

so you want a wiki - now what?

so you want a wiki – now what?



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overview

- options for collaboration and communication
- where wikis fit in
 - > how they work
 - > benefits of wikis in libraries
 - > contrasting blogs and wikis
 - What to use and when
- getting started

questions

- what is your primary role at your organization?
 - reference/Instructional Librarian
 - collections/Digital Project
- library ITS (web developer, systems librarian)
 - library manager
 - other
- do you contribute to a wiki?
- are you interested in using wikis for
 - business processes
 - personal web publishing
 - community building
 - intranet
 - don't know

committees and teams

- how many groups do you belong to?
None 1–2 3–5 5–10 > 10
- where are the communications from those groups stored?
 - > mailing list archives
 - > email folders
 - > everyone's desktop and file cabinet
 - > shared file server
 - > web board
 - > IM (saved)
- what are some of the limitations?

technologies for online collaboration

- push-based
 - > email
 - > discussion forums
 - > webcasts
 - > blogs
 - > text messaging
- interactive
 - > web chat
 - > web conferencing
 - > instant messaging
 - > team rooms
- pull-based
 - > newsgroups
 - > RSS

what if ...

- reduce email overload
- have an archive of the work done to date
- build a knowledge base automatically
- have an easy way to write and publish
 - > reports
 - > documents
 - > policies
 - > procedures

so you want a wiki - now what?

what is a "Wiki"?

- original software developed in 1994
 - > Ward Cunningham
- means "quick" in Hawaiian
 - > As a bacronym - "What I Know Is"
- allows you to add, edit, or link content easily



what_is_a_wiki.avi

some more thoughts...

the post-it note of the web

the description of [OpenWiki](#)

Wikis facilitate collaboration, information dissemination and communal knowledge management in a free-form, yet structured way

from the [New Communications Forum wiki](#)

"What would you get if you had a Web site where anyone could edit or add anything?" Boredom, I guessed, or chaos. Boy, was I wrong. You get hundreds, thousands of pages full of information, ideas, conversations, learning, and teaching. You get linkages among ideas, conversations among people. You get a tool for business, a tool for people. You get copies and replicas all over the world. You get ... the wiki"

Bo Leuf and Ward Cunningham, *The Wiki Way*, page xiii

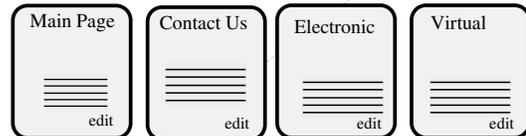
a wiki is a freely expandable collection of interlinked web pages, a hypertext system for storing and modifying information – a database, where each page is easily edited by any user with a forms-capable Web browser client

Bo Leuf and Ward Cunningham, *The Wiki Way*, p. 14

using wikis

- intended to be simple so you can focus on the writing
 - > not on HTML coding
 - > mechanics and syntax of a web development system
- intended to be open to facilitate information sharing
 - > can be restricted

collections of pages



- Wiki pages look like web pages
- anyone with a web browser can read a wiki site

who is anyone?

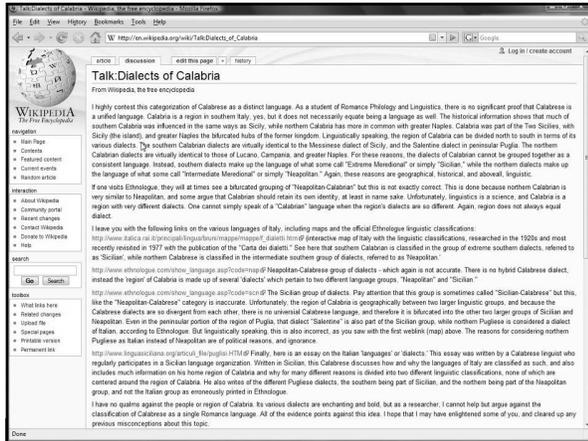
- everyone
- just your staff
- just your workgroup
- just you

click, write and save



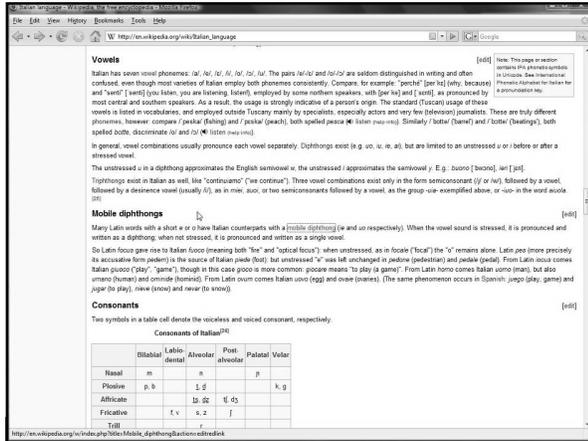
- anyone with a web browser can edit a wiki site
- anyone can undo any change at any time

so you want a wiki - now what?



wiki design principles

- Openness and trust
 - > if a page is incomplete or inaccurate anyone can edit it
- Incremental
 - > pages can cite other pages, even those not yet written

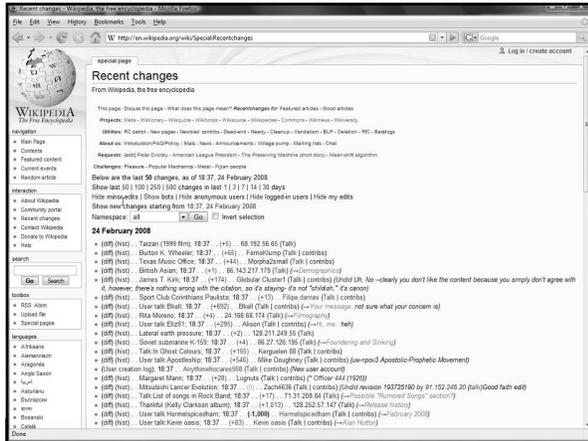


wiki design principles

- Openness and trust
 - > if a page is incomplete or inaccurate anyone can edit it
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 - > pages can cite other pages, even those not yet written
- Observable
 - > you can see the changes being made



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wiki design principles

- Openness and trust
 - > if a page is incomplete or inaccurate anyone can edit it
- Incremental
 - > pages can cite other pages, even those not yet written
- Observable
 - > you can see the changes being made
- Organic
 - > site structure is up to everyone, and it will evolve and change

wiki gardeners

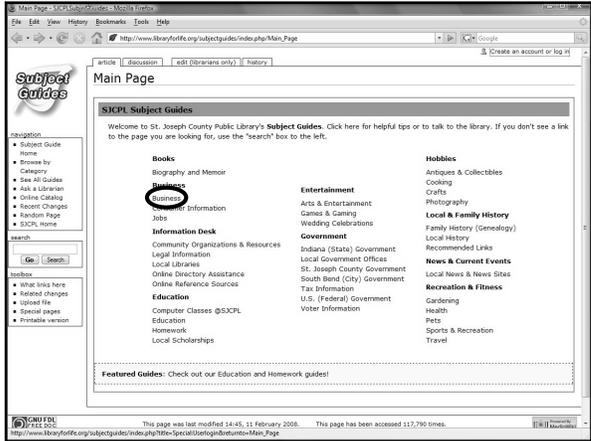
- People who tidy up the wiki
 - > Pruning links
 - > Editing text
- Organizing structures
 - > Generally, cleaning things up
- Respected
- Authoritative

On a library wiki, you might want to assign this role

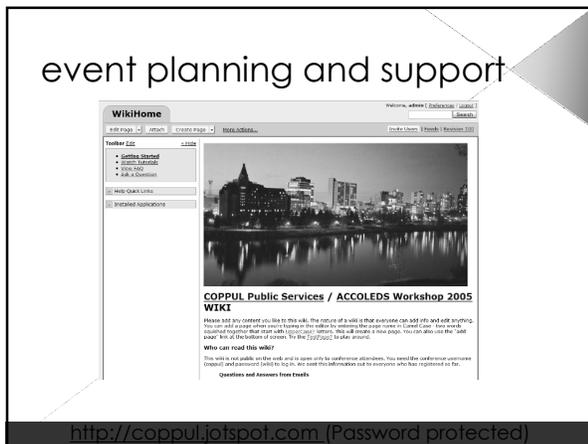
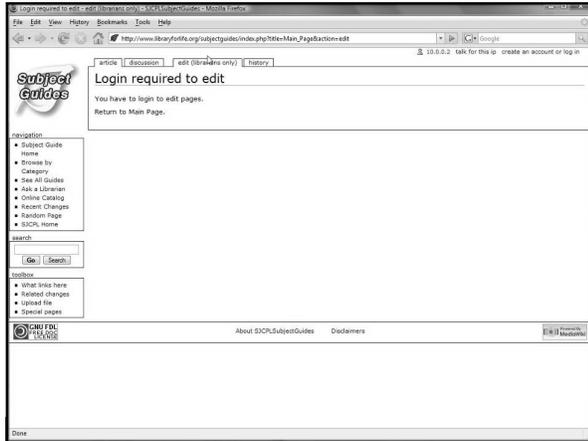
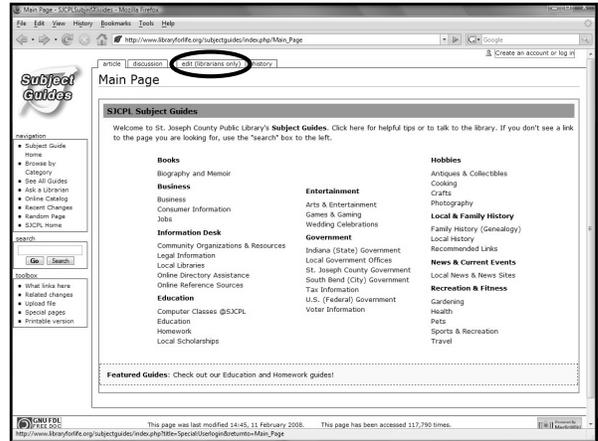
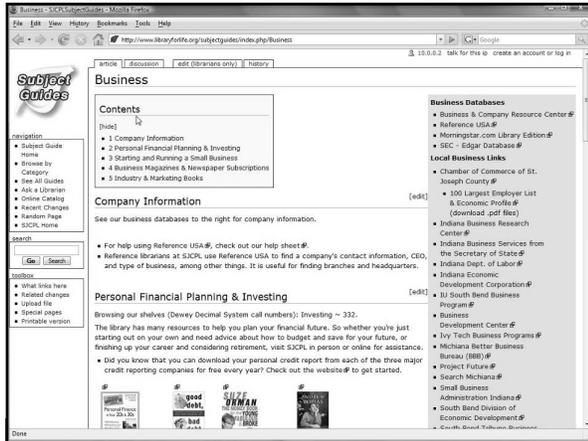


externally facing library wikis

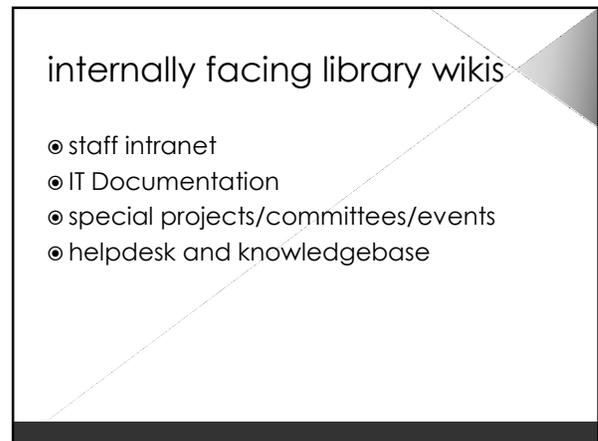
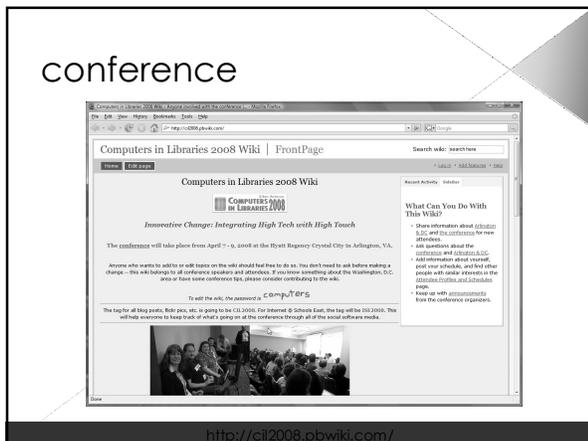
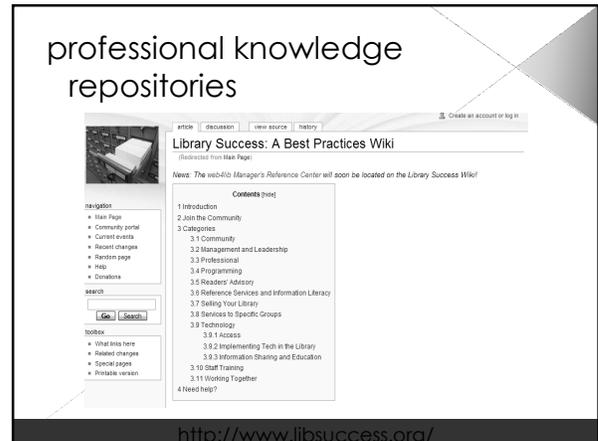
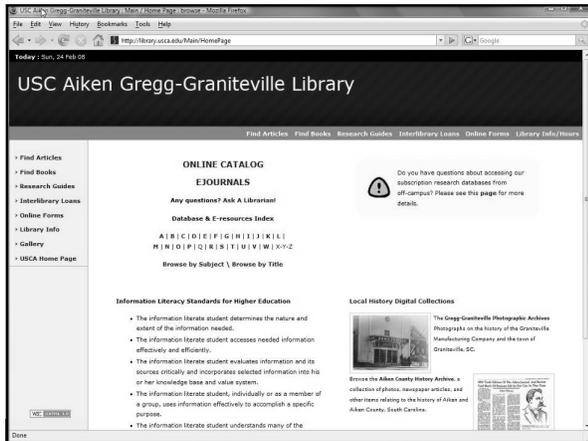
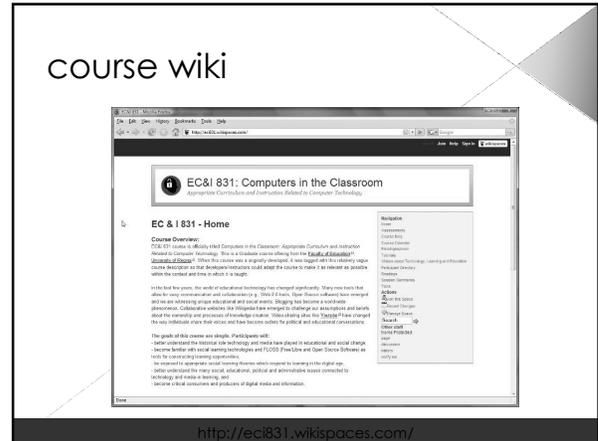
- subject guides
- events
- community content
 - > encyclopedia
 - > book reviews
 - > courses



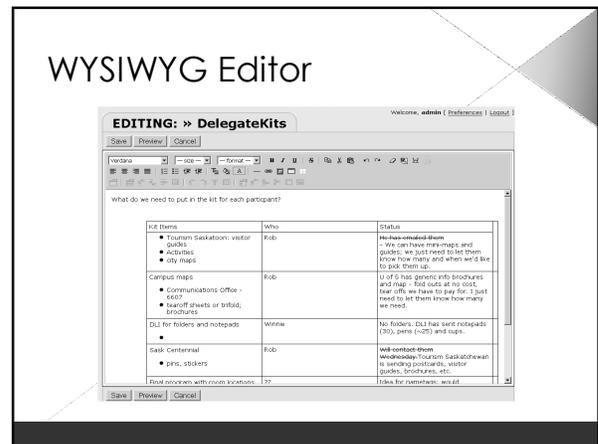
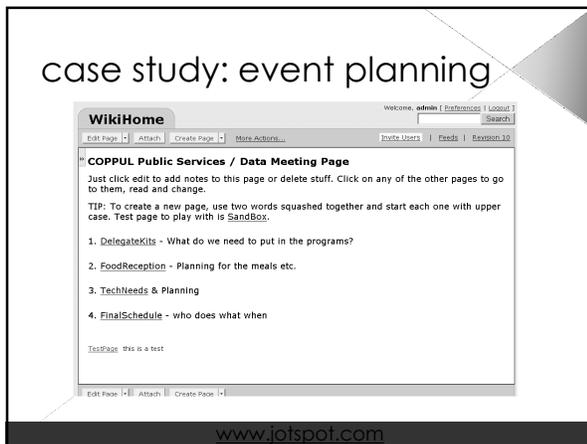
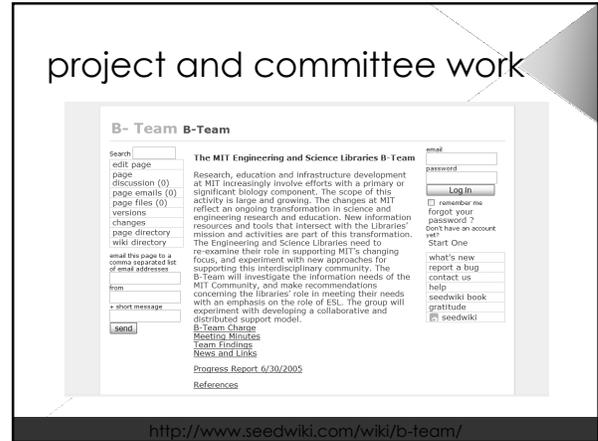
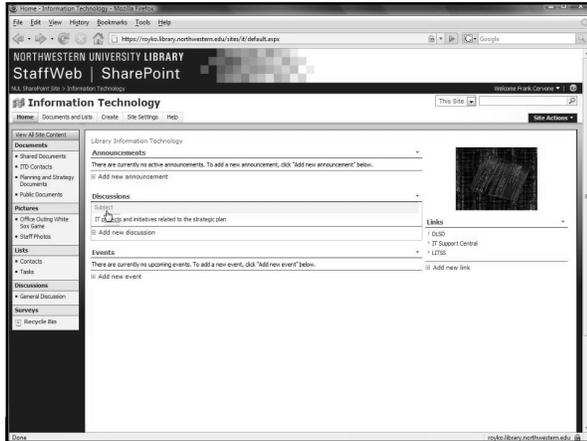
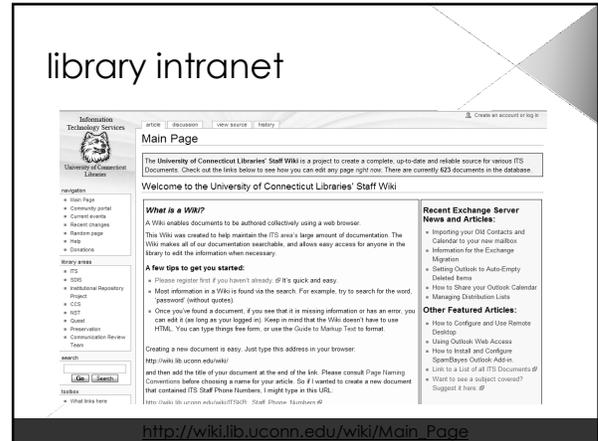
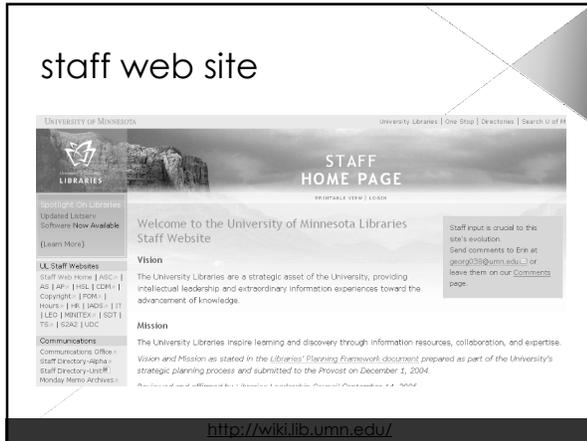
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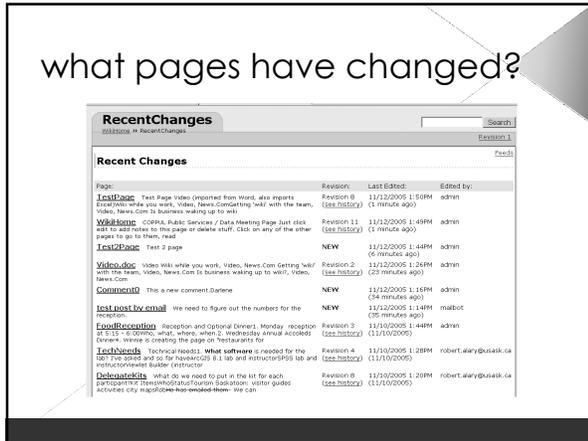


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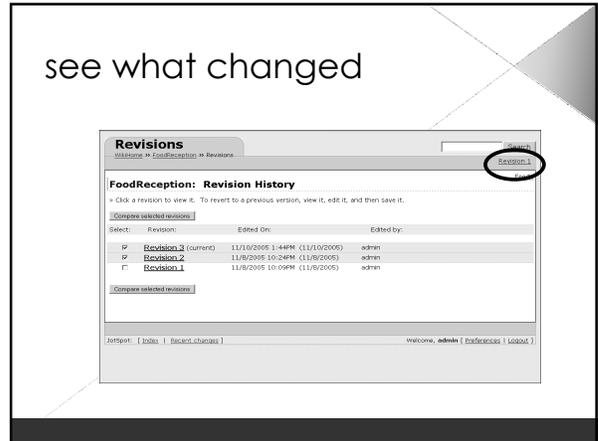


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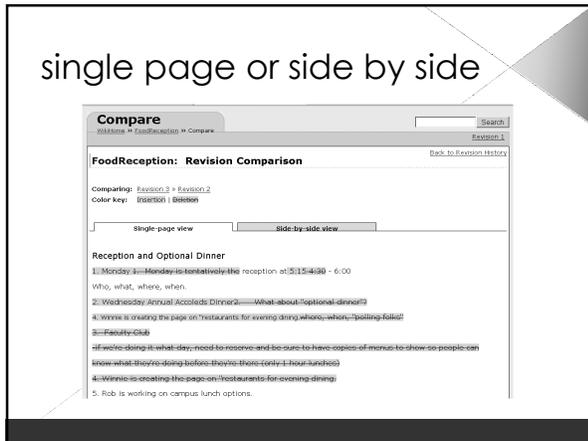
what pages have changed?



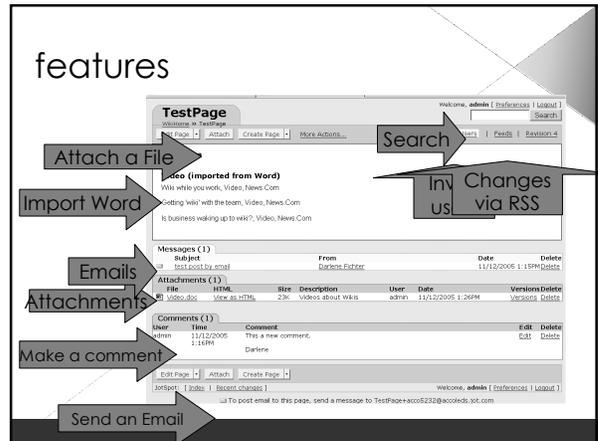
see what changed



single page or side by side



features



conference and wiki support

- Participants signed up for wifi, dine-arounds, connected with each other before the event
- Shared notes during the presentation and uploaded slides
- Evaluated the workshop

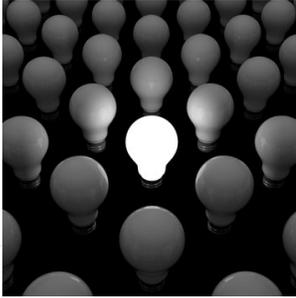
wiki reactions

Well, I wasn't sure about that wiki (sounded like something from Star Wars), but I decided to try it out. It is fabulous! Every conference should have one.

Gail Curry, UNBC



best practices



champion



Photo by [azamrashdi](#)

culture shock



lightonkids.com
Photo by [@HishamDaud](#)

structure



Photo by [mirando](#)

wiki roadmap

- install wiki software on web server
- plan rollout and content
- build the initial structure
- populate initial content with early adopters
- initial rollout with smaller group
- train and coach users
- do not underestimate inertia and time

Peter Thoenig, Wiki Based Collaboration
<http://wiki.org/cgi-bin/view/Content/WikiImplementation/25Dec2004>

implementation tips

- define an initial purpose upfront
- choose the right features for your environment
- start slow (snowball)
- provide training and coaching

so you want a wiki - now what?

practical considerations

- Have a champion
 - > New way of "thinking", paradigm shift from intranet, webmaster or CMS (content management system)
- Choose the right features
 - > Attach files
 - > Access control
 - > Version control
 - > Ease of use: make sure "add a page" is self evident
 - > Match look and feel
 - > Alert and post via email to wiki
- Wiki Matrix
 - > <http://www.wikimatrix.org/>

wiki exercise

Identify 2 or 3 areas where a wiki web would help with collaboration and communication.

Identify some "barriers" and brainstorm how you might overcome them in your work environment.

blogs and wikis face off



Photo Credit: [Pascal Vuylsteke](http://www.flickr.com/photos/pvki/)
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wikis

- group voice
- unstructured, organic
- anyone edits
- fluid medium: change any time
- better management: versions, rollback and change log, syndicate changes
- less familiar

blogs

- individual voice
- default is by date, reverse chronological
- anyone comments
- post medium like email (comment, reply, comment, ...)
- edits aren't tracked usually, new items are syndicated
- more familiar

summary

- wikis help support collaboration
- tools are simple, quick and inexpensive
- they belong in our collaboration toolbox
- help support the diverse needs of our workplaces
 - > diverse users
 - > diverse services
 - > diverse software choices

more resources

● wiki resources

- > <http://library.usask.ca/~fichter/wiki/>

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