000000G CLR      UM$IOQ(R4)    ; SAY THE UMR IS FREE
29 005022 005061 000000G CLR      Q.UMRX(R1)    ; SAY NO UMR ASSOCIATED WITH I/O REQUEST
30         ;
31         ; See if there is any I/O queue request waiting for a free UMR
32         ; that could be satisfied with the UMR that is being freed.
33         ;
34 005026 016405 000000G MOV      UM$WDS(R4),R5  ; GET SIZE OF UMR SET THAT IS BEING FREED
35 005032          DISABL          ; ** DISABLE **
36 005040 012702 000000C MOV      #<UMRWHD-Q.LINK>,R2 ; POINT TO HEAD OF WAIT LIST
37 005044 000406          BR      3$
38 005046 016200 000000G 1$: MOV      Q.WCNT(R2),R0  ; GET # WORDS NEEDED BY THIS I/O REQUEST
39 005052 002001          BGE      2$
40 005054 005400          NEG      R0              ; GET POSITIVE VALUE
41 005056 020005 2$: CMP      R0,R5          ; IS THE FREED UMR LARGE ENOUGH?
42 005060 101410          BLOS      4$              ; BR IF YES
43 005062 010203 3$: MOV      R2,R3          ; SAVE ADDRESS OF THIS I/O REQUEST
44 005064 016202 000000G MOV      Q.LINK(R2),R2  ; GET ADDRESS OF NEXT WAITING I/O REQUEST
45 005070 001366          BNE      1$              ; BR IF THERE IS ANOTHER
46 005072          ENABL          ; ** ENABLE **
47 005100 000416          BR      8$              ; THERE ARE NO WAITING ENTRIES TO BE STARTED
48         ;
49         ; We found a waiting I/O queue entry that could be started by
50         ; the UMR that has just been freed/
51         ; Remove I/O queue entry from wait list and try to start it.
52         ;
53 005102 016263 000000G 4$: MOV      Q.LINK(R2),Q.LINK(R3) ; REMOVE I/O QUEUE ENTRY FROM WAIT LIST
54 005110          ENABL          ; ** ENABLE **
55 005116 010201          MOV      R2,R1          ; GET ADDRESS OF I/O QUEUE ENTRY TO R1
56 005120 116102 000000G MOV      Q.DEVX(R1),R2  ; Get device index number
57 005124 004737 004470' CALL     GETUMR          ; We should be able to get a free UMR now

```

```
58 005130 103402          BCS      8#           ;Br if could not get UMR
59 005132 004737 002416'  CALL     IOHANG      ;Queue this request to the device handler
60                                     ;
61                                     ; Finished
62                                     ;
63 005136 012605          8#:      MOV      (SP)+, R5
64 005140 012604          MOV      (SP)+, R4
65 005142 012603          MOV      (SP)+, R3
66 005144 012602          MOV      (SP)+, R2
67 005146 012601          MOV      (SP)+, R1
68 005150 000207          9#:      RETURN
```

```

1          .SBTTL  GETUCH -- Get character from user's buffer
2          ;-----
3          ; GETUCH is called to get a character from the user's buffer.
4          ;
5          ; Inputs:
6          ;   R3 = Address of byte to be fetched.
7          ;
8          ; Outputs:
9          ;   R0 = Byte we got.
10         ;   R3 = Incremented.
11         ;
12 005152 032703 000001  GETUCH: BIT    #1,R3      ;GETTING ODD OR EVEN BYTE?
13 005156 001004          BNE    1$          ;BR IF ODD
14         ;
15         ;   Byte is on a word boundary
16         ;
17 005160 106513          MFPD   (R3)        ;GET WORD CONTAINING BYTE
18 005162 005203          INC    R3          ;ADVANCE R3
19 005164 112600          MOVB   (SP)+,R0      ;RETURN BYTE IN R0
20 005166 000207          RETURN
21         ;
22         ;   Byte address is odd
23         ;
24 005170 005303 1$:    DEC    R3          ;POINT TO START OF WORD WITH BYTE
25 005172 106523          MFPD   (R3)+      ;GET WORD WITH BYTE
26 005174 012600          MOV    (SP)+,R0
27 005176 105000          CLRB   R0          ;CLEAR LOW-ORDER BYTE
28 005200 000300          SWAB   R0          ;MOVE HIGH-ORDER BYTE TO LOW-ORDER
29 005202 000207          RETURN

```

```

1          .SBTTL  PUTUCH -- Move byte to user's buffer
2          ;-----
3          ; PUTUCH is called to move a byte into the user's buffer.
4          ;
5          ; Inputs:
6          ;   RO = Byte to be stored.
7          ;   R3 = Address where byte is to be stored.
8          ;
9          ; Outputs:
10         ;   R3 = Incremented.
11         ;
12 005204 032703 000001  PUTUCH: BIT    #1,R3      ; IS BYTE ADDRESS ODD OR EVEN?
13 005210 001005          BNE    1$          ; BR IF ODD
14         ;
15         ;   Byte address is even.
16         ;
17 005212 106513          MFPD   (R3)        ; GET WORD WHERE BYTE IS TO BE STORED
18 005214 110016          MOVB   RO,(SP)    ; PUT IN OUR BYTE
19 005216 106613          MTPD   (R3)        ; REPLACE WORD
20 005220 005203          INC    R3         ; INCREMENT R3
21 005222 000406          BR     2$
22         ;
23         ;   Byte address is odd.
24         ;
25 005224 005303 1$:     DEC    R3          ; POINT TO WORD WITH BYTE
26 005226 106513          MFPD   (R3)        ; GET WORD WITH BYTE
27 005230 000316          SWAB   (SP)        ; GET BYTE TO LOW-ORDER
28 005232 110016          MOVB   RO,(SP)    ; PUT IN NEW BYTE
29 005234 000316          SWAB   (SP)        ; REPOSITION
30 005236 106623          MTPD   (R3)+     ; STORE BACK INTO USER'S BUFFER
31 005240 000207 2$:     RETURN

```

```

1          .SBTTL SYBFAD -- Set system buffer address in I/O queue entry
2          ;-----
3          ; SYBFAD is called to convert a buffer address in system space into an
4          ; address that will be mapped through PAR 6. This address is stored
5          ; into a specified I/O queue element.
6          ; The buffer address may be in low physical memory (PAR 0 through PAR 4),
7          ; in a mapped system overlay region (PAR 5), or in the user context
8          ; block (PAR 6).
9          ;
10         ; Inputs:
11         ;   R0 = Physical address to be converted.
12         ;   R1 = Address of I/O queue entry to be set up.
13         ;
14         ; Outputs:
15         ;   Q. PAR(R1) & Q. BUFF(R1) are set up.
16         ;
17 005242 010046 SYBFAD: MOV     R0, -(SP)
18 005244 010246      MOV     R2, -(SP)
19         ;
20         ; Determine which region buffer is in.
21         ;
22 005246 020027 000000G      CMP     R0, #CXTBAS      ; Is buffer in job context block?
23 005252 103407      BLO     2$              ; Br if not in context block
24         ;
25         ; Buffer is in job context block
26         ;
27 005254 113702 000000G      MOVB    CORUSR, R2      ; Get current job index number
28 005260 016202 000000G      MOV     LBASE(R2), R2   ; Get base 256-word block number of context blk
29 005264 072227 0000003      ASH    #3, R2          ; Convert to 32-word block number
30 005270 000421      BR     9$              ; (Note: virtual address in R0 already in PAR 6
31         ;
32         ; See if we are accessing a buffer in a system mapped region
33         ;
34 005272 020027 000000G 2$:  CMP     R0, #VPAR5      ; Is buffer in a system mapped region?
35 005276 103405      BLO     12$             ; Br if not
36         ;
37         ; Buffer is in a system mapped region
38         ;
39 005300 013702 000000G      MOV     @#KPAR5, R2     ; Get current mapping for kernel PAR 5
40 005304 062700 020000      ADD     #20000, R0     ; Bias virtual address to PAR 6 region
41 005310 000411      BR     9$
42         ;
43         ; We are accessing a buffer stored in low physical memory (PAR 0-4)
44         ;
45 005312 010002 12$:  MOV     R0, R2          ; Get actual address
46 005314 000241      CLC                    ; Convert to page number
47 005316 006002      ROR     R2
48 005320 072227 177773      ASH    #-5, R2
49 005324 042700 177700      BIC    #^C77, R0     ; Get byte-in-page to R0
50 005330 062700 000000G      ADD     #VPAR6, R0    ; Map through PAR 6
51         ;
52         ; Store values into I/O queue element
53         ;
54 005334 010261 000000G 9$:  MOV     R2, Q. PAR(R1)   ; Page relocation bias
55 005340 010061 000000G      MOV     R0, Q. BUFF(R1) ; Buffer address
56         ;
57         ; Finished

```

```
58  
59 005344 012602      MOV      (SP)+,R2  
60 005346 012600      MOV      (SP)+,R0  
61 005350 000207      RETURN
```

```

1          .SBTTL UACHKx -- Check validity of user address
2          ;-----
3          ; UACHKW and UACHKB are called to determine if an emt address is
4          ; within the valid region of the current job.
5          ; UACHKW also checks to see that the address is on a word boundary.
6          ;
7          ; Inputs:
8          ; RO = Address to be checked (preserved)
9          ; EMTPS = PS saved by EMT
10         ; UHIMEM = Top address of job region
11         ;
12         ; Outputs:
13         ; C-flag set on return if address is invalid.
14         ;
15         ; Check a word address
16         ;
17 005352 032700 000001 UACHKW: BIT #1,RO ; IS ADDRESS EVEN?
18 005356 001402 BEQ UACHKB ; BR IF YES
19 005360 000261 SEC ; SIGNAL ERROR
20 005362 000207 RETURN
21         ;
22         ; Check byte address
23         ;
24         ; See if address is in normal job region
25 005364 020037 000000G UACHKB: CMP RO,UHIMEM ; IS ADDRESS IN NORMAL JOB REGION
26 005370 101404 BLOS 4# ; BR IF YES
27         ;
28         ; Address is not in normal job region.
29         ; Allow kernel-mode emt's to access all of memory
30         ;
31 005372 032737 000000G 000000G BIT #UMODE,EMTPS ; IS THIS A KERNEL MODE EMT?
32 005400 001002 BNE 5# ; BR IF NOT
33 005402 000241 4#: CLC ; SIGNAL SUCCESSFUL RETURN
34 005404 000207 RETURN
35         ;
36         ; This is a user-mode emt accessing a region above the normal top of job
37         ;
38 005406 010146 5#: MOV R1,-(SP)
39 005410 010246 MOV R2,-(SP)
40 005412 113701 000000G MOVB CORUSR,R1 ; GET CURRENT JOB INDEX NUMBER
41         ;
42         ; Allow KMON to access job context area
43         ;
44 005416 032761 000000G 000000G BIT ##INKMN,LSW4(R1); IS KMON RUNNING?
45 005424 001403 BEQ 2# ; BR IF NOT
46 005426 020027 000000G CMP RO,#CXTEND ; IS ADDRESS IN JOB CONTEXT REGION?
47 005432 103426 BLO 1# ; BR IF YES
48         ;
49         ; See if there are any associated shared run-time systems
50         ;
51 005434 010001 2#: MOV RO,R1 ; GET ADDRESS BEING CHECKED
52 005436 072127 177764 ASH #-12.,R1 ; CONVERT ADDRESS TO 2 * PAR REGION #
53 005442 042701 177761 BIC #^C16,R1
54 005446 016102 000000G MOV RPDR(R1),R2 ; IS THAT REGION MAPPED TO SHARED RUN-TIME?
55 005452 001414 BEQ 3# ; BR IF NOT
56 005454 000302 SWAB R2 ; GET PAGE LENGTH TO LOW-ORDER BYTE
57 005456 042702 177600 BIC #^C177,R2 ; GET # 64-BYTE BLOCKS USED IN PAR REGION

```

```

58 005462 005202          INC      R2          ; # IS OFFSET BY 1
59 005464 072227 000006  ASH      #6,R2        ; CONVERT TO # BYTES
60 005470 005302          DEC      R2          ; AVOID ADDRESS OVERFLOW AT TOP OF MEMORY
61 005472 072127 000014  ASH     #12.,R1       ; GET ADDRESS OF BASE OF PAR REGION
62 005476 060201          ADD      R2,R1        ; GET ADDRESS OF LAST BYTE IN PAR REGION
63 005500 020001          CMP      R0,R1        ; IS OUR ADDRESS IN MAPPED REGION?
64 005502 101402          BLOS    1$           ; BR IF YES
65                          ;
66                          ; Address is invalid
67                          ;
68 005504 000261          3$:     SEC           ; SIGNAL ERROR ON RETURN
69 005506 000401          BR      9$
70                          ;
71                          ; Address is valid
72                          ;
73 005510 000241          1$:     CLC           ; SIGNAL SUCCESS ON RETURN
74                          ;
75                          ; Finished
76                          ;
77 005512 012602          9$:     MOV      (SP)+,R2
78 005514 012601          MOV      (SP)+,R1
79 005516 000207          RETURN

```

.SBTTL VALADx -- Validate user address

```

82                          ; -----
83                          ; VALADW and VALADB are called to validate an address provided as
84                          ; an EMT argument. If the address is invalid, these routines do not
85                          ; return but rather produce a fatal EMT error.
86                          ; VALADW checks to see that the address is even.
87                          ;
88                          ; Inputs:
89                          ; R0 = Address to be checked (preserved)
90                          ; EMTPS = PS saved by EMT
91                          ;
92                          ; Outputs:
93                          ; A fata EMT error is produced if the address is invalid.
94                          ;
95 005520 004737 005352'  VALADW: CALL    UACHKW      ; CHECK WORD ADDRESS
96 005524 103405          BCS     BADAD          ; BR IF INVALID
97 005526 000207          RETURN              ; ADDRESS IS OK
98                          ;
99 005530 004737 005364'  VALADB: CALL    UACHKB      ; CHECK BYTE ADDRESS
100 005534 103401          BCS     BADAD          ; BR IF INVALID
101 005536 000207          RETURN
102                          ;
103                          ; Invalid address -- Give fatal emt error
104                          ;
105 005540 012700 177766  BADAD:  MOV     #-12,R0      ; GIVE FATAL EMT ERROR
106 005544 000137 004036'  JMP     SETERR

```



```

1          .SBTTL IOWAIT -- Wait for I/O to finish
2          ;-----
3          ; IOWAIT is called to suspend user execution until all I/O on the
4          ; current channel is finished.
5          ;
6          ; Inputs:
7          ; CHNADR = Address of current channel we are waiting on.
8          ;
9 005550 010346 IOWAIT: MOV R3, -(SP)
10 005552 013703 000000G MOV CHNADR, R3 ;GET ADDRESS OF CHANNEL
11 005556 1#: DISABL ;* DISABLE INTERRUPTS
12 005564 105763 000000G TSTB C.NUMQ(R3) ;* ANY ACTIVE I/O REQUESTS ON CHANNEL?
13 005570 001407 BEQ 2# ;* BR IF NOT -- ALL I/O IS FINISHED
14 005572 012700 000000G MOV #S$IOWT, R0 ;* SAY WE ARE WAITING FOR I/O TO FINISH
15 005576 004737 000000G CALL QNSPND ;ENQUEUE FOR I/O WAIT (ENABLE)
16 005602 004737 000000G CALL CHKABT ;WERE WE ABORTED WHILE ASLEEP?
17 005606 000763 BR 1# ;GO TRY AGAIN
18 005610 2#: ENABL
19 005616 012603 MOV (SP)+, R3
20 005620 000207 RETURN
21
22          .SBTTL IOSTOP -- Wait for all of job's I/O to finish
23          ;-----
24          ; IOSTOP suspends execution of the current job until all of its
25          ; I/O is completed.
26          ;
27 005622 010146 IOSTOP: MOV R1, -(SP)
28 005624 113701 000000G MOVB CORUSR, R1 ;GET JOB INDEX #
29 005630 1#: DISABL ;*** DISABLE ***
30 005636 105761 000000G TSTB LIOCNT(R1) ;IS THERE ANY I/O ACTIVE FOR JOB?
31 005642 001405 BEQ 2# ;BR IF NOT
32 005644 012700 000000G MOV #S$IOWT, R0 ;SUSPEND JOB TILL I/O FINISHES
33 005650 004737 000000G CALL QNSPND
34 005654 000765 BR 1# ;NOW GO SEE IF IT HAS COMPLETED
35          ;
36          ; All I/O is finished
37          ;
38 005656 2#: ENABL ;** ENABLE **
39 005664 012601 MOV (SP)+, R1
40 005666 000207 RETURN
41
42          .SBTTL IOHALT -- Abort all I/O for a job
43          ;-----
44          ; Process .ABTIO EMT
45          ;
46 005670 005737 000000G ABTIO: TST IOABFL ;CHECK TO SEE IF IO ABORT WAS CHOSEN
47 005674 001752 BEQ IOSTOP ;BR IF IO RUNDOWN WAS CHOSEN
48 005676 010246 MOV R2, -(SP) ;Save registers
49 005700 010346 MOV R3, -(SP)
50 005702 013703 000000G MOV CHNADR, R3 ;Get address of channel status word
51 005706 032763 000000G 000000G BIT #CS$OPN, C.CSW(R3); See if channel is open
52 005714 001406 BEQ 1# ;Br if channel is not open
53 005716 016302 000000G MOV C.CSW(R3), R2 ;Get channel status word
54 005722 042702 177701 BIC #^C76, R2 ;Mask channel device index number
55 005726 004737 006006' CALL DVSTOP ;Stop I/O to this device
56 005732 012603 1#: MOV (SP)+, R3 ;Restore registers
57 005734 012602 MOV (SP)+, R2

```

```

58 005736 000137 001110'          JMP      EMTXIT          ;Finished
59
60 ;-----
61 ; IOHALT is called to abort all I/O operations for a particular job.
62 ;
63 ; Inputs:
64 ; R1 = Job index number.
65 ;
66 005742 005737 000000G          IOHALT: TST      IOABFL          ;CHECK TO SEE IF IO ABORT WAS CHOSEN
67 005746 001725                    BEQ      IOSTOP          ;BR IF IO RUNDOWN WAS CHOSEN
68 005750 010246                    MOV      R2,-(SP)
69 005752 010346                    MOV      R3,-(SP)
70 ;
71 ; Cancel any pending .TIMIO entries for this job
72 ;
73 005754 004737 006626'          CALL     CANIOT          ;Cancel any pending .TIMIO entries for job
74 ;
75 ; Now call handler abort entry points
76 ;
77 005760 013702 000000G          MOV      NUMDEV,R2      ;GET INDEX # OF LAST DEVICE
78 005764 005003                    CLR      R3              ;Clear channel address pointer
79 005766 004737 006006'          1$: CALL     DVSTOP          ;STOP I/O ON THAT DEVICE FOR THIS JOB
80 005772 162702 000002          SUB      #2,R2          ;GET NEXT DEVICE INDEX NUMBER
81 005776 002373                    BGE     1$              ;BR IF MORE DEVICES
82 006000 012603                    MOV      (SP)+,R3
83 006002 012602                    MOV      (SP)+,R2
84 006004 000207                    RETURN

```

```

1          .SBTTL  DVSTOP -- Abort I/O for a device & job
2          ;-----
3          ; DVSTOP is called to abort all I/O requests for a particular job
4          ; that are pending for a particular device.
5          ; The abort entry point for the device handler is called if the
6          ; current queue entry belongs to the specified job or if the abort
7          ; flag is set for the handler.
8          ;
9          ; Inputs:
10         ; R1 = Index number of job whose I/O is to be aborted.
11         ; R2 = Device index number of device to be serviced.
12         ; R3 = Address of channel status word (for .ABTIO) or zero
13         ;
14 006006 010346 DVSTOP: MOV      R3,-(SP)
15 006010 010446      MOV      R4,-(SP)
16 006012 010546      MOV      R5,-(SP)
17 006014 013746 000000G      MOV      @#KPAR5,-(SP) ; Save PAR 5 in case we map to a handler
18         ;
19         ; Return immediately if this is a pseudo-device like LD, TT, etc.
20         ;
21 006020 026227 000000G 000004      CMP      HANENT(R2),#4 ; Is this a real device?
22 006026 101532      BLOS     7$ ; Br if not
23         ;
24         ; Enter system state while we perform I/O abort processing
25         ;
26 006030 012700 006314'      MOV      #7$,R0 ; Set exit address for system state
27 006034 004737 000000G      CALL     ENSYS ; Enter system state
28 006040 000000G      .WORD   FP#IOA ; Fork processing priority
29 006042 010305      MOV      R3,R5 ; Move channel status word
30         ;
31         ; Set up pointer to handler.
32         ;
33 006044 016203 000000G      MOV      HANPAR(R2),R3 ; Is this a mapped handler?
34 006050 001402      BEQ      8$ ; Br if not
35 006052 010337 000000G      MOV      R3,@#KPAR5 ; Map PAR 5 to the handler
36 006056 016203 000000G B$: MOV      HANENT(R2),R3 ; Get pointer to LQE cell in handler
37         ;
38         ; Hold the handler.
39         ; This prevents new I/O from being started and prevents cleanup on
40         ; current I/O request for handler.
41         ;
42 006062 012763 100000 177776      MOV      #100000,-2(R3) ; Set handler-hold flag
43 006070 005723      TST      (R3)+ ; Point to CQE cell in handler
44         ;
45         ; Call handler abort entry point if abort flag is set for handler
46         ; or if current queue element belongs to job being aborted.
47         ;
48 006072 032762 000000G 000000G      BIT      #DS$ABT,DVSTAT(R2); Is abort flag set for handler?
49 006100 001015      BNE     1$ ; Br if yes
50 006102 011304      MOV      (R3),R4 ; Get pointer to current queue element for hand
51 006104 001430      BEQ      2$ ; Br if none
52 006106 116400 000000C      MOVVB   Q.JOB-Q.BLKN(R4),R0 ; Get job # from queue element
53 006112 006300      ASL     R0 ; Convert to job index number
54 006114 020001      CMP     R0,R1 ; Does this element belong to job being aborted
55 006116 001023      BNE     2$ ; Br if not
56 006120 016400 000000C      MOV     Q.CSW-Q.BLKN(R4),R0; Get address of Channel Status Word
57 006124 001403      BEQ     1$ ; Br if none

```

```

58 006126 052760 000000G 000000G          BIS      #CS$ERR,C.CSW(R0);Say an error occurred on this operation
59                                     ;
60                                     ; Call handler abort entry point.
61                                     ;
62 006134 010146          1$:      MOV      R1,-(SP)
63 006136 010246          MOV      R2,-(SP)
64 006140 010346          MOV      R3,-(SP)
65 006142 010104          MOV      R1,R4          ;Get job number
66 006144 006204          ASR      R4          ;Get in form handler expects
67 006146 162703 000006    SUB      #6,R3          ;Point to handler cell with interrupt entry
68 006152 011300          MOV      (R3),R0        ;Get offset to interrupt entry pt in handler
69 006154 060300          ADD      R3,R0          ;Get abs address of interrupt entry point
70 006156 004740          CALL     -(R0)          ;Call handler abort entry point
71 006160 012603          MOV      (SP)+,R3
72 006162 012602          MOV      (SP)+,R2
73 006164 012601          MOV      (SP)+,R1
74                                     ;
75                                     ; Now remove any queue elements that belong to the job being aborted
76                                     ; (But ignore the current queue element since it will be cleaned up
77                                     ; by calling IOFIN)
78                                     ;
79 006166 011305          2$:      MOV      (R3),R5          ;Get pointer to current queue element
80 006170 001440          BEQ      6$          ;Br if there is none
81 006172 016504 000000C    3$:      MOV      Q.LINK-Q.BLKN(R5),R4 ;Is there another queue element in list?
82 006176 001435          BEQ      6$          ;Br if not
83 006200 116400 000000C    MOVVB   Q.JOB-Q.BLKN(R4),R0 ;Get job # from queue element
84 006204 006300          ASL      R0          ;Convert to job index number
85 006206 020001          CMP      R0,R1          ;Does this element belong to job being aborted
86 006210 001402          BEQ      4$          ;Br if yes
87 006212 010405          MOV      R4,R5          ;Link to next queue element
88 006214 000766          BR      3$          ;And go check it
89 006216 016465 000000C 000000C 4$:      MOV      Q.LINK-Q.BLKN(R4),Q.LINK-Q.BLKN(R5) ;Remove element from list
90 006224 001005          BNE      5$          ;Br if this is not last element in list
91 006226 011363 177776    MOV      (R3),-2(R3)   ;CGE-->LQE
92 006232 001402          BEQ      5$          ;Br if queue is empty now
93 006234 010563 177776    MOV      R5,-2(R3)    ;Make LQE point to last queue element
94 006240 162704 000000G    5$:      SUB      #Q.BLKN,R4   ;Make R4 point to start of queue element
95 006244 016400 000000G    MOV      Q.CSW(R4),R0 ;Get address of channel block for this element
96 006250 001403          BEQ      9$          ;Br if no associated channel
97 006252 052760 000000G 000000G    BIS      #CS$ERR,C.CSW(R0);Set error flag in channel status
98 006260 004737 003032'    9$:      CALL     IOCMPL      ;Do I/O completion for this queue element
99 006264 005362 000000G    DEC      HANIOC(R2)   ;Decrement pending I/O count for device
100 006270 000740          BR      3$          ;See if there are more queue elements
101                                     ;
102                                     ; If handler finished I/O operation while being held, we must call
103                                     ; cleanup routine for it.
104                                     ;
105 006272 006363 177774    6$:      ASL      -4(R3)    ;Did handler finish i/o while being held?
106 006276 100005          BPL      10$         ;Br if not
107 006300 010304          MOV      R3,R4          ;Set up pointer to CGE cell in handler
108 006302 005063 177774    CLR      -4(R3)        ;Clear handler-hold flag
109 006306 004737 002570'    CALL     IOFIN         ;Do cleanup for handler
110                                     ;
111                                     ; Now exit from system state.
112                                     ; This will transfer control to 7$.
113                                     ;
114 006312 000207          10$:     RETURN        ;Exit from system state -- Go to 7$

```

```
115 ;  
116 ; Finished aborting I/O for this device  
117 ;  
118 006314 012637 0000006 7$: MOV (SP)+, @#KPAR5 ; Restore PAR 5 mapping  
119 006320 012605 MOV (SP)+, R5  
120 006322 012604 MOV (SP)+, R4  
121 006324 012603 MOV (SP)+, R3  
122 006326 000207 RETURN
```

```

1          .SBTTL IOTIMR -- Process handler timeout requests
2          ;-----
3          ; IOTIMR is the routine called from device handlers to process I/O
4          ; timer requests. Normally the .TIMIO and .CTIMIO macros are used
5          ; to call IOTIMR.
6          ;
7          ; Inputs:
8          ; R5 = Address of argument list generated by .TIMIO or .CTIMIO macros
9          ;
10         IOTIMR: MOV     R0, -(SP)
11         MOV     R1, -(SP)
12         MOV     R2, -(SP)
13         MOV     R3, -(SP)
14         ;
15         ; Determine if we are starting or canceling a timer request
16         ;
17         MOV     R5, R2          ; GET PTR TO CELL WITH OFFSET TO TIMER BLOCK
18         ADD     (R5)+, R2      ; GET ADDRESS OF TIMER BLOCK IN HANDLER
19         TST     (R5)+         ; IS THIS A .TIMIO OR .CTIMIO REQUEST?
20         BNE     IOTIMC        ; BR IF REQUEST TO CANCEL TIMER
21         ;
22         ; This is a request to start a timer.
23         ; Get a completion request queue entry and set up values in it.
24         ;
25         TST     IT$RTN(R2)     ; Make sure there is a specified compl routine
26         BNE     4$            ; Br if compl routine address specified
27         CMP     (R5)+, (R5)+   ; Skip over high & low order time words
28         SEC     ; Signal error on return
29         BR     IOTMXT         ; Return
30         CALL   GETRTQ        ; Get a queue element (addr returned in R1)
31         MOV     R1, IT$LNK(R2) ; Save ptr to queue element in handler block
32         BISB   #<QF$IOT!QF$SCR>, CQ$FLG(R1); Set flag saying .TIMIO request
33         MOV     (R5)+, CQ$HOT(R1); Set high-order time value
34         MOV     (R5)+, CQ$LOT(R1); Set low-order time value
35         MOV     IT$RTN(R2), CQ$RTN(R1); Set address of routine to call
36         MOV     IT$SEQ(R2), CQ$RO(R1); Set sequence # to be passed in R0
37         MOV     R2, CQ$R1(R1) ; Set address of cell to be cleared on call
38         ADD     #IT$RTN, CQ$R1(R1)
39         MOV     @#KPAR5, CQ$PA5(R1); Set PAR 5 mapping for compl routine
40         MOV     IT$JOB(R2), R0 ; Get # of job to synch with
41         BIC     #^C377, R0    ; Clear all but job number
42         ASL     R0            ; Convert to job index number
43         MOVB   R0, CQ$JOB(R1) ; Set job number in compl queue entry
44         ;
45         ; Link timer element into list of active requests
46         ;
47         DISABL ; ** DISABLE **
48         MOV     MRKTHD, CQ$LNK(R1); Put new element at head of timer list
49         MOV     R1, MRKTHD
50         ENABL  ; ** ENABLE **
51         BR     IOTMCC        ; FINISHED
52         ;
53         ; Cancel a timer request
54         ;
55         IOTIMC: MOV     IT$LNK(R2), R1 ; Get address of queue element used for request
56         BEQ     3$            ; Invalid if zero
57         DISABL ; ** DISABLE **

```

```

58 006530 012703 000000C      MOV      #MRKTHD-CQ$LNK,R3;FAKE POINTER TO QUEUE HEAD
59 006534 026301 000000G      1$:     CMP      CQ$LNK(R3),R1      ; IS ELEMENT WE WANT TO REMOVE NEXT IN LIST?
60 006540 001410                BEQ      2$              ; BR IF YES
61 006542 016303 000000G      MOV      CQ$LNK(R3),R3      ; CHAIN FORWARD TO NEXT ELEMENT
62 006546 001372                BNE      1$              ; BR IF MORE TO CHECK
63 006550                ENABL                    ; ** ENABLE **
64 006556 000261                3$:     SEC                    ; SIGNAL FAILURE TO FIND TIMER ELEMENT IN LIST
65 006560 000415                BR      IOTMXT
66 006562 016163 000000G 000000G 2$:     MOV      CQ$LNK(R1),CQ$LNK(R3);REMOVE TIMER ELEMENT FROM LIST
67 006570 005062 000000G      CLR      IT$RTN(R2)        ; SAY TIMER BLOCK IS NOW FREE
68 006574 005062 000000G      CLR      IT$LNK(R2)
69 006600                ENABL                    ; ** ENABLE **
70 006606 004737 004222'      CALL     QFREE            ; Free the timer queue element
71 006612 000241                IOTMCC: CLC              ; Return with C-flag cleared
72                ;
73                ; Finished -- Return to handler
74                ;
75 006614 012603                IOTMXT: MOV      (SP)+,R3
76 006616 012602                MOV      (SP)+,R2
77 006620 012601                MOV      (SP)+,R1
78 006622 012600                MOV      (SP)+,R0
79 006624 000205                RTS      R5
  
```

```

1          .SBTTL  CANIOT -- Cancel all .TIMIO requests for a job
2          ;-----
3          ;  CANIOT is called to cancel all pending .TIMIO requests for a job.
4          ;
5          ;  Inputs:
6          ;    R1 = Index number of job.
7          ;
8 006626 010246  CANIOT: MOV     R2,-(SP)
9 006630 010446      MOV     R4,-(SP)
10 006632 013746 000000G      MOV     @#KPAR5,-(SP) ; Save current PAR 5 mapping
11          ;
12          ;  Search through pending queue looking for requests belonging to this job
13          ;
14 006636 012704 000000C 1$:   MOV     #MRKTHD-CQ$LNK,R4 ; Get dummy pointer to queue head
15 006642          DISABL          ; ** Disable interrupts **
16 006650 016402 000000G 2$:   MOV     CQ$LNK(R4),R2 ; Get address of next pending entry
17 006654 001434          BEQ     4$ ; Br if hit end of list
18 006656 132762 000000G 000000G BITB  #QF$IOT,CQ$FLG(R2) ; Is this entry for a .TIMIO?
19 006664 001403          BEQ     3$ ; Br if not
20 006666 120162 000000G          CMPB  R1,CQ$JOB(R2) ; Is this entry for our job?
21 006672 001402          BEQ     5$ ; Br if yes
22 006674 010204          3$:   MOV     R2,R4 ; Link to next entry
23 006676 000764          BR      2$ ; Go check it
24          ;
25          ;  We found an entry for this job
26          ;
27 006700 016264 000000G 000000G 5$:   MOV     CQ$LNK(R2),CQ$LNK(R4) ; Remove entry from linked list
28 006706          ENABL          ; ** Enable interrupts **
29 006714 016200 000000G          MOV     CQ$R1(R2),R0 ; Get addr of cell in handler to be cleared
30 006720 001404          BEQ     6$ ; Br if nothing to clear
31 006722 016237 000000G 000000G          MOV     CQ$PA5(R2),@#KPAR5 ; Set up PAR 5 mapping for the handler
32 006730 005010          CLR     (R0) ; Clear the cell in the handler
33 006732 010104          6$:   MOV     R1,R4 ; Save the job index number
34 006734 010201          MOV     R2,R1 ; Get address of queue element to R1
35 006736 004737 004222'          CALL  QFREE ; Free the queue element
36 006742 010401          MOV     R4,R1 ; Get back job index number
37 006744 000734          BR      1$ ; See if there are more entries to free
38          ;
39          ;  Finished
40          ;
41 006746          4$:   ENABL          ; ** Enable interrupts **
42 006754 012637 000000G          9$:   MOV     (SP)+,@#KPAR5 ; Restore PAR 5 mapping
43 006760 012604          MOV     (SP)+,R4
44 006762 012602          MOV     (SP)+,R2
45 006764 000207          RETURN
46          ;
47          ;-----
48          ;  Dummy subroutine called by handlers trying to do error logging.
49          ;  Return immediately.
50          ;
51 006766 000207  ERRLOG: RETURN

```



```

1          .SBTTL SETHAN -- Update running copy of device handler
2          ;-----
3          ; SETHAN is the EMT used by kmon to update the running copy of a device
4          ; handler after a SET command has been done.
5          ; If the handler is active, an error return occurs.
6          ;
7          SETHAN: MOV     EMTBLK+4,R4      ;GET DEVICE TABLE INDEX FOR HANDLER
8          MOV     HANSIZ(R4),R2          ;GET SIZE OF HANDLER
9          SUB     #18.,R2                ;DON'T MODIFY LAST 9 WORDS OF HANDLER (.DREND TABLE)
10         CMP     R2,#1000               ;MAX CODE MODIFIED IS 1000
11         BLOS   1$                      ;BR IF HANDLER IS SMALLER
12         MOV     #1000,R2
13         1$:   ASR     R2                  ;CONVERT # BYTES TO # WORDS
14         MOV     HANENT(R4),R1          ;GET ADDRESS OF HANDLER ENTRY POINT
15         MOV     HANPAR(R4),R0          ;IS THIS A MAPPED HANDLER?
16         BEQ    4$                      ;BR IF NOT
17         MOV     R0,@#KPAR5             ;MAP PAR 5 TO THE HANDLER
18         4$:   MOV     EMTBLK+6,R3       ;GET ADDRESS OF BUFFER IN KMON WITH NEW CODE
19         DISABL ;*** DISABLE ***
20         TST     (R1)                   ;IS THE HANDLER ACTIVE NOW?
21         BNE    3$                      ;BR IF YES -- GIVE ERROR RETURN
22         SUB     #6,R1                   ;POINT TO START OF HANDLER IN MEMORY
23         2$:   MFPD   (R3)+              ;GET WORD FROM KMON BUFFER
24         MOV     (SP)+,(R1)+            ;MOVE OVER OLD HANDLER CODE
25         SOB    R2,2$                   ;MOVE ALL OF NEW CODE
26         ENABL  ;** ENABLE **
27         JMP     EMTXIT                  ;SUCCESSFUL EXIT
28         ;
29         ; Error -- Handler is active now.
30         ;
31         3$:   ENABL  ;** ENABLE **
32         CLR     R0                      ;RETURN ERROR CODE 0
33         JMP     SETERR                  ;ERROR EXIT

```

```

1          .SBTTL MIOMWT -- Mapped I/O move data to system buffer
2          ;-----
3          ; MIOMWT is called when doing a write to a device that requires its I/O
4          ; to be mapped through a system buffer.
5          ; MIOMWT moves the data from the user's buffer into a system buffer.
6          ;
7          ; Inputs:
8          ; R5 = Address of mapped I/O control block.
9          ;
10         MIOMWT: MOV     R2, -(SP)
11         MOV     R4, -(SP)
12         MOV     R5, -(SP)
13         MOV     R5, R2          ;Get address of mapped I/O control block
14         ;
15         ; Enter system state so that we can use PAR5 and PAR6 to map to the system
16         ; and user buffers.
17         ;
18         MOV     #1$, R0        ;Go to 1$ on exit from system state
19         CALL   ENSYS          ;Enter system state
20         .WORD  FP$MOV        ;Fork priority
21         ;
22         ; We are now running in system state on the interrupt stack.
23         ; Kernel PAR5 and PAR6 are free.
24         ; Set up buffer pointers.
25         ;
26         MOV     MI$UBP(R2), @KPAR5 ;Set up PAR base for user's buffer
27         MOV     MI$SBP(R2), @KPAR6 ;Set up PAR base for system buffer
28         MOV     #VPAR5, R4      ;Get virtual address base for user's buffer
29         ADD     MI$UBO(R2), R4   ;Add offset within 64-byte block region
30         MOV     #VPAR6, R5      ;Get virtual address base for system buffer
31         ;
32         ; Get number of words to move and do the transfer
33         ;
34         MOV     MI$CWC(R2), R0   ;Get number of words to move
35         ASR    R0                ;Get number of doublewords
36         BEQ    3$                ;Br if less than 2 words to move
37         2$:  MOV     (R4)+, (R5)+ ;Move a word
38         MOV     (R4)+, (R5)+ ;Move a second word
39         SOB    R0, 2$            ;Loop if more doublewords to move
40         3$:  BCC    4$                ;Br if no odd word at end to move
41         MOV     (R4), (R5)      ;Move the last word
42         ;
43         ; Finished moving data.
44         ; Exit from system state (go to 1$)
45         ;
46         4$:  RETURN              ;Exit from system state
47         ;
48         ; Finished
49         ;
50         1$:  MOV     (SP)+, R5
51         MOV     (SP)+, R4
52         MOV     (SP)+, R2
53         RETURN

```

```

1          .SBTTL MIOMRD -- Mapped I/O move data to user's buffer
2          ;-----
3          ; MIOMRD is called when doing a read from a device that requires its I/O
4          ; to be mapped through a system buffer.
5          ; MIOMRD moves the data from the system buffer into the user's buffer.
6          ;
7          ; Inputs:
8          ; R5 = Address of mapped I/O control block.
9          ;
10         MIOMRD: MOV     R2, -(SP)
11         MOV     R4, -(SP)
12         MOV     R5, -(SP)
13         MOV     R5, R2          ;Get address of mapped I/O control block
14         ;
15         ; Enter system state so that we can use PAR5 and PAR6 to map to the system
16         ; and user buffers.
17         ;
18         MOV     #1$, R0        ;Go to 1$ on exit from system state
19         CALL    ENSYS         ;Enter system state
20         .WORD   FP$MOV        ;Fork priority
21         ;
22         ; We are now running in system state on the interrupt stack.
23         ; Kernel PAR5 and PAR6 are free.
24         ; Set up buffer pointers.
25         ;
26         MOV     MI$UBP(R2), @KPAR5 ;Set up PAR base for user's buffer
27         MOV     MI$SBP(R2), @KPAR6 ;Set up PAR base for system buffer
28         MOV     #VPAR5, R4      ;Get virtual address base for user's buffer
29         ADD     MI$UBO(R2), R4   ;Add offset within 64-byte block region
30         MOV     #VPAR6, R5      ;Get virtual address base for system buffer
31         ;
32         ; Get number of words to move and do the transfer
33         ;
34         MOV     MI$CWC(R2), R0   ;Get number of words to move
35         ASR     R0              ;Get number of doublewords
36         BEQ     3$              ;Br if less than 2 words to move
37         MOV     (R5)+, (R4)+    ;Move a word
38         MOV     (R5)+, (R4)+    ;Move a second word
39         SOB     R0, 2$          ;Loop if more doublewords to move
40         BCC     4$              ;Br if no odd word at end to move
41         MOV     (R5), (R4)      ;Move the last word
42         ;
43         ; Finished moving data.
44         ; Exit from system state (go to 1$)
45         ;
46         4$:  RETURN             ;Exit from system state
47         ;
48         ; Finished
49         ;
50         1$:  MOV     (SP)+, R5
51         MOV     (SP)+, R4
52         MOV     (SP)+, R2
53         RETURN

```

```
1          .SBTTL HANXIT -- Exit from a mapped handler  
2          ;-----  
3          ; HANXIT is jumped to when a mapped handler performs a RTI to exit  
4          ; from an interrupt.  
5          ;  
6 007330 HANXIT:  
7          ;  
8          ; Restore PAR 5 mapping  
9          ;  
10 007330 012637 000000G          MOV      (SP)+, @KPAR5 ;Restore PAR 5 mapping  
11          ;  
12          ; Finished  
13          ;  
14 007334 000002          RTI          ;Do the real interrupt exit
```

- Device handler mapping routines -

```

1          .SBTTTL - Device handler mapping routines -
2          ;-----
3          ; The following routines provide XM support for device handlers.
4          ; Kernel-mode PAR 6 is used to access the user's data area.
5          ;
6          .SBTTTL MPPHY -- Convert mapped address to physical address
7          ;-----
8          ; Convert a mapped address to a physical address.
9          ;
10         ; Inputs:
11         ; R5 = Address of Q.BUFF cell in I/O queue entry.
12         ; Q.BUFF = Address relative to Q.PAR
13         ; Q.PAR = Address offset.
14         ; Q.UMRX = 0==>No Unibus mapping needed; non-zero==>Do unibus mapping
15         ; Q.UMPB = Original value of Q.BUFF when I/O was queued
16         ; Q.UMPP = Original value of Q.PAR when I/O was queued
17         ; Q.UMVB = Index number of base Unibus map register for transfer
18         ;
19         ; Outputs:
20         ; (SP) = Low-order 16-bits of physical address.
21         ; 2(SP) = High-order 6-bits of physical address (in bits 4-9).
22         ; R5 = Address of Q.WCNT in queue element.
23         ;
24 007336 162706 000004 MPPHY: SUB #4,SP ; MAKE ROOM ON STACK FOR RESULT WORDS
25 007342 016616 000004 MOV 4(SP),(SP) ; MOVE UP RETURN ADDRESS ON STACK
26 007346 010246 MOV R2,-(SP)
27 007350 010346 MOV R3,-(SP)
28 007352 012546 MOV (R5)+,-(SP) ; GET VIRTUAL ADDRESS FROM Q.BUFF
29 007354 005002 CLR R2 ; WE WILL FORM PHYSICAL ADDRESS IN R2-R3
30         ;
31         ; Convert virtual address in I/O queue element into physical
32         ; address and place in R2-R3.
33         ;
34 007356 005765 000000C TST Q.UMRX-Q.WCNT(R5); IS UNIBUS MAPPING NEEDED?
35 007362 001416 BEQ 1$ ; BR IF NOT
36         ;
37         ; We must do Unibus mapping for this I/O request.
38         ; What we compute is not a physical address but is rather a
39         ; virtual address within the Unibus address space.
40         ;
41 007364 166516 000000C SUB Q.UMPB-Q.WCNT(R5),(SP) ; Subtract original Q.BUFF value
42 007370 016503 000000C MOV Q.PAR-Q.WCNT(R5),R3 ; Get current PAR offset (64-byte units)
43 007374 166503 000000C SUB Q.UMPP-Q.WCNT(R5),R3 ; Get # 64-byte blocks Q.PAR has been incr
44 007400 072327 000006 ASH #6,R3 ; Convert to byte offset
45 007404 060316 ADD R3,(SP) ; Increment buffer address
46 007406 116503 000000C MOVQ Q.UMVB-Q.WCNT(R5),R3 ; Get unibus register #
47 007412 073227 000015 ASHC #13,R2 ; * 8192. bytes per register
48 007416 000406 BR 2$
49         ;
50         ; We are not doing Unibus mapping. Get 22-bit physical address to R2-R3.
51         ;
52 007420 162716 000000G 1$: SUB #VPAR6,(SP) ; REMOVE PAGE-6 BIAS
53 007424 016503 000000C MOV Q.PAR-Q.WCNT(R5),R3 ; GET RELOCATION BASE
54 007430 073227 000006 ASHC #6,R2 ; SHIFT R2-R3 LEFT 6 BITS
55 007434 062603 2$: ADD (SP)+,R3 ; ADD (Q.BUFF) TO LOW ORDER
56 007436 005502 ADC R2 ; PROPOGATE CARRY TO HIGH-ORDER
57         ;

```

```
58 ; We have computed the address and it is in R2-R3.  
59 ; Position correctly and store into stack.  
60 ;  
61 007440 072227 000004 ASH #4,R2 ; POSITION HIGH-ORDER TO BITS 4-9  
62 007444 010366 000006 MOV R3,6(SP) ; STORE LOW-ORDER VALUE  
63 007450 010266 000010 MOV R2,10(SP) ; STORE HIGH-ORDER VALUE  
64 007454 012603 MOV (SP)+,R3  
65 007456 012602 MOV (SP)+,R2  
66 ;  
67 ; Finished -- Converted values are on stack below return address.  
68 ;  
69 007460 000207 RETURN
```

```

1          .SBTTL PTBYT -- Move byte to user's buffer
2          ;-----
3          ; PTBYT is called to transfer a byte to the user's buffer area.
4          ;
5          ; Inputs:
6          ; (SP) = Byte to be transferred.
7          ; R4 = Pointer to Q.BLKN in queue element
8          ;
9          ; Outputs:
10         ; Byte is popped from stack.
11         ; Q.BUFF is incremented.
12         ;
13 007462 PTBYT:
14         ;
15         ; Make R4 point to Q.BUFF rather than Q.BLKN
16         ;
17 007462 062704 000000C          ADD    #<Q.BUFF-Q.BLKN>,R4;MAKE R4 POINT TO Q.BUFF
18         ;
19         ; This request must be mapped through PAR 6.
20         ;
21         ;
22         ; See if we cross a page boundary.
23         ;
24 007466 032714 020000          BIT    #20000,(R4)      ;DID WE CROSS A PAGE BOUNDARY?
25 007472 001405          BEQ    1$              ;BR IF NOT
26         ;
27         ; We crossed a page boundary.
28         ; Increment Q.PAR and reset Q.BUFF
29         ;
30 007474 062764 000200 000000C  ADD    #200,Q.PAR-Q.BUFF(R4);ADVANCE PAGE NUMBER
31 007502 162714 020000          SUB    #20000,(R4)      ;RESET BUFFER POINTER
32         ;
33         ; Set up Kernel-mode PAR6 to access user's page.
34         ;
35 007506          1$:  DISABL          ;DISABLE INTERRUPTS
36 007514 013727 000000G  MOV    @#KPAR6,(PC)+    ;SAVE CURRENT KPAR6 CONTENTS
37 007520 000000          11$: .WORD    0              ;CONTENTS OF KPAR6
38 007522 016437 000000C 000000G  MOV    Q.PAR-Q.BUFF(R4),@#KPAR6;MAP TO USER'S PAGE
39         ;
40         ; Move byte into the user's area
41         ;
42 007530 116634 000002          MOVB   2(SP),@(R4)+    ;MOVE BYTE INTO USER'S SPACE
43 007534 013737 007520' 000000G  MOV    11@,@#KPAR6    ;RESTORE KPAR6 CONTENTS
44 007542          ENABL          ;ENABLE INTERRUPTS
45         ;
46         ; Increment buffer pointer
47         ;
48 007550 005244          INC    -(R4)          ;INC Q.BUFF
49         ;
50         ; Fix up R4 and pop byte off stack.
51         ;
52 007552 162704 000000C  SUB    #<Q.BUFF-Q.BLKN>,R4;MAKE R4 POINT TO Q.BLKN
53 007556 012616          MOV    (SP)+,(SP)      ;MOVE RETURN ADDRESS OVER DATA BYTE
54 007560 000207          RETURN

```

```

1          .SBTTL  GTBYT  -- Get byte from user's buffer
2          ;-----
3          ; GTBYT is called to acquire a byte from a user buffer.
4          ;
5          ; Inputs:
6          ;   R4 = Pointer to Q.BLKN in I/O queue element.
7          ;
8          ; Outputs:
9          ;   (SP) = Byte acquired.
10         ;   Q.BUFF is incremented.
11         ;
12 007562  GTBYT:
13         ;
14         ; Make room for returned byte on stack.
15         ;
16 007562  011646      MOV      (SP),-(SP)      ; MOVE DOWN RETURN ADDRESS
17         ;
18         ; Make R4 point to Q.BUFF
19         ;
20 007564  062704  000000C  ADD      #<Q.BUFF-Q.BLKN>,R4; MAKE R4 POINT TO Q.BUFF
21         ;
22         ; This address needs to be mapped through PAR 6.
23         ;
24         ;
25         ; See if we crossed a page boundary.
26         ;
27 007570  031427  020000      BIT      (R4),#20000      ; DID ADDRESS CROSS A PAGE BOUNDARY?
28 007574  001405      BEQ      1$              ; BR IF NOT
29         ;
30         ; We have crossed a page boundary.
31         ; Increment Q.PAR and reset Q.BUFF
32         ;
33 007576  062764  000200  000000C  ADD      #200,Q.PAR-Q.BUFF(R4); INCREMENT PAGE POINTER
34 007604  162714  020000      SUB      #20000,(R4)      ; RESET BYTE-WITHIN-PAGE #
35         ;
36         ; Set up kernel-mode PAR6 to map to user's page
37         ;
38 007610  1$:  DISABL      ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS
39 007616  013727  000000G  MOV      @#KPAR6,(PC)+  ; SAVE CURRENT KPAR6 CONTENTS
40 007622  000000      .WORD  0          ; CONTENTS OF KPAR6
41 007624  016437  000000C  000000G  MOV      Q.PAR-Q.BUFF(R4),@#KPAR6; MAP TO USER'S PAGE
42         ;
43         ; Move byte from user's buffer
44         ;
45 007632  005066  000002      CLR      2(SP)          ; CLEAR BYTE AREA
46 007636  113466  000002      MOVB     @(R4)+,2(SP)   ; GET BYTE FROM USER'S AREA
47 007642  013737  007622'  000000G  MOV      11$,@#KPAR6   ; RESTORE KPAR6 CONTENTS
48 007650  ENABL      ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS
49         ;
50         ; Increment buffer pointer
51         ;
52 007656  005244      INC      -(R4)          ; INCREMENT Q.BUFF
53         ;
54         ; Fix R4 and return with data byte on top of stack
55         ;
56 007660  162704  000000C  SUB      #<Q.BUFF-Q.BLKN>,R4; MAKE R4 POINT TO Q.BLKN
57 007664  000207      RETURN

```



```

1          .SBTTL  PTWRD  -- Move word to user's buffer
2          ;-----
3          ; PTWRD is called to move a word into a user buffer area.
4          ;
5          ; Inputs:
6          ; (SP) = Word to be moved to user's buffer.
7          ; R4  = Pointer to Q.BLKN in queue element.
8          ;
9          ; Outputs:
10         ; Data word is popped from stack.
11         ; Q.BUFF is incremented.
12         ;
13 007666 PTWRD:
14         ;
15         ; Make R4 point to Q.BUFF cell in queue element.
16         ;
17 007666 062704 000000C          ADD    #<Q.BUFF-Q.BLKN>,R4;POINT TO Q.BUFF
18         ;
19         ; This address must be mapped through PAR 6.
20         ;
21         ;
22         ; See if we crossed a page boundary
23         ;
24 007672 031427 020000          BIT     (R4),#20000      ;DID WE CROSS A PAGE BOUNDARY?
25 007676 001405                BEQ     1$                    ;BR IF NOT
26         ;
27         ; We crossed a page boundary
28         ; Increment Q.PAR and reset Q.BUFF
29         ;
30 007700 062764 000200 000000C  ADD     #200,Q.PAR-Q.BUFF(R4);ADVANCE PAGE POINTER
31 007706 162714 020000          SUB     #20000,(R4)      ;RESET BYTE-WITHIN-PAGE ADDRESS
32         ;
33         ; Set up kernel-mode PAR6 to map to user's page.
34         ;
35 007712 1$:  DISABL                ;DISABLE INTERRUPTS
36 007720 013727 000000G          MOV     @#KPAR6,(PC)+    ;SAVE CURRENT KPAR6 CONTENTS
37 007724 000000 11$:  .WORD  0      ;CONTENTS OF KPAR6
38 007726 016437 000000C 000000G  MOV     Q.PAR-Q.BUFF(R4),@#KPAR6;MAP TO USER'S PAGE
39         ;
40         ; Move word into user's buffer.
41         ;
42 007734 016634 000002          MOV     2(SP),@(R4)+    ;MOVE WORD INTO USER'S BUFFER
43 007740 013737 007724' 000000G  MOV     11@,@#KPAR6    ;RESTORE KPAR6 CONTENTS
44 007746                ENABL                ;ENABLE INTERRUPTS
45         ;
46         ; Advance buffer pointer
47         ;
48 007754 062744 000002          ADD     #2,-(R4)       ;ADVANCE Q.BUFF
49         ;
50         ; Fix R4 and pop data word from stack.
51         ;
52 007760 162704 000000C          SUB     #<Q.BUFF-Q.BLKN>,R4;MAKE R4 POINT TO Q.BLKN
53 007764 012616                MOV     (SP)+,(SP)     ;POP DATA WORD -- MOVE UP RETURN ADDRESS
54 007766 000207                RETURN

```

```

1          .SBTTL  EXTP1  -- External KPAR mapping routine for drivers
2          ;-----
3          ;
4          ; EXTP1 is called from RMON offset 432 by device drivers wishing
5          ; to map directly to the user's I/O buffer.  It is initiated in the
6          ; device driver by the following call:
7          ;     JSR     RO,@#P1EXT
8          ;     .WORD  <<instruction length> + 2 (for KPAR6)>
9          ;     <instructions>
10         ;     .WORD  <new KPAR 6 mapping value>
11         ; The drivers which use this routine are DD and DM.
12         ;
13         ;
14 007770  EXTP1:
15 007770  013746  000000G      MOV     @#KPAR6,-(SP)    ; Save kernal par 6 contents
16 007774  010146              MOV     R1,-(SP)        ; Save r1
17 007776  010246              MOV     R2,-(SP)        ; Save r2
18 010000  012002              MOV     (RO)+,R2        ; Get the length of code (# bytes +2)
19 010002  060200              ADD     R2,RO           ; Point to the code beyond par value
20 010004  010001              MOV     RO,R1           ; Copy return address
21 010006  005741              TST     -(R1)           ; Skip KPAR6 mapping value
22         ;
23         ; Put instructions and a return on the stack.
24         ;
25 010010  012746              MOV     (PC)+,-(SP)    ; Save return instruction on stack
26 010012  000207              RETURN                ; Return instruction pushed to stack
27 010014  006202              ASR     R2              ; Convert # bytes to # words
28 010016  014146  1$:      MOV     -(R1),-(SP)    ; Push instructions and # bytes on stack
29 010020  077202              SOB     R2,1$         ; Continue until all saved
30         ;
31         ; Calculate a stack frame pointer and put it on the stack.
32         ;
33 010022  012602              MOV     (SP)+,R2        ; Get length of code (# bytes +2)
34 010024  060602              ADD     SP,R2          ; Calculate stack pointer to saved R2
35 010026  005722              TST     (R2)+          ; Calculate stack frame pointer to saved R1
36 010030  010246              MOV     R2,-(SP)        ; Save stack frame pointer on top of stack
37 010032  011201              MOV     (R2),R1        ; Restore r1 prior to JSR
38 010034  014202              MOV     -(R2),R2       ; Restore r2 prior to JSR
39 010036  016037  177776  000000G  MOV     -2(RO),@#KPAR6 ; Initialize KPAR6 mapping
40         ;
41         ; The stack is in the following configuration:
42         ;     SP --> stack frame pointer to saved R1
43         ;     instructions
44         ;     RETURN
45         ;     saved R2
46         ;     saved R1 (pointed to by stack frame pointer on top of stack)
47         ;     KPAR6
48         ;     saved RO (from JSR call)
49         ;
50 010044  004766  000002      CALL    2(SP)           ; Call instructions saved on stack
51 010050  011606              MOV     @SP,SP         ; Restore stack frame pointer
52 010052  005726              TST     (SP)+          ; Skip over r1 value
53 010054  012637  000000G  MOV     (SP)+,@#KPAR6  ; Restore kernal par 6 contents
54 010060  000200              RTS     RO             ; Return to handler

```

```

1          .SBTTL  CVTPHY -- Convert a virtual address to a physical addr
2          ;-----
3          ; Convert a 16-bit virtual address within a job region into a full
4          ; 22-bit physical address.
5          ;
6          ; Inputs:
7          ; R0 = 16-bit virtual address within job region
8          ; R5 = Pointer to Q.WCNT offset in I/O queue element
9          ;
10         ; Outputs:
11         ; R1 = High-order 6 bits of physical address (starting at bit 4)
12         ; R2 = Low-order 16 bits of physical address
13         ; C-flag is set on return if physical address is > 56Kb
14         ;
15 010062 010046 CVTPHY: MOV     R0,-(SP)
16 010064 010446      MOV     R4,-(SP)
17 010066 010504      MOV     R5,R4          ;Put I/O queue element pointer in R5
18 010070 162704 000000C  SUB     #Q.WCNT-Q.BLKN,R4;Point to Q.BLKN in I/O queue element
19         ;
20         ; Call RELOC to convert the virtual address into an address within the
21         ; PAR6 region and get a base offset for PAR6.
22         ;
23 010074 004737 010126' CALL    RELOC          ;Get user's par mapping value
24         ;
25         ; At this point:
26         ; R1 = Mapping value to use to map Par6 to the area.
27         ; R2 = Address within Par6 region that specified mapped start of area.
28         ;
29 010100 162702 000000G  SUB     #VPAR6,R2     ;Strip par6 relocation bias
30 010104 005000      CLR     R0            ;Set up for shift
31 010106 073027 000006  ASHC   #6,R0         ;Shift R0-R1 left 6 bits
32 010112 060102      ADD     R1,R2        ;Get low-order physical address
33 010114 005500      ADC     R0           ;Propogate carry to high-order
34 010116 010001      MOV     R0,R1       ;Return high-order part in R1
35         ;
36         ; Finished
37         ;
38 010120 012604      MOV     (SP)+,R4
39 010122 012600      MOV     (SP)+,R0
40 010124 000207      RETURN
  
```

```

1          .SBTTL RELOC -- Mapping relocation calculation
2          ;-----
3          ; RELOC is a subroutine which converts a 16-bit virtual address contained
4          ; in R0 into a PAR6 relocation value returned in R1 and PAR6 offset address
5          ; returned in R2.
6          ;
7          ; Inputs:
8          ; R0 = Virtual address to be converted.
9          ; R4 = Pointer to Q.BLKN offset in I/O queue element.
10         ;
11         ; Outputs:
12         ; R1 = PAR6 mapping relocation value.
13         ; R2 = PAR6 offset (i.e., address within PAR6 region)
14         ;
15 010126 RELOC:
16         ;
17         ; Save registers.
18         ;
19 010126 010346      MOV     R3,-(SP)
20 010130 116401 000000C  MOVB   Q.JOB-Q.BLKN(R4),R1    ;Get job number from queue element
21 010134 042701 177400   BIC    #^C377,R1             ;Clear sign extend bits
22 010140 006301         ASL    R1                ;Convert to job index number
23         ;
24         ; R0 contains the virtual address. Separate the par register number
25         ; from the offset value to obtain the mapped address
26         ;
27 010142 010003      MOV     R0,R3                ;Save conversion address
28 010144 005002      CLR    R2                    ;Clear high order bits
29 010146 071227 020000  DIV    #20000,R2          ;Separate page and offset pointer
30 010152 006302      ASL    R2                    ;Create word offset pointer
31         ;
32         ; User's mapping in job context is valid - map to job context.
33         ;
34 010154             DISABL                    ;;;Disable interrupts
35 010162 013727 000000G  MOV     @#KPAR6,(PC)+          ;;;Save par6 contents
36 010166 000000      .WORD  0                    ;;;Contains par6 contents
37 010170 016137 000000G 000000G 11$: MOV     LCXPAR(R1),@#KPAR6      ;;;Map through par6
38         ;
39         ; Obtain par mapping contents from job context region.
40         ;
41 010176 016201 000000G  MOV     CUPAR0(R2),R1          ;;;Get the PAR value for the page
42 010202 013737 010166' 000000G  MOV     11@,@#KPAR6          ;;;Restore par6 original contents
43 010210             ENABL                    ;;;Enable interrupts
44         ;
45         ; Check for valid offset.
46         ;
47 010216 005002      CLR    R2                    ;Clear high order bits
48 010220 071227 000100  DIV    #100,R2            ;Calc lowest 64-byte mapping offset
49 010224 060201      ADD    R2,R1                ;Adjust the PAR value accordingly
50 010226 010302      MOV    R3,R2                ;Move par offset into R2
51 010230 062702 000000G  ADD    #VPAR6,R2            ;Adjust to PAR6 virtual address
52         ;
53         ; Restore registers and return.
54         ;
55 010234 012603      MOV     (SP)+,R3
56 010236 000207      RETURN

```

```

1                                     .SBTTL  BLKMOV  -- Memory block move routine
2                                     ;-----
3                                     ; BLKMOV is used by the VM handler to transfer data from one memory area
4                                     ; to another.
5                                     ;
6                                     ; Inputs:
7                                     ; R1 = input PAR value
8                                     ; R2 = input buffer address
9                                     ; R3 = output PAR value
10                                    ; R4 = output buffer address
11                                    ; R5 = word count
12                                    ;
13
14 010240 BLKMOV:
15 010240 010046      MOV      R0, -(SP)          ; Save registers
16 010242 013746 000000G  MOV      @#KPAR5, -(SP)      ; Save kernel PAR 5 & 6 mapping
17 010246 013746 000000G  MOV      @#KPAR6, -(SP)
18 010252 042702 160000    BIC      #160000, R2        ; Strip input buffer bias
19 010256 052702 120000    BIS      #120000, R2        ; Convert input buffer to PAR5 base
20 010262 042704 160000    BIC      #160000, R4        ; Strip output buffer bias
21 010266 052704 140000    BIS      #140000, R4        ; Convert output buffer to PAR6 base
22
23                                     ; Convert base buffer offsets and PAR to allow block move.
24
25 010272 020227 130000    1$:      CMP      R2, #130000      ; Check input buffer address
26 010276 103404          BLO      2$              ; Br if below boundary
27 010300 162702 010000    SUB      #10000, R2      ; Subtract 4K byte offset
28 010304 062701 000100    ADD      #100, R1        ; Adjust PAR value
29 010310 020427 150000    2$:      CMP      R4, #150000    ; Check input buffer address
30 010314 103404          BLO      3$              ; Br if below boundary
31 010316 162704 010000    SUB      #10000, R4      ; Subtract 4K byte offset
32 010322 062703 000100    ADD      #100, R3        ; Adjust PAR value
33
34                                     ; Move up to one block at a time.
35
36 010326 012700 000400    3$:      MOV      #256., R0      ; Move 256. words
37 010332 020005          CMP      R0, R5          ; Check with actual word count
38 010334 103401          BLO      5$              ; Br if word count > 256.
39 010336 010500          MOV      R5, R0         ; Otherwise use actual word count
40
41                                     ; Initialize the PAR registers and perform the move.
42
43 010340 160005          5$:      SUB      R0, R5          ; Adjust the number of words moved
44 010342 010137 000000G  MOV      R1, @#KPAR5      ; Set PAR5 value
45 010346 010337 000000G  MOV      R3, @#KPAR6      ; Set PAR6 value
46 010352 005200          INC      R0              ; Adjust word count for double move
47 010354 006200          ASR      R0              ; Divide for double word move
48 010356 103001          BCC      20$            ; Br if single word move necessary
49 010360 012224          10$:     MOV      (R2)+, (R4)+    ; Move input buffer to output buffer
50 010362 012224          20$:     MOV      (R2)+, (R4)+
51 010364 077003          SOB      R0, 10$        ; Continue until all has been moved
52 010366 005705          TST      R5              ; Check for remaining words
53 010370 101340          BHI      1$              ; Br if more to move
54 010372 012637 000000G  MOV      (SP)+, @#KPAR6    ; Restore PAR 5 & 6 mapping
55 010376 012637 000000G  MOV      (SP)+, @#KPAR5
56 010402 012600          MOV      (SP)+, R0       ; Restore registers
57 010404 000207          RETURN

```

TSEMT T/S EMT PROCESSOR MACRO V05.04 Friday 22-Jan-88 14:46 Page 44-1  
BLKMOV -- Memory block move routine

58

59 000001

.END

Errors detected: 0

\*\*\* Assembler statistics

Work file reads: 0

Work file writes: 0

Size of work file: 9624 Words ( 38 Pages)

Size of core pool: 17920 Words ( 70 Pages)

Operating system: RT-11

Elapsed time: 00:00:49.35

DK: TSEMT, LP: TSEMT=DK: TSEMT. MAC/C/N: SYM











Q. UNIT	1-125	22-28*									
Q. WCNT	1-123	16-21	23-43	24-38	37-34	37-41	37-42	37-43	37-46	37-53	42-18
QCOMPL	1-75	16-75	17-8#	18-39							
QF#CIO	1-90	16-72									
QF#IOT	1-77	31-32	32-18								
QF#MIO	1-90	16-72									
QF#SCR	1-93	31-32									
QFREE	1-71	16-82	17-38	18-49	21-9#	31-70	32-35				
QHIPRI	1-89	16-49	21-25								
QIO	1-70	11-16#									
QIOFIN	12-27	12-36	12-43	12-48	12-56#						
QNSPND	1-118	9-52	20-22	29-15	29-33						
QSRCH	1-118	21-23									
QWTCNT	2-14#	20-20*	21-20	21-27*							
READ	1-78	1-137									
REBOOT	1-76	8-6#									
RELOC	1-78	42-23	43-15#								
RPDR	1-102	28-54									
RSR	1-134	8-17*									
RT11EX	1-91	6-38	6-52								
RTLOCK	1-72	1-74	9-6#								
S#HICP	1-110	16-65	18-34								
S#IOFN	1-130	16-67	18-31								
S#IOWT	1-122	16-47	29-14	29-32							
S#NEDQ	1-119	20-21	21-22								
S#RT	1-103	17-77	17-79								
S#WFM	1-85	9-51									
SA#LOK	1-85	9-46									
SCPGET	1-85	9-44									
SERFLG	1-100	19-15									
SETC	1-69	19-26#									
SETERR	1-73	6-69	6-75	9-9	18-51	19-9#	28-106	33-33			
SETHAN	1-71	33-7#									
SP#CMD	1-85	9-46*									
SP#JOB	1-85	9-45*									
SPFLDV	1-76	2-21#									
SPFLNM	1-76	2-22#	8-38								
SPLERR	1-70	2-33#									
SPSIZE	1-76	2-23#	16-21*								
SROMMR	1-140	8-33	8-36*	8-54*							
SR3MMR	1-140	8-34	8-37*	8-55*							
SSEMT	1-83	6-54									
SWPFRC	1-72	9-39	10-11#								
SYBFAD	1-68	27-17#									
SYQIO	1-68	11-12#									
SYSDAT	1-92	8-59									
SYSHLT	1-44	7-10	22-59								
SYSXIT	1-88	7-85									
SYTIMH	1-92	8-60									
SYTIML	1-92	8-61									
TSEMT	1-21#	1-68									
TSINIT	1-83	8-46	8-65								
TSR	1-134	8-18*									
TTYIN	1-138	4-63									
TTYOUT	1-138	4-57									
UACHKB	1-69	28-18	28-25#	28-99							

UACHKW	1-69	18-24	28-17#	28-95					
UBUSMP	1-112	23-27							
UHIMEM	1-121	6-22	28-25						
UIOCNT	1-127	11-33*	16-27*						
UM\$\$SZ	1-113	23-55							
UM\$IQG	1-112	23-51	23-75*	24-28*					
UM\$NMR	1-114	23-101							
UM\$UMR	1-114	23-89	23-98						
UM\$WDS	1-113	23-53	24-34						
UMODE	1-122	4-50	4-64	5-32	7-15	28-31			
UMRADR	1-114	23-100							
UMRBAS	1-112	23-49							
UMREND	1-113	23-56							
UMRWH	1-113	23-62	24-36						
UPMODE	1-110	7-17	7-80						
URO	1-118	4-37*	6-68*	7-35					
USREMT	1-76	2-11#	8-38						
V1EMT	5-5#								
V1STK	3-5#	5-30							
V2EMT	4-77	6-4#							
VALADB	1-98	28-99#							
VALADW	1-98	6-24	28-95#						
VCSHNB	1-140	8-28*							
VPAR5	1-140	11-26	16-33	27-34	34-28	35-28			
VPAR6	1-90	22-29	23-93	27-50	34-30	35-30	37-52	42-29	43-51
VPLAS	1-82	6-64							
VPRIHI	1-103	17-75							
VSWPFL	1-84	9-10							
WRITE	1-78	1-137							
ZCLR	1-135	8-21							
ZEROQ	20-36	20-52#	22-54						

