



MPLS Management Case Studies

CCS-1004

Horace Burns



**Cisco Networkers
2007**

HOUSEKEEPING

- We value your feedback, don't forget to complete your online session evaluations after each session and complete the Overall Conference Evaluation which will be available online from Friday.
- Visit the World of Solutions on Level -01!
- Please remember this is a 'No Smoking' venue!
- Please switch off your mobile phones!
- Please remember to wear your badge at all times including the Party!
- Do you have a question? Feel free to ask them during the Q&A section or write your question on the Question form given to you and hand it to the Room Monitor when you see them holding up the Q&A sign.

Session Introduction

- This session presents two case studies:
 - Vodafone Ireland – this describes the process VF went through to select and tool set for managing their MPLS Core network
 - Telekom Austria – the roll-out of a country wide MPLS service will be discussed

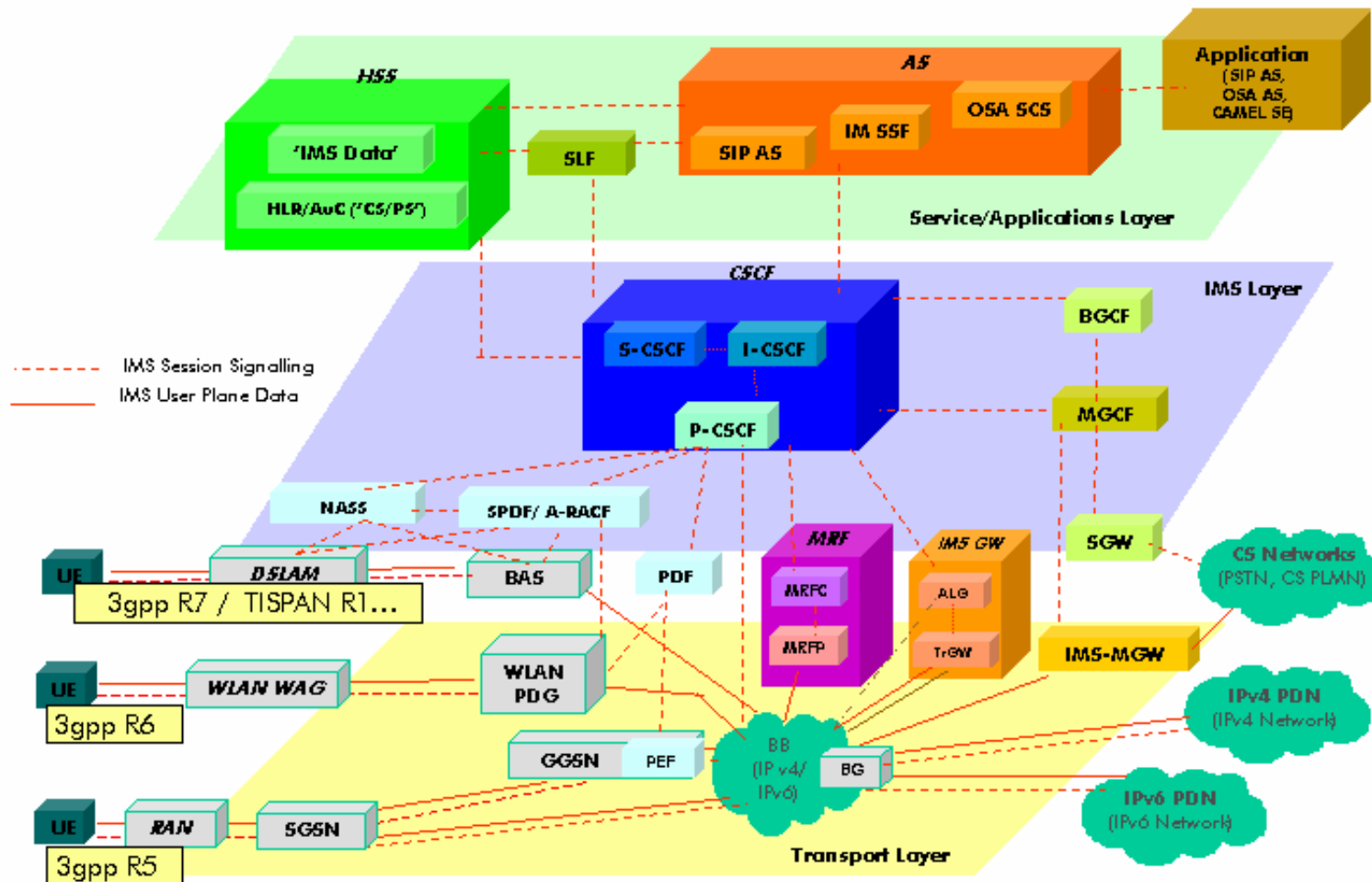
- Many Thanks to
 - Horace Burns, Vodafone Ireland
 - Michael Loeffler, Telekom Austria



Case Study: Vodafone Ireland CPN OSS Solution

Presented by: Horace Burns

Mobile Network Evolution



Source Ref. 1

Service Delivery Over ...

Consumer Services

Commerce: Banking, Payments, ...

Unified Messaging: Voicemail, SMS, EMS, MMS, Email, ...

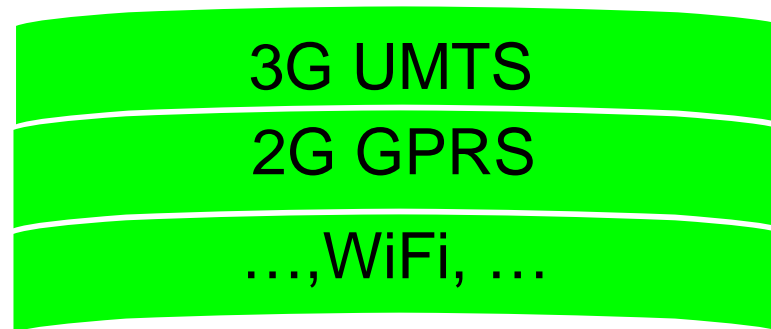
Customer Information (CRM)

Entertainment: Gaming, Sports, Movies ...

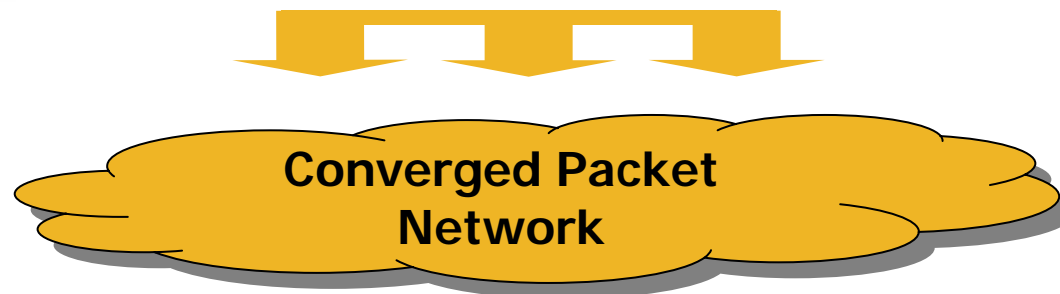
Interactive Voice & Video

Ordering, Inventory, ...

Radio



Core



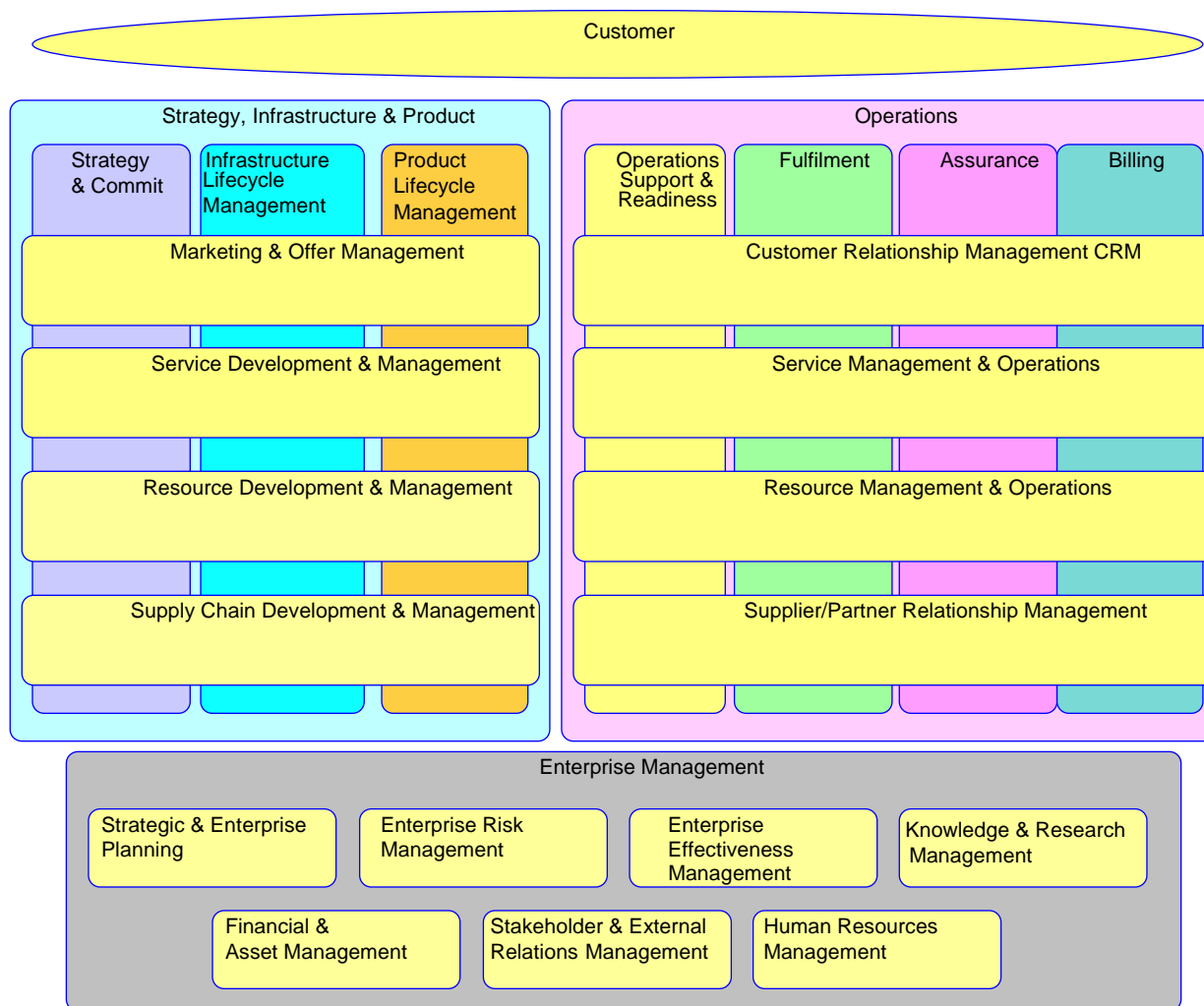
CPN Requirements

- MPLS L3 VPN
- MPLS L2 VPN PWE3
- QoS
- Traffic Engineering
- Diagnostic Support

A High Level OSS Framework (eTOM)

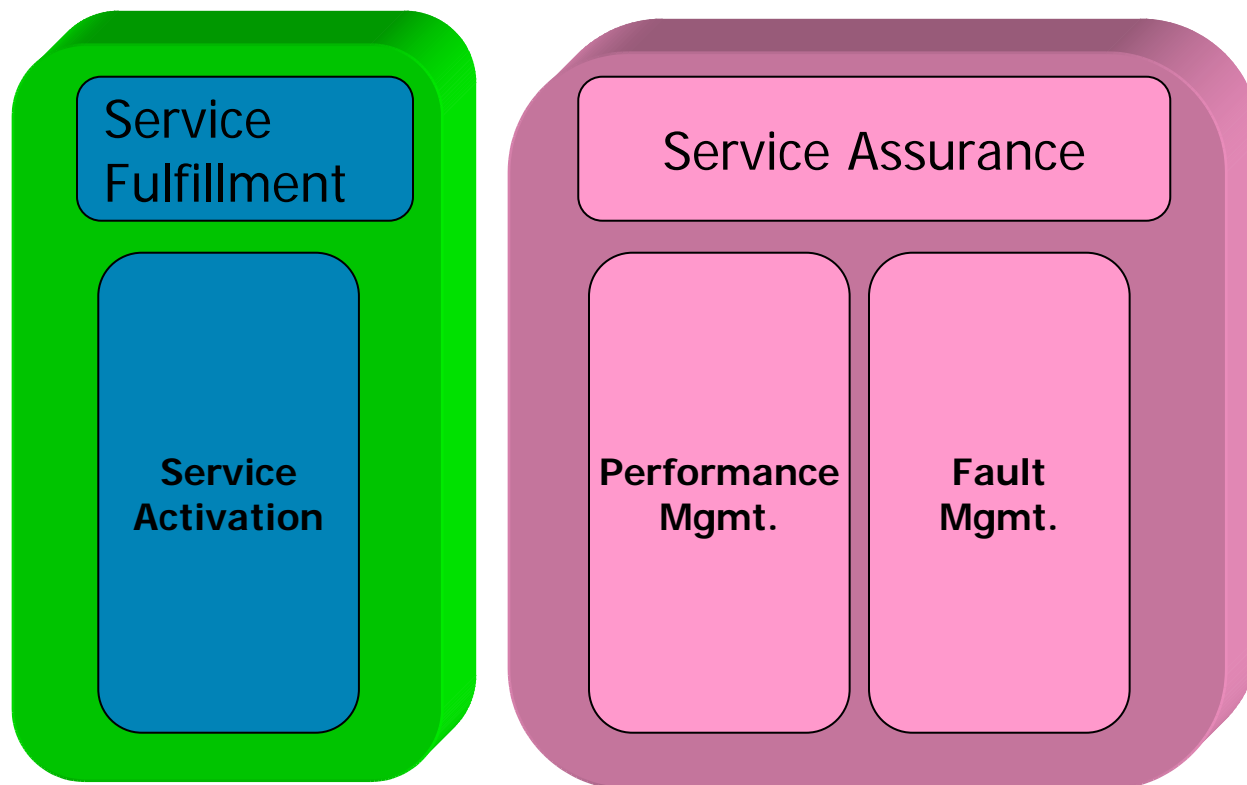


vodafone



Source Ref. 2

High Level to Low Level ...

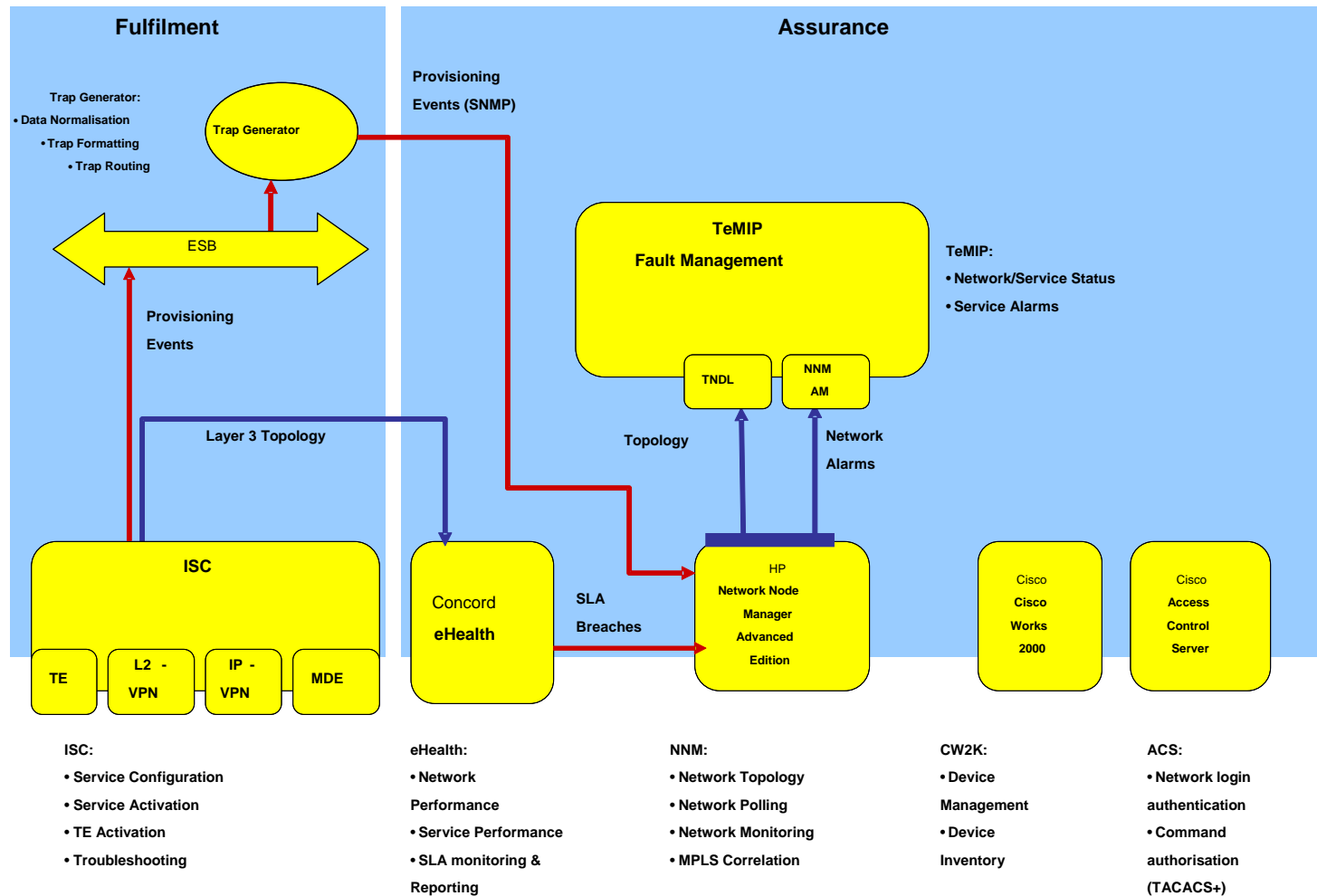


Functional Specification: Some Examples ...



Functional Area	Requirement	Product
Assurance Fault	Perform alarm enrichment of CPN generated events to include VPN information where appropriate	?
Assurance Fault	Maintain an up to date topology model of the IP-VPN's deployed on the CPN	?
Assurance Fault	Display CPN IP-VPN events	?
Assurance-Performance	Provide performance information (platform, link and QoS) on CPN P & PE Nodes and CE's	?
Fulfilment	Activate L3 IP-VPN, L2 EoMPLS (Point to Point) and TE configuration	?
...
...

OSS Toolset Selected



Fulfilment: ISC (1/2)

ISC implements IPVPN and L2VPN deployment logic

- L3 MPLS VPN (IP-VPN)

- Automatically Manage VPN resources

- IP address pools, route-targets, route-distinguishers, etc.

- Create Different VPN Topologies

- Mesh, Hub-and-Spoke

- PE-CE Routing (BGP, RIP, OSPF, Static EIGRP)

- Robust Provisioning Flow

- Profile driven deployment

- Pre-provisioning checks, Post-provisioning configuration audits

- All provisioning information, including CLI stored in repository

- L2 MPLS VPN

- VLAN Based Point to Point EoMPLS (ERS – Ethernet Relay Service)

Fulfilment: ISC (2/2)

- **QoS**

- 2 QoS objects modelled

- Ethernet QoS Applied against L2 VPN service request

- IP QoS suitable for marking and classifying IP-VPN

- **Traffic Engineering**

- Protection of the Network Against Failure

- Provision Fast Reroute (FRR) backup tunnels to provide SONET like protection times

- Extend FRR to protect bandwidth against link, node, or SRLG (Shared Risk Link Group) failures

- Provision MPLS-TE Tunnels

- Provision MPLS-TE tunnels on the network to meet defined criteria

- ISC:TEM can be used to optimise the network utilisation

- Discover the TE network

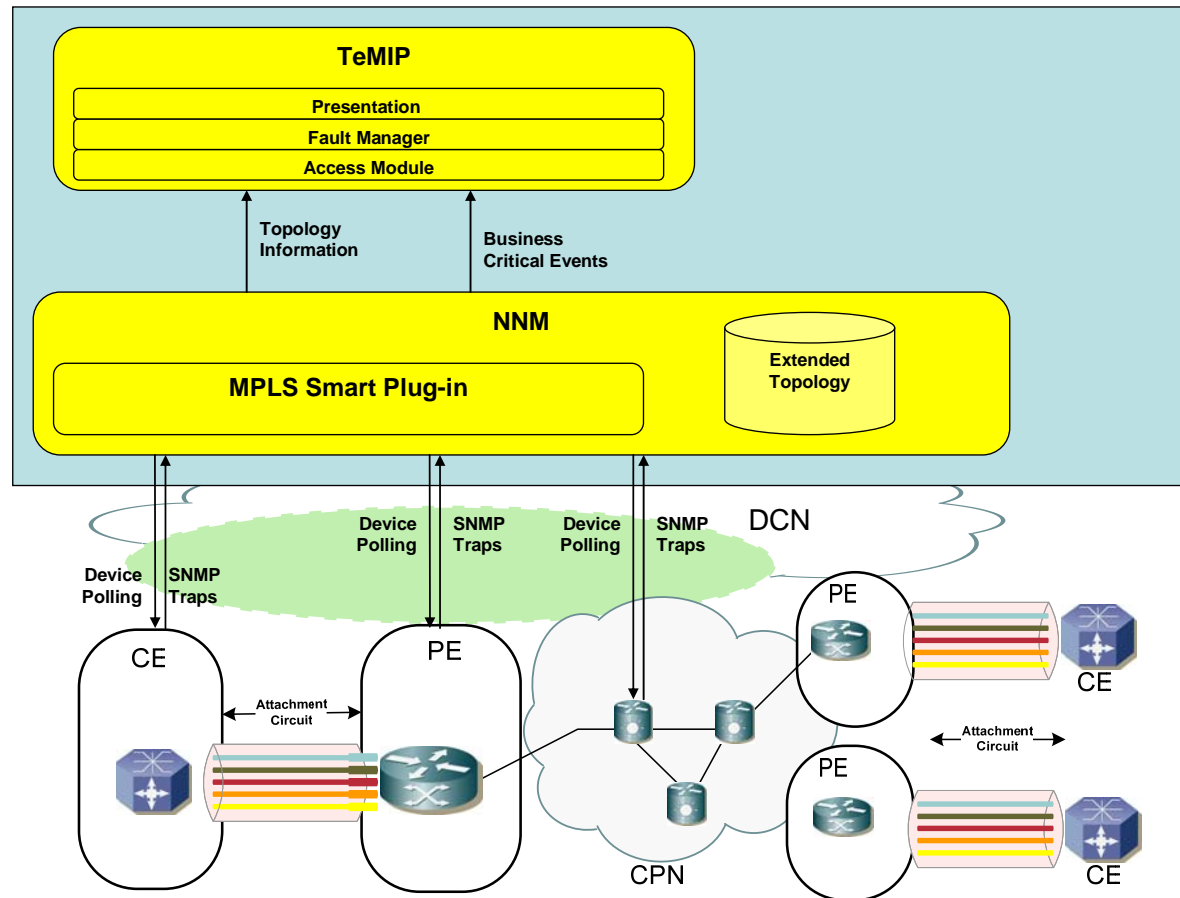
- MPLS TE topology, visualisation of placed tunnels

- **Troubleshooting**

- MPLS Diagnostic Expert

- Problem diagnosis using test cases developed by TAC

Assurance: TeMIP and NNM Advanced Edition (1/3)



Assurance: TeMIP and NNM Advance Edition (2/3)



- **NNM Used as the domain manager for the CPN**
- **All events from the Network and other OSS systems forwarded and processed by NNM**
- **SNMP queries to discover and map the IP network.**
- **SNMP queries to populate the NNM topology and object databases - the databases contain Network, node and interface objects**
- **MPLS VPN Smart-Plug-in (SPI) is an extension to NNM AE**
 - Adds detailed knowledge on MPLS and IP-VPN topologies to the basic NNM information model
 - Performs a SNMP discovery of the router devices that support MPLS VPN's to determine the provider edge (PE) router configuration and virtual route forwarding (VRF) groupings
 - The MPLS VPN SPI receives specific SNMP events from the NNM AE event subsystem. It then generates new, enriched SNMP events that relate the situation in the event to the virtual private networks for TeMIP reporting

Assurance: TeMIP and NNM Advance Edition (3/3)



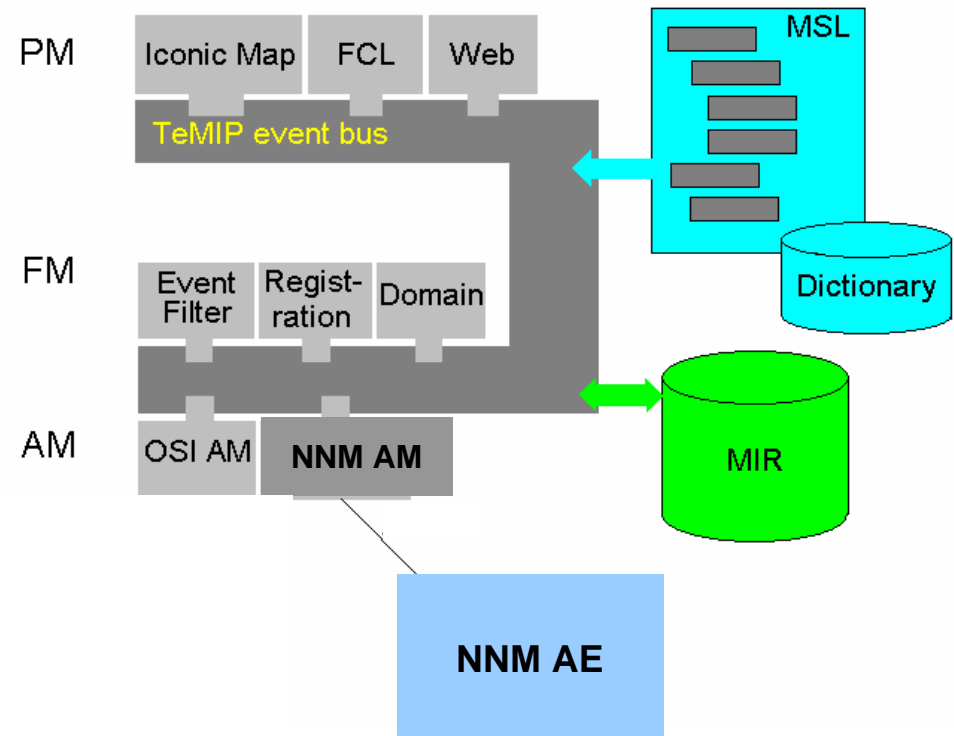
- HP TeMIP is the overlay fault manager

responsible for processing all equipment alarms and mapping them onto an internal data model.

Events are forwarded to the NNM Access Module (AM) where they are processed and mapped onto specific entities.

TeMIP entities may be created either through the AM or using a VF-IE system to take a topology file and translate it into TeMIP format and upload it into TeMIP using the TeMIP Network Data Loader (TNDL)

First and Second line support monitor TeMIP event console



Assurance: eHealth

- EHealth components:

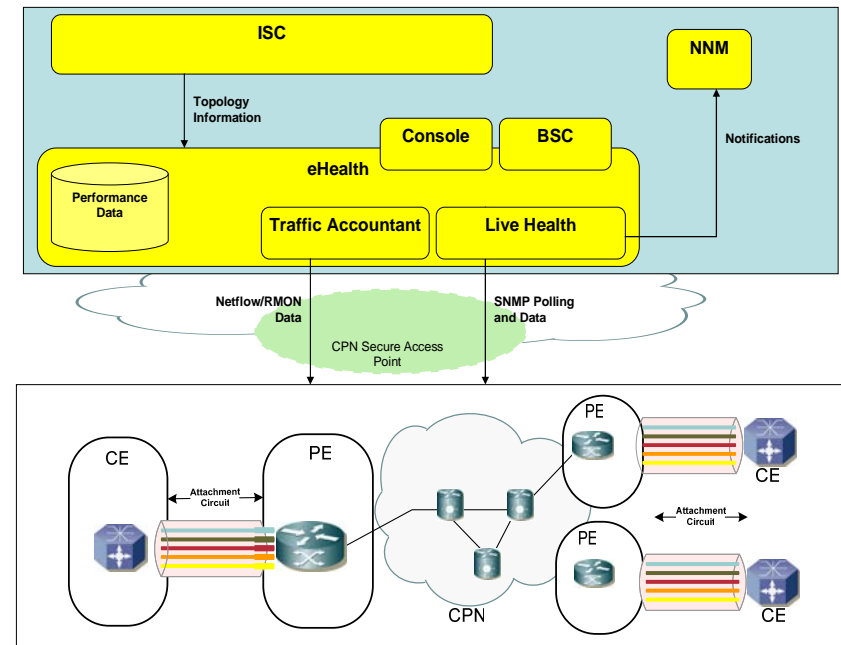
LiveHealth responsible for monitoring and reporting on the performance of the Network

Traffic Accountant: reporting on RMON/RMON II and Netflow Data.

The *Business Service Console* providing a portal that will display the status of all VFi services

The eHealth *Console* is the main administration application

- EHealth integrates with ISC to extract topology information and forward threshold breach exceptions to NNM



Assurance: Cisco Works

- Components Deployed

- Resource Manager Essentials (RME)

- Configuration Management

- Allows automatic upload and download new configurations and IOS images

- CiscoView (CV)

- CV gives a graphical view of Cisco devices

- EHealth performs IPM functionality

- ISC deployed instead of Campus Manager to manage VLAN allocation and deployment

Notes

- References:

3GPP Specifications and

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/IP_Multimedia_Subsystem

TeleManagement Forum



Case Study: Telekom Austria eCard Rollout

Presented by: Stephen Mullaney

Customer Overview

- Telekom Austria is the incumbent service provider in Austria offering
 - data and IT solutions,
 - Internet access and media,
 - value-added and wholesale services
 - Mobile services
- The service being reviewed today is the “eCard” service for the Austrian national health service

eCard Technical Overview

- eCard provides IP connectivity from every doctor's surgery in Austria:
 - Secure access to the central health service and database
 - Secure multi - service network with Internet access
- It is a managed service with a Cisco 800 series ADSL based router in each site
 - 2 Ethernet ports available to customer, one for multi - service network , one for health service
 - Service separation is achieved by using multiVRF/VRF-lite on the CE. Traffic is then carried on different subinterfaces to the PE and are terminated in different VRFs
 - ADLS connectivity is provided back to a 7200 PE. In total there are approximately 40 PEs being used for the eCard service

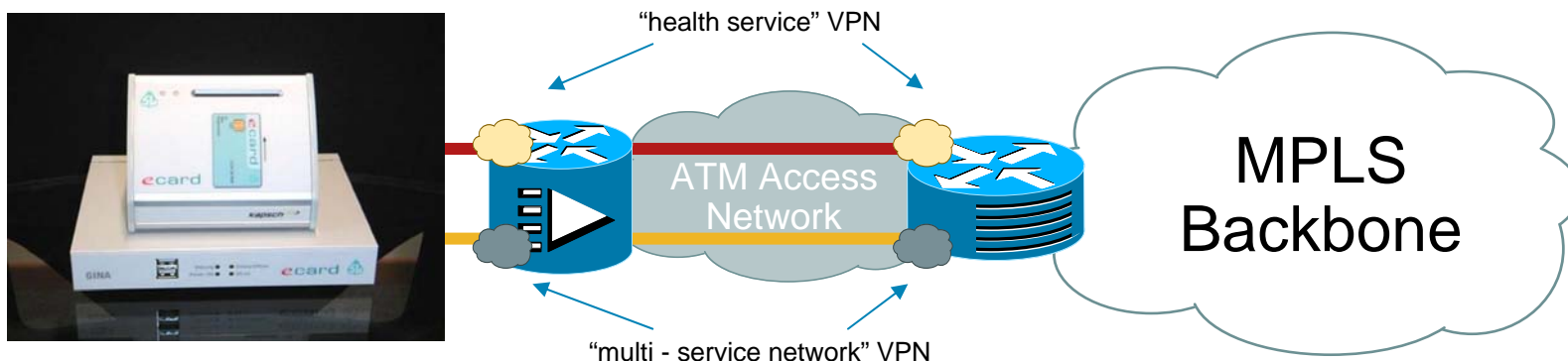
eCard Technical Overview

- RIP and Static Routes are used for the PE-CE routing connectivity
- Management is provided through a ‘grey’ management VPN

Management loopback on CPE (in one of the VRFs) is exported into a management VRF on the PE

The NOC address is imported from the management VRF into the data VRF

IP Solutions Center used for provisioning of services in combination with customer care system



MPLS Management Challenges

- **High rate of rollout. The service had to be rolled out to 9000 doctors surgeries across Austria in 6 months**
 - Each site required MPLS configuration, DSL provisioning, CPE installation and end-user training
- **End-to-end provisioning system holding all the relevant details**
 - Matching attributes/objects in one provisioning system against those in another, eg MPLS Router object in MPLS tool; what to map against in DSL tool?
- **Complexity of routing and CPE configuration**
 - CPE required multiple VRFs for traffic separation plus several static routes configured on the PE for each customer site

MPLS Management Challenges

- **Unplanned changes during and after provisioning**

After rolling out services testing discovered a bad DSL link and required moving to another DSL link

- **End user training**

Although not strictly related to the MPLS side of the rollout, end user training in the short period of time was a challenge. Non-tech savvy users such as doctors and receptionists had to be trained to use and perform basic diagnosis of the card reader system

MPLS Management Success

- **Through a semi-automated provisioning process the rollout target and deadlines were met**

Through using an MPLS provisioning tool that was integrated with the existing DSL provisioning tool and customer database, an end-to-end service activation was possible from one console

The complex CPE commands were generated by the management tool and given to the installation engineer. This reduced errors during the CPE installation along with speeding up the process

- **Provisioning system integration**

A XML northbound interfaces was used to integrate the MPLS provisioning system with the existing DSL one

The DSL system passed the customer site name, CPE name and service details (PE interface, etc) to be provisioned by the MPLS tool. Operators undertook review before committing to deployment

As the number of CPEs managed through the MPLS tool grew, API performance became a problem. This required a change to the API in the way it queried for objects in the database

Recommended Reading

CCS - 1004

- Selecting MPLS VPN Services
- Comparing, Designing, and Deploying VPNs
- MPLS VPN Security
- MPLS Configuration on Cisco IOS Software
- Fault-Tolerant IP and MPLS Networks
- Building MPLS-Based Broadband Access VPNs
- MPLS and VPN Architectures, Volume II
- MPLS and VPN Architectures



Available in the Cisco Company Store



Thank you.

