CCIE Practice Lab: OSPF

WRITTEN BY:

ASHWIN KOHLI

CCIE # 8877

CCIE Practice Lab: OSPF

Ashwin Kohli, CCIE #8877 Copyright © 2004 Netcg, Inc. Published by: Network Learning Inc. 1997 Whitney Mesa Dr. Henderson, LV 89014 USA All rights reserved. No part of this book may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, or by any information storage and retrieval system, without written permission from the publisher, except for the inclusion of brief quotations in a review.

Printed in the United States of America

Warning and Disclaimer

This book contains a practice lab and step-by-step instructions on how to complete the practice lab. Every effort has been made to make this book as complete and as accurate as possible, but no warranty or fitness is implied.

The information is provided on an "as is" basis. The author, Netcg, Inc. shall have neither liability nor responsibility to any person or entity with respect to any loss or damages arising from the information contained in this book.

The opinions expressed in this book belong to the authors and are not necessarily those of Network Learning Inc.

Trademark Acknowledgments

All terms mentioned in this book that are known to be trademarks or service marks have been appropriately capitalized. Netcg, Inc. or Network Learning, Inc. cannot attest to the accuracy of this information. Use of a team in this book should not be regarded as affecting the validity of any trademark or service mark.

Feedback Information

At Network Learning Inc., our goal is to create in-depth technical books of the highest quality and value. Each book is crafted with care and precision, undergoing rigorous development that involves the unique expertise of members from the professional technical community.

Readers' feedback is a natural continuation of this process. If you have any comments regarding how we could improve the quality of this book, or otherwise alter it to better suit your needs, you can contact us through email at sales@ccbootcamp.com. Please make sure to include the book title in your message.

We greatly appreciate the assistance.

ABOUT THE AUTHOR

ASHWIN KOHLI, Ashwin Kohli is a dual CCIE #8877 (Routing/Switching and Security). He is currently a Global Architect for one of the top three financial companies, and is responsible for architecting enterprise solutions. He has worked at many of the top financial companies over the last 10 years. Ashwin also holds the CCNP®, CCDP® and a BSc in Computer Science & Accounting form Manchester University, United Kingdom. He has more than 10 years experience in Cisco® networking and security including planning, designing, implementing, and troubleshooting enterprise multi-protocol networks. Ashwin also writes Cisco® training material for Network Learning, Inc.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introduc Labs St Equipm Practici Links	ction ructure ent Required ng the labs	9 9 9 9
1.0	OSPF setup on Ethernet network	10 <i>11</i>
2.0	OSPF setup on Frame Relay Point-to-Point network (using Physical Interfaces) ANSWER Solution (using the main interface)	29 30 30
3.0	OSPF setup on Frame Relay Point-to-Point network (using Sub-Interfaces) Lab Setup ANSWER	33 33 34
4.0	OSPF setup on Frame Relay Fully Mesh Network – NBMA (Method 1)	37 38
5.0	OSPF setup on Frame Relay Fully Mesh Network – NBMA (Method 2) ANSWER SOLTUTION 2 – NBMA (using neighbor statement)	43 44 44
6.0	OSPF setup on Frame Relay Fully Mesh Network – NBMA (Method 3)	49 <i>50</i>
7.0	OSPF setup on Frame Relay Partial Mesh Network – NBMA (Method 1) ANSWER SOLTUTION 1 – NBMA (using ip ospf network broadcast)	54 55 55
8.0	OSPF setup on Frame Relay Partial Mesh Network – NBMA (Method 2) ANSWER SOLTUTION 2 – NBMA (using neighbor statement)	60 61 61
9.0	OSPF setup on Frame Relay Partial Mesh Network – NBMA (Method 3) ANSWER SOLTUTION 3 – Point-to-Multipoint (ip ospf point-to-multipoint)	72 73 73
10.0	OSPF setup on Frame Relay Partial Mesh Network using sub-interface (Method 1) ANSWER SOLTUTION 1 – NBMA (using ip ospf network broadcast)	78 79 79
11.0	OSPF setup on Frame Relay Partial Mesh Network using sub-interface (Method 2) ANSWER SOLTUTION 2 – NBMA (using neighbor statement)	78 79 79

12.0	OSPF setup on Frame Relay Partial Mesh Network using sub-interface (Meth ANSWER	od 3) 84 85
	SOLTUTION 3 – Point-to-Multipoint (ip ospf point-to-multipoint)	85
13.0	OSPF setup on Frame Relay Partial Mesh Network using a physical & sub ANSWER	90 91
14.0	OSPF – plain-text authentication ANSWER	97 98
15.0	OSPF – MD5 authentication Lab Setup ANSWER	101 101 102
16.0	OSPF setup on Frame Relay Partial Mesh Network using a physical & sub ANSWER	106 107
17.0	OSPF – Virtual-link ANSWER	112 <i>11</i> 3
18.0	OSPF – Virtual-link with MD5 authentication	1 9
19.0	OSPF LSA Type 1 – Router LSA ANSWER	126 127
20.0	OSPF LSA Type 2 – Network LSA ANSWER	132 133
21.0	OSPF LSA Type 3 – Network Summary LSA	137 <i>13</i> 8
22.0	OSPF LSA Type 5 – AS External LSA ANSWER	143 <i>144</i>
23.0	OSPF LSA Type 4 – ASBR Summary LSA ANSWER	151 <i>15</i> 2
24.0	OSPF LSA Type 7 – NSSA External LSA ANSWER	156 157
25.0	OSPF – Generating a Default Route - Stub Area	162 163
26.0	OSPF – Generating a Default Route - Totally-Stub Area	167 <i>16</i> 8
27.0	OSPF – Generating a Default Route - Type 5 LSA	172 173
28.0	OSPF – Generating a Default Route – NSSA – Type 7 Default Route	179 <i>180</i>
29.0	OSPF – Route Manipulation – Inter-Area Route Summarization	186 187

30.0	OSPF – Route Manipulation – External Route Summarization Lab Setup ANSWER	
31.0	OSPF – Route Filtering – Using Distribute Lists	
32.0	OSPF – Route Filtering – OSPF ABR Type 3 LSA Filtering	210 211
33.0	OSPF – LSA Filtering – demand-circuit Lab Setup ANSWER	
34.0	OSPF – LSA Filtering - flood reduction	
35.0	ANSWER OSPF – LSA Filtering – Passive Interface Lab Setup	
36.0	ANSWER OSPF Timers	
37.0	Reference Bandwidth	
38.0	OSPF – Through the PIX ANSWER	
APPE	NDIX	



18.0 OSPF - VIRTUAL-LINK WITH MD5 AUTHENTICATION

- 1. Configure the OSPF areas for your network as per the above diagram.
- 2. For MD5 authentication use **cisco** key.
- 3. Test your configuration that the correct neighbor relationships have been established Ensure that you can ping each other's LAN network.

ANSWER

NOTE: This is a trick to putting in the inverse-mask for the OSPF. If you do not know how to calculate the inverse-mask then just put in the normal mask and the router automatically puts the inverse mask in. For example: Router ospf 100 Network 137.1.45.0 255.255.255.192 area 0 The router would automatically convert this to: Network 137.1.45.0 0.0.0.63 area 0 ROUTER1 Interface loopback 0 Ip address 11.11.11.11 255.255.255.0 Ip ospf network point-to-point Interface f0/0 Ip address 137.1.13.1 255.255.255.248 Ip ospf message-digest 1 md5 cisco Interface s0/0 Ip address 137.1.200.1 255.255.254 Encapsulation frame-relay No frame-relay inverse-arp Frame-relay map ip 137.1.200.2 101 broadcast Ip ospf network point-to-point Ip ospf message-digest 1 md5 cisco Router ospf 100 Router-id 11.11.11.11 Network 11.11.11.0 0.0.0.255 area 0 Network 137.1.13.0 0.0.0.7 area 0 Network 137.1.200.0 0.0.0.31 area 1 Area 0 authentication message-digest Area 1 authentication message-digest Area 1 virtual-link 22.22.22 authentication message-digest Area 1 virtual-link 22.22.22.22 message-digest-key 1 md5 cisco

ROUTER2

Interface loopback 0 Ip address 22.22.22 255.255.0 Ip ospf network point-to-point Interface e0/0 Ip address 137.1.24.2 255.255.255.240 Ip ospf message-digest 1 md5 cisco

Interface s0/0 Ip address 137.1.200.2 255.255.255.224

```
Encapsulation frame-relay
       No frame-relay inverse-arp
       Frame-relay map ip 137.1.200.1 110 broadcast
       Ip ospf network point-to-point
       Ip ospf message-digest 1 md5 cisco
Router ospf 100
       Router-id 22.22.22.22
       Network 22.22.22.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
       Network 137.1.24.0 0.0.0.15 area 2
       Network 137.1.200.0 0.0.0.31 area 1
       Area 1 authentication message-digest
       Area 1 virtual-link 11.11.11 authentication message-digest
       Area 1 virtual-link 11.11.11.11 message-digest-key 1 md5 cisco
       Area 2 authentication message-digest
       Area 2 virtual-link 44.44.44 authentication message-digest
       Area 2 virtual-link 44.44.44 message-digest-key 1 md5 cisco
ROUTER3
Interface loopback 0
       Ip address 33.33.33.33 255.255.255.0
       Ip ospf network point-to-point
Interface f0/0
       Ip address 137.1.13.3 255.255.258.248
       Ip ospf message-digest 1 md5 cisco
Router ospf 100
       Router-id 33.33.33.33
       Network 33.33.33.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
       Network 137.1.13.0 0.0.0.7 area 0
       Area 0 authentication message-digest
ROUTER4
Interface loopback 0
       Ip address 44.44.44.44 255.255.255.0
       Ip ospf network point-to-point
Interface f0/0
       Ip address 137.1.24.4 255.255.255.240
       Ip ospf message-digest 1 md5 cisco
Interface f0/1
       Ip address 137.1.45.4 255.255.255.192
       Ip ospf message-digest 1 md5 cisco
Router ospf 100
       Router-id 44.44.44
       Network 44.44.44.0 0.0.0.255 area 2
       Network 137.1.24.0 0.0.0.15 area 2
```

Area 2 virtual-link 22.22.22 authentication message-digest Area 2 virtual-link 22.22.22 message-digest-key 1 md5 cisco

Network 137.1.45.0 0.0.0.63 area 3 Area 2 authentication message-digest

Area 3 authentication message-digest

ROUTER5

- Ip address 137.1.45.5 255.255.255.192 Ip ospf message-digest 1 md5 cisco
- Router ospf 100 Router-id 55.55.55.55 Network 55.55.55.0 0.0.0.255 area 3 Network 137.1.45.0 0.0.0.63 area 3 Area 3 authentication message-digest

	1-	· · 6				
routeri#	sn	ip ospi	nei			
Neighbor 22.22.22 33.33.33 22.22.22	ID .22 .33 .22	Pri 0 1 0	State FULL/ - FULL/DR FULL/ -	Dead Time - 00:00:35 00:00:34	Address 137.1.200.2 137.1.13.3 137.1.200.2	Interface OSPF_VL0 FastEthernet0/0 Serial0/0
router2#	sh	ip ospf	nei			
Neighbor	ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
44.44.44	.44	0	FULL/ -	-	137.1.24.4	OSPF_VL1
11.11.11	.11	0	FULL/ -	-	137.1.200.1	OSPF_VL0
11.11.11	.11	0	FULL/ -	00:00:38	137.1.200.1	Serial0/0
44.44.44	.44	1	FULL/DR	00:00:37	137.1.24.4	Ethernet0/0
2001 t 020 2 H	ah	in eanf				
router 3#	sn	ip ospi	nei			
Neighbor	тр	Dri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
11.11.11	.11	1	FILLI / BDR	00:00:33	137.1.13.1	FastEthernet0/0
		_				, -
router4#	sh	ip ospf	nei			
Neighbor	ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
22.22.22	.22	0	FULL/ -	-	137.1.24.2	OSPF_VL0
22.22.22	.22	1	FULL/BDR	00:00:37	137.1.24.2	FastEthernet0/0
55.55.55	.55	1	FULL/DR	00:00:36	137.1.45.5	FastEthernet0/1
router5#	ah	in cenf	nei			
IOUCEIJ#	511	TP OSPI	пет			
Neighbor	ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
44.44.44	.44	1	FULL/BDR	00:00:38	137.1.45.4	FastEthernet0/0
			- /			
router2#	sh	ip ospf	int			
OSPF_VL1	is	up, lin	e protocol is up			
Internet Address 0.0.0.0/0, Area 0						
Process ID 100, Router ID 22.22.22, Network Type VIRTUAL_LINK, Cost: 10						
Configured as demand circuit.						
Run as demand circuit.						
DONOLAGE LSA ALLOWED. Transmit Delay is 1 sec. State DOINT TO DOINT						
Transmit Detay is I sec, State POINT_TO_POINT,						
oob-resynd timeout 40						
Hello due in 00:00:04						
Index 3/5, flood gueue length 0						
Next $0x0(0)/0x0(0)$						
Last flood scan length is 1, maximum is 1						
Last flood scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 0 msec						
Neighbor Count is 1, Adjacent neighbor count is 1						
Adjacent with neighbor 44.44.44 (Hello suppressed)						

```
Suppress hello for 1 neighbor(s)
  Message digest authentication enabled
    Youngest key id is 1
OSPF_VLO is up, line protocol is up
  Internet Address 0.0.0.0/0, Area 0
  Process ID 100, Router ID 22.22.22, Network Type VIRTUAL_LINK, Cost: 64
  Configured as demand circuit.
  Run as demand circuit.
  DoNotAge LSA allowed.
  Transmit Delay is 1 sec, State POINT_TO_POINT,
  Timer intervals configured, Hello 10, Dead 40, Wait 40, Retransmit 5
    oob-resync timeout 40
    Hello due in 00:00:09
  Index 2/4, flood queue length 0
  Next 0 \times 0 (0) / 0 \times 0 (0)
  Last flood scan length is 1, maximum is 4
  Last flood scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 4 msec
  Neighbor Count is 1, Adjacent neighbor count is 1
   Adjacent with neighbor 11.11.11.11 (Hello suppressed)
  Suppress hello for 1 neighbor(s)
  Message digest authentication enabled
    Youngest key id is 1
Loopback0 is up, line protocol is up
  Internet Address 22.22.22.22/24, Area 0
  Process ID 100, Router ID 22.22.22.22, Network Type POINT_TO_POINT, Cost: 1
  Transmit Delay is 1 sec, State POINT_TO_POINT,
  Timer intervals configured, Hello 10, Dead 40, Wait 40, Retransmit 5
    oob-resync timeout 40
  Index 1/1, flood queue length 0
  Next 0x0(0)/0x0(0)
  Last flood scan length is 0, maximum is 0
  Last flood scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 0 msec
  Neighbor Count is 0, Adjacent neighbor count is 0
  Suppress hello for 0 neighbor(s)
Serial0/0 is up, line protocol is up
  Internet Address 137.1.200.2/27, Area 1
  Process ID 100, Router ID 22.22.22.22, Network Type POINT_TO_POINT, Cost: 64
  Transmit Delay is 1 sec, State POINT_TO_POINT,
  Timer intervals configured, Hello 10, Dead 40, Wait 40, Retransmit 5
    oob-resync timeout 40
    Hello due in 00:00:02
  Index 1/3, flood queue length 0
  Next 0 \times 0 (0) / 0 \times 0 (0)
  Last flood scan length is 1, maximum is 1
  Last flood scan time is 4 msec, maximum is 4 msec
  Neighbor Count is 1, Adjacent neighbor count is 1
   Adjacent with neighbor 11.11.11.11
  Suppress hello for 0 neighbor(s)
  Message digest authentication enabled
    Youngest key id is 1
Ethernet0/0 is up, line protocol is up
  Internet Address 137.1.24.2/28, Area 2
  Process ID 100, Router ID 22.22.22, Network Type BROADCAST, Cost: 10
  Transmit Delay is 1 sec, State BDR, Priority 1
  Designated Router (ID) 44.44.44.44, Interface address 137.1.24.4
  Backup Designated router (ID) 22.22.22.22, Interface address 137.1.24.2
  Timer intervals configured, Hello 10, Dead 40, Wait 40, Retransmit 5
    oob-resync timeout 40
    Hello due in 00:00:03
  Index 1/2, flood queue length 0
  Next 0x0(0)/0x0(0)
  Last flood scan length is 1, maximum is 1
  Last flood scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 4 msec
  Neighbor Count is 1, Adjacent neighbor count is 1
    Adjacent with neighbor 44.44.44 (Designated Router)
  Suppress hello for 0 neighbor(s)
  Message digest authentication enabled
   Youngest key id is 1
router4# sh ip ospf int
OSPF_VL0 is up, line protocol is up
```

```
Internet Address 0.0.0.0/0, Area 0
  Process ID 100, Router ID 44.44.44, Network Type VIRTUAL_LINK, Cost: 1
  Configured as demand circuit.
 Run as demand circuit.
 DoNotAge LSA allowed.
 Transmit Delay is 1 sec, State POINT_TO_POINT,
  Timer intervals configured, Hello 10, Dead 40, Wait 40, Retransmit 5
   oob-resync timeout 40
   Hello due in 00:00:02
  Index 1/3, flood queue length 0
 Next 0x0(0)/0x0(0)
 Last flood scan length is 1, maximum is 1
 Last flood scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 0 msec
 Neighbor Count is 1, Adjacent neighbor count is 1
  Adjacent with neighbor 22.22.22.22 (Hello suppressed)
  Suppress hello for 1 neighbor(s)
  Message digest authentication enabled
   Youngest key id is 1
FastEthernet0/0 is up, line protocol is up
  Internet Address 137.1.24.4/28, Area 2
  Process ID 100, Router ID 44.44.44, Network Type BROADCAST, Cost: 1
 Transmit Delay is 1 sec, State DR, Priority 1
 Designated Router (ID) 44.44.44.44, Interface address 137.1.24.4
 Backup Designated router (ID) 22.22.22.22, Interface address 137.1.24.2
 Timer intervals configured, Hello 10, Dead 40, Wait 40, Retransmit 5
   oob-resync timeout 40
   Hello due in 00:00:06
  Index 2/2, flood queue length 0
 Next 0 \times 0 (0) / 0 \times 0 (0)
 Last flood scan length is 1, maximum is 3
 Last flood scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 4 msec
 Neighbor Count is 1, Adjacent neighbor count is 1
   Adjacent with neighbor 22.22.22.22 (Backup Designated Router)
  Suppress hello for 0 neighbor(s)
  Message digest authentication enabled
   Youngest key id is 1
Loopback0 is up, line protocol is up
 Internet Address 44.44.44.44/24, Area 2
  Process ID 100, Router ID 44.44.44, Network Type POINT_TO_POINT, Cost: 1
 Transmit Delay is 1 sec, State POINT_TO_POINT,
 Timer intervals configured, Hello 10, Dead 40, Wait 40, Retransmit 5
   oob-resync timeout 40
 Index 1/1, flood queue length {\rm 0}
 Next 0x0(0)/0x0(0)
 Last flood scan length is 0, maximum is 0
  Last flood scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 0 msec
 Neighbor Count is 0, Adjacent neighbor count is 0
 Suppress hello for 0 neighbor(s)
 Message digest authentication enabled
     No key configured, using default key id 0
FastEthernet0/1 is up, line protocol is up
 Internet Address 137.1.45.4/26, Area 3
  Process ID 100, Router ID 44.44.44, Network Type BROADCAST, Cost: 1
 Transmit Delay is 1 sec, State BDR, Priority 1
 Designated Router (ID) 55.55.55, Interface address 137.1.45.5
  Backup Designated router (ID) 44.44.44.44, Interface address 137.1.45.4
 Timer intervals configured, Hello 10, Dead 40, Wait 40, Retransmit 5
    oob-resync timeout 40
   Hello due in 00:00:05
  Index 1/4, flood queue length 0
 Next 0x0(0)/0x0(0)
 Last flood scan length is 1, maximum is 3
 Last flood scan time is 4 msec, maximum is 4 msec
 Neighbor Count is 1, Adjacent neighbor count is 1
   Adjacent with neighbor 55.55.55.55 (Designated Router)
  Suppress hello for 0 neighbor(s)
  Message digest authentication enabled
   Youngest key id is 1
router5# sh ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
```

D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area $\rm N1$ - OSPF NSSA external type 1, $\rm N2$ - OSPF NSSA external type 2 El - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2 i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR P - periodic downloaded static route Gateway of last resort is not set 137.1.0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 4 subnets, 4 masks 137.1.200.0/27 [110/66] via 137.1.45.4, 00:06:17, FastEthernet0/0 ο τα 137.1.13.0/29 [110/67] via 137.1.45.4, 00:04:47, FastEthernet0/0 O IA 137.1.24.0/28 [110/2] via 137.1.45.4, 00:06:17, FastEthernet0/0 O IA 137.1.45.0/26 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0 С 33.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets ο τα 33.33.33.0 [110/68] via 137.1.45.4, 00:04:43, FastEthernet0/0 55.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets C 55.55.55.0 is directly connected, Loopback0 22.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets O IA 22.22.22.0 [110/3] via 137.1.45.4, 00:06:18, FastEthernet0/0 11.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets 11.11.11.0 [110/67] via 137.1.45.4, 00:06:18, FastEthernet0/0 AI O 44.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets 44.44.44.0 [110/2] via 137.1.45.4, 00:06:19, FastEthernet0/0 O IA router5# sh ip ospf database OSPF Router with ID (55.55.55.55) (Process ID 100) Router Link States (Area 3) Link ID ADV Router Age Seq# Checksum Link count 44.44.44.44 44.44.44.44 418 0x80000006 0x00D37F 1 0x80000005 0x00F94B 2 55.55.55.55 55.55.55.55 416 Net Link States (Area 3) Link ID ADV Router Seq# Checksum Aqe 137.1.45.5 55.55.55.55 418 0x8000001 0x0076DB Summary Net Link States (Area 3) Link ID ADV Router Checksum Aqe Sea# 11.11.11.0 44.44.44.44 470 0x8000001 0x0065C3 22.22.22.0 44.44.44.44 470 0x8000001 0x0055F2 0x80000001 0x005491 33.33.33.0 44.44.44.44 313 495 44.44.44.0 44.44.44.44 0x8000001 0x0030D6 0x8000003 0x002D8A 137.1.13.0 44.44.44.44 317 137.1.24.0 44.44.44.44 495 0x80000001 0x00FAFC 137.1.200.0 44 44 44 44 470 0x80000001 0x008591 router5# trace 33.33.33.33 Type escape sequence to abort. Tracing the route to 33.33.33.33 1 137.1.45.4 4 msec 0 msec 0 msec 2 137.1.24.2 4 msec 4 msec 0 msec 3 137.1.200.1 28 msec 28 msec 28 msec 4 137.1.13.3 28 msec * 28 msec router3# **ping 55.55.55.55** Type escape sequence to abort. Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 55.55.55.55, timeout is 2 seconds: 11111 Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 56/57/64 ms PlSwitch# show vlan VLAN Name Status Ports

<out< td=""><td>put truncated></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></out<>	put truncated>			
2	VLAN0002	active	Fa0/7,	Fa0/10
3	VLAN0003	active	Fa0/2,	Fa0/6
4	VLAN0004	active	Fa0/8,	Fa0/21